## M.Com. Master of Commerce

# CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) Syllabus 2022– 2023



# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE FACULTY OF ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE AND MANAGEMENT KARPAGAM ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

(Deemed to be University)
(Established Under Section 3 of UGC Act, 1956)
Pollachi Main Road, Eachanari (Post), Coimbatore – 641 021,
Tamil Nadu, India

Phone: 0422- 2980011-2980015, Fax No: 0422 – 2980022 - 23 Email: info@karpagam.com, Web: www.kahedu.edu.in

#### KARPAGAM ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

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## FACULTY OF ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE AND MANAGEMENT POST-GRADUATE PROGRAMMES

(M.Sc., M.Com.)

#### REGULAR MODE CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

#### **REGULATIONS - 2022**

The following Regulations are effective from the academic year 2022-2023 and are applicable to the candidates admitted in Post Graduate (PG) Degree programmes in the Faculty of Arts, Science, Commerce and Management, Karpagam Academy of Higher Education (KAHE).

#### 1 PROGRAMMES OFFERED,

#### MODE OF STUDY AND ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS

#### 1.1 P.G. PROGRAMMES OFFERED

The various P.G. Programmes offered by the KAHE are listed in the table below.

S. No.	Programme Offered
1	M.Sc. Biochemistry
2	M.Sc. Microbiology
3	M.Sc. Biotechnology
4	M.Sc. Physics
5	M.Sc. Chemistry
6	M.Sc. Mathematics
7	M.Sc. Computer Science
8	M.Sc. Applied Astrology
9	M.Com.
10	MA English

#### 1.2 MODE OF STUDY

#### **Full-Time**

All programmes are offered under Full-Time Regular mode. Candidates admitted under 'Full-Time' should be present in the KAHE during the complete working hours for curricular, co-curricular and extra-curricular activities assigned to them.

#### 1.3 ADMSSION REQUIREMENTS (ELIGIBILITY)

Candidates for admission to the first semester Master's Degree Programme shall be required to have passed an appropriate Degree Examination of this Karpagam Academy of Higher Education or any other University accepted by the KAHE as equivalent thereto. Admission shall be offered only to the candidates who possess the qualification prescribed against each course as given in the table below.

#### **QUALIFICATIONS FOR ADMISSION**

S. No.	Name of the Programme Offered	Eligibility
1	M.Sc. Biochemistry	B.Sc. Degree with Biology / Biochemistry / Chemistry / Biotechnology / B.F.Sc. / Polymer Chemistry / Microbiology/ Zoology / Botany / Plant Science / Plant Biotechnology / Animal Science / Animal Biotechnology / B.Pharm / Industrial Chemistry / Applied Microbiology / Medical Microbiology / Human Genetics / Medical Genetics / Molecular Biology / Genetics Technology / Environmental Science / Environment Biotechnology / Genetics Engineering / Bioinformatics / Plant Biology & Biotechnology / Animal Cell & Biotechnology / Agriculture / Medical Lab Technology / Nutrition & Dietetics
2	M.Sc. Microbiology	B.Sc. Microbiology / Applied Microbiology / Industrial Microbiology / Medical Microbiology / Botany / Zoology / Biology / Biotechnology / Molecular Biology / Genetic Engineering / Biochemistry / Agriculture / Forestry / Medical Lab Technology / Life Sciences

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3	M.Sc. Biotechnology	B.Sc. Degree with Biology / Biochemistry / B.Sc Biology with Chemistry Ancillary / B.F.Sc. / Microbiology / Zoology / Botany / Plant Science /Plant Biotechnology / Animal Science /Animal Biotechnology / B.Pharm / Applied Microbiology / Medical Microbiology / Human Genetics / Medical Genetics / Molecular Biology / Genetics / Environmental Science / Environment Biotechnology / Genetics Engineering / Bioinformatics / Plant Biology & Biotechnology / Animal Cell & Biotechnology / Agriculture / B.Tech ( Biotech)
4	M.Sc. Physics	B.Sc. Physics, B.Sc. Physics (CA) / B.Sc. Applied science
5	M.Sc. Chemistry	B. Sc. Chemistry, Industrial Chemistry, Polymer Chemistry
6	M.Sc. Mathematics	B.Sc. Mathematics / B.Sc. Mathematics with Computer Applications
7	M.Sc. Computer Science	B.Sc. Computer Science / Computer Technology / Information Technology / Electronics / Software Systems / BCA/ B.Sc. Applied Sciences
8	M.Com	B.Com./BCom.(CA)/B.Com(PA)/B.Com(Fina nce&Insurance)/ B.Com.(e-Commerce)/ B.Com.(IT) /B.B.M. /B.B.M.(CA) /B.B.A./B.B.A (CA) / B.Com (CS), B.A. Co-Operation / Bachelor's Degree in Bank Management/ B.A. Economics / B. Com Financial Analytics/ B. Com International Accounting and Finance
9	MA English	BA (English)/Any UG degree with first class in Part II - English

#### 2 DURATION OF THE PROGRAMMES

2.1 The minimum and maximum period for completion of the P.G. Programmes are given below:

Programme	Min. No. of Semesters	Max. No. of Semesters
M.Sc., M.Com., MA	4	8

2.2 Each semester normally consists of 90 working days or 450 Instructional hours for full-time mode of study. Examination shall be conducted at the end of every semester for the respective courses.

#### 3. CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

**3.1** All programmes are offered under Choice Based Credit System with a total credit range from 87 to 93 for the PG programmes.

#### 3.2 Credits

Credits means the weightage given to each course of study by the experts of the Board of Studies concerned.

#### 4. STRUCTURE OF THE PROGRAMME

Every Programme will have a curriculum and syllabus consisting of core courses, elective courses, open elective and project work.

#### a. Core course

Core course consists of theory and practical and the examinations shall be conducted at the end of each semester.

#### **b.** Elective course

Elective courses are to be chosen with the approval of the Head of Department concerned from the list of elective courses mentioned in the curriculum.

#### c. Project Work

The candidates shall undertake the project work in the Fourth Semester either in the Department concerned or in Industries, Institute or any other Organizations and the project report has to be submitted at the end of the fourth semester.

In case the candidate undertakes the project work outside the Department, the teacher concerned within the Department shall be the Main guide and the teacher/scientist under whom the work is carried out will be the Co-guide. The candidate shall bring the attendance certificate from the place of project work carried out.

#### d. Value Added Courses

Courses of varying durations but not less than 30 hours which are optional and offered outside the curriculum that add value and help the students in for

getting placement. Students of all programmes are eligible to enroll for the Value Added Courses. The student shall choose one Value Added Course per semester from the list of Value Added Courses available in KAHE. The examinations shall be conducted at the end of the Value Added Course at the Department level and the student has to secure a minimum of 50% of marks to get a pass. The certificate for the Value Added Course for the passed out students shall be issued duly signed by the HOD and Dean of the Faculty concerned.

#### e. Internship

The student shall undergo 15 days internship in the end of II semester. Internship report will be evaluated and awarded in the III semester. Students have to earn 2 credits for the Internship.100 marks is awarded for Internship through Continuous Internal Assessment.

#### f. Open Elective

He / She may select one of the open elective courses from the list given below offered by the other department in the third semester. Students have to earn 2 credits for this course. (The student cannot select a course offered by the parent department).

S.No.	Name of the Department	Course Code	Name of the Course
1	M.A English	22MAPOE301	English for Competitive Examinations
2	M.Com	22CMPOE301	Personal Finance and Planning
3	MBA	22MBAPOE301	Organizational behavior
4	MCA	22CAPOE301	Robotics
5	M.Sc Computer Science	22CSPOE301	Cyber forensics
6	M.Sc Mathematics	22MMPOE301	Coding theory
7	M.Sc Physics	22PHPOE301	Non-destructive techniques – an
			industrial approach
8	M.Sc Chemistry	22CHPOE301	Applying Chemistry to Society
9	M.Sc Microbiology	22MBPOE301	Fermentation technology
10	M.Sc Biochemistry	22BCPOE301	Nutrition and Dietetics
11	M.Sc Biotechnology	22BTPOE301	Plant Tissue culture and its
			applications

#### **Online Course**

Student shall study at least one online course from SWAYAM / NPTEL / MOOC in any one of the first three semesters for which examination shall be conducted at the end of the course by the respective external agencies if any. The student can register to the courses which are approved by the Department. The student shall produce a Pass Certificate from the respective agencies before the end of the third semester. The credit(s) earned by the students will

be considered as additional credit(s) over and above the credits minimum required to earn a particular Degree.

#### 5. MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION

The medium of instruction for all courses, examinations, seminar presentations and project/thesis/dissertation reports should be in English.

#### 6. MAXIMUM MARKS

The maximum marks assigned to different courses shall be as follows:

(i) Each of the theory and practical courses shall carry maximum of 100 marks. Out of which 40 marks are for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for End Semester Examinations (ESE).

(ii) Maximum marks for Project work

S. No	Programme	Maximum marks	CIA	ESE
1	M.Sc., M.Com., MA	200	80	120

## 7. REQUIREMENTS TO APPEAR FOR THE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION

- **a.** Ideally every student is expected to attend all classes and secure 100% attendance. However, in order to allow for certain unavoidable circumstances, the student is expected to attend at least 75% of the classes and the conduct of the candidate is satisfactory during the course.
- **b.** A candidate who has secured attendance between 65% and 74% (both included), due to medical reasons (Hospitalization / Accident / Specific Illness) or due to participation in University / District / State / National / International level sports or due to participation in Seminar / Conference / Workshop / Training Programme / Voluntary Service / Extension activities or similar programmes with prior permission from the Registrar shall be given exemption from prescribed minimum attendance requirements and shall be permitted to appear for the examination on the recommendation of the Head of Department concerned and Dean to condone the shortage of attendance. The Head of Department has to verify and certify the genuineness of the case before recommending to the Dean. However, the candidate has to pay the prescribed condonation fee to the KAHE.
- **c.** However, a candidate who has secured attendance less than 64% in the current semester due to any reason shall not be permitted to appear for the current semester examinations. But he/she will be permitted to appear for

his/her supplementary examinations, if any and he/she has to re do the same semester with the approval of the "Students' Affairs Committee" and Registrar.

#### 8. a. FACULTY MENTOR

To help students in planning their courses of study and for general advice on the academic programme, the HoD shall allot a certain number of students to a faculty who will function as mentor throughout their period of study. Faculty mentors shall advise the students and monitor their behavior and academic performance. Problems if any shall be counseled by them periodically. The Faculty mentor is also responsible to inform the parents of their wards progress. Faculty mentor shall display the cumulative attendance particulars of his / her ward students' periodically (once in 2 weeks) on the Notice Board to enable the students to know their attendance status and satisfy the **clause 7** of this regulation.

#### b. ONLINE COURSE COORDINATOR

To help students in planning their online courses and for general advice on online courses, the HOD shall nominate a coordinator for the online courses. The Online course coordinator shall identify the courses which the students can select for their programme from the available online courses offered by the different agencies periodically and inform the same to the students. Further, the coordinators shall advice the students regarding the online courses and monitor their course.

#### 9. CLASS COMMITTEE

Every class shall have a Class Committee consisting of teachers of the class concerned, student representatives (Minimum two boys and 2 girls of various capabilities and Maximum of 6 students) and the concerned HoD / senior faculty as a Chairperson. The objective of the class committee Meeting is all about the teaching – learning process. Class Committee shall be convened at least once in a month. The functions of the Class Committee shall include

- Analyzing and Solving problems experienced by students in the class room and in the laboratories.
- Analyzing the performance of the students of the class after each test and finding the ways and means to improve the performance.
- The Class Committee of a particular class of any department is normally constituted by the HoD / Chairperson of the Class Committee. However, if the students of different departments are mixed in a class, the class committee shall be constituted by the respective faculty Dean.

- The Class Committee shall be constituted during the first week of each semester.
- The HoD / Chairperson of the class committee are authorized to convene the meeting of the class committee.
- The respective faculty Dean has the right to participate in any class committee meeting.
- The Chairperson is required to prepare the minutes of every meeting, and submit the same to Dean within two days after having convened the meeting. Serious issues if any shall be brought to the notice of the Registrar by the HoD / Chairperson immediately.

#### 10. COURSE COMMITTEE FOR COMMON COURSES

Each common theory course offered to more than one discipline or group shall have a "Course Committee" comprising all the teachers handling the common course with one of them nominated as course coordinator. The nomination of the course coordinator shall be made by the Dean depending upon whether all the teachers handling the common course belong to a single department or to various other departments. The 'Course Committee' shall meet in order to arrive at a common scheme of evaluation for the tests to ensure a uniform evaluation of the tests. If feasible, the course committee shall prepare a common question paper for the Internal Assessment test(s).

## 11. PROCEDURE FOR AWARDING MARKS FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

- 11.1 Every Faculty is required to maintain an **Attendance and Assessment Record (Log book)** which consists of attendance of students marked for each lecture / practical / project work class, the test marks and the record of class work (topic covered), separately for each course. This should be submitted to the HoD once in a fortnight for checking the syllabus coverage and records of test marks and attendance. The HoD shall sign with date after due verification. The same shall be submitted to Dean once in a month. After the completion of the semester the HoD should keep this record in safe custody for five years. Because records of attendance and assessment shall be submitted for Inspection as and when required by the KAHE / any other approved body.
  - 11.2 **Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA)**: The performance of students in each course will be continuously assessed by the respective faculty as per the guidelines given below:

#### **Theory Courses**

S. No.	Category	Maximum Marks
1	Attendance	5
2	Test – I (first 2 ½ units)	10
3	Test – II (last 2 ½ units)	10
4	Journal Paper Analysis & Presentation*	15
Continuous Internal Assessment : Total		40

<sup>\*</sup>Evaluated by two faculty members of the department concerned. Distribution up of marks for one Journal paper analysis: Subject matter 5 marks, Communication/PPT Presentation 4 marks, Visual aid 2 marks and Question and Discussion 4 marks

#### **Practical Courses**

S. No.	Category	Maximum Marks
1	Attendance	5
2	Observation work	5
3	Record work	5
4	Model practical examination	15
5	Viva – voce [Comprehensive]*	10
Continuous	40	

<sup>\*</sup> Viva - voce conducted during model practical examination.

Every practical Exercise / Experiment shall be evaluated based on the conduct of Exercise/ Experiment and records maintained.

#### 11.3 Pattern of Test Question Paper

Instruction	Remarks
Maximum Marks	50 marks
Duration	2 Hours
Part – A	Objective type (20x1=20)
Part - B	Short Answer Type $(3 \times 2 = 6)$
Part - C	3 Eight marks questions 'either – or' choice (3 x 8 = 24 Marks)

#### 11.4 Attendance

#### **Marks Distribution for Attendance**

S. No.	Attendance (%)	Maximum
		Marks
1	91 and above	5.0
2	81 - 90	4.0
3	76 - 80	3.0
4	Less than 75	0

#### 12. ESE EXAMINATIONS

**12.1 End Semester Examination (ESE)**: ESE will be held at the end of each semester for each course. The question paper is for a maximum of 60 marks.

Pattern of ESE Question Paper

Instruction	Remarks
Maximum Marks	60 marks for ESE
Duration	3 hours (½ Hr for Part – A Online & 2 ½ Hours for Part – B and C)
Part – A	20 Questions of 1 mark each (20 x 1 = 20 Marks ) Question No. 1 to 20 Online Multiple Choice Questions

Part- B	5 Questions of six marks each (5 x 6 = 30 Marks.) Question No. 21 to 25 will be 'either-or' type, covering all five units of the syllabus; i.e., Question No. 21: Unit - I, either 21 (a) or 21 (b), Question No. 22: Unit - II, either 22 (a) or 22 (b), Question No. 23: Unit - III, either 23 (a) or 23 (b), Question No. 24: Unit - IV, either 24 (a) or 24 (b), Question No. 25: Unit - V, either 25 (a) or 25 (b)
Part - C	Question No.26. One Ten marks Question (1 x 10 = 10 Marks)

12.2 **Practical:** There shall be combined valuation. The pattern of distribution of marks shall be as given below.

Experiments : 40 Marks
Record : 10 Marks
Viva-voce : 10 Marks
Total : 60 Marks

#### **Record Notebooks for Practical Examination**

Candidate taking the Practical Examination should submit Bonafide Record Notebook prescribed for the Practical Examination, failing which the candidate will not be permitted to take the Practical Examination.

In case of failures in Practical Examination, the marks awarded for the Record at the time of first appearance of the Practical Examination shall remain the same at the subsequent appearance also by the candidate.

#### 12.3. Evaluation of Project Work

- 12.3.1 The project shall carry a maximum marks as per clause 6 (ii). ESE will be a combined evaluation of Internal and External Examiners.
- 12.3.2 The project report is prepared according to the approved guidelines and duly signed by the supervisor(s) shall be submitted to HoD.

Guidelines to prepare the project report

- a. Cover page
- b. Bonafide certificate
- c. Declaration
- d. Acknowledgement
- e. Table of contents
- f. Chapters

Introduction

Aim and Objectives

Materials and Methods (Methodology)

Results (Analysis of Data) and Discussion (Interpretation) Summary References

- 12.3.3 The evaluation of the project will be based on the project report submitted and *Viva-Voce* Examination by a team consisting of the supervisor, who will be the Internal Examiner and an External Examiner who shall be appointed by the COE. In case the supervisor is not available, the HoD shall act as an Internal Examiner.
- 12.3.4 If a candidate fails to submit the project report on or before the specified date given by Examination Section, the candidate is deemed to have failed in the project work and shall re-enroll for the same in a subsequent semester.
  - If a candidate fails in the *viva-voce* examinations he/she has to resubmit the project report within 30 days from the date of declaration of the results. For this purpose the same Internal and External examiner shall evaluate the resubmitted report.
- 12.3.5 Copy of the approved project report after the successful completion of *viva voce* examinations shall be kept in the KAHE library.

#### 13. PASSING REQUIREMENTS

- 13.1 Passing minimum: There is a passing minimum 20 marks out of 40 marks for CIA and the passing minimum is 30 marks out of 60 marks in ESE. The overall passing in each course is 50 out of 100 marks (Sum of the marks in CIA and ESE examination).
- 13.2 If a candidate fails to secure a pass in a particular course (either CIA or ESE or Both) as per clause 13.1, it is mandatory that the candidate has to register and reappear for the examination in that course during the subsequent semester when examination is conducted for the same till he/she secures a pass both in CIA and ESE (vide Clause 2.1).
- 13.3 Candidate failed in CIA will be permitted to improve CIA marks in the subsequent semesters by writing tests and by re-submitting assignments.
- 13.4 CIA marks (if it is pass) obtained by the candidate in the first appearance shall be retained by the Office of the Controller of Examinations and considered valid for all subsequent attempts till the candidate secures a pass in ESE.

13.5 A candidate who is absent in ESE in a Course / Practical / Project work after having enrolled for the same shall be considered to have **failed** in that examination.

## 14. IMPROVEMENT OF MARKS IN THE COURSE ALREADY PASSED

Candidates desirous to improve the marks secured in a passed course in their first attempt shall reappear once (only in ESE) in the subsequent semester. The improved marks shall be considered for classification but not for ranking. If there is no improvement there shall be no change in the marks awarded earlier.

#### 15. AWARD OF LETTER GRADES

All assessments of a course will be done on absolute marks basis. However, for the purpose of reporting the performance of a candidate, letter grades, each carrying certain number of points, will be awarded as per the range of total marks (out of 100) obtained by the candidate in each course as detailed below:

Letter grade	Marks Range	<b>Grade Point</b>	Description
O	91 - 100	10	OUTSTANDING
A+	81- 90	9	EXCELLENT
A	71-80	8	VERY GOOD
B+	66- 70	7	GOOD
В	61 – 65	6	ABOVE AVERAGE
С	55 - 60	5	AVERAGE
D	50 - 54	4	PASS
RA	< 50	-	REAPPEARANCE
AAA	-	-	ABSENT

#### 16. GRADE SHEET

After the declaration of the results, Grade Sheets will be issued to each student which will contain the following details:

- i. The list of courses enrolled during the semester and the corresponding grade scored.
- ii. The Grade Point Average (GPA) for the semester and
- iii. The Cumulative Grade Point Average (**CGPA**) of all courses enrolled from first semester onwards.

GPA of a Semester and CGPA of a programme will be calculated as follows.

i.e. **GPA** of a Semester = 
$$\frac{\sum_{i} CiGPi}{\sum_{i} Ci}$$

Sum of the product of the GPs by the corresponding credits of the courses offered for the entire programme

Sum of the credits of the courses of the entire programme

i.e. **CGPA** of the entire programme = 
$$\frac{\sum_{n} \sum_{i} CniGPni}{\sum_{n} \sum_{i} Cni}$$

where.

Ci is the credit fixed for the course 'i' in any semester GPi is the grade point obtained for the course 'i' in any semester 'n' refers to the Semester in which such courses are credited

Note: RA grade will be excluded for calculating GPA and CGPA.

#### 17. REVALUATION

Candidate can apply for revaluation and retotalling of his / her semester examination answer script (**theory courses only**), within 2 weeks from the date of declaration of results, on payment of a prescribed fee. For the same, the prescribed application has to be sent to the Controller of Examinations through the HoD. A candidate can apply for revaluation of answer scripts not exceeding 5 courses at a time. The Controller of Examinations will arrange for the revaluation and results will be intimated to the candidate through the HODs concerned. Revaluation is not permitted for supplementary theory courses.

#### 18. TRANSPARENCY AND GRIEVANCE COMMITTEE

Revaluation and Re-totaling is allowed on representation (clause 17). Student may get the Xerox copy of the answer script on payment of prescribed fee, if he / she wish. The student may represent the grievance, if any, to the Grievance Committee, which consists of Dean of the Faculty, (if Dean is HoD, the Dean of another Faculty nominated by the KAHE), the HoD of Department concerned, the faculty of the course and Dean from other discipline nominated by the KAHE and the CoE. If the Committee feels that the grievance is genuine, the script may be sent for external valuation; the marks awarded by the External examiner will be final. The student has to pay the prescribed fee for the same.

#### 19. ELIGIBILITY FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE

A student shall be declared to be eligible for the conferment of the Degree if he / she has

- Successfully completed all the components in clause 3 and gained the required number of total credits as specified in the curriculum corresponding to his / her Programme within the stipulated period.
- Not any disciplinary action pending against him / her.
- The award of the degree must be approved by the Board of Management.

#### 20. CLASSIFICATION OF THE DEGREE AWARDED

- 20.1 Candidate who qualifies for the award of the Degree (vide clause 13) having passed the examination in all the courses in his / her first appearance, within the specified minimum number of semesters and securing a **CGPA not less than 8.0** shall be declared to have passed the examination in **First Class with Distinction.**
- 20.2 Candidate who qualifies for the award of the Degree (vide clause 13) having passed the examination in all the courses within the specified maximum number of semesters (vide clause 2.1), securing a **CGPA not less than 6.5** shall be declared to have passed the examination in **First Class**.
- 20.3 All other candidates (not covered in clauses 20.1 and 20.2) who qualify for the award of the degree (vide Clause 19) shall be declared to have passed the examination in **Second Class**.

## 21. PROVISION FOR WITHDRAWAL FROM END-SEMESTER EXAMINATION

21.1 A candidate due to valid reason on prior application may be granted permission to withdraw from appearing for the examination of any one

- course or consecutive examinations of more than one course in a semester examination.
- 21.2 Such withdrawal shall be permitted only once during the entire period of study of the degree programme.
- 21.3 Withdrawal of application is valid only if it is made within 10 days prior to the commencement of the examination in that course or courses and recommended by the HoD / Dean concerned and approved by the Registrar.
- 21.3.1 Notwithstanding the requirement of mandatory TEN days notice, applications for withdrawal for special cases under extraordinary conditions will be considered on the merit of the case.
- 21.4 Withdrawal shall not be construed as an appearance for the eligibility of a candidate for First Class with Distinction. This provision is not applicable to those who seek withdrawal during IV semester.
- 21.5 Withdrawal from the End semester examination is **NOT** applicable to arrears courses of previous semesters.
- 21.6 The candidate shall reappear for the withdrawn courses during the examination conducted in the subsequent semester.

#### 22. PROVISION FOR AUTHORISED BREAK OF STUDY

- 22.1 Break of Study shall be granted only once for valid reasons for a maximum of one year during the entire period of study of the degree programme. However, in extraordinary situation the candidate may apply for additional break of study not exceeding another one year by paying prescribed fee for break of study. If a candidate intends to temporarily discontinue the programme in the middle of the semester for valid reasons, and to rejoin the programme in a subsequent year, permission may be granted based on the merits of the case provided he / she applies to the Registrar, but not later than the last date for registering for the end semester examination of the semester in question, through the HoD stating the reasons therefore and the probable date of rejoining the programme.
- 22.2 The candidate thus permitted to rejoin the Programme after the break shall be governed by the Curriculum and Regulations in force at the time of rejoining. Such candidates may have to do additional courses as per the Regulations in force at that period of time.
- 22.3 The authorized break of study (for a maximum of one year) will not be counted for the duration specified for passing all the courses for the purpose of classification. (Vide Clause 20). However, additional break of study granted will be counted for the purpose of classification.

- 22.4 The total period for completion of the Programme reckoned from, the commencement of the first semester to which the candidate was admitted shall not exceed the maximum period specified in clause 2.1 irrespective of the period of break of study (vide clause 22.3) in order that he/she may be eligible for the award of the degree.
- 22.5 If any student is detained for want of requisite attendance, progress and good conduct, the period spent in that semester shall not be considered as permitted 'Break of Study' or 'Withdrawal' (Clause 21 and 22) is not applicable for this case.

#### 23. RANKING

A candidate who qualifies for the PG Degree programme passing all the Examinations in the first attempt, within the minimum period prescribed for the programme of study from Semester I through Semester IV to the programme shall be eligible for ranking. Such ranking will be confined to 10% of the total number of candidates qualified in that particular programme of Study subject to a maximum of 10 ranks.

The improved marks will not be taken into consideration for ranking.

#### 24. SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

Supplementary Examination will be conducted only for the final semester students within ten days from the date of publication of results for students who have failed in one theory course only. Such students shall apply with prescribed fee to the Controller of Examinations within the stipulated time.

#### 25. DISCIPLINE

- 25.1. If a student indulges in malpractice in any of the Internal / External Examinations he / she shall be liable for punitive action as prescribed by the KAHE from time to time.
- 25.2. Every student is required to observe discipline and decorous behavior both inside and outside the campus and not to indulge in any activity which will tend to bring down the prestige of the KAHE. The erring students will be referred to the disciplinary committee constituted by the KAHE, to enquire into acts of indiscipline and recommend the disciplinary action to be taken.

#### 26. REVISION OF REGULATION AND CURRICULUM

Karpagam Academy of Higher Education may from time to time revise, amend or change the Regulations, Scheme of Examinations and syllabi if found necessary.

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE FACULTY OF ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE AND MANAGEMENT PG PROGRAM (CBCS) M.COM.

(2022-2023 Batch and onwards)

Course code	Name of the Course	Co urs e cat	Objectives and		structi rs / w	-	Credit(s)		М	ım ss		
		ego ry	PEOs	POs	L	Т	P		CIA	ESE	Total	Pg.No
									40	60	100	
				EMES	TER -	- I						
22CMP101	Managerial Economics	CC	I, II, III	a,b,c,d, e,f,g,i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	24
22CMP102	Management Accounting	CC	I, II, III, IV	a,b,c,d, e,f,g,h,i, j	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	26
22CMP103	Human Resource Management	CC	I, II, III	a,b,c,d, e,f,g,i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	28
22CMP104	Advanced Corporate Accounting	CC	I, II, III, IV	a,b,c,d, e,f,g,h,i, j	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	30
22CMP105	Marketing Management	CC	I, II, III	a,b,c,d, e,f,g,i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	32
22CMP106 A	Credit Management	EC	I, II, III, IV	a,b,c,d, e,f,g,h,i, j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	34
22CMP106 B	Management Information Systems	EC	I, II, III	a,b,c,d, e,f,g,i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	36
22CMP106 C	Business Environment	EC	I, II, III	a,b,c,d, e,f,g,i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	38
22CMP111	Computerized Accounting System - Practical	СР	I, II, III	a,b,c,d,f ,g,i,j	0	0	4	2	40	60	100	40
-	Journal Paper Analysis and Presentation		I, II, III	a,b,c,d,f ,g,i,j	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Semester Total			, <sub>(, 1</sub> , 1)	24	2	4	26	280	420	700	

		,	SEMESTER	- <b>II</b>								
22CMP201	Financial Management	CC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	43
22CMP202	Statistical Techniques for Research	CC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, i,j	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	45
22CMP203	Applied Cost Accounting	CC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, i,j	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	47
22CMP204	Financial Markets and Institutions	CC	I, II, III, IV	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, h,i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	49
22CMP205	Direct Taxation and Tax Planning	CC	I, II, III, IV	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, h,i,j	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	51
22CMP206A	Security Analysis and Portfolio Management	EC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	53
22CMP206B	International Business	EC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	55
22CMP206C	Enterprise Resource Planning	EC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	57
22CMP221	Data Analysis Using Excel	СР	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,f,g,i, j	0	0	4	2	40	60	100	59
	Journal Paper Analysis and Presentation		I, II, III	a,b,c, d,f,g,i, j	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Se	mester Total				23	3	4	26	280	420	700	
			<b>EMESTER</b>									
22CMP301	Merchant Banking & Financial services	CC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, i,j	4	_	0	4	40	60	100	61
22CMP302	Research Methodology	CC	I, II, III, IV	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, h,i,j	4	0	0	3	40	60	100	63
22CMP303	Indirect Taxation	CC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, i,j	3	-	0	3	40	60	100	65
22CMP304	International Finance	CC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,e,f,g ,i,j	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	67

22CMP305	Insurance and Risk Management	CC	I, II, III, IV	a,b,c, d,e,f,g,	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	69
2267 47206 4	-	EC		h,i,j		0	Ů		10	00	100	0)
22CMP306A	Industrial Law	EC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	71
22CMP306B	Corporate Governance, Ethics and Social Responsibility	EC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	73
	Consumer Rights and Education	EC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,e,f,g ,i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	75
22CMP311	SPSS (Practical)	СР	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,f,g,i, j	0	0	4	2	40	60	100	77
22CMPOEP3 01	Open Elective – Personal Finance and Planning	-	I, II, III	-	3	-	-	2	40	60	100	79
22CMP321	Internship	-	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,f,g,i, j	1	-	-	2	ı	-	100	81
	Journal Paper Analysis and Presentation		I, II, III	a,b,c, d,f,g,i, j	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sei	mester Total				26	0	4	26	320	480	900	
			SEMESTI	ER – IV						•		
	Entrepreneurship Development	CC	I, II, III, IV	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, h,i,j	4	0	0	4	40	60	100	82
22CMP402	Applied E-Commerce	CC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,e,f,g, i,j	4	0	0	3	40	60	100	84
22CMP491	Project	CC	I, II, III	a,b,c, d,f,g,i, j	20	0	0	8	80	120	200	86
	Journal Paper Analysis & Presentation		I, II, III	a,b,c, d,f,g,i, j	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Semester Total						0	15	160	240	400	
	Prog	1			93	1040	1560	2700	-			

#### **PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (PO)**

- a) Postgraduates will develop an understanding of various commerce functions such as finance, accounting, financial analysis, project evaluation, cost accounting.
- b) Postgraduates will have exposure to solve complex commerce problems and analyze problems critically through research based or project based approach of learning.
- c) Postgraduates will excerpt information from various sources and apply mathematical, analytical, statistical and IT tools for financial and accounting analysis.
- d) Postgraduates will develop an ability to effectively communicate both orally and in written forms.
- e) Postgraduates will appreciate the importance of working independently and in a team in order to achieve common goals.
- f) Postgraduateswillacquirecriticalandanalyticalthinkingandwillbeabletoapplythesam ei n effective decision making.
- g) PostgraduateswillacquireprofessionalandintellectualIntegrityprofessionalcodeof conduct, ethics and values to contribute for sustainable development of society by becoming socially responsible citizen.

#### PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO)

- h) Postgraduates will apply the lifelong learning and exhibit high level of commitment
  - toidentifyatimelyopportunityandusebusinessinnovationtopursuethatopportunity to create value and wealth for the betterment of the individual and society at large.
- i) Postgraduateswillacquiremanagerialpositionsortakeupentrepreneurialventuresby applying the skills and knowledge gained.

#### PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES(PEO)

- 1. Post graduates will gain advanced knowledge in the domain of commerce, management and finance
- 2. Postgraduates will be able to apply the accounting, finance and management tools and techniques to implement systematic decision-making process.
- 3. Post graduates will attain research insights, professional skills and competencies to enhance lifelong learning and excel in diverse career path.
- 4. Postgraduates will adapt to a rapidly changing global environment and become socially responsible and value driven citizens committed to sustainable growth.

Program Educational Objectives		Program Outcomes										
	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	J		
Postgraduates will gain advanced knowledge in the domain of commerce, management and finance	V								√	√		
Postgraduates will be able to apply the accounting, finance and management tools and techniques to implement systematic decision making process	V	1	V		V	V		V	V	V		
Postgraduates will attain research insights, professional skills and competencies to enhance lifelong learning and excel in diverse career path.	V	V	V	V	V	V			<b>√</b>	V		
Postgraduates will adapt to a rapidly changing global environment and become socially responsible and value driven citizens committed to sustainable growth.				V	V	V	√	V	V	√ 		

22CMP101 MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To gain knowledge on concept of demand and supply
- 2. To understand the concept of production, cost and revenue function
- 3. To know the pricing policies adopted in various market structures
- 4. To estimate impact of inflation on business cycle and personal disposable income
- 5. To assess impact of monetary and fiscal policy on economic development
- 6. To enable students to obtain managerial problem-solving skills.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Gain knowledge on concept of demand and supply
- 2. Understand the concept of production, cost and revenue function
- 3. Know the pricing policies adopted in various market structures
- 4. Estimate impact of inflation on business cycle and personal disposable income
- 5. Assess impact of monetary and fiscal policy on economic development
- 6. Enable students to obtain managerial problem-solving skills.

#### UNIT I

Managerial Economics: Law of Demand and Supply - Introduction - Meaning - Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics - Significance in Decision Making. Consumer's Behavior and Demand: Meaning of Consumer's Equilibrium - Utility approach - Law of Equilibrium - Marginal utility-Consumers Surplus-Concept of Demand-Types of Demand-Determinants -Law of Demand - Exceptions to Law of Demand - Change in Demand - Elasticity of Demand - Types - Measurement of Price elasticity of demand. Concept of Supply - Determinants of Supply - Law of Supply - Change in Supply - Elasticity of Supply - Types.

#### UNIT II

**Production, Cost and Revenue Function:** Producer's Behaviour and Supply - Basic concepts in production – Firm – Fixed and Variable Factors – Short and Long run – Total Product – Marginal Product – Average Product – Production Function – Law of Returns – Law of Returns to Scale – Economies and Diseconomies of Scale – Producer's Equilibrium.

Cost and Revenue Function: Cost of Production – Opportunity cost – Fixed and Variable

Cost and Revenue Function: Cost of Production – Opportunity cost – Fixed and Variable Costs—Total Cost Curves – Average Cost Curves – Marginal Cost – Long run and Short run Cost Curves – Total Revenue – Average Revenue – Marginal Revenue – Break Even Point Analysis.

#### UNIT III

Market Competition and Price Structures: Forms of Market – Basis of Classification—Perfect - Competition – Features – Short Run and Long Run Equilibrium – Price Determination – Monopoly Market – Features – Short Run and Long Run Equilibrium – Predatory pricing - Price Discrimination – Degrees of Price Discrimination- Pricing objectives and Pricing Methods. Oligopoly Market Competition—Features – Price Leadership—Price Rigidity—Cartel—Collusive and Non-Collusive oligopoly – Oligopsony – Features – Monopolistic Competition – Features—Product Differentiation—Selling Cost—Short Run and LongRun Equilibrium—Monopsony- Duopoly Market – Features.

#### **UNIT IV**

Macro-Economic Indicators: Production Method – Income Method – Expenditure Method Phases of Business Cycle – Causes of cyclical movements – Price Movements: Inflation, Deflation, and Deflation – Types of Inflation – Effects of Inflation – Control of Inflation- Difference between Normal Residents and Non-Residents – Domestic territory – Gross and Net Concepts of Income and Product – Market price and Factor Cost – Factor Payments and Transfer Payments–National Income Aggregates–Private Income–Personal Income – Personal Disposable Income – National Disposable Income – Measurement of National Income.

#### **UNIT V**

**Monetary Policy and Fiscal Policy:** Objectives of Monetary Policy – Types of Monetary Policy – Instruments of Monetary Policy – Objectives of Fiscal Policy – Types of Fiscal Policy – Instruments of Fiscal Policy – Budget Preparation – Financial Stimulus. Balance of Trade and Balance of Payments – Current Account and Capital Account of BOP – Disequilibrium in BOP.

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

- 1. Varshney and Maheshwari, Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
- 2. Mehta, P, Business Economics, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi
- 3. Geetika and Piyali Ghosh (2017), Managerial Economics, 3rd edition, McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi.
- 4. Christopher R.Thomas and S.Charles Maurice (2017), Managerial Economics: foundation of business analysis and strategy, 10th edition, McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi
- 5. Paul Samuelson, William D. Nordhaus (2017), Micro Economics, 19th edition, McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi
- 6. William F. Samuelson (Author), Stephen G. Marks (2013), Managerial Economics, 6th edition, Wiley, New Delhi
- 7. <a href="https://swayam.gov.in/nd1\_noc20\_mg67/preview">https://swayam.gov.in/nd1\_noc20\_mg67/preview</a>
- 8. <a href="https://swayam.gov.in/nd2\_imb20\_mg38/preview">https://swayam.gov.in/nd2\_imb20\_mg38/preview</a>

#### 22CMP102 MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 3 T: 1 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To carry out horizontal and vertical analysis
- 2. To interpret the implications on various financial statements
- 3. To understand the applications of standard costing in real life situations
- 4. To know the principles and practice of marginal costing
- 5. To apply with techniques of budgetary control in real life
- 6. To apply the techniques of management accounting in real time business

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Carry out horizontal and vertical analysis
- 2. Interpret the implications on various financial statements
- 3. Understand the applications of standard costing in real life situations
- 4. Know the principles and practice of marginal costing
- 5. Apply with techniques of budgetary control in real life
- 6. Apply the techniques of management accounting in real time business

#### UNIT I

**Introduction -** Meaning, Objectives, Nature and Scope of management accounting, Difference between cost accounting and management accounting, Cost control and Cost reduction, Cost management- Financial Statement Analysis - Objectives, Features, Horizontal and Vertical Analysis- Comparative and Common size Analysis.

#### **UNIT II**

**Financial Statement Analysis** -Ratio Analysis: Meaning, Advantages, Limitations, Classifications of ratios Fund Flow Statement: Meaning, Uses, Limitations, Sources and uses of funds Cash Flow Statement: Meaning, Uses, Limitations, Sources and uses of cash, AS3 Standard format.

#### UNIT III

Standard Costing - Standard Costing: Standard Costing and Variance Analysis: Meaning of Standard Cost and Standard Costing, Advantages, Limitations and Applications. Variance Analysis - Material, Labour, Overheads and Sales Variances. Disposition of Variances, Control Ratios.

#### **UNIT IV**

Marginal Costing and Decision Making-Absorption versus Variable Costing: Distinctive features and income determination - Cost-Volume, Profit/Volume ratio. Break-even analysis- algebraic and graphic methods. Angle of incidence, margin of safety, Key factor, determination of cost indifference point. Decision Making: Steps in Decision Making Process, Concept of Relevant Costs and Benefits, Various short-term decision-making situations — profitable product mix, Acceptance or Rejection of special/export offers, Make or buy, Addition or Elimination of a product line, sell or process further, operate or shut down. Marginal Cost Based Lending Rates.

#### **UNIT V**

**Budgetary Control and Contemporary Issues -**Budgeting and Budgetary Control: Concept of budget, types, objectives, merits and limitations. Budget administration. Functional budgets. Fixed and flexible budgets. Zero base budgeting. Programme and performance budgeting. Contemporary Issues: Responsibility Accounting: Concept, Significance, Different Responsibility Centres, Divisional Performance Measurement: Financial and Non-Financial measures. Transfer Pricing

**Note:** Distribution of marks - 30% theory and 70% problems

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

- 1. M.Y. Khan, P.K. Jain (2018), Management Accounting, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, NewDelhi.
- 2. Sharma, Shashi K Gupta, Management Accounting, Kalyani Publishers, Chennai.
- 3. Dr SN Maheshwari, CA Sharad K Maheshwari & Dr Suneel K Maheshwari(2018), A Text book of Accounting for Management, 4th Edition S Chand Publishing, NewDelhi.
- 4. Alnoor Bhimani, Charles T. Horngren, Srikant M. Datar, Madhav Rajan (2015) Management and Cost Accounting, 6th edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 5. Narasimhan (2017), Management Accounting, Cengage Learning Publishing, New Delhi
- 6. The Institute of Company Secretaries of India (2018), Corporate and Management Accounting, M P Printers
- 7. https://swayam.gov.in/nd1\_noc20\_mg65/preview
- 8. https://swayam.gov.in/nd2 imb20 mg31/preview

#### 22CMP103 HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

SEMESTER - I

4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

4H

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To update knowledge on latest trends in human resource management
- 2. To comprehend the concept of job analysis
- 3. To choose right form of training and performance appraisal techniques
- 4. To determine compensation and rewards for employees and workers
- 5. To build harmonious relationship between management and employees
- 6. To formulate dispute settlement strategy for global business

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Update knowledge on latest trends in human resource management
- 2. Comprehend the concept of job analysis
- 3. Choose right form of training and performance appraisal techniques
- 4. Determine compensation and rewards for employees and workers
- 5. Build harmonious relationship between management and employees
- 6. Formulate dispute settlement strategy for global business

#### UNIT I

**Human Resource Management and Latest Trends in HR -** Human Resource Management - introduction to Human Resource Management - Functions and Importance of HRM - Globalization and Challenges to HR Manager - Diversity Management - Strategic Human Resource Management - HR Audit and Accounting - HR Analytics

#### **UNIT II**

HRP, Selection, Recruitment and Job Analysis - Human Resource Planning and Staffing - Human Resource Planning and Forecasting – Job Analysis –Recruitment – Employee Testing and Selection – Interviewing for selection – Employee Socialization – Employee termination and Exit interviews - Job analysis and Design – Process of Job Analysis - Job description, Job specification, Job rotation, Job enrichment-Jobenhancement – Recruitmentandselection:Sourcesofrecruitment, Recruitment process – Process of selection - Induction and Placement.

#### **UNIT III**

**Training, Performance Management and Career Development -** Training Needs - Designing Training Programs - Methods and Techniques of Training and Development - Techniques - Training evaluation - Talent Management - Management Development

Programme- Techniques of Performance Appraisal – Orientation – Socialization – Process of Socialization – Strategies. Training – Training Process - Performance Appraisal- Process – Traditional and Modern Methods - 360° - 720° feedback - Ethics of Performance Appraisal - Challenges to Performance Appraisal – Career and Development Planning- Mentoring – Coaching – Succession Planning

#### **UNIT IV**

**Compensation and Reward -** Compensation and Reward Management - Factors Influencing pay rates - Components of Compensation – Types of Incentives and Rewards – Employee Benefits and Services - Executive Compensation – Employee Social Security – Employee Engagement

#### **UNIT V**

**Employee Relations -** Employee Relations - Managing Employee Relations - Grievance Management - Organizational Discipline - Dispute Settlement - Collective Bargaining-Employee Health and Safety - IHRM and Managing Expatriates - Quality of Work life - Balance Score Cards - Concepts - Methods to improve quality of work Life

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

- 1. Dessler, G. and BijjuVarkkey (2017). Human Resource Management,15<sup>th</sup>Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 2. Aswathappa, K. (2017). Human Resource Management, 68<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi.
- 3. David A. Decenzo , Stephen P. Robbins, Susan L. Verhulst (2015), Human Resource Management,11<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley, NewDelhi.
- 4. George W Bohlander and Scott., Snell., (2016). Principles of Human Resource Management, 16<sup>th</sup> Edition, Cengage India, New Delhi.
- 5. Scott Snell, George Bohlander, Veena Vohra (2010), Human Resources Management: A South Asian Perspective, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Cengage India, NewDelhi.
- 6. <a href="https://swayam.gov.in/nd1\_noc20\_mg15/preview">https://swayam.gov.in/nd1\_noc20\_mg15/preview</a>

22CMP104 ADVANCED CORPORATE ACCOUNTING Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 3 T: 1 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To carry out accounting treatment for redemption of preference shares
- 2. To design a plan for merger and acquisition of companies
- 3. To understand the procedures for internal reconstruction of companies
- 4. To develop a plan of proposal for liquidation of companies
- 5. To update with recent development in accounting
- 6. To grasp knowledge on accounting standards

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Carry out accounting treatment for redemption of preference shares
- 2. Design a plan for merger and acquisition of companies
- 3. Understand the procedures for internal reconstruction of companies
- 4. Develop a plan of proposal for liquidation of companies
- 5. Update with recent development in accounting
- 6. Grasp knowledge on accounting standards

#### **UNIT I**

**Redemption of Preference Shares -** Meaning – legal provisions – treatment regarding premium on redemption – creation of Capital Redemption Reserve Account – Fresh issue of shares – Arranging for cash balance for the purpose of redemption–minimum number of shares to be issued for redemption– issue of bonus shares – preparation of Balance sheet (vertical forms) after redemption

#### **UNIT II**

Mergers and Acquisition of Companies - Meaning of Amalgamation and Acquisition – Types of Amalgamation – Amalgamation in the nature of Merger – Amalgamation in the nature of Purchase – Methods of Purchase Consideration–Calculation of Purchase Consideration (IndAS103) (OldAS14), Net asset Method - Net Payment Method, Accounting for Amalgamation (Problems on both the methods)-Entries and Ledger Accounts in the Books of Transferor Company and Transferee Company Preparation of new Balance sheet. (Vertical Format) (Excluding External Reconstruction).

#### UNIT III

**Internal Reconstruction-**Meaning-Objective-Procedure-Form of Reduction – Passing of Journal Entries – Preparation of Reconstruction accounts – Preparation of Balance Sheet after Reconstruction. (Vertical Format) Problems.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Liquidation of Companies -** Meaning—Types of Liquidation — Order of Payment - Calculation of Liquidator's Remuneration — Preparation of Liquidators Final Statement of Account. National Company Law Tribunal — Features and Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016 — Role — Liquidation process.

#### **UNIT V**

Recent Developments in Accounting & Accounting Standards (Theory Only) - Human Resource Accounting — Environmental Accounting — Social Responsibility Accounting — Valuation of Brand. Indian Accounting Standards—Meaning - Need for accounting standards in India — Accounting standards Board (ASB) process of setting accounting standards in India- A brief theoretical study of Indian accounting standards—International Accounting Standard (IAS) -IFRS.

**Note**: Theory:70 Marks and Problems: 30 Marks

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

- 1. S C Gupta (2019), Shukla & Grewal's Advanced Corporate Accounting, S.Chand, New Delhi.
- 2. KL Narang &SP Jain (2017), Advanced Accountancy Corporate Accounting Vol. 1 & 2, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. M Hanif, A Mukherjee (2017), Corporate Accounting, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 4. M C Shukla (Author), T S Grewal (2016), Advanced Accounts Volume I & II, 19<sup>th</sup> Edition, S. Chand, New Delhi.
- 5. G Sekar (2018), Padhuka's Students' Handbook on Advanced Accounting (For CA Inter-New Sly), Wolters Kluwer India Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. Ruqsana Anjum (2018), Advanced Corporate Accounting, 1st edition, McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi.
- 7. https://www.coursera.org/learn/advanced-financial-reporting

#### 22CMP105 MARKETING MANAGEMENT Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To understand the fundamental concepts of marketing
- 2. To comprehend the method of market segmentation and price fixation
- 3. To choose appropriate distribution channel for product distribution
- 4. To know the concept of Integrated Marketing
- 5. To formulate marketing strategies for business sustainability
- 6. To update recent concept of marketing

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand the fundamental concepts of marketing
- 2. Comprehend the method of market segmentation and price fixation
- 3. Choose appropriate distribution channel for product distribution
- 4. Know the concept of Integrated Marketing
- 5. Formulate marketing strategies for business sustainability
- 6. Update recent concept of marketing

#### **UNIT I**

Marketing Concepts and Tasks -Defining and Delivering Customer Value and Satisfaction - Value Chain - Delivery Network, Marketing Environment, Adapting Marketing to New Liberalized Economy - Digitalization, Customization, Changing Marketing Practices, e- business - Setting up Websites, Marketing Information System, Strategic Marketing Planning and Organization.

#### **UNIT II**

Consumer Behavior- Market Segmentation and Targeting, Positioning and differentiation strategies, Product life cycle strategies, New product development, Product Mix and Product line decisions, Branding and Packaging, Price setting - objectives, factors and methods, Price adapting policies, Initiating and responding to price changes- Labeling and Packaging- Market research – Objectives – Research Process – Advantages.

#### **UNIT III**

**Marketing Channel System** - Functions and Flows, Channel design, Channel management - Selection, Training, Motivation and evaluation of channel members - Channel dynamics-VMS, HMS - MMS - Market Logistics Decisions.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Integrated Marketing** - Communication Process and Mix, Advertising, Sales Promotion and Public Relation Decisions. Direct Marketing-Growth, Benefits and Channels, Telemarketing, Salesforce Objectives, Structure, Size and Compensation – Consumer Protection Act 2019 – Consumer Rights- Responsibilities – Consumer Grievances – RTP – UTP – Redressal Forum.

#### **UNIT V**

**Identifying and Analyzing Competitors -** Designing Competitive Strategies for Leaders, Challengers - Followers and Niches - Customer Relationship Marketing - Customer Database.

Data Warehousing and Mining - Attracting and Retaining Customers - Consumerism in India, Controlling of Marketing Efforts - Global Target Market Selection-Standardization Vs Adaptation - Product- Pricing - Distribution and Promotional Policy. Recent Trends in Marketing - International Marketing - Strategic Marketing - Rural Marketing - Online Marketing - Green Marketing - Viral Marketing and Social Marketing.

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

- 1. Philip T. Kotler, Gary Armstrong, Prafulla Agnihotri (2018), Principles of Marketing, 17<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, NewDelhi
- 2. V. S. Ramaswamy , S. Ramkumar (2018), Marketing Management: Indian Context Global Perspective, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, , Sage Publications India (P) Ltd. NewDelhi
- 3. Philip Kotler, Kevin Lane Keller, (2017), Marketing Management, 15<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, NewDelhi
- 4. Rajan Saxena (2017), Marketing Management, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, NewDelhi.
- 5. Philip Kotler (2017), Marketing 4.0: Moving from Traditional to Digital, Wiley, NewDelhi
- 6. <a href="https://www.coursera.org/learn/marketing-management">https://www.coursera.org/learn/marketing-management</a>

22CMP106A CREDIT MANAGEMENT Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To enable the student to understand what credit management is, what are the lending types and process and how to monitor the credit.
- 2. To lay a foundation for more complex credit management topics that arise credit policies, credit appraisal and NPA
- 3. To inculcate advanced skills for handling credit management issues
- **4.** To help know financial support to the agriculture and NABARD schemes to promote agri-business in India
- 5. To understand about retail lending and its banking product
- **6.** To gain knowledge on credit policies and project appraisals

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand the basic concepts principles of lending
- 2. Gain knowledge in making credit plan through suitable financial statement analysis.
- 3. Understand the risk-returns analysis of providing loans to the consumers.
- **4.** Know financial support to the agriculture and NABARD schemes to promote agribusiness in India
- **5.** Understand the different tools used for monitoring the lending of money sanctioned by the financial institutions
- **6.** Gain knowledge on credit policies and project appraisals

#### UNIT I

#### **Introduction and Overview of Credit:**

**Principles of Lending**: Safety, Liquidity & Profitability - Purpose of Loan - Diversification Risk- Model Credit Policy for individual and all types of organisation - **Types of Credit Facilities:** Various Types of Credit Facilities - Cash Credit, Overdrafts, Demand Loan, Bills Finance - Drawee Bill Scheme and Bills Discounting - **Credit Delivery:** Types of Facilities, Modes of Delivery, Sole Banking Arrangement, Multiple Banking Arrangement, Consortium Lending, Syndication. Credit Thrust, Credit Priorities, Credit Acquisitions Discounting - Dimensions of Credit Appraisals

#### UNIT II

Overview of Credit Policies and Project Appraisals: The credit process – Characteristics of different types of loans- Evaluating commercial loan requests – Financial statement analysis- Cash flow analysis- Projections-Management of the firm and other factors – Feasibility study – Fundamental credit issues - Credit analysis- Project / Term Loan Appraisal : Technical Appraisal - Commercial / Market Appraisal -

Managerial Appraisal - Financial Appraisal - Economic Appraisal - Environmental Appraisal.

#### **UNIT III**

Evaluating consumer loans & loan and advances against pledge: Types of consumer loans- Credit analysis of consumer loans- Risk-return analysis of consumer loans Customer profitability analysis and loan pricing- Fixed Vs floating rates – Hypothecation Mortgage – Lien- Advances against goods- Document to title to goods – Life insurance policies – Stock exchange securities-Fixed deposit receipts –Book debts-Supply bills- Real Estates – Advance against collateral securities-Corporate Finance – Project Finance

#### **UNIT IV**

**Agricultural finance and retail lending:** Crop loans- Crop insurance schemes Dairy-Sericulture- Poultry- Animal husbandry - Horticulture - Kissan credit cards - NABARD initiatives - Lead bank schemes - Retail Lending: Characteristic of Retail Loans - Advantages of Retail Loans - Retail Banking Vs Corporate Banking - Various Retail Banking Products - Model Retail Banking Products

#### **UNIT V**

**Credit Monitoring and NPA Management:** Credit Monitoring, Supervision & Follow Up: Credit Monitoring - Meaning, Monitoring Goals - Process of Monitoring - Different Monitoring Tools - Check-list for Monitoring - Monitoring by using various statements - NPA - Causes and Remedial Measures - Identification of NPAs - Debt Recovery Tribunals - Asset Reconstruction Fund - effect of NPA on profitability.

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

- 1. Glen Bullivant, (2010), Credit Management, Gower Publishing, Ltd, Delhi
- 2. Taxmann Publications (2018), Bankers Handbook on Credit Management, Indian Institute of Banking & Finance, Pune
- 3. Naganatham M. And Jayaraman.S (2012), Prudential Accounting Norms and Audit of Banks

#### 22CMP106B MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS

Semester-I

- 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

4H

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To offer in-depth knowledge on information systems in business and their management
- 2. To teach the objectives and components of data base management systems
- 3. To know the approaches involved in developing MIS
- 4. To enable students to know transaction processing and Support system
- 5. To gain knowledge on functional Information systems
- 6. To apply knowledge on MIS on real life business situations

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Gain in-depth knowledge on information systems in business and their management
- 2. Learn the objectives and components of data base management systems
- 3. Know the approaches involved in developing MIS
- 4. Know transaction processing and Support system
- 5. Gain knowledge on functional Information systems
- 6. Apply MIS on real life business situations

#### UNIT I

**Management Information System** – Concept, Need, Strategic role – Evolution of Management Information System – Components of Management Information System – Information flow

#### **UNIT II**

**Data base management systems** – Objectives and Components – Database design – Creation and control – Recent trends in database

#### **UNIT III**

**Developing information system** – Planning, Designing and redesigning – Approaches for system development – System analysis and Design – system Implementation and Maintenance

#### **UNIT IV**

**Transaction processing and Support system** – Transaction processing system – Office automation systems – Decision support systems – Executive information systems – Artificial intelligence and Expert systems

#### **UNIT V**

**Functional Information systems** – Production, Finance, Human resource and Marketing – Managing information resources – Information Security – Control & Audit of Information Systems

- 1. Azam M (2012), Management Information Systems, Vijay Nicole Imprints
- 2. Davis (2013), 'Management Information Systems', McGraw Hill
- 3. Eff Oz (2001), 'Management Information Systems', Vikas Publishing house Pvt. Ltd
- 4. Goyal D P (2010), 'Management Information Systems Managerial Perspectives', Mac Millan India Ltd
- 5. James A O' Brain (2014), Management Information Systems', Tata McGraw Hill
- 6. Kenneth C.Loudan & Jane P.Loudan (2016), "Essentials of MIS", Prentice Hall India
- 7. Muneesh Kumar (2001), 'Business Information Systems', Vikas Publishing house Pvt. Ltd
- 8. Prasad L M, Usha Prasad (2012), 'Management Information Systems', Sultan Chand & Sons

# 22CMP106C BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To understand fundamental concepts of business environment and techniques of environmental scanning
- 2. To gain knowledge on mode of privatization and globalization of business
- 3. To able to carry out industry analysis
- 4. To understand concept of corporate governance and corporate social responsibility
- 5. To learn impact of political, social and cultural environment on business
- 6. To understand rate of technology growth in India

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand fundamental concepts of business environment and techniques of environmental scanning
- 2. Gain knowledge on mode of privatization and globalization of business
- 3. Able to carry out industry analysis
- 4. Understand concept of corporate governance and corporate social responsibility
- 5. Learn impact of political, social and cultural environment on business
- 6. Understand rate of technology growth in India

#### **UNIT I**

Business and Its Environment - Concept of Business Environment - Characteristics of Business - Environment - Significance - Environmental Scanning - Process - Techniques of Environmental Scanning - Practices of Environmental Scanning

#### **UNIT II**

Economic Environment - Economic Systems - Nature, Growth and Role of Public Sector - Privatization - Nature and Objectives - Privatisation Routes - Disinvestment - Globalization - Nature and Rationale - Multinational Corporations - India & WTO - Fiscal and Monetary Policy - Foreign Direct Investment - Mergers and Acquisitions - Business Process Outsourcing - Competition Policy - Foreign Institutional Investors.

#### **UNIT III**

Industry Analysis - Industry Analysis - Economic Reforms and Competitive Environment - Business Environment and Current Issues - Airlines Industry, Mobile Services, Software Industry, Steel Industry, Cement Industry, Passenger Cars, Two-wheelers, Pharmaceutical Industry, Organised Retailing, Express Services Industry

#### **UNIT IV**

Political, Social and Cultural Environment - Political Institutions - Legislature, Executive, Judiciary and Judicial Activism - Culture and Business Ethics - Social Responsibility of Business - Nature, Models and Strategies - Corporate Governance & Corporate Social Responsibility - Social Audit - Ecology and Business - Nature of Physical Environment - Impact on Business - Geo Political Environment.

#### UNIT V

Technological Environment - Features and Impact on Technology - Technology and Society Restraints on Technological Growth - Status of Technology in India - Technology Policy - Technology Transfer.

- 1. Francis Cherunilam (2019), Business Environment Text & Cases, 28<sup>th</sup> Edition, Himalaya Publishing House Pvt., Ltd., Mumbai
- 2. K. Aswathappa (2019), Essentials of Business Environment, 15<sup>th</sup> Edition, Himalaya Publishing House Pvt., Ltd., Mumbai
- 3. Dr. V. C. Sinha, Dr Ritika Sinha (2020), Business Environment, SBPD Publishing House, Uttar Pradesh
- 4. https://www.coursera.org/learn/global-business-environment

# 22CMP111 COMPUTERIZED ACCOUNTING SYSTEM (PRACTICAL)

Semester – I

4H - 2C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 0 T: 0 P: 4

Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

Total: 100

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To understand method of company creation and alteration
- 2. To gain knowledge on method of managing multiple ledgers
- 3. To prepare various set of vouchers on Tally
- 4. To calculate GST calculation on Tally
- 5. To process purchase and sales order on Tally
- 6. To comprehend the mode of taking backup and restore of data

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand method of company creation and alteration
- 2. Gain knowledge on method of managing multiple ledgers
- 3. Prepare various set of vouchers on Tally
- 4. Calculate GST calculation on Tally
- 5. Process purchase and sales order on Tally
- 6. Comprehend the mode of taking backup and restore of data

#### Ex 1: User Interface and Company Management

Introduction to Tally ERP9 - Installing Tally ERP9 License Server - Creating a Company - Data Path for Tally ERP9 Companies - Altering and Deleting Company - Gateway of Tally and User Interface

#### Ex 2: Masters – Ledgers

Creating Ledgers - Creating Multiple Ledgers - Altering and Deleting Ledgers - Practical Example

#### Ex 3: Masters – Bill wise Debtors and Creditors Ledgers

Using Practice Files - Configuring Bill wise Details - Examples on Creating Bill wise Ledgers

## Ex.4: Payment Voucher, Receipt Voucher, Contra and Journal Voucher

Default Vouchers - Payment in Single Entry Mode (Examples) - Payment in Double Entry Mode (Examples)

Receipt Vouchers - Practical Examples

Contra for Banking - Practical Examples on Contra Vouchers - Practical Examples on Journal Vouchers

## Ex. 5: Masters - Billwise Debtors and Creditors Ledgers

Using Practice Files - Configuring Billwise Details - Examples on Creating Billwise Ledgers

#### Ex. 6: Day Book

Day Book Reports - Altering and Deleting Transactions, Pre-Allocation of Bills - Pre-Allocation of Bills - Practical Examples

#### Ex.7: Cheque Printing

CTS Cheque Printing System - Practical Examples

#### **Ex.8 Inventory**

Integrating Accounts and Inventory - Practical on Stock Group - Practical on Godown and Locations - Practical on Stock Category - Practical on Units of Measure - Stock Items Manual Stock Valuation without Inventory

#### **Ex.9 Sales Voucher with GST**

Practical on Sales Voucher - Tax Invoice - Practical on Tax Invoice - Printing Sales Invoice - E-Way Bill

# Ex.10 Purchase Order Processing, Sales Order Processing

Purchase Order Process - Purchase Order Voucher with Examples - Receipt Note (Inventory) with Examples - Rejection-Out Voucher with Examples - Sales Order Process - Sales Order Voucher with Examples - Delivery Note (Inventory) with Examples - Rejection- IN Voucher with Examples

#### **Ex.11 Debit and Credit Notes, Bank Reconciliation**

Debit Note Returns with Examples - Credit Note Returns with Examples- Understandings Process- Practical Examples

#### **Ex.12 Interest Calculations (Auto Mode)**

Activating Interest Calculations - Practical Examples

#### **Ex.13 Party Ledger Analysis**

Customer and Supplier Balance Checking - Customer and Supplier Bill Wise Checking - Overdue Payables and Receivables - Outstanding Reports and Printing - Confirmation of Accounts - Negative Ledgers Report

#### Ex.14 Cash and Bank Reports

Cash Book and Bank Book - Stock Transfer Report - Negative Stock Report

#### Ex.15 Financial Reports Export, Import, Backup and Restore

Trial Balance - Profit and Loss Account - Balance Sheet - Working Capital - Cash Flow and Fund Flow Statements Export and Import Formats - Practical Examples - Data Backup and Restore

- 1. Tally Education, (2018), Official Guide to Financial Accounting Using Tally. ERP9 with GST (Release 6.4), 4<sup>th</sup> revised and updated edition, BPB Publications; New Delhi
- 2. Asok K. Nadhani (2018), Tally ERP Training Guide 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, BPB Publications; New Delhi
- 3. Sajee Kurian, (2017) Learning Tally ERP 9 with GST, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Blessings Inc, Mumbai.
- 4. Ajay Maheshwari and Shubham Maheshwari (2017), Implementing GST in Tally ERP 9
- 5. Shraddha Singh (Author), Navneet Mehra (2014), Tally ERP 9 (Power of Simplicity): Software for Business and Accounts, V&S Publishers, New Delhi

# 22CMP201 FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To calculate problems on capital budgeting
- 2. To compute cost of capital on various source of finance
- 3. To gain knowledge on various capital structure theories
- 4. To understand corporate dividend behavior
- 5. To manage the working capital requirements
- 6. To apply principles and practice of financial management in real life situation

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Calculate problems on capital budgeting
- 2. Compute cost of capital on various source of finance
- 3. Gain knowledge on various capital structure theories
- 4. Understand corporate dividend behavior
- 5. Manage the working capital requirements
- 6. Apply principles and practice of financial management in real life situation

#### UNIT I

**Financial Management:** Meaning, nature and scope of finance; financial goal - profit Vs. Wealth Maximization; Finance functions – investment, financing and dividend decisions. Capital Budgeting: Nature of investment decisions; Investment evaluation criteria— net present value. Internal rate of return, Profitability index, payback period, accounting rate of return; NPV and IRR comparison; Capital rationing; Risk analysis in capital budgeting.

#### **UNIT II**

Cost of Capital: Meaning and significance of cost of capital: Calculation of cost of debt, preference capital, equity capital and retained earnings; Combined cost of capital (weighted); Cost of equity and CAPM. Operating and Financial Leverage: Measurement of Leverages; Effects of operating and financial leverage on profit; Analysing alternate financial plans; Combined financial and operating leverage.

#### **UNIT III**

Capital Structure Theories: Traditional and M.M. Hypotheses – without taxes and with taxes; Determining capital structure in practice.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Dividend Policies**: Issues in dividend decisions, Walter's model, Gordon's model, MM Hypothesis, dividend and uncertainty, relevance of dividend; Dividend policy in practice; Forms of dividends; Stability in dividend policy; Corporate dividend behaviour.

#### **UNIT V**

**Management of Working Capital**: Meaning, significance and types of working capital; Calculating of operating cycle period and estimation of working capital requirements; Financing of working capital; Sources of working capital; Factoring services; Dimensions of working capital management. Management of cash, receivables and inventory.

Note: Theory 60% Problems 40%

- 1. Pandey. I.M. (2016). Financial Management, 11<sup>th</sup>Edition, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2. Khan, M.K. and Jain, P.K.(2017). Financial Management, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGrawHill,New Delhi
- 3. Chandra, P. (2017). Financial Management Theory and Practice, 9<sup>th</sup>Edition, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 4. C.Paramasivan, T.Subramanian (2018), Financial Management, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, New Age International Pvt. Limited, New Delhi.
- 5. Eugene F. BrighamMichael C. Ehrhardt (2017), Financial Management Theory and Practice, 15<sup>th</sup> Edition Cengage Publication, New Delhi.
- 6. Vanhorne, J. C and Wachowicz, J .M Jr (2015). Fundamentals of Financial Management. 13<sup>th</sup> Edition. Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 7. Lawrence J. Gitman, Chad J. Zutter, (2017). Principles of Managerial Finance, 13<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 8. <a href="https://swayam.gov.in/nd2">https://swayam.gov.in/nd2</a> <a href="cec20">cec20</a> <a href="mg05/preview">mg05/preview</a>
- 9. https://swayam.gov.in/nd1\_noc20\_mg31/preview
- 10. https://swayam.gov.in/nd2 cec20 mg10/preview

# 22CMP202 STATISTICSAL TECHNIQUES FOR RESEARCH Semester – I 4H – 4C Instruction Hours/week: L: 3 T: 1 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To compute measures of central tendency
- 2. To measure relations between two variables
- 3. To gain knowledge on probability
- 4. To familiar with testing of hypothesis
- 5. To compute various non-parametric tests
- 6. To apply statistics on real life business situations

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Compute measures of central tendency
- 2. Measure relations between two variables
- 3. Gain knowledge on probability
- 4. Familiar with testing of hypothesis
- 5. Compute various non-parametric tests
- 6. Apply statistics on real life business situations

#### UNIT I

**Statistical Decision Theory** - Attributes, variables (quantitative and qualitative), Scales of measurement: nominal, ordinal, interval and ratio, Measures of Central Tendency, Measures of Dispersion: Shape of the distribution: Skewness and Kurtosis, Z-Score, Chebychev and empirical rule. Decision environment, Expected profit under uncertainty, Utility theory

#### **UNIT II**

**Measures of Relations** - Correlation Analysis: scatter diagram, linear, logistic and multinomial, Correlation: Meaning, Significance, Causation, Tests for significance of Correlation Coefficient.

#### UNIT III

**Probability** - Meaning and need, Theorems of addition and multiplication, Conditional probability, Bayes' theorem, Random Variable- discrete and continuous. Probability Distribution: Meaning, characteristics (Expectation and variance) of Binomial, Poisson, exponential and Normal distribution, Central limit theorem.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Estimation** - Population mean, Confidence intervals for the parameters of a normal distribution (one sample only), Introduction to testing of Hypothesis: Concept; Level of Significance; Process of testing; Type I and Type II error, standard error of estimates, Test of hypothesis concerning Mean: z test and t test, F test.

#### **UNIT V**

Non Parametric Tests - Chi-square tests; Sign tests Wilcoxon Signed - Rank tests; Wald - Wolfowitz tests; Kruskal - Wallis tests

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

Keller, G. Statistics for Management and Economics (10th Edition). New Delhi: CENGAGE Learning, 2015

Levin, R. and Rubin, D, Statistics for Management (7th Edition). New Delhi: Pearson, 2012.

Gupta S.P. Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand, New Delhi 2009

Stine, R. and Foster, Statistics for Business (Decision making and Analysis) (2nd Edition), New Delhi: Pearson, 2014

Arora & Arora, Statistics for Management, Sultan Chand, New Delhi, 2009

22CMP203 APPLIED COST ACCOUNTING Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 3 T: 1 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To understand the concept of cost control and cost reduction
- 2. To apply inventory control techniques in business
- 3. To compute problems on process costing
- 4. To understand costing techniques on job and service costing
- 5. To reconcile financial and cost accounting
- 6. To apply cost accounting principles in real life business situations

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand the concept of cost control and cost reduction
- 2. Apply inventory control techniques in business
- 3. Compute problems on process costing
- 4. Understand costing techniques on job and service costing
- 5. Reconcile financial and cost accounting
- 6. Apply cost accounting principles in real life business situations

#### UNIT I

Introduction-Meaning, Objectives and Advantages of Cost Accounting-Difference between Cost Accounting and Financial Accounting - Cost Concepts and Classifications - Elements of Cost - Installation of a Costing System - Role of a Cost Accountant in an Organization - Cost Control and Cost Reduction-Meaning, Elements, Scheme and techniques of Cost control, Essentials for success of cost control, meaning of cost reduction, areas of cost reduction, tools and techniques of cost reduction, distinction between cost control and Cost reduction - Preparation of Cost sheet.

# **UNIT II**

**Material Costing -** Materials: Material/inventory control techniques - Accounting and Control of Purchases - storage and issue of materials. Methods of Pricing of materials issues - FIFO, LIFO, Weighted and Simple average - Weighted - Materials Issued at Various Stages

#### **UNIT III**

**Process Costing -** Process Costing with Multiple Departments; Journal Entries for Process Costing; Impact of Flexible Manufacturing and JIT on Process Costing. Process Costing - Addition of Materials, Spoilage and Defective Units - Addition of Materials;

Accounting for Spoilage; Abnormal Gain; Accounting for Rework; Reworked in a Separate Process; Accounting for Scrap Material and Waste.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Job, Batch and Service Costing -** Nature, Purpose and Procedure of Job Costing, Recording and Controlling Costs in Job order Costing, Forms used in Job order Costing, Tenders and Quotations, Nature and use of Batch Costing, Determination of Economic batch quantity. **Service Costing -** Meaning of Service Costing; Transport Costing; Power Costing; Canteen Costing; Hospital Costing; Educational Institute.

#### **UNIT V**

**Reconciliation and Integral Accounting-**Need for reconciliation, reasons for disagreements in Profit, procedure for reconciliation. Integral Accounting – Meaning, Need, Method of Integrating Financial and Cost Accounting.

- 1. Khan, M. Y. & P.K. Jain (2017), Cost Accounting, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, NewDelhi
- 2. Jain S. P, K.L. Narang and Simmi Agarawal (2016), Cost Accounting Principles and Practice, Kalyani Publishers
- 3. Tulsian P.C. Tulsian Bharat (2016), Cost Accounting for CA IPC (Group-I) 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, S.Chand, New Delhi.
- 4. Banerjee H (2014), Cost Accounting Theory and Practice, 13<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited, New Delhi.
- 5. M N Arora (2012), Cost Accounting: Principles & Practice, Vikas Publishing, 12<sup>th</sup> Edition, New Delhi.
- 6. https://swayam.gov.in/nd1 noc20 mg53/preview

22CMP204 FINANCIAL MARKETS AND INSTITUTIONS Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To understand the role and functions of regulatory bodies of financial markets
- 2. To gain knowledge onvarious money market instruments
- 3. To acquire knowledge on financial instruments floated in capital markets
- 4. To comprehend the players in secondary market
- 5. To grasp knowledge on role of non-banking financial institutions in financial markets
- 6. To judge right investment and timing of investment

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand the role and functions of regulatory bodies of financial markets
- 2. Gain knowledge onvarious money market instruments
- 3. Acquire knowledge on financial instruments floated in capital markets
- 4. Comprehend the players in secondary market
- 5. Grasp knowledge on role of non-banking financial institutions in financial markets
- 6. Judge right investment and timing of investment

#### UNIT I

Nature and Role of Financial System and Institutional Regulatory Framework - An overview of the Indian Financial System - Financial Sector Reforms - - . Role of Financial System in Economic Development. Institutional Regulatory Framework - Introduction - Importance -Functions of RBI - RBI and Monetary Policy - Promotional Role of RBI- SEBI- Organization Structure - Objectives - Powers and Functions - SEBI Regulations relating to Capital Markets - Investors Education and Protection -National Institute of Securities Market.

#### **UNIT II**

**Money Market** -Concept - Features - Functions and Significance of Money Market - Money Market Instruments - Segments of Money Market - Call / Notice Money Market - Commercial Bills Market - Treasury Bills Market - Discount and Acceptance Markets - Commercial Paper - Certificate of Deposit -Repo Instruments - Role and Challenges of Money Market in India.

#### UNIT III

**Capital Market and Foreign Capital** –Concept - Features- Difference between Primary and Secondary Market – Difference between Money and Capital Market - Functions and Significance of Capital Market; Structure and Recent Developments of Capital Market in

India - Primary Market / New Issues Market: Initial Public Offer (IPO) - Follow on Public Offer (FPO) - Rights Issue - Private Placements

-Preferential Issues – Bonus Issues – Buy back of Shares - Book-Building-American Depository Receipts(ADRs)-Global Depository Receipts (GDRs) – Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds (FCCBs); Players in New Issue Market; Role and Importance of Primary Market in Economic Development.

**Rating of Funds** – Credit Rating Agencies - **Foreign Capital**: Foreign Capital as a Source of Finance, Place of Foreign Capital in the Over all Framework of Indian Financial System, The Regulatory Framework and NRI Investments - HNI- QIP- QIB

#### **UNIT IV**

**Secondary Market -** Stock Exchanges – Organisation – Functions - Players - Management and Membership; Listing of Securities; Trading and Settlement Systems; Stock Market Indices; Bond Market: Significance – Functions – Participants; Depositories and Custodians – National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) – Central Depository Services Limited (CDSL) – The Stock Holding Corporation of India Limited (SHCIL) - Recent Developments in Securities Market

#### **UNIT V**

**Non-Banking Financial Institutions and Financial instruments -** Concept and role of non-banking financial Institutions; source of finance; Functions of non-banking financial institutions; Investment policies of non-banking financial institutions in India

**Financial Instruments**: Equity Shares, New Issue Market and Secondary Market- The Allocative and Operational Efficiency, Preference Shares, Private Placement-Channels, Debentures – Types – Fully Convertible, Partly Convertible and Non-Convertible Debentures - Other Fixed Income Securities, Engineered Financial and Monetary Instruments.

- 1. Bhole and Jitendra Mahakud (2017), Financial Institutions and Markets, Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Frederic S. Mishkin (2017), Financial Markets and Institutions, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 3. Gurusamy, S (2015), Financial Markets and Institutions, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi
- 4. Kohn, (2013), Financial Institutions and Markets, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 5. N. K. Gupta, Monika Chopra (2010), Financial Markets, Institutions and Services, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 6. https://www.coursera.org/learn/finansovye-rynki

Marks: Internal: 40

#### 22CMP205 DIRECT TAXATION AND TAX PLANNING

Semester – I

4H - 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

External: 60

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

Total: 100

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To gain fundamental knowledge on Income Tax Act
- 2. To compute income under salary and house property
- 3. To calculate profit and gains from business and profession
- 4. To estimate income from other sources
- 5. To understand various modes of collection and recovery of taxes
- 6. To construct a tax saving portfolio

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Gain fundamental knowledge on Income Tax Act
- 2. Compute income under salary and house property
- 3. Calculate profit and gains from business and profession
- 4. Estimate income from other sources
- 5. Understand various modes of collection and recovery of taxes
- 6. Construct a tax saving portfolio

#### **UNIT I**

**Basic Concepts - An Overview of Income Tax Act, 1961**: Background, Important definitions- Income -Agricultural Income- Assessee – Previous year-Assessment year, Residential Status, Basis of Charge, Scope of Total Income, Tax Rates in accordance with the applicable Finance Act for the relevant assessment year. Exempted income u/s10

#### UNIT II

Computation of Income under the head of Salary and Computation of Income under the Head of House Property -Salary – Coverage, Employer and Employee Relationship, Allowances, fully taxable, partially taxable allowances and Monetary and Non-Monetary Perquisites –taxable for all employees, taxable for specified employees and exempted perquisites and profits in lieu of salary.

**Computation of Income from House Property**: Chargeability, Owner of house property, Determination of Annual Value, Deduction from Net Annual Value, Treatment of Unrealized Rent, Arrears of Rent, Exemptions, Computation of Income from a let out House Property, Self-Occupied Property.

#### **UNIT III**

Computation of Income – Profits and Gains from Business and Profession - Profits and Gains from Business and Profession: Business and Profession – An overview, Chargeability, Profits and Losses of Speculation Business, Deductions Allowable,

Expenses Disallowed, Deemed Profits u/s 41, Maintenance of Accounts, Tax Audit, Presumptive Base Taxation.

Chargeability, Capital Gains, Capital Assets & Transfer, Types of Capital Gains, Mode of Computation of Capital Gains, Exemptions and Deduction, Special Provision–Slump Sale, Compulsory Acquisition, Fair Market Value, Reference to valuation officer.

#### **UNIT IV**

Computation of Income from Other Sources - Taxation of Dividend u/s 2(22)(a) to (e), Provisions relating to Gifts, Deductions, Other Miscellaneous Provisions. Exemptions/Deduction, Clubbing provisions, Set Off and/or Carry Forward of Losses, Rebate and Relief - Income's not included in Total Income, Tax holidays, Clubbing of Income, Aggregation of Income, Set off and/or Carry forward of losses, Deductions (General and Specific), Rebates and Reliefs. Computation of total income and tax liability

#### **UNIT V**

Collection and Recovery of Taxes and Tax Planning - TDS/TCS, Returns, Refund & Recovery: Tax Deduction at Source 'TDS' & Tax Collection at Source 'TCS', Advance Tax &Self-Assessment Tax 'SAT', Returns, Signatures, E-Filing, Interest for default in furnishing return of Income, Collection, Recovery of Tax, & Refunds, Assessment, Appeals, Revisions, Settlement of Cases, Penalties etc., Assessment, Appeals & Revisions, Settlement of Cases, Penalties, Offences & Prosecution.

Tax Planning & Tax Management: Tax Planning, Tax Management and Tax avoidance though legitimate tax provisions, Various Avenues. GAAR - Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement 'DTAA' Controlled Foreign Corporation (CFC)- Tax Evasion. Difference between Tax Evasion and Tax Avoidance.

- 1. VP Gaur and Narang, Puja Ghai, Rajeev Puri, Income tax Law and Practice (2020), Kalyani Publishers, 46<sup>th</sup> Edition, New Delhi.
- 2. Dr.H.CMalhotra, Dr. SP. Goyal (2019), Income Tax Law and Practice, 60<sup>th</sup> Edition, Sathya Bawan Publication, New Delhi.
- 3. Dr. Girish Ahuja, Dr. Ravi Gupta (2018), Direct Taxes Law and Practices, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition Wolters Kluwer India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- 4. CA Atin Harbhajanka (Agarwal) (2018), Income Tax Law and Practice, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition Bharat Law House Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi
- 5. Dr. Vinod K. Singhania, Dr Kapil Singhania (2018), Direct Taxes Law and Practice, Taxman Publication Pvt. Limited, New Delhi.
- 6. Monica Singhania Vinod K Singhania (2019), Students Guide To Income Tax including GST, 61<sup>st</sup> Edition, Taxmann Publication Pvt. Limited, New Delhi.
- 7. Direct Tax Law and Practice (2018), The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, MP Printers.
- 8. <a href="https://www.coursera.org/learn/international-taxation">https://www.coursera.org/learn/international-taxation</a>

# 22CMP206A SECURITY ANALYSIS AND PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To carryout fundamental and technical analysis
- 2. To acquire knowledge on various portfolio theories
- 3. To carryout portfolio section and portfolio analysis
- 4. To evaluate portfolio performance
- 5. To choose a right investment avenue and carry out portfolio revision
- 6. To construct an optimal portfolio

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Carryout fundamental and technical analysis
- 2. Acquire knowledge on various portfolio theories
- 3. Carryout portfolio section and portfolio analysis
- 4. Evaluate portfolio performance
- 5. Choose a right investment avenue and carry out portfolio revision
- 6. Construct an optimal portfolio

# UNIT I

**Investment** - Nature and scope of Investment Management – Importance of Investment management – Factors influencing Investment Management – Fundamental and technical analysis – Economic analysis – Industry analysis – Company analysis – Efficient market hypothesis- Time Value of Money – Risk Return Analysis – Annualized Return, Compound Annual Growth – Qualified Investment Plan.

#### UNIT II

**Concept of Portfolio Management** – Objective of Portfolio Management- Alternative Investment Funds – Portfolio – Management process, targeting, designing, auditing and revising portfolios. Portfolio Theory: Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM). Arbitrage Pricing Theory (APT) – Reconciling CAPM and APT.

#### **UNIT III**

**Portfolio analysis**: Evaluation of Securities - Choice of Securities for Inclusion in the Portfolio - Measuring return and risk - Attainable set of Portfolio. Portfolio Selection - Ascertaining Efficient Portfolio - Locating Efficient Frontier - Markowitz Approach. Single Index Model - Portfolio Choice - Utility Theory and Indifference Curve.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Portfolio Performance Evaluation**: Dimensions of Evaluation – Sharpe Measure – Treynore Measure – Jenson Measure – Comparison of the Three Measure of Portfolio Performance – Portfolio Insurance.

#### **UNIT V**

**Portfolio revision**: Needs and Problems – Methods of Revision Formula Plan for Revision Constant value, Constant Ratio and Variables plans- Private Equity.

**Note:** This Paper consisting of 80% Theory and 20% Problem.

- 1. Zvi Bodie, Alex Kane, Alan Marcus, Pitabas Mohanty, (2017), Investments, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Mc Graw-Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Prasanna Chandra, (2017), Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi
- 3. S. Kevin (2015), Security Analysis and Portfolio Management, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 4. Dhanesh Kumar Khatri, (2010), Investment Management and Security Analysis Text and Cases, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi.
- 5. M. Ranganathan, R. Madhumathi, (2011), Security Analysis and Portfolio Management, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 6. https://www.coursera.org/learn/portfolio-management

# 22CMP206B INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To teach the basics of international business
- 2. To acquaint students on the international trading environment
- 3. To gain an understanding on the working of multinational enterprises
- 4. To learn the various aspects of international financial management
- 5. To enable the students to gain an understanding on the recent developments in international business
- 6. To design appropriate marketing strategy for international business

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Gain knowledge on the basics of international business
- 2. Get an acquaintance on the international trading environment
- 3. Understand the working of multinational enterprises
- 4. Get the description of various aspects of international financial management
- 5. Gain an understanding on the recent developments in international business
- **6.** Design appropriate marketing strategy for international business

#### **UNIT I**

**Introduction:** International business — meaning — features — factors - International Operations Management - International Business Environment - Means of engaging in International Business — External Influences of International Business — The Human and Cultural Environments facing Business — Political influence on International Business.

#### UNIT II

**International Trading Environment:** International Trading Environment – WTO – TRIM – TRIP – IPR - Country Evaluation and Selection – Scanning for Alternative Influential Variable – Return on Investment on Country – International Economic Organisations.

#### **UNIT III**

**Multinational Enterprises:** Multinational enterprises – meaning – features - Impact of the Multinational Enterprise: Evaluating the Impact of the MNE – Economic Impact of the MNE – Operational and Political Impact of International Business – International Goods, Services and Financial Flows and Balance of Payments

#### **UNIT IV**

**International Financial Management:** International Financial Management – meaning – role - International Monetary System - Foreign Exchange Rates: Basics, Transaction and Economic Exposure – Foreign Direct Investment – Strategies: Export and Import Strategies, Collaborative Strategies, Sourcing and Production Strategies – Human Resource Management.

#### **UNIT V**

**Recent developments in International Business:** Recent developments in International Business – E-business Strategy – International Business Intelligence – International Product Decisions - Global Supply Chain Management: International Logistics and Distribution – Designing Organisations for International Environment.

- 1. Anant K, Sundaram J, Steward Black, (2010, The International Business Environment Text And Cases, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi
- 2. Apte, P.G, (2014), International Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 3. Francis Cherunilam, (2015), International Business Text and Cases, Eastern Economy Edition, New Delhi
- 4. John D. Daniels & Lee H Radebough, (2009), International Business, Wesley Publishing Company, New Delhi
- 5. Roger Bennett, (2011), International Business, Pearson Education, New Delhi

# 22CMP206C ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To understand the concept and functions enterprise resource planning
- 2. To gain knowledgeon Enterprise Resource Planning Modules
- 3. To comprehend the basis of Enterprise Resource Planningimplementation strategies
- 4. To knowabout Dynamics of Enterprise Resource Planning
- 5. To understand role of Enterprise Resource Planning and e-business
- 6. To update on recent trends in Enterprise Resource Planning

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand the concept and functions enterprise resource planning
- 2. Gain knowledgeon Enterprise Resource Planning Modules
- 3. Comprehend the basis of Enterprise Resource Planning implementation strategies
- 4. Knowabout Dynamics of Enterprise Resource Planning
- 5. Understand role of Enterprise Resource Planning and e-business
- 6. Update on recent trends in Enterprise Resource Planning

# UNIT I

**Enterprise** —An overview — Basic Concepts of ERP-Risks - Benefits of ERP - Related Technologies such as Business Process Reengineering - Data Warehousing - Data Mining- Online Analytical Processing - Product Life Cycle Management - Supply Chain Management and Customer Relationship Management.

#### **UNIT II**

**ERP Modules** – Manufacturing – Plant Maintenance – Materials Management - Quality Management – Operations and Maintenance – Human Resources Finance – Marketing – Sales Distribution and Services.

#### UNIT III

**ERP Implementation basics** – Life Cycle- Package Selection- Implementation Strategies – Implementation Process - Project Team - Success and Failure Factors of an ERP Implementation - Maximizing ERP System.

#### **UNIT IV**

**ERP Market place and Dynamics** – SAP AG – People soft – Baan – JD Edwards – Oracle – SSA, MS Dynamics and others.

# UNIT V

**ERP and e-business** – ERP, Internet and WWW – ERP II – Future direction and trends in ERP. Case studies in Indian and Global scenario.

- 1. Alexis Leon (2019), Enterprise Resource Planning, Mc Graw Hill Education, Bengaluru
- 2. Gangandeep S. Makkar (2012), Enterprise Resource Planning, VEI Publishers
- 3. <a href="https://www.coursera.org/learn/enterprise-systems">https://www.coursera.org/learn/enterprise-systems</a>

# 22CMP221 DATA ANALYSIS USING EXCEL Semester – I (PRACTICAL) 4H – 2C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 0 T: 0 P: 4 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To understand analysis of financial statements and to forecast revenues
- 2. To compute time value of money on using excel functions
- 3. To calculate cost of capital on various sources of finance
- 4. To ascertain value of shares and its expected rate of return
- 5. To determine value of bonds and its expected rate of return
- 6. To familiarize to employ excel functions for decision making

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand analysis of financial statements and to forecast revenues
- 2. Compute time value of money on using excel functions
- 3. Calculate cost of capital on various sources of finance
- 4. Ascertain value of shares and its expected rate of return
- 5. Determine value of bonds and its expected rate of return
- 6. Familiarize to employ excel functions for decision making

#### **EXERCISES**

- 1. **Corporate Financial Statements**-Organizing and. creating spreadsheets; entering and formatting data values; entering expressions for calculating values; linking worksheets; splitting screens to facilitate working between several worksheets
- 2. **Analysis of Financial Statements -** Using logical IF statements; using conditional formatting to call attention to conditions that need correcting; pasting an Excel document into a Word document
- 3. Forecasting Annual Revenues Creating, validating, and using linear, quadratic, cubic, and exponential regression models to fit the trends of historical data; creating various types of charts (e.g. scatter diagrams, forecast charts, error patterns and downside risk curves); estimating the accuracy of forecasts; expressing forecast accuracy in terms of confidence limits and downside risk curves.
- 4. **Forecasting Financial Statements -** Using forecasts of revenues to forecast financial statements; using Excel's Scenario Manager to do sensitivity analysis
- 5. **Forecasting Seasonal Revenues-**Creating a seasonally-adjusted forecasting model by joining seasonal adjustments to an annual trend line or a moving average trend line; using error feedback to correct a model so that the average error is zero; using period values to update annual forecasts and revise the model
- 6. **Time Value of Money** Using Excel's financial functions for calculating the present value of a future amount, the future value of a present amount, the net present value of a series of cash flows periodic payments for mortgages and loans, etc. ;linking an Excel work sheet to a Word document.

- 7. **CashBudgeting-**Organizingaspreadsheetintomodulesfordifferentpartsofacompanyand linking results; using a one-variable input table for sensitivity analysis to evaluate alternate operating tactics
- 8. **Cost of Capital** Calculating the weighted average cost of capital (WACC); using Excel's Goal SeekandSolvertoolstofindthevalueofanindependentvariable(e.g.Returnonequity)tosatisfy arelatedgoal(e.g. aspecifiedWACC); evaluating the WACC for different amounts of capital raised and creating charts to display the results.
- 9. **Profit, Break Even, and Leverage** Calculating profits from a firm's cash flows; using Excel's Solver tool to determine the sales volume needed to break even; evaluating a firm's operating, financial, and combined leverages
- 10. Capital Budgeting: Organizing spreadsheets to move from sales revenues to after-tax cash flows; using Excel's financial functions to calculate depreciation schedules; calculating financialmeasuresofsuccess, such as net present value and internal rate of return; using nested IF statements to determine the discounted years to break even; creating two-variable input tables for sensitivity analysis; using Excel's Solvertool to determine changes that must be made to achieve specified goals, such as a specified net present value or discounted years to break even
- 11. **Applications of Capital Budgeting** Creating spreadsheets that evaluate the financial payments from various types of capital investments; using one- and two-variable input tables to analyze the sensitivity of financial payoffs to changes in conditions
- 12. Capital Budgeting: Risk Analysis with Scenarios Using Excel's Scenario Manager to analyze the effects of various combinations of conditions (e.g. best-on-best, most probable, and worst-on- worst) on future payoffs.
- 13. Capital Budgeting: Risk Analysis with Monte Carlo Simulation Using Excel's tools for Monte Carlo simulation; using Excel's random number generator to generate and om numbers that follow different probability distributions (e.g., uniform, normal, and triangular distributions) and use the results.
- 14. **Valuation of Common Stocks**-Determining the value of shares of common stocks from their expected future cash flows and an investor's expected rate of return performing sensitivity and risk analysis related to the value of stocks.
- 15. **Valuation of Bonds** Determining the value of bonds from their fixed future cash flows and an investor's expected rate of return

- 1. Wayne L. Winston, (2017), Microsoft Excel (2016), Data Analysis and Business Modeling, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited, New Delhi
- 2. JohnWalkenbach (2015), Microsoft Excel (2016), Bible: The Comprehensive Tutorial Resource, Wiley India, New Delhi.
- 3. Manohar Hansa Lysander (2016), Data Analysis and Business Modeling Using Microsoft Excel, Prentice Hall of India, NewDelhi.
- 4. K. Scott Proctor (2010), Building Financial Models with Microsoft Excel: A Guide for Business Professionals, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Wiley, New Delhi.
- 5. https://www.coursera.org/learn/excel-data-analysis

# 22CMP301 MERCHANT BANKING AND FINANCIAL SERVICES

Semester – I

4H - 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To familiarise the students on the various merchant banking services
- 2. To enable students to understand public issue management, underwriting of securities, etc
- 3. To teach post-issue activities of merchant bankers
- 4. To describe the underwriting activities of merchant bankers
- 5. To make the students understand the functions and working of stock exchanges
- 6. To gain knowledge on instruments traded in Stock markets

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Gain an understanding of the basics of merchant banking
- 2. Gain working knowledge of the public issue management
- 3. Understand the working of stock exchanges
- 4. Gain knowledge of underwriting of securities
- 5. Understand the working mechanism leasing, factoring, credit rating, etc
- 6. Gain knowledge on instruments traded in Stock markets

#### UNIT I

**Merchant Banking – An Overview:** Merchant Banking – merchant bankers – corporate counseling – project counseling – pre-investment studies – capital restructuring services – credit syndication – issue management – portfolio management – working capital finance – mergers and acquisition – foreign currency financing – brokering fixed deposits – project appraisal – merchant banking – regulatory framework – SEBI guidelines

#### **UNIT II**

**Public Issue Management:** Public issue management – functions – categories of securities issue – issue manager – role of issue manager – activities involved I issue management – marketing of new issue – pure prospectus method – offer for sale method – private placement method – IPO method – rights issue method – bonus issue method – book building – ESOP – OTCEI – Credit Syndication Services

#### **UNIT III**

**Post-issue activities:** Post-issue activities — major activities — steps — factors in public issue proposal — pricing of issues — law relating to issue management — SEBI regulations — Prospectus — information — abridged prospectus — misstatement in

prospectus – golden rule – types of prospectus – red-herring prospectus – shelf prospectus – M & A services – Portfolio Management Services

#### **UNIT IV**

**Underwriting of securities:** Underwriting — meaning — types — mechanism — benefits and functions — Indian Scenario — underwriting agencies — underwriter — underwriting agreement — SEBI guidelines — Bought-out deals— grey market — capital market instruments — types — preference shares — equity shares — CCPS — company deposits — warrants — debentures and bonds — SEBI guidelines — global debt instruments — indexed bonds — floating rate Bonds — ECBs

#### **UNIT V**

**Stockexchange** – history – functions – Indian stock exchanges – SEBI regulations – mechanics of settlement – margin trading – stock trading system -dealer trading system – NSMS – ISE – INDONEXT – NSE – Financial Services – leasing – hire-purchase finance – bill financing – factoring – consumer finance – real estate financing – credit cards – credit rating venture capital

- 1. Khan M Y,(2002), 'Financial Services, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Verma J C, (2011), Manual of Merchant Banking-Concepts, Practices and procedures, Bharath Law House, Mumbai
- 3. Gurusamy S, (2015), 'Merchant Banking and Financial Services', Vijay Nicole Imprints, Chennai
- 4. Rose, Peter S., And Fraser, Donald R.(2002), 'Financial Institutions: Understanding and Managing Financial Services, Tex Business Publications, New York
- 5. Kinsella, Ray,(2010), 'New Issues in Financial Services, Powell's Books, Singapore
- 6. Anderton, Brian, ED,(1995), 'Current Issues in Financial Services, Macmillan, Mumbai

# 22CMP302 RESEARCH METHODOLOGY Semester – I 4H – 3C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To understand the basic framework of research and research process and its important in business decision
- 2. To develop an understanding of various research designs and sampling techniques and its application
- 3. To identify appropriate sources of information and methods of data collection for solving a business issue
- 4. To understand the selection of appropriate tools to analyse the quantitative and qualitative data
- 5. To understand the ethical norms for research and select the best type of research report and be familiar with the content to be included in the report
- 6. To apply principles and practice of research in real life business situations

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand the basic framework of research and research process and its important in business decision
- 2. Develop an understanding of various research designs and sampling techniques and its application
- 3. Identify appropriate sources of information and methods of data collection for solving a business issue
- 4. Understand the selection of appropriate tools to analyse the quantitative and qualitative data
- 5. Understand the ethical norms for research and select the best type of research report and be familiar with the content to be included in the report
- 6. Apply principles and practice of research in real life business situations

#### UNIT I

**Research** - Introduction to Research: Meaning - Purpose - Types of Research - Significance - Qualities of a good research - Steps in Research - Identification, Selection and Formulation of Research Problem - Sources. Research Design: Components of Research Design - Methods of Research Design - Ethics in Research

#### **UNIT II**

**Sampling Design** – Census and Sample Survey–Characteristics of a Good Sample Plan–Steps in Sampling – Types of Sampling – Advantages and Limitations of Sampling. Data Collection: Primary Data - Meaning – Significance – Methods of Collecting Data:

Observation – Interview Schedule – Questionnaire. Secondary Data – Meaning - Sources of Secondary Data – Precautions while using Secondary Data.

#### **UNIT III**

**Hypothesis**: Characteristics of a good Hypothesis – Formulation of Hypothesis – Procedure for Testing of Hypothesis – T test, F test and Chi Square Test, Analysis of Variance - Business Forecasting – Exponential Smoothing

#### **UNIT IV**

Scaling Techniques and Descriptive Statistics: Meaning of Scale—Measurement of Scale — Important Scaling Techniques — Processing of Data — Editing — Purpose—Analysis and Interpretation of Data - Meaning—Need for Interpretation — Techniques of Interpretation — Descriptive Statistics — Measures of Central Tendency: — Mean, Median and Mode — Standard deviation — Karl Pearson Correlation — Spearman Rank Correlation — Regression Analysis — Inferential Statistics — Multivariate Analysis — Factor Analysis — Kruskal Wallis Test.

#### **UNIT V**

Report Writing: Types of Research Reports - Layout of the Report - Steps in Writing the Report - Contents of Research Reports - Ethics in Publication - Plagiarism check - Publication Misconduct.

- 1. Uma Sekaran, Roger Bougie (2018), Research Methods for Business: A Skill-Building Approach, 7th edition, Wiley, New Delhi.
- 2. C.R. Kothari, Gaurav Garg (2018), Research Methodology, Fourth Edition, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. Donald Cooper and Pamela Schindler (2017), Business Research Methods, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi.
- 4. Zikmund William G. et.al (2016), Business Research Methods, Cengage India, New Delhi
- 5. Mar KN.K.Saunders, PhilipLewis, Adrian Thornhill (2015), Research Methods for Business Students, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 6. https://swayam.gov.in/nd2\_arp19\_ap72/preview
- 7. https://swayam.gov.in/nd2 cec20 hs17/preview

22CMP303 INDIRECT TAXATION Semester – I 3H – 3C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 3 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To understand the Indirect Administration practices in India
- 2. To understand the concept of Goods and Services Taxes
- 3. To gain knowledge on concept of Time and Place of supply
- 4. To understand the concept and method of computing input tax credit
- 5. To comprehend the procedural compliance under GST
- 6. To understand the fundamental principles and practices of customs act

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand the Indirect Administration practices in India
- 2. Understand the concept of Goods and Services Taxes
- 3. Gain knowledge on concept of Time and Place of supply
- 4. Understand the concept and method of computing input tax credit
- 5. Comprehend the procedural compliance under GST
- 6. Understand the fundamental principles and practices of customs act

# UNIT I

**Concept of Indirect Taxes -** Concept of indirect Taxes at a glance – Types of Indirect Taxes – Constitutional powers of taxation; Indirect taxes in India – An overview; Pre-GST tax structure and deficiencies; Administration of Indirect Taxation in India; Existing tax structure.

### **UNIT II**

**Basics of Goods and Services Tax 'GST' -** Basics concept and overview of GST – Objectives – GST Council – GST Rates on Commodities and Services - Constitutional Framework of GST; GST Model – CGST / IGST / SGST / UTGST; Taxable Event; Concept of supply including composite and mixed supply; Levy and collection of CGST and IGST; Composition scheme & Reverse Charge; Exemptions under GST

#### **UNIT III**

**Concept of Time, Value & Place of Taxable Supply -** Basic concepts of Time and Value of Taxable Supply - Basics concept to Place of Taxable Supply. Input Tax Credit & Computation of GST Liability- Overview.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Procedural Compliance under GST** - Registration; Tax Invoice, Debit & Credit Note, Account and Record, Electronic way Bill; Return, Payment of Tax, Refund Procedures; Audit – Statutory forms used in GST.

Basic overview on Integrated Goods and Service Tax (IGST), Union Territory Goods and Service tax (UTGST), and GST Compensation to State - GST Practioneer.

#### UNIT V

**Overview of Customs Act-**Overview of Customs Law – Levy and collection of customs duties -Types of Custom duties - Classification and valuation of Import and Export Goods – Exemption - Officers of customs - Administration of Customs Law - Import and Export Procedures - Transportation, and Warehousing - Duty Drawback - Demand and Recovery - Confiscation of Goods and Conveyances- Refund.

**Note:** Distribution of marks - 30% theory and 70% problems

- 1. Balachandran, V (2021), Text Book of GST and Custom Laws, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi
- 2. VS Datey, Indirect Taxes Law and Practice (2019), 42<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Taxmann Publication, New Delhi
- 3. Dr. H.C. Mehrotra, Prof. V.P. Agarwal (2017), Indirect Taxes, 18<sup>th</sup> Revised Edition, Sahitya Bhawan Publications, New Delhi.
- 4. Dr Girish Ahuja, Dr Ravi Gupta (2018), Practical Approach to Direct and Indirect Taxes: Containing Income Tax and GST, 37<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wolters Kluwer India Private Limited, New Delhi
- 5. Pawan Dhiman (2018), Direct and Indirect Tax Manual, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, KSK Publisher and Distributors, New Delhi
- 6. The Institute of Cost Accountants of India (2018), Indirect Taxation, Directorate of Studies, https://icmai.in/TaxationPortal/GST/index.php
- 7. <a href="https://www.coursera.org/learn/taxation-business-entities-part-1">https://www.coursera.org/learn/taxation-business-entities-part-1</a>

22CMP304 INTERNATIONAL FINANCE Semester – I 3H – 3C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 3 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To gain fundamental knowledge on international finance
- 2. To understand the concept of exchange rate mechanism and determination
- 3. To comprehend the role and function of international monetary fund and world bank
- 4. To grasp knowledge on regulatory and supervisory framework of International financial markets
- 5. To understand on foreign exchange dealings and risk management
- 6. To keep updated on recent trends in international financial markets

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Gain fundamental knowledge on international finance
- 2. Understand the concept of exchange rate mechanism and determination
- 3. Comprehend the role and function of international monetary fund and world bank
- 4. Grasp knowledge on regulatory and supervisory framework of International financial markets
- 5. Understand on foreign exchange dealings and risk management
- 6. Keep updated on recent trends in international financial markets

#### UNIT I

Fundamentals of foreign exchange - Need for foreign exchange - Definitions - International trade and foreign exchange - Gains from international trade - International finance - Gains from international capital flow - Globalization of markets.

#### **UNIT II**

Exchange rate mechanism - Types of exchange rates- Factors affecting exchange rates and forward rates - Types of quotation - Rules for quoting exchange rate regime in India - Evolution, Development and Present status - Theories of exchange rate determination - Exchange rate forecasting

#### **UNIT III**

International Monetary System - Gold Standard - Bretton Wood System and Subsequent International Monetary Developments - Floating Rate Regime - Role and Functions of International Monetary Fund and World Bank - European Monetary system and Euro Balance of Payment - India's Balance of Payment position - Elements of open Economy. Capital and Current Account Convertibility - Fundamental parity relations - purchasing power parity covered and uncovered - Interest Rate parity - International Fisher Effect.

#### **UNIT IV**

International Financial Markets - Segments, Participants and Dealing Procedures - Classification of Markets - Borrowing and Investing in International Financial Markets. Instruments and Institutions - Foreign Exchange Market in India - Evolution and Development - Major Centres - Classification - Interbank and Customer Markets - Regulatory and Supervisory Framework - Role of RBI and FEDAI - FEMA and Exchange Control Regulations.

#### **UNIT V**

Foreign Exchange Risk Management - Defining and Measuring Risk and Exposure - Types of Exposures - Accounting of Foreign Exchange Transactions - Hedging, arbitrage and Cover Operations - Hedging with Foreign Exchange Contracts - Booking, Early Delivery, Extension and Cancellation of Forward Contracts - Inter Bank Dealings - Swaps and Cover Operations - Forex and Money Market Operations - Currency and Funds Position - Foreign Exchange Dealings and Risk Management - Risk Control and Risk Management System - Hedging with Derivatives - FRAs Swaps Futures and Options.

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS:**

Apte (2020), International Financial Management, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi Bhalla V.K. (2014), International Financial Management – Text and Cases, S.Chand, New Delhi

Steve Suranovic (2010), International Finance: Theory and Policy, Saylor Foundation, Washington

Rajiv Srivastava(2014), International Finance, Oxford University Press, New Delhi Somanath, V.S (2011), International Financial Management, I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

22CMP305 INSURANCE AND RISK MANAGEMENT Semester – I 3H – 3C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 3 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To understand various type of business and personal risks
- 2. To learn insurance pricing and marketing mechanism
- 3. To understand the concepts on life and non-life insurance
- 4. To know about method of product design, underwriting and claims settlement
- 5. To understand reforms at Indian Insurance Industry
- 6. To understand the principles of insurance pricing and marketing

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand various type of business and personal risks
- 2. Learn insurance pricing and marketing mechanism
- 3. Understand the concepts on life and non-life insurance
- 4. Know about method of product design, underwriting and claims settlement
- 5. Understand reforms at Indian Insurance Industry
- 6. Understand the principles of insurance pricing and marketing

#### UNIT I

**Risk:** Introduction, interpretations of the term 'risk', types of business and personal risks, significance of risk management function within business organizations Insurance and Risk - significance of insurance and risk, general structure of the insurance market, significant aspects of this industry

#### UNIT II

**Insurance Pricing and Marketing:** Principles of insurance pricing and marketing, tools and techniques used in pricing individual life and health insurance - Financial Management in Insurance Companies and Insurance a Ombudsman: importance of financial management in insurance companies, tools of managing expenses in the insurance companies, modes used by the insurance companies in channelizing their funds - **Reinsurance:** reinsurance in the insurance sector. Areas of the application of reinsurance. Information Technology in Insurance - application of information technology in the insurance sector, role of insurance companies in insurance security, contours of the future of insurance in rural areas.

#### **UNIT III**

**Life Insurance & Non-life Insurance:** Factors influencing the key functioning of insurance organizations insurable interest, role of riders in insurance policies - Non-life

Insurance - elements of fire insurance contract and its ancillary features. Significance of marine insurance and its various policies, the role of rural insurance in making people's lives better in rural India -Non-life Insurance - II - types of motor insurance policies, critical aspects of aviation industry in the country, significance of liability insurance in India - Nomination - Assignment .Functions and Organization of Insurers - components of the distribution system of life insurance companies in the country, role of agents in the life insurance sector in India, important activities carried out in a life insurance organization

#### UNIT IV

**Product Design and Development:** Product development in the life and non-life insurance sectors in India, role of risk evaluation in the process of insurance product formation, future trends in the domain of insurance product design and development - **Insurance Underwriting** - need for insurance underwriting, factors that affect the activities performed by the underwriter, steps involved in the process of insurance underwriting - **Claims Management:** factors affecting the insurance claim management system, types of documents needed in various types of claims, meaning of 'Causa Proxima' in insurance claim settlement. Human Life Values – Embedded Value – Actuarial valuation.

#### **UNIT V**

**Reforms in Indian Insurance Industry: I**mportance of the privatization of insurance industry, problems associated with public insurance enterprises, relation between insurance and economic growth. Regulations Relating to Insurance Accounting and Management - framework for IRDA rules and regulations regarding general insurance investment in the country, role of financial reporting in managing insurance operations, significance of determining solvency margins- Recent Guidelines of IRDA.

- 1. George E. Rejda, Michael McNamara (2017), Principles of Risk Management and Insurance, 13<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 2. Scott Harrington and Gregory Niehaus (2017), Risk Management and Insurance, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 3. Dorfman (2013), Introduction to Risk Management and Insurance, Prentice Hall, New Delhi
- 4. Indian Institute of Banking and Finance (2017), Risk Analysis, Insurance and Retirement Planning, Taxman Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. <a href="https://www.coursera.org/learn/portfolio-risk-management">https://www.coursera.org/learn/portfolio-risk-management</a>

22CMP306A INDUSTRIAL LAW Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To understand about various aspects of Factories Act
- 2. To gather knowledge on Industrial Dispute Act
- 3. To learn about Employee State Insurance Act
- 4. To understand various aspects of Employee Provident Fund
- 5. To know about protections available to workers under Trade Union Act
- 6. To know about the Workmen's compensation Act 1923

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand about various aspects of Factories Act
- 2. Gather knowledge on Industrial Dispute Act
- 3. Learn about Employee State Insurance Act
- 4. Understand various aspects of Employee Provident Fund
- 5. Know about protections available to workers under Trade Union Act
- 6. Know about the Workmen's compensation Act 1923

# UNIT I

**Factories Act 1948 -** Object – Definition – Health, Safety and Welfare Provision – Occupier – Certifying Surgeon Working Hours – Employment of Child – young person, and women – annual leave With Wage – Social Security and Welfare – Safety and Working Conditions.

#### **UNIT II**

**Industrial Dispute Act 1947** - Object – Definitions Procedure and settlement of industrial dispute – voluntary reference of dispute to Arbitration – Award and settlement Strikes and Lockouts – Layoff and Retrenchment – Transfer and closing down of undertakings – Unfair labour Practice.

#### **UNIT III**

**Employees State Insurance Act 1948 -** Object Definitions – ESI Corporation, functions – Contribution and recovery – Benefits – Penalties for false claims

#### **UNIT IV**

Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provision Act 1952 - Object – Definition – Provident Fund Schemes – Contribution and recovery – Offences and Penalties

Payment of Wages Act 1936 – Objects – Definition – Rules or payment of Wages – Maintenance of registers and records. Payment of Bonus Act 1965.

#### **UNIT V**

**Trade union Act, 1926 -** Object – Definitions – Registration of trade union – Rights and privileges of a registered trade union – duties and liabilities – Dissolution Workmen's compensation Act 1923 – Definition – rules regarding compensation – Distribution of compensation – Notice and claim. Pollution Control Act – Labour Codes – Wages – Industrial Relations

- 1. Kapoor N.D (2018), Hand book on Industrial Law, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi
- 2. Jagadish Rao (2019), Industrial Law, Sahitya Bhawan Publications, Uttar Pradesh
- 3. Sandhya Singh and Neeshu Sharma (2013), Industrial Law, Vaya Educational of India, New Delhi

# 22CMP306B CORPORATE GOVERNANCE, ETHICS AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40

External: 60

Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

## To make the students

- 1. To gain knowledge on ethical practices followed at business
- 2. To understand the professional ethics and ethical values of different cultures
- 3. To comprehend social responsibilities of business
- 4. To understand vital concepts of Corporate Governance
- 5. To gain knowledge on Corporate Social Responsibility and Accountability
- 6. To apply and follow ethical principles in real life and business

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

## Learners should be able to

- 1. Gain knowledge on ethical practices followed at business
- 2. Understand the professional ethics and ethical values of different cultures
- 3. Comprehend social responsibilities of business
- 4. Understand vital concepts of Corporate Governance
- 5. Gain knowledge on Corporate Social Responsibility and Accountability
- 6. Apply and follow ethical principles in real life and business

# UNIT I

Values – Importance, Sources of Value Systems, Types, Values, Loyalty and Ethical Behaviour, Values across Cultures; Business Ethics – Nature, Characteristics and Needs, Ethical Practices in Management.

## UNIT II

The Ethical Value System – Universalism, Utilitarianism, Distributive Justice, Social Contracts, Individual Freedom of Choice, Professional Codes; Culture and Ethics – Ethical Values in different Cultures, Culture and Individual Ethics.

# **UNIT III**

Law and Ethics – Relationship between Law and Ethics, Other Bodies in enforcing Ethical Business Behavior, Impact of Laws on Business Ethics; Social Responsibilities of Business – Environmental Protection, Fair Trade Practices, Fulfilling all National obligations under various Laws, Safeguarding Health and well being of Customers.

## **UNIT IV**

Corporate Governance: Issues, need, corporate governance code, transparency & disclosure, role of auditors, board of directors and share holders; Global issues of governance, accounting and regulatory frame work, corporate scams, committees in India

and abroad, corporate social responsibility.

# UNIT V

Corporate Social Responsibility – Introduction – System Concept of Business Society – Business and Society Relationship – Business Environment – Business in a Social World – Social Responsibility – Corporate Social Responsibility – Corporate Social Accountability – Social Responsibility Tools

- 1. Balachandran (2011). Corporate Governance, Ethics and Social Responsibility. Prentice Hall of India, Bangaluru
- 2. Kitson Alan- Ethical Organisation, Palgrave, L. T. Hosmer: The Ethics of Management, Universal Book.
- 3. D. Murray: Ethics in Organizational, Kogan Page.
- 4. S. K. Chakraborty: Values and Ethics in Organisation, OUP
- 5. https://swayam.gov.in/nd2\_ntr19\_ge06/preview

22CMP306C CONSUMER RIGHTS AND EDUCATION Semester – I 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

# **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

## To make the students

- 1. To give the students a clear understanding of the terms Consumers, Consumerism, Consumer movement
- 2. To give an understanding of the provisions of the Consumer Protection Act
- 3. To know the methods of creating awareness and education
- 4. To familiarize students on various aspects of consumer related Legislations and Organizations
- 5. To make the students aware about the rights and responsibilities of consumers
- 6. To gain knowledge on consumer rights against E Commerce transactions

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

## Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand the various terms related to Consumers
- 2. Know the Consumers rights and duties and how to enforce their rights
- 3. Gain knowledge of the provisions and procedures under Consumer Protection Act
- 4. Familiar with Consumer related Legislations and Organisations
- 5. Know the methods of creating awareness and education
- 6. Gain knowledge on consumer rights against E Commerce transactions

# UNIT I

**Consumer Movement in India**- Definition of Consumer- Types of Consumer – Problems of Consumer – Consumerism- Emerging concepts in consumerism: Green Consumerism, Cyber Consumerism- effects of consumerism.

## **UNIT II**

**Right of Consumers**- Responsibilities of Consumers —unfair trade practices-Caveat emptor and Caveat Venditor- Enforcement of Consumer rights through Public Interest Litigation

# **UNIT III**

**Consumer Protection Act**- Main Provisions –Redressal forums –District Level – State Level and National Level –Powers and Functions –Filing of Complaints Procedure Regulatory Authorities and Ombudsman

# **UNIT IV**

Consumer related Legislations and Organizations: Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954- Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976- The Drugs and

Magic Remedies (Objectionable Advertisement) Act 1954 - Consumer pressure groups voluntary consumer organizations-Consumer Protection Councils -Remedy and Redressal of Grievances

# UNIT V

**Consumer awareness and Education in India:** Lack of awareness- Lack of access to information-Methods of creating awareness and promotion of Consumer rights and duties- E Commerce and Consumer Rights- Role of media in consumer education

- 1. Singh Avtar, (2010), Law of consumer protection (Principles and Practice) Eastern Book Company, Luck now
- 2. Aggarwal V.K, Consumer Protection Law and practice, Bharat Law House Pvt Ltd. New Delhi
- **3.** Majaumdar P K (2009), Law of Consumer Protection in India, Orient Publishing Company, New Delhi
- **4.** Balakrishna Eradi (2009), Consumer protection—Jurisprudence, Lexis Nexis Butter Worth Publishing
- **5.** Bangia R.K., (2004), A Handbook of Consumer Protection Laws and Procedure, Allahabad Law Agency

22CMP311 SPSS (PRACTICAL) Semester – I 4H – 2C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 0 T: 0 P: 4 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

# **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

# To make the students

- 1. To compute descriptive statistics
- 2. To calculate parametric and non-parametric tests
- 3. To carryout reliability and normality tests
- 4. To comprehend the application of Bivariate and multivariate analysis
- 5. To compute bivariate and multivariate analysis
- 6. To apply statistical techniques on decision making

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

## Learners should be able to

- 1. Compute descriptive statistics
- 2. Calculate parametric and non-parametric tests
- 3. Carryout reliability and normality tests
- 4. Comprehend the application of Bivariate and multivariate analysis
- 5. Compute bivariate and multivariate analysis
- 6. Apply statistical techniques on decision making

# **EXERCISES**

- 1. Simple Frequency
- 2. Descriptive Statistics
- 3. Test of Reliability
- 4. Test of Normality
- 5. Independent 't' Test
- 6. Analysis of Variance (ANOVA)
- 7. Paired 't' Test
- 8. Chi-square
- 9. Mann Whitney U Test
- 10. Kruskal Wallis H Test
- 11. Wilcoxon Test
- 12. Correlation
- 13. Regression
- 14. Factor Analysis
- 15. Garrett Ranking

- 1. Darren George, Paul Mallery (2016), IBM SPSS Statistics 23 Step by Step, Routledge, New Delhi.
- 2. Asthana and Braj Bhushan (2017), Statistics for Social Sciences (With SPSS Applications), Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 3. Keith Mccormick, Jesus Salcedo, Aaron Poh, SPSS Statistics for Dummies, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Wiley, New Delhi.
- 4. Keith McCormick, Jesus Salcedo, Jon Peck, Andrew Wheeler, Jason Verlen (2017), SPSS Statistics for Data Analysis and Visualization, Wiley, New Delhi.
- 5. Brian C. Cronk (2016), How to Use SPSS®: A Step-By-Step Guide to Analysis and Interpretation, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Routledge, New Delhi.

M.Com.				2022-2023		
22CMPOE301	2CMPOE301 PERSONAL FINANCE AND PLANNING				Semester – III	
					3H - 2C	
Instruction Hours / week:	L: 3	T:0 P:0	Marks: Internal: 40	External: 60	Total: 100	

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

## To make the students

- 1. To explain the meaning and appreciate the relevance of Financial Planning
- 2. To familiarize with regard to the concept of Investment Planning and its methods
- 3. To examine the scope and ways of Personal Tax Planning;
- 4. To analyze Insurance Planning and its relevance
- 5. To develop an insight in to retirement planning and its relevance.
- 6. To construct an optimal portfolio in real life situations

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

## Learners should be able to

- 1. Explain the meaning and appreciate the relevance of Financial Planning
- 2. Familiarize with regard to the concept of Investment Planning and its methods
- 3. Examine the scope and ways of Personal Tax Planning;
- 4. Analyze Insurance Planning and its relevance
- 5. Develop an insight in to retirement planning and its relevance.
- 6. Construct an optimal portfolio in real life situations

# UNIT I

**Introduction to Financial Planning -** Financial goals, Time value of money, steps in financial planning, personal finance/loans, education loan, car loan & home loan schemes. Introduction to savings, benefits of savings, management of spending & financial discipline, Net banking and UPI, digital wallets, security and precautions against Ponzi schemes and online frauds such as phishing, credit card cloning, skimming.

## **UNIT II**

**Investment Planning** - Process and objectives of investment, Concept and measurement of return & risk for various assets class, Measurement of portfolio risk and return, Diversification & Portfolio formation. Gold Bond; Real estate; Investment in Greenfield and brownfield Projects; Investment in fixed income instruments- financial derivatives & Commodity market in India. Mutual fund schemes including SIP; International investment avenues.

# **UNIT III**

**Personal Tax Planning -** Tax Structure in India for personal taxation, Scope of Personal tax planning, Exemptions and deductions available to individuals under different heads of income and gross total income, Special provision u/s 115BAC vis-à-vis General provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961. Tax avoidance versus tax evasion.

# **UNIT IV**

**Insurance Planning -** Need for Protection planning. Risk of mortality, health, disability and property. Importance of Insurance: life and non-life insurance schemes. Deductions available under the Income-tax Act for premium paid for different policies.

## **UNIT V**

**Retirement Benefits Planning -** Retirement Planning Goals, Process of retirement planning, Pension plans available in India, Reverse mortgage, New Pension Scheme. Exemption available under the Income-tax Act, 1961 for retirement benefits.

## REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Indian Institute of Banking & Finance. (2017). *Introduction to Financial Planning*. New Delhi: Taxmann Publication.
- 2. Pandit, A. (2014). *The Only Financial Planning Book that You Will Ever Need*. Mumbai: Network Publications Ltd.
- 3. Sinha, M. (2008). *Financial Planning: A Ready Reckoner*. New York: McGraw Hill Education.
- 4. Halan, M. (2018). Let's Talk Money: You've Worked Hard for It, Now Make It Work for You. New York: HarperCollins Publishers.
- 5. Tripathi, V. (2017). Fundamentals of Investment. New Delhi: Taxmann Publication.

22CMP321 Internship Semester – III - – 2C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 0 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 00 External: 100 Total: 100

# **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

# To make the students

- 1. To explore career alternatives prior to graduation
- 2. To integrate theory and Practice
- 3. To assess interest and abilities in their field of study
- 4. To develop work habits and attitudes necessary for job success
- 5. To develop communication, interpersonal and other critical skills in the job interview process
- 6. To build a record of work experience

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

# Learners should be able to

- 1. Explore career alternatives prior to graduation
- 2. Integrate theory and Practice
- 3. Assess interest and abilities in their field of study
- 4. Develop work habits and attitudes necessary for job success
- 5. Develop communication, interpersonal and other critical skills in the job interview process
- 6. Build a record of work experience

M.Com.			2022-2023		
22CMP401	ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT				Semester – I
					4H - 4C
Instruction Hours / week:	L: 4	T: 0 P: 0	Marks: Internal: 40	External: 60	Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

# **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

## To make the students

- 1. To understand recent concepts of entrepreneurship
- 2. To gain knowledge on various kinds of business entities
- 3. To comprehend the role of business incubators on business sustainability
- 4. To formulate business ideas and conduct feasibility studies
- 5. To acquire knowledge on source of finance for promotion of entrepreneurs
- 6. To apply principles and practice methodology of entrepreneurship for business sustainability

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### Learners should be able to

- 1. Understand recent concepts of entrepreneurship
- 2. Gain knowledge on various kinds of business entities
- 3. Comprehend the role of business incubators on business sustainability
- 4. Formulate business ideas and conduct feasibility studies
- 5. Acquire knowledge on source of finance for promotion of entrepreneurs
- 6. Apply principles and practice methodology of entrepreneurship for business sustainability

# **UNIT I**

**Entrepreneurship -** Meaning, scope and importance of Entrepreneurship –Evolution of entrepreneurial thought - Entrepreneurship as a career option - Functions of Entrepreneurs - Entrepreneurial Characteristics and Skills - Entrepreneur vs. Manager - Creativity & Creative Process - Types of Entrepreneurs (Clarence Danhoff's Classification) - Intrapreneurship – Concept and Types (Hans Schollhammer's Classification) - Entrepreneurship in different contexts: technopreneurship, cultural entrepreneurship, international entrepreneurship, netpreneurship, ecopreneurship, and social entrepreneurship

# UNIT II

**Types of Business Entities -** Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. Concept of business groups and role of business houses and family business in India. Values, business philosophy and behavioral orientations of important family business in India. Managerial roles and functions in a small business. Entrepreneur as the manager of his business-MSMEs.

# UNIT III

Public and Private System of Stimulation, Support and Sustainability of Entrepreneurship - Public and private system of stimulation, support and sustainability of entrepreneurship. Requirement, availability and access to finance, marketing assistance, technology, and industrial accommodation, Role of industries/entrepreneur's associations and self-help groups. The concept, role and functions of business incubators, angel investors, venture capital and private equity funds

## **UNIT IV**

**Sources of Business ideas and Feasibility Studies -** Sources of business ideas and tests of feasibility. Significance of writing the business plan /project proposal. Contents of business plan / project proposal. Designing business processes, location, layout, operation, planning & control; preparation of project report. Project submission/ presentation and appraisal thereof by external agencies, such as financial/non-financial institutions.

# **UNIT V**

Mobilizing Resources for START-UP - Mobilizing resources for start-up. Accommodation and utilities. Preliminary contracts with the vendors, suppliers, bankers, principal customers; Contract management: Basic start-up problems. Funding opportunities for start-ups- Mudra - ASPIRE. Marketing and organizational plans-an overview. Nature of planning in small business. Organizational structure suitable for small business. Financial: preparation of budgets, integrated ratio analysis, assessing business risks (leverage analysis). Marketing: product planning & development, creating and protecting market niche, sales promotion, advertising and product costing and pricing policies. HR issues in small business.

- 1. Robert Hisrich and Michael Peters and Dean Shepherd (2018), Entrepreneurship, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 2. David H. Holt (2016), Entrepreneurship, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 3. Sangeetha Sharma (2017), Entrepreneurship Development, Prentice Hall of India Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. Poornima M., Charantimath (2018), Entrepreneurship Development and Small Business Enterprises, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 5. S.S.Khanka (2012), Entrepreneurial Development, S.Chand, New Delhi.
- 6. https://www.coursera.org/specializations/wharton-entrepreneurship

# 22CMP402 APPLIED E COMMERCE Semester – I 4H – 3C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### To make the students

- 1. To enable the students to learn the basics of electronic commerce
- 2. To introduce students on essential knowledge on Network Infrastructure
- 3. To enable the students to gain applications knowledge on electronic commerce
- 4. To enable the students to gain knowledge on security framework
- 5. To enable the students to gain essential knowledge on directory services
- 6. To gain knowledge on Cyber Laws

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

# Learners should be able to

- 1. Gain an introductory knowledge on electronic commerce
- 2. Describe about knowledge on Network Infrastructure
- 3. Gain applications knowledge on electronic commerce
- 4. Gain knowledge on security framework
- 5. Gain essential knowledge on directory services
- 6. Gain knowledge on Cyber laws

# UNIT I

**Introduction to e-Commerce:** Electronic Commerce and its Benefits– Impact of Electronic Commerce – Classification of Electronic Commerce – Applications of Electronic Commerce Technologies – Business Models – Architectural Framework.

# **UNIT II**

**Network Infrastructure:** Network Infrastructure – Local Area Networks – Wide Area Network – Intranet, Extranet and Internet – TCP/IP Reference Model – Domain Name Systems – Internet Industry Structure. Information Distribution and Messaging: File Transfer Protocol Applications – Electronic Main – World Wide Web Server – HTTP – Web servers Implementations.

# **UNIT III**

**Consumer Oriented Applications:** Consumer Oriented Application, Mercantile Models from the Consumer's perspective – Types of Electronic Payment System, Digital Token based Electronic Payment Systems, Smart Cards Electronic Payments, and Designing Electronic Payment system.

# **UNIT IV**

Securing the Business on Internet: Security Policy, Procedures and Practices – Site Security – Protecting the Network – Firewalls – Securing the Web Service - Security Network Transaction – Transaction Security – Cryptology – Cryptology Algorithms – Public Key Algorithm – Authentication Protocols – Digital Signatures – Electronic Mail Security – Security Protocols for Web Commerce.

## **UNIT V**

**Search Engines and Directory Services:** Search Engines and Directory Services – Information Directories – Internet Advertising – Electronic commerce Applications – Cyber Law – Introduction – Concept of Cyberspace – Cyber Law in electronic commerce contract Aspects – Electronic Governance – Drupal.

- 1. Bhasker, B. (2017). Electronic Commerce Framework, Technologies and Applications. New Delhi: McGraw Hill Educations.
- 2. Jaiswal.S. (2000). E-Commerce IElectronic Communication for Business). New Delhi:
- 3. Kalakota, R., & Whinston, A. B. (2002). Frontiers of Electronic Commerce. New Delhi: Pearson Education India.
- 4. Rayudu, C. (2010). E-Commerce and E-Business. Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House
- 5. Rayport, & Jaworeski, B. J. (2009). Introduction to E-Commerce. Noida, UP: McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited
- **6.** Tomasi, W. (2008). Electronic Communication Systems Fundamentals Through Advanced. New Delhi: Pearson Education
- 7. Viswanathan, S. (2012). The Indian Cyber Law. New Delhi: Bharat Law House

22CMP491 PROJECT Semester – I 20H – 8C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 20 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 40 External: 60 Total: 100

**End Semester Exam: 3 Hours** 

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

## To make the students

- 1. To choose the right problem of the study
- 2. To adopt right sampling technique
- 3. To construct instrument for data collection
- 4. To carry out their statistical analysis
- 5. To write the interpretation for statistical analysis
- 6. To draft their project report

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

# Learners should be able to

- 1. Choose the right problem of the study
- 2. Adopt right sampling technique
- 3. Construct instrument for data collection
- 4. Carry out their statistical analysis
- 5. Write the interpretation for statistical analysis
- 6. Draft their project report

The students should select a problem in Accounting, Finance, Marketing or any other areas related to commerce

# Report should contain

- Introduction
  - Introduction about the industry
  - o Introduction about the Company
  - o Reviewofliterature-Minimum10papersfromreferredjournal
  - Need for the Study
  - Objectives
- Research Methodology
  - Research Design
  - Sampling Design
  - Sources of Data Collection
  - Tools used for Analysis
  - Limitations

- Data Analysis and Interpretaion
- Findings and Suggestions
- Conclusion
- Bibliography (APA Format)

# LIST OF VALUE ADDED COURSES

- 1. Business Analytics
- 2. Business Process Services in Insurance
- 3. Business Process Services in Banking
- 4. Business Process Services in Finance and Accounting
- 5. Retail Environment and Market Research
- 6. Strategic Management
- 7. Office 360
- 8. Capital Markets and Financial Instruments
- 9. E Commerce
- 10. Six Sigma
- 11. Life Skills and Communication
- 12. EXIM Procedures and Documentation
- 13. Intellectual Property Rights
- 14. Personal Finance and Planning
- 15. Project Management
- 16. Global Financial Reporting
- 17. Cyber Security
- 18. Human Resources Analytics