FACULTY OF PHARMACY KARPAGAM ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Deemed to be University
(Established Under Section 3 of UGC Act 1956)
Eachanari Post, Pollachi Main Road, Coimbatore – 641021.

PHARM.D DEGREE COURSE (2023-2024) (DOCTOR OF PHARMACY)



REGULATIONS 2023 COURSE OF STUDY AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

&
SYLLABUS

CHAPTER-I

1. Short title and commencement

- (1) These regulations may be called the Pharm.D Regulations 2023.
- (2) They shall come into force from the date of their publication in the official Gazette.
- 2. Pharm.D shall consist of a certificate, having passed the course of study and examination as prescribed in these regulations, for the purpose of registration as a pharmacist to practice the profession under the Pharmacy Act, 1948.

CHAPTER-II

3. Duration of the course:

- a) Pharm.D: The duration of the course shall be six academic years (five years of study and one year of internship or residency) full time with each academic year spread over a period of not less than two hundred working days. The period of six years duration is divided into two phases
 - Phase I consisting of First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth academic year.

 Phase II consisting of internship or residency training during sixth year involving posting in specialty units. It is a phase of training wherein a student is exposed to actual pharmacy practice or clinical pharmacy services and acquires skill under supervision so that he or she may become capable of functioning independently.
- b) Pharm.D (Post Baccalaureate): The duration of the course shall be for three academic years (two years of study and one year internship or residency) full time with each academic year spread over a period of not less than two hundred working days. The period of three years duration is divided into two phases:
 - Phase I consisting of First and Second academic year.
 - Phase II consisting of Internship or residency training during third year involving posting in specialty units. It is a phase of training wherein a student is exposed to actual pharmacy practice or clinical pharmacy services, and acquires skill under supervision so that he or she may become capable of functioning independently.

4. Minimum qualification for admission to:

- a) Pharm.D Part-I Course A pass in any of the following examinations:
 - (1) 10+2 examination with Physics and Chemistry as compulsory subjects along with one of the following subjects: Mathematics or Biology.
 - (2) A pass in D. Pharm course from an institution approved by the Pharmacy Council of India under section 12 of the Pharmacy Act.
 - (3) Any other qualification approved by the Pharmacy Council of India as equivalent to any of the above examinations.

Provided that a student should complete the age of 17 years on or before 31st December of the year of admission to the course.

Provided that there shall be reservation of seats for the students belonging to the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other Backward Classes in accordance with the instructions issued by the Central Government/State Government/Union Territory Administration as the case may be from time to time.

b) Pharm.D. (Post Baccalaureate) Course –

A pass in B.Pharm from an institution approved by the Pharmacy Council of India under section 12 of the Pharmacy Act:

Provided that there shall be reservation of seats for the students belonging to the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other Backward Classes in accordance with the instructions issued by the Central Government/State Government/Union Territory Administration as the case may be from time to time.

- **5.** Number of admissions in the above said programmes shall be as prescribed by the Pharmacy Council of India from time to time and presently be restricted as below:
 - i) Pharm.D. Programme 30 students
 - ii) Pharm.D. (Post Baccalaureate) Programme 10 students
- **6.** Institutions running B.Pharm programme approved under section 12 of the Pharmacy Act, will only be permitted to run Pharm.D programme. Pharm.D (Post Baccalaureate) programme will be permitted only in those institutions which are permitted to run Pharm.D. Programme.

7. Attendance and progress:

A candidate is required to put in at least 80% attendance in individual courses considering theory and practical separately. The candidate shall complete the prescribed course satisfactorily to be eligible to appear for the respective examinations.

8. Program / Course credit structure:

As per the philosophy of Credit Based Semester System, certain quantum of academic work viz. theory classes, tutorial hours, practical classes, etc., are measured in terms of credits. On satisfactory completion of the courses, a candidate earns credits. The amount of credit associated with a course is dependent upon the number of hours of instruction per week in that course. Similarly, the credit associated with any of the other academic, co/extra-curricular activities is dependent upon the quantum of work expected to be put in for each of these activities per week.

Credit assignment:

Theory and Laboratory courses:

Courses are broadly classified as Theory and Practical. Theory courses consist of lecture (L) and/or tutorial (T) hours, and Practical (P) courses consist of hours spent in the laboratory. Credits(C) for a course is dependent on the number of hours of instruction per week in that course, and is obtained by using a multiplier of one (1) for lecture and tutorial hours, and a multiplier of half (1/2) for practical (laboratory) hours. Thus, for example, a theory course having three lectures and one tutorial per week throughout the semester carries a credit of 4. Similarly, a practical having four laboratory hours per week throughout semester carries a credit of 2.

Minimum credit requirements:

The minimum credit points required for award of a Pharm.D degree is 160. These credits are divided into Theory courses, Tutorials, Practical, Clerkship and Project over the duration of six years. The credits are distributed year-wise as shown in Table VI. Courses generally progress in sequences, building competencies and their positioning indicates certain academic maturity on the part of the learners. Learners are expected to follow the year-wise schedule of courses given in the syllabus.

9. Academic work:

A regular record of attendance both in Theory and Practical shall be maintained by the teaching staff of respective courses.

10. Course of study:

The course of study for Pharm.D shall include the subjects as given in the Tables below. The number of hours in a week, devoted to each subject for its teaching in theory, practical and tutorial shall not be less than that noted against it in columns below.

TABLES
TABLE I : FIRST YEAR

Course Code	Name of Subject	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
23PD101T	Human Anatomy and Physiology Theory	3	1	4
23PD102T	Pharmaceutics Theory	2	1	3
23PD103T	Medicinal Biochemistry Theory	3	1	4
23PD104T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry Theory	3	1	4
23PD105T	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry Theory	· ·		3
23PD106RMT / 23PD106RBT	Remedial Mathematics**/ Remedial Biology Theory**	3	1	4
23PD107P	Human Anatomy and Physiology Practical	3	-	2
23PD108P	Pharmaceutics Practical	3	-	2
23PD109P	Medicinal Biochemistry Practical	3	-	2
23PD110P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry Practical	3	-	2
23PD111P	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry Practical	3	-	2
23PD112RBP	Remedial Biology Practical**	3*	-	2*
	Total Hours	31/34*	6	32/34*

^{*} For Remedial Biology Practical

TABLE II: SECOND YEAR

Course Code	Name of Subject	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
23PD201T	Pathophysiology Theory	3	1	4
23PD202T	Pharmaceutical Microbiology Theory	3	1	4
23PD203T	Pharmacognosy & Phytopharmaceuticals Theory	3	1	4
23PD204T	Pharmacology-I Theory	3	1	4
23PD205T	Community Pharmacy Theory	2	1	3
23PD206T	Pharmacotherapeutics-I Theory	3	1	4
23PD207P	Pharmaceutical Microbiology Practical	3	-	2
23PD208P	Pharmacognosy & Phytopharmaceuticals Practical	3	-	2
23PD209P	Pharmacotherapeutics-I Practical	3	-	2
	Total Hours	26	6	29

^{**} For Remedial Mathematics / Remedial Biology (Non University Exam)

TABLE III: THIRD YEAR

Course	Name of Subject	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
Code				
23PD301T	Pharmacology-II Theory	3	1	4
23PD302T	Pharmaceutical Analysis Theory	3	1	4
23PD303T	Pharmacotherapeutics-II Theory	3	1	4
23PD304T	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence Theory	2	-	2
23PD305T	Medicinal Chemistry Theory	3	1	4
23PD306T	Pharmaceutical Formulations Theory	2	1	3
23PD307P	Pharmacology-II Practical	3	-	2
23PD308P	Pharmaceutical Analysis Practical	3	-	2
23PD309P	Pharmacotherapeutics-II Practical	3	-	2
23PD310P	Medicinal Chemistry Practical	3	-	2
23PD311P	Pharmaceutical Formulations Practical	3	-	2
	Total hours	31	5	31

TABLE IV : FOURTH YEAR

Course Code	Name of Subject	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
23PD401T	Pharmacotherapeutics-III Theory	3	1	4
23PD402T	Hospital Pharmacy Theory	2	1	3
23PD403T	Clinical Pharmacy Theory	3	1	4
23PD404T	Biostatistics & Research Methodology	2	1	3
	Theory			
	Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics			4
23PD405T	Theory	3	1	
23PD406T	Clinical Toxicology Theory	2	1	3
23PD407P	Pharmacotherapeutics-III Practical	3	-	2
23PD408P	Hospital Pharmacy Practical	3	-	2
23PD409P	Clinical Pharmacy Practical	3	-	2
23PD410P	Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	3	-	2
	Practical			
	Total Hours	27	6	29

TABLE V: FIFTH YEAR

Course	Name of Subject	No. of hours	Seminar	Credit points
Code				
23PD501T	Clinical Research Theory	3	1	4
23PD502T	Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics Theory	3	1	4
23PD503T	Clinical Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacotherapeutics Drug Monitoring Theory	2	1	3
23PD504S	Clerkship *	-	1	1
23PD505P	Project work (Six Months)	20	-	10
	Total hours	28	4	23

^{*} Attending ward rounds on daily basis

SIXTH YEAR

Internship or residency training including postings in speciality units. Student should independently provide the clinical pharmacy services to the allotted wards.

- (i) Six months in General Medicine department, and
- (ii) Two months each in three other speciality departments

TABLE VI: YEAR WISE CREDITS DISTRIBUTION

Year	Credit Points
I	32/34*
II	29
III	31
IV	29
V	23
VI	15
Total credit points for the program	158/160*

11. Syllabus:

The syllabus for each subject of study in the said Tables shall be as specified in **Chapter-IV** to these regulations.

12. Approval of the authority conducting the course of study:

- (1) No person, institution, society or university shall start and conduct Pharm.D or Pharm.D (Post Baccalaureate) programme without the prior approval of the Pharmacy Council of India.
 - a. Any person or pharmacy college for the purpose of obtaining permission under subsection (1) of section 12 of the Pharmacy Act, shall submit a scheme as prescribed by the Pharmacy Council of India.
 - b. The scheme referred to in sub-regulation
- (2) above, shall be in such form and contain such particulars and be preferred in such manner and be accompanied with such fee as may be prescribed:

Provided that the Pharmacy Council of India shall not approve any institution under these regulations unless it provides adequate arrangements for teaching in regard to building, accommodation, labs, equipments, teaching staff, non-teaching staff, etc., as specified in Appendix-B to these regulations.

13. Examination:

- (1) Every year there shall be an examination to examine the students.
- (2) Each examination may be held twice every year. The first examination in a year shall be the annual examination and the second examination shall be supplementary examination.
- (3) The examinations shall be of written and practical (including oral nature) carrying maximum marks for each part of a subject as indicated in Tables below:

TABLES
TABLE VII: FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION

Course Code	Name of Subject	Internal Assessment		Exami	nation	Total
Course Code	Name of Subject	Marks	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks
23PD101T	Human Anatomy and Physiology Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD102T	Pharmaceutics Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD103T	Medicinal Biochemistry Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD104T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD105T	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD106RMT / 23PD106RBT	Remedial Mathematics Theory*/ Remedial Biology Theory*	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD107P	Human Anatomy and Physiology Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD108P	Pharmaceutics Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD109P	Medicinal Biochemistry Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD110P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD111P	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD112RBP	Remedial Biology Practical*	30*	3 Hrs	70*	3 Hrs	100*
	Total	360	24 Hrs	840	36 Hrs	1200

^{*} For Biology

TABLE VIII: SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION

Course Code	Name of Subject		ernal sment	Examination		Total
	Traine of Subject	Marks	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks
23PD201T	Pathophysiology Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD202T	Pharmaceutical Microbiology Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD203T	Pharmacognosy & Phytopharmaceuticals Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD204T	Pharmacology-I Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD205T	Community Pharmacy Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD206T	Pharmacotherapeutics-I Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD207P	Pharmaceutical Microbiology Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD208P	Pharmacognosy & Phytopharmaceuticals Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD209P	Pharmacotherapeutics-I Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
	Total	270	15 Hrs	630	27 Hrs	900

TABLE IX: THIRD YEAR EXAMINATION

Course Code	Name of Subject	Internal Assessment		Exam	ination	Total
	Traine of Subject	Marks	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks
23PD301T	Pharmacology-II Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD302T	Pharmaceutical Analysis Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD303T	Pharmacotherapeutics-II Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD304T	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD305T	Medicinal Chemistry Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD306T	Pharmaceutical	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
	Formulations Theory					
23PD307P	Pharmacology-II Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD308P	Pharmaceutical Analysis Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD309P	Pharmacotherapeutics-II Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD310P	Medicinal Chemistry Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD311P	Pharmaceutical Formulations Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
	Total	330	21 Hrs	770	33 Hrs	1100

TABLE X: FOURTH YEAR EXAMINATION

Course Code	Name of Subject	Internal A	Assessment	Exam	ination	Total
		Marks	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks
23PD401T	Pharmacotherapeutics-III Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD402T	Hospital Pharmacy Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD403T	Clinical Pharmacy Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD404T	Biostatistics & Research Methodology Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD405T	Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD406T	Clinical Toxicology Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD407P	Pharmacotherapeutics-III Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD408P	Hospital Pharmacy Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD409P	Clinical Pharmacy Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD410P	Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics Practical	30	3 Hrs	70	3 Hrs	100
	Total	300	18 Hrs	700	30 Hrs	1000

TABLE XI: FIFTH YEAR EXAMINATION

Course Code	Name of Subject	Internal A	Internal Assessment		ination	Total
		Marks	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks
23PD501T	Clinical Research Theory	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD502T	Pharmacoepidemiology and	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
	Pharmacoeconomics Theory					
23PD503T	Clinical Pharmacokinetics &	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
	Pharmacotherapeutics Drug					
	Monitoring Theory					
23PD504S	Clerkship *	30	1 Hr	70	3 Hrs	100
23PD505P	Project work** (Six Months)	-	-	100	-	100
	Total	120	4 Hrs	380	12 Hrs	500

^{*}Attending ward rounds on daily basis.

70 marks – Thesis work

CIA	1320/1350#/1380*	ESE	3180/3250#/3320*	Grand Total	4500/4600#/4700*		
for Remedial Mathematics *for Remedial Biology							

^{**30} marks – viva-voce (oral)

14. Eligibility for appearing Examination:

Only such students who produce certificate from the Head of the Institution in which he or she has undergone the Pharm.D or as the case may be, the Pharm.D (Post Baccalaureate) course, in proof of his or her having regularly and satisfactorily undergone the course of study by attending not less than 80% of the classes held both in theory and in practical separately in each subject shall be eligible for appearing at examination.

15. Mode of examinations:

- (1) Theory examination shall be of three hours and practical examination shall be of three hours duration.
- (2) A Student who fails in theory or practical examination of a subject shall re-appear both in theory and practical of the same subject.
- (3) Practical examination shall also consist of a viva –voce (Oral) examination.
- (4) Clerkship examination Oral examination shall be conducted after the completion of clerkship of students. An external and an internal examiner will evaluate the student. Students may be asked to present the allotted medical cases followed by discussion. Students' capabilities in delivering clinical pharmacy services, pharmaceutical care planning and knowledge of therapeutics shall be assessed.

16. Award of sessional marks and maintenance of records:

- (1) A regular record of both theory and practical class work and examinations conducted in an institution imparting training for Pharm.D. or as the case may be, Pharm.D. (Post Baccalaureate) course, shall be maintained for each student in the institution and 30 marks for each theory and 30 marks for each practical subject shall be allotted as sessional. There shall be at least two periodic sessional examinations during each academic year and the average marks of at least two sessional exams shall be computed for internal assessment. The sessional marks in practicals shall be allotted on the following basis:-
 - (i) Actual performance in the sessional examination (20 marks)
 - (ii) Day to day assessment in the practical class work, promptness, viva-voce record maintenance, etc. (10 marks)

Minimum marks for passing examination:

A student shall not be declared to have passed examination unless he or she secures at least 50% marks in each of the subjects separately in the theory examinations, including sessional marks and at least 50% marks in each of the practical examinations including sessional marks. The students securing 60% marks or above in aggregate in all subjects in a single attempt at the Pharm.D or as the case may be, Pharm. D. (Post Baccalaureate) course examination shall be declared to have passed in first class. Students securing 75% marks or above in any subject or subjects shall be declared to have passed with distinction in the subject or those subjects provided he or she passes in all the subjects in a single attempt.

Question paper pattern for Theory Sessional examinations

For 30 marks paper

I. Long Answers (Answer 1 out of 2) =
$$1 \times 15 = 15$$

II. Short Answers (Answer 3 out of 4) = $3 \times 5 = 15$
Total = 30 marks

Question paper pattern for Practical Sessional examinations

For 30 marks paper

Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional plus 10 marks for regularity, promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance).

Question paper pattern for Theory Examinations

For 70 marks paper

I. Long Essay (Answer 2 out of 3) =
$$2 \times 15 = 30$$

II. Short Essay (Answer 6 out of 8) = $6 \times 5 = 30$
III. Short Answers (Answer 5 out of 7) = $5 \times 2 = 10$
Total = 70 marks

Question paper pattern for Practical Examinations

For 70 marks paper

I. Synopsis = 15

II. Experiments = 40 (25+15)

IV.Viva voce = 15

Total = **70 marks**

10tal – 701

17. Grading of performances

17.1. Letter grades and grade points allocations:

Based on the performances, each student shall be awarded a final letter grade at the end of the semester for each course. The letter grades and their corresponding grade points are given in Table - XII.

Table XII: LETTER GRADES AND GRADE POINTS EQUIVALENT TO PERCENTAGE

OF MARKS AND PERFORMANCES

Letter Grade	Marks Range	Grade Point	Description
0	91 – 100	10	OUTSTANDING
A+	81 – 90	9	EXCELLENT
A	71-80	8	VERY GOOD
B+	66-70	7	GOOD
В	61-65	6	ABOVE AVERAGE
С	55-60	5	AVERAGE
D	50-54	4	PASS
RA	<50	0	REAPPEARANCE
AB		0	ABSENT

A learner who remains absent for any end semester examination shall be assigned a letter Grade of AB and a corresponding grade point of zero. He/she should reappear for the said evaluation/examination in due course.

18. Grade Sheet

After results are declared, Grade sheet will be issued to each student which will contain the following details:

- i. The list of courses enrolled during the year and the grade scored,
- ii. The Grade Point Average(GPA) for the year and

iii. The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) of all courses enrolled from first

years onwards.

iv. The Cumulative Grade point Average (GPA) of all course enrolled from first year

onwards.

GPA is ratio of the sum of the products of the number of credits © of courses enrolled and the

Grade Points(GP) corresponding to the grades scored in those courses, taken for all the courses

to the sum of the number of credits of all the courses in the year.

 $GPA = Sum of [C \times GP]$

Sum of C

CGPA will be calculated in a similar manner, considering all the courses enrolled from First

year. RA grade and value added course will be excluded for calculating GPA and CGPA.

19. Revaluation

Revaluation and Re-totaling is allowed on representation. A candidate can apply for revaluation

of his/her semester Examination answer paper in a theory course, within 2 weeks from the

declaration of results, on payment of a prescribed fee through proper application to the

Controller of Examinations through the Head of the Department and Dean. A candidate can

apply for revaluation of answer scripts for not exceeding 4 subjects at a time. The Controller of

Examinations will arrange for the revaluation and the results will be intimated to the candidate

through the Head of the Department and Dean. Revaluation is not permitted for Supplementary

Examinations, Practical Examinations, Technical Seminars, In-plant Training and Project Work.

20. Declaration of class

The class shall be awarded on the basis of CGPA as follows:

First Class with Distinction = 8 and above

First Class = 6.50 to 7.99

Second Class = 5.00 to 6.49

21. Eligibility for promotion to next year:

All students who have appeared for all the subjects and passed the first year annual examination are eligible for promotion to the second year and, so on. However, failure in more than two subjects shall debar him or her from promotion to the next year classes as per 2008.

Amendment: Ref. No. 14-194/2011-PCI dated 18/04/2012

- A) There is a provision for supplementary examination under regulation 10 of the Pharm.D. Regulations, 2008.
- B) Regulation 15 and 10 of the Pharm.D. Regulations, 2008 are interwoven and are to be read together.
- C) Hence the failed students of annual examination are eligible to appear for supplementary examination under regulation 10 of the Pharm.D. Regulations, 2008 and if the failed students of annual examination pass in the supplementary examination they are eligible for promotion to next higher class without losing additional six months. However, failure in more than 2 subjects in the supplementary examination shall debar the students from promotion to the next year classes.
- C1]. Candidates of I Pharm.D are permitted to carry not more than any two subjects (Two Theory/ Two Practicals/ One theory & one practical of same or different subjects) to II Pharm.D and appear for II Pharm.D examination concurrently along with failed subjects of I Pharm.D. However, these candidates have to pass all the failed subjects of I Pharm.D to become eligible to III Pharm.D.
- C2]. Similarly, candidates of II Pharm.D who have completely passed all the subjects of I Pharm.D but have failed in II Pharm.D are permitted to carry not more than any two subjects (Two Theory/ Two Practicals/ One theory & one practical of same or different subjects) of II Pharm.D to III Pharm.D and appear for III Pharm.D concurrently along with failed subjects of II Pharm.D. However, these candidates have to pass all the failed subjects of II Pharm.D to become eligible to proceed to IV Pharm.D.
- C3]. Candidates of III Pharm.D who have completely passed all the subjects of II Pharm.D but have failed in III Pharm.D are permitted to carry not more than any two subjects (Two Theory/ Two Practicals/ One theory & one practical of same or different subjects) of III Pharm.D to IV Pharm.D and appear for IV Pharm.D examination concurrently along with failed subjects of III Pharm.D. However, these candidates have to pass all the failed subjects of III Pharm.D to become eligible to proceed to V Pharm.D.
- C4]. Candidates of IV Pharm.D who have completely passed all the subjects of III Pharm.D but have failed in IV Pharm.D are permitted to carry not more than any two subjects (Two Theory/ Two Practicals/ One theory & one practical of same or different subjects) of IV Pharm.D to V Pharm.D and appear for V Pharm.D examination concurrently along with

failed subjects of IV Pharm.D. However, these candidates have to pass all the failed subjects of IV and V Pharm. D to become eligible to proceed to VI Pharm. D., to undergo internship.

22. Internship:

- (1) Internship is a phase of training wherein a student is expected to conduct actual practice of pharmacy and health care and acquires skills under the supervision so that he or she may become capable of functioning independently.
- (2) Every student has to undergo one year internship as per Appendix-C to these regulations.

23. Approval of examinations:

Examinations mentioned in regulations 10 to 12 and 14 shall be held by the examining authority hereinafter referred to as the university, which shall be approved by the Pharmacy Council of India under sub-section (2) of section 12 of the Pharmacy Act, 1948. Such approval shall be granted only if the examining authority concerned fulfills the conditions as specified in Appendix–D to these regulations.

24. Certificate of passing examination:

Every student who has passed the examinations for the Pharm.D (Doctor of Pharmacy) or Pharm.D (Post Baccalaureate) (Doctor of Pharmacy) as the case may be, shall be granted a certificate by the examining authority.

CHAPTER-III

PRACTICAL TRAINING

25. Hospital posting:

Every student shall be posted in constituent hospital for a period of not less than fifty hours to be covered in not less than 200 working days in each of second, third & fourth year course. Each student shall submit report duly certified by the preceptor and duly attested by the Head of the Department or Institution as prescribed. In the fifth year, every student shall spend half a day in the morning hours attending ward rounds on daily basis as a part of clerkship. Theory teaching may be scheduled in the afternoon.

26. Project work:

- (1) To allow the student to develop data collection and reporting skills in the area of community, hospital and clinical pharmacy, a project work shall be carried out under the supervision of a teacher. The project topic must be approved by the Head of the Department or Head of the Institution. The same shall be announced to students within one month of commencement of the fifth year classes. Project work shall be presented in a written report and as a seminar at the end of the year. External and the internal examiners shall do the assessment of the project work.
- (2) Project work shall comprise of objectives of the work, methodology, results, discussions and conclusions.

27. Objectives of project work:

The main objectives of the project work is to —

- (i) show the evidence of having made accurate description of published work of others and of having recorded the findings in an impartial manner; and
- (ii) develop the students in data collection, analysis and reporting and interpretation skills.

28. Methodology:

To complete the project work following methodology shall be adopted, namely,

(i) students shall work in groups of not less than *two* and not more than *four* under an authorised teacher;

- (ii) project topic shall be approved by the Head of the Department or Head of the Institution;
- (iii) project work chosen shall be related to the pharmacy practice in community, hospital and clinical setup. It shall be patient and treatment (Medicine) oriented, like drug utilisation reviews, pharmacoepidemiology, Pharmacovigilance or Pharmacoeconomics:
- (iv) project work shall be approved by the institutional ethics committee;
- (v) student shall present at least three seminars, one in the beginning, one at middle and one at the end of the project work; and
- (vi) two-page write-up of the project indicating title, objectives,
 Methodology anticipated benefits and references shall be submitted to the Head of the Department or Head of the Institution.

29. Reporting:

- (1) Student working on the project shall submit jointly to the Head of the Department or Head of the Institution a project report of about 40-50 pages. Project report should include a certificate issued by the authorised teacher, Head of the Department as well as by the Head of the Institution.
- (2) Project report shall be computer typed in double space using Times Roman font on A4 paper. The title shall be in bold with font size 18, sub-tiles in bold with font size 14 and the text with font size 12. The cover page of the project report shall contain details about the name of the student and the name of the authorized teacher with font size 14.
- (3) Submission of the project report shall be done at least one month prior to the commencement of annual or supplementary examination.

30. Evaluation:

The following methodology shall be adopted for evaluating the project work.

- (i) Project work shall be evaluated by internal and external examiners.
- (ii) Students shall be evaluated in groups for four hours (i.e., about half an hour for a group of four students).

(iii) Three seminars presented by students shall be evaluated for twenty marks each and the average of best two shall be forwarded to the university with marks of other subjects.

(iv) Evaluation shall be done on the following items:		Marks
a) Write up of the seminar		(7.5)
b) Presentation of work		(7.5)
c) Communication skills		(7.5)
d) Question and answer skills		(7.5)
Т	Cotal	(30 marks)
(v) Final evaluation of project work shall be done on the	following iter	ns: Marks
a) Write up of the seminar		(17.5)

c) Communication skills (17.5) d) Question and answer skills (17.5)

Total (70 marks)

(17.5)

Explanation:

b) Presentation of work

For the purposes of differentiation in the evaluation in case of topic being the same for the group of students, the same shall be done based on item numbers b, c and d mentioned above.

31. a. Online Course

Students shall study at least one online course from SWAYAM/ NPTEL/ MOOC in any one of the first five years for which examination shall be conducted at the end of the course by the respective organizations. The student can register to the courses which are approved by the Department. The student shall produce a pass certificate from the respective organizations before the end of the fifth year. The credit(s) earned by the students will be considered as additional credit(s) over and above the required credits earned from programme concerned.

31. b. Online Course Co-ordinator

To help students in planning their online courses and for general advice on online courses, the HOD shall nominate a co-ordinator for the online courses. The Online course co-ordinator shall identify the courses which students can select for their programme from the available online courses offered by the different agencies periodically and inform the same to the students. Further, the co-ordinator shall advice the students regarding the online courses and monitors their course.

32. Award of Ranks

Ranks and Medals shall be awarded on the basis of final CGPA. However, candidates who fail in one or more courses during the Pharm.D program shall not be eligible for award of ranks. Moreover, and the candidates should have completed the Pharm.D program in minimum prescribed number of years, (six years) for the award of Ranks.

33. Award of degree

Candidates who fulfill the requirements mentioned above shall be eligible for award of degree during the ensuing convocation.

34. Duration for completion of the program of study

The duration for the completion of the program shall be fixed as double the actual duration of the program and the students have to pass within the said period, otherwise they have to get fresh registration.

35. Re-admission after break of study

Candidate who seeks re-admission to the program after break of study has to get the approval from the university by paying a condonation fee.

No condonation is allowed for the candidate who has more than 2 years of breakup period and he/she has to rejoin the program by paying the required fees.

FACULTY OF PHARMACY PHARM.D PROGRAMME

(2023-2024 Batch and onwards)

Course code	Name of the course	an	ectives d out omes		nstruc ours / v		Credit(s)	Max	kimum i	Marks	Page no
		PEOs	POs	L	Т	P	Cre	CIA	ESE	Total	1
YEAR - I								30	70	100	
23PD101T	Human Anatomy and	2	k	3	1		4	30	70	100	1-4
23FD1011	Physiology Theory	2	K	3	1	-	4	30	70	100	1-4
23PD102T	Pharmaceutics Theory	3	a	2	1	-	3	30	70	100	7-8
23PD103T	Medicinal Biochemistry Theory	2	a,k	3	1	-	4	30	70	100	11-13
23PD104T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry Theory	3	a	3	1	-	4	30	70	100	16-19
23PD105T	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry Theory	2	a	2	1	-	3	30	70	100	23-23
23PD106RMT / 23PD106RBT	Remedial Mathematics**/ Remedial Biology**Theory	6	c/a	3	1	-	4	30	70	100	26-27 28-29
23PD107P	Human Anatomy and Physiology Practical	2	b	-	-	3	2	30	70	100	5-6
23PD108P	Pharmaceutics Practical	3	a,b	-	-	3	2	30	70	100	9-10
23PD109P	Medicinal Biochemistry Practical	2	b,k	-	-	3	2	30	70	100	14-15
23PD110P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry Practical	2	b	-	-	3	2	30	70	100	20-21
23PD111P	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry Practical	2	b	-	-	3	2	30	70	100	24-25
23PD112RBP	Remedial Biology Practical**	2	b	-	-	3*	2*	30	70	100	30-31
	Total			16	6	15/ 18*	32/ 34*	360	840	1200	
** For R YEAR - II	able for Remedial Biology Prac Remedial Mathematics / Remedia	l Biolo	gy (Nor		ersity	y Exam	n)				
23PD201T	Pathophysiology Theory	6	b,f,i	3	1	-	4	30	70	100	32-35
23PD202T	Pharmaceutical Microbiology Theory	3	k	3	1	-	4	30	70	100	36-38
23PD203T	Pharmacognosy & Phytopharmaceuticals Theory	2	a	3	1	-	4	30	70	100	41-42
23PD204T	Pharmacology-I Theory	3	a.d.k	3	1	-	4	30	70	100	45-48
23PD205T	Community Pharmacy Theory	1,4	a,f,i	2	1	-	3	30	70	100	49-51
23PD206T	Pharmacotherapeutics-I Theory	3	a,f,k	3	1	-	4	30	70	100	52-54
23PD207P	Pharmaceutical Microbiology Practical	3	a,b	-	-	3	2	30	70	100	39-40

	Total		0,0,5	17	6	9	29	270	630	900	22 30
23PD209P	Pharmacotherapeutics-I Practical	3	b,c,g	_	-	3	2.	30	70	100	55-56
23PD208P	Pharmacognosy & Phytopharmaceuticals Practical	2	a.b	-	-	3	2	30	70	100	43-44

		and	ectives d out mes		stru houi wee	rs/		(S)	Maxii	mum I	Marks	Page no
Course code	Name of the course	PEOs	POs	L	Т		P	Credit(s)	CIA	ESE	Total	
									30	70	100	
YEAR - III											_	
23PD301T	Pharmacology-II Theory	3	a,d,k	3	1	-		4	30	70	100	57-60
23PD302T	Pharmaceutical Analysis Theory	2	c	3	1	-		4	30	70	100	63-66
23PD303T	Pharmacotherapeutics-II Theory	3	a,f,k	3	1	-		4	30	70	100	69-70
23PD304T	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence Theory	5	a,e,g	2	-	-		2	30	70	100	73-75
23PD305T	Medicinal Chemistry Theory	2	a.k	3	1	-	4	4	30	70	100	76-78
23PD306T	Pharmaceutical Formulations Theory	4	a,c,k	2	1	-		3	30	70	100	81-82
23PD307P	Pharmacology-II Practical	3	a,d,k			3	3	2	30	70	100	61-62
23PD308P	Pharmaceutical Analysis Practical	2	c	-	-	3	3	2	30	70	100	67-68
23PD309P	Pharmacotherapeutics-II Practical	3	a,f,k	-	-	3	3	2	30	70	100	71-72
23PD310P	Medicinal Chemistry Practical	2	a,b	-	-	3	3 :	2	30	70	100	79-80
23PD311P	Pharmaceutical Formulations Practical	4	a,c	,с		3	3	2	30	70	100	83-84
	Total			16	6	1	15	31	330	770	1100	
YEAR - IV												
23PD401T	Pharmacotherapeutics-III Theory	3	a,f,k	3		1	-	4	30	70	100	85-86
23PD402T	Hospital Pharmacy Theory	1,6	a,f,g,i,	_		1	-	3	30	70	100	89-91
23PD403T	Clinical Pharmacy Theory	1,6	a,f,g,i, k	3		1	-	4	30	70	100	94-96
23PD404T	Biostatistics & Research Methodology Theory	2	b,c,d,k	2	,	1	-	3	30	70	100	99-101
23PD405T	Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics Theory	5	a,c,k	3	}	1	-	4	30	70	100	102-104
23PD406T	Clinical Toxicology Theory	3	a,g,k,i	2	,	1		3	30	70	100	107-109
23PD407P	Pharmacotherapeutics-III Practical	3	a,f,k	-		-	3	2	30	70	100	87-88
23PD408P	Hospital Pharmacy Practical	1,6	a,f,g,i, k			-	3	2	30	70	100	92-93
23PD409P	Clinical Pharmacy Practical	6	a,f,g,i, k	, -		-	3	2	30	70	100	97-98
23PD410P	Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics Practical	3,5	a,c,k	-		-	3	2	30	70	100	105-106
	Total			1	6	5	12	29	300	700	1000	

Course code	Name of the course	•	Objectives and out comes			tion /	Credit(s)	Maxim	Page no		
course coue		PEOs	POs	L	Т	P	Cre	CIA	ESE	Tot al	
								30	7 0	100	
YEAR V											
23PD501T	Clinical Research Theory	1,4,6	a,f,i,g,k	3	1	-	4	30	7 0	100	110-112
23PD502T	Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics Theory	3,6	a,d,j	3	1	-	4	30	7 0	100	113-115
23PD503T	Clinical Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacotherapeutic Drug Monitoring Theory	3,5	a,c,k	2	1	-	3	30	7 0	100	116-118
23PD504S	Clerkship *	1,3,5,6	c,e,f,g,h ,i,k	1	1	,	1	30	7 0	100	119
23PD505P	Project work (Six Months)	1,3,5,6	a,b,c,d,e, f,g,h,i,j,k	-	1	20	10	-	100*	100	120
	Total			8	3	21	23	120	380	500	

70 marks – Thesis work

YEAR VI

Internship or residency training including postings in speciality units. Student should independently provide the clinical pharmacy services to the allotted wards.

- (i) Six months in General Medicine department, and
- (ii) Two months each in three other speciality departments.

^{*}Attending ward rounds on daily basis

^{** 30} marks – Viva- Voice (oral)

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (PO's)

- a. Pharmacy Knowledge: Possess knowledge and comprehension of the core and basic knowledge associated with the profession of pharmacy, including biomedical sciences; pharmaceutical sciences; behavioral, social, and administrative pharmacy sciences; and practice of pharmacy.
- b. **Planning Abilities:** Demonstrate effective planning abilities including time management, resource management, delegation skills and organizational skills. Develop and implement plans and organize work to meet deadlines.
- c. Problem analysis: Utilize the principles of scientific enquiry, thinking analytically, clearly and critically, while solving problems and making decisions during daily practice. Find, analyze, evaluate and apply information systematically and shall make defensible decisions.
- d. **Modern tool usage:** Learn, select, and apply appropriate methods and procedures, resources, and modern pharmacy-related computing tools with an understanding of the limitations.
- e. **Leadership skills:** Understand and consider the human reaction to change, motivation issues, leadership and team-building when planning changes required for fulfillment of practice, professional and societal responsibilities. Assume participatory roles as responsible citizens or leadership roles when appropriate to facilitate improvement in health and wellbeing.
- f. **Professional Identity:** Understand, analyze and communicate the value of their professional roles in society (e.g. health care professionals, promoters of health, educators, managers, employers, employees).
- g. **Pharmaceutical Ethics:** Honour personal values and apply ethical principles in professional and social contexts. Demonstrate behavior that recognizes cultural and personal variability in values, communication and lifestyles. Use ethical frameworks; apply ethical principles while making decisions and take responsibility for the outcomes associated with the decisions.
- h. **Communication:** Communicate effectively with the pharmacy community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports, make effective presentations and documentation, and give and receive clear instructions.
- i. **The Pharmacist and society:** Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety and legal issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional pharmacy practice.

- j. **Environment and sustainability:** Understand the impact of the professional pharmacy solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- k. **Life-long learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. Self assess and use feedback effectively from others to identify learning needs and to satisfy these needs on an ongoing basis.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

PSO I: Understand different classes of drugs, their mechanism of action, dynamics, kinetics, structure activity relationships, pathophysiology and pharmacotherapeutics of various diseases, ability to synthesize, develop and/or evaluate various pharmaceuticals and their formulations and cosmeceuticals products.

PSO m:Develop skills in qualitative and quantitative analysis of various pharmaceuticals. Acquire technical knowledge and hands on training on equipments, instruments and software used in the field of pharmaceutical sciences.

PSO n: To inculcate the practice of pharmacy and train pharmacists to play an important role in patient care, health and wellness and population-based care as members of the health care team

PSO o: To exhibit behaviors and values that are consistent with the trust given to the profession, professionalism in interactions with patients, professionalism in interactions with other healthcare providers, professionalism in interactions with society

PSO p: To strengthen the professional and ethical attitude, effective communication skills, teamwork skills, multidisciplinary approach, and an ability to relate pharmaceutical sciences issues to broader social context.

PSO q: To stream a lifelong career of personal and practicing professional growth with ethical codes and self-esteem.

PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

PEO 1: Synthesize population-based drug information to address patient medication adherence, prescribing patterns, and treatment protocol adherence to document issues, alert prescribers, design interventions, and assess intervention effectiveness.

- **PEO 2:** To provide students with a strong and well defined concepts in the various fields of pharmaceutical sciences viz., pharmaceutics, pharmaceutical chemistry, pharmacology and pharmacognosy according to the requirement of pharmaceutical industries, community and hospital pharmacy and also to develop a sense of teamwork and awareness amongst students towards the importance of interdisciplinary approach for developing competence in solving complex problems in the area of Pharmaceutical Sciences.
- **PEO 3:** Identify physicochemical properties of drug substances that affect solubility, pharmacodynamic and pharmacokinetic properties, pharmacologic actions, and stability when designing patient-specific care plans.
- **PEO 4:** Formulate and implement a care plan in cooperation with patients and other healthcare providers based on established, evidence-based standards of practice; provide medication therapy management services for patients with acute & chronic health problems.
- **PEO 5:** Integrate knowledge of chemical, physical, and biopharmaceutical principles to prepare safe and effective prescriptions (sterile and non-sterile) in conformity with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations.
- **PEO 6:** Provide health care information regarding nutrition, lifestyle, and other non-drug measures that promote health or prevent the progression of a disease or medical condition. Demonstrate a comprehensive approach to practice and care, includes problem solving, educator, patient advocacy, interprofessional collaboration, cultural sensitivity, communication.

MAPPING

PO	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	PSO 1	PSO m	PSO n	PSO o	PSO p	PSO q
PEO 1	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X	X
PEO 2	X		X				X				X	X	X			X	X
PEO 3	X	X	X			X			X		X	X	X				
PEO 4	X	X	X			X	X	X		X	X			X	X	X	X
PEO 5	X						X	X	X	X	X		X		X		
PEO 6	X		X			X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X

SYALLABUS

23PD101T FIRST YEAR

HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY THEORY 4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs / Week

Course Objectives:

- This course is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of the human body.
- It also helps in understanding both homeostasis mechanisms and homeostatic imbalances of various body systems.
- Since medicament, which is produced by pharmacist, is used to correct the deviations in human body
- It enhances the understanding of how the drugs act on the various body systems in correcting the disease state of the organs.
- To appreciate coordinated working pattern of different organs of each system; and
- To understand the interlinked mechanisms in the maintenance of normal functioning (homeostasis) of human body.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Describe the structure (gross and histology) and	Knowledge
	functions of various organs of thehuman body	
CO2	Describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and	Knowledge
	their imbalances of varioussystems	
CO3	Discuss the various tissues and organs of the different systems in	Understand
	the human body	
	·	
CO4	Perform the hematological tests and also record blood pressure,	Apply
	heart rate, pulse andrespiratory volumes	
CO5	Illustrate the coordinated working pattern of different organs of	Apply
	each system	
GO		A 1
CO6	Illustrate the interlinked mechanisms in the maintenance of	Apply
	normalfunctioning (homeostasis) of human body.	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S											
CO2	S	M										
CO3	S			M								
CO4			S	M								
CO5				S	M							
CO6										S		

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course Content:

UNIT I

• Scope of anatomy and physiology, basic terminologies used in this subject (Description of the body as such planes and terminologies)

- Structure of cell its components and their functions.
- Elementary tissues of the human body: epithelial, connective, Muscular and nervous tissues-their sub-types and characteristics

UNIT II

Osseous system - structure, composition and functions of the skeleton
 Classification of joints, Types of movements of joints and disorders of joints
 (Definitions only)

UNIT III

Haemopoetic System

- Composition and functions of blood
- Haemopoesis and disorders of blood components (definition of disorder)
- Blood groups
- Clotting factors and mechanism
- Platelets and disorders of coagulation

Lymph

- Lymph and lymphatic system, composition, formation and circulation.
- Spleen: structure and functions, Disorders
- Disorders of lymphatic system (definition only)

UNIT IV

Respiratory system

- Anatomy of respiratory organs and functions
- Mechanism / physiology of respiration and regulation of respiration
- Transport of respiratory gases
- Respiratory volumes and capacities, and Definition of: Hypoxia, Asphyxia, Dybarism, Oxygen therapy and resuscitation.

UNIT V

Digestive system

• Anatomy and physiology of GIT

- Anatomy and functions of accessory glands of GIT
- Digestion and absorption
- Disorders of GIT (definitions only)

UNIT VI

Nervous system

- Definition and classification of nervous system
- Anatomy, physiology and functional areas of cerebrum
- Anatomy and physiology of cerebellum
- Anatomy and physiology of mid brain
- Thalamus, hypothalamus and Basal Ganglia
- Spinal cord: Structure & reflexes mono-poly-planter
- Cranial nerves names and functions
- ANS Anatomy & functions of sympathetic & parasympathetic N.S.

UNIT VII

Urinary system

- Anatomy and physiology of urinary system
- Formation of urine
- Renin Angiotensin system Juxtaglomerular apparatus acid base Balance
- Clearance tests and micturition

Endocrine system

- Pituitary gland
- Adrenal gland
- Thyroid and Parathyroid glands
- Pancreas and gonads

UNIT VIII

Reproductive system

- Male and female reproductive system
- Their hormones Physiology of menstruation
- Spermatogenesis & Oogenesis
- Sex determination (genetic basis)
- Pregnancy and maintenance and parturition
- Contraceptive devices

UNIT IX

Sense organs

- Eye
- Ear
- Skin
- Tongue & Nose

Skeletal muscles

- Histology
- Physiology of Muscle contraction
- Physiological properties of skeletal muscle and their disorders (definitions)

UNIT X

Sports physiology

- Muscles in exercise, Effect of athletic training on muscles and muscle performance,
- Respiration in exercise, CVS in exercise, Body heat in exercise, Body fluids and salts in exercise,
- Drugs and athletics

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Tortora Gerard J. and Nicholas P. Principles of Anatomy and Physiology Publisher Harpercollins College New York.
- 2. Wilson, K.J.W. Ross and Wilson's foundations of Anatomy and Physiology Publisher: Churchill Livingstone, Edinburg.

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

- 1. Guyton Arthur, C. Physiology of human body. Publisher: Holtsaunders.
- 2. Chatterjee C C. Human physiology. Volume 1&11. Publisher: Medical Allied Agency, Calcutta.
- 3. Peter L. Williams, Roger Warwick, Mary Dyson and Lawrence, H.
- 4. Gray's Anatomy. Publisher: Churchill Livingstone, London.

23PD102T

PHARMACEUTICS THEORY

FIRST YEAR

3H

3C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 2 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 3 Hrs/Week

Course Objectives:

• This course is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the preparatory pharmacy with arts and science of preparing the different conventional dosage forms.

- Students can Understand the history of profession of pharmacy
- To know the basics of different dosage forms.
- To Understand the professional way of handling the prescription
- Students will know how to Prepare various conventional dosage forms
- Students will develop a clear idea about Pharmaceutical incompatibility and different pharmaceutical calculations in pharmacy.

Course Outcomes (CO's): On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand the history of profession of pharmacy	Understand
CO2	Understand the basics of different dosage forms.	Understand
CO3	Understand the professional way of handling the prescription	Understand
CO4	Prepare various conventional dosage forms	Analyze
CO5	Develop a clear idea about Pharmaceutical incompatibility	Apply
	and different pharmaceutical calculations in pharmacy.	
CO6	Predict the instability problems in semi sold dosage forms	Apply

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1		S					M				
CO2		S					M		M	\mathbf{L}	M
CO3	S		S	S	M	M	M	S	M		M
CO4		M	M	M	M	M	M		M	M	S
CO5			M	S			S		M		M
CO6			M	M	M						

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course Content:

UNIT I

- Introduction to dosage forms classification and definitions
- Prescription: definition, parts and handling

UNIT II

Posology: Definition, Factors affecting dose selection. Calculation of children and infant doses.

UNIT III

Historical back ground and development of profession of pharmacy and pharmaceutical industry in brief.

UNIT IV

- Development of Indian Pharmacopoeia and introduction to other Pharmacopoeias such as BP, USP, European Pharmacopoeia, Extra pharmacopoeia and Indian national formulary.
- Weights and measures, Calculations involving percentage solutions, allegation, proof spirit, isotonic solutions etc.

UNIT V

Powders and Granules: Classification advantages and disadvantages, Preparation of simple, compound powders, Insufflations, Dusting powders, Eutectic and Explosive powders, Tooth powder and effervescent powders and granules.

UNIT VI

Monophasic Dosage forms: Theoretical aspects of formulation including adjuvant like stabilizers, colorants, flavors with examples. Study of Monophonic liquids like gargles, mouth washes, Throat paint, Ear drops, Nasal drops, Liniments and lotions, Enemas and collodions.

UNIT VII

Biphasic dosage forms: Suspensions and emulsions, Definition, advantages and disadvantages, classification, test for the type of emulsion, formulation, stability and evaluation.

UNIT VIII

- Suppositories and pessaries: Definition, advantages and disadvantages, types of base, method of preparation, Displacement value and evaluation.
- Galenicals: Definition, equipment for different extraction processes like infusion, Decoction, Maceration and Percolation, methods of preparation of spirits, tinctures and extracts.

UNIT IX

- Pharmaceutical calculations.
- Surgical aids: Surgical dressings, absorbable gelatin sponge, sutures, ligatures and medicated bandages.

UNIT X

Incompatibilities: Introduction, classification and methods to overcome the incompatibilities.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Cooper and Gunn's Dispensing for pharmacy students.
- 2. A text book Professional Pharmacy by N.K.Jain and S.N.Sharma.

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

1. Introduction to Pharmaceutical dosage forms by Howard C. Ansel.

- 2. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.Register of General Pharmacy by Cooper and Gunn.
- 3. General Pharmacy by M.L.Schroff.

23PD103T

FIRST YEAR

MEDICINAL BIOCHEMISTRY THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs. /Week

Course Objectives:

• Medicinal biochemistry deals with complete understanding of the molecular level of the Chemical process associated with living cells.

- Clinical chemistry deals with the study of chemical aspects of human life in health and illness and the application of chemical laboratory methods to diagnosis, control of treatment, and prevention of diseases.
- To understand the catalytic activity of enzymes and importance of isoenzymes in diagnosis of diseases;
- To know the metabolic process of biomolecules in health and illness (metabolic disorders);
- To understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome; protein synthesis; replication; mutation and repair mechanism;
- To know the biochemical principles of organ function tests of kidney, liver and endocrine gland

Course Outcomes

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand the catalytic activity of enzymes and importance of	Understand
	isoenzymes in diagnosis of diseases;	
CO2	Know the metabolic process of biomolecules in health and illness	Apply
	(metabolic disorders);	
CO3	Understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome;	Understand
	protein synthesis; replication; mutation and repair mechanism;	
CO4	Know the biochemical principles of organ function tests of kidney,	Apply
	liver and endocrine gland.	
CO5	Perform the qualitative analysis and quantitative analysis of body	Apply
	fluids.	
CO6	To understand the basic concepts of biological oxidation.	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	M										M	
CO2	M										M	
CO3	S										S	
CO4	M										M	
CO5	S										S	
CO6	S										M	

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course content:

UNIT I

• Introduction to biochemistry: Cell and its biochemical organization, transport process across the cell membranes. Energy rich compounds; ATP, Cyclic AMP and their biological significance.

• **Enzymes**: Definition; Nomenclature; IUB classification; Factor affecting enzyme activity; Enzyme action; enzyme inhibition. Isoenzymes and their therapeutic and diagnostic applications; Coenzymes and their biochemical role and deficiency diseases.

UNIT II

- Carbohydrate metabolism: Glycolysis, Citric acid cycle (TCA cycle), HMP shunt, Glycogenolysis, gluconeogenesis, glycogenesis. Metabolic disorders of carbohydrate metabolism (diabetes mellitus and glycogen storage diseases); Glucose, Galactose tolerance test and their significance; hormonal regulation of carbohydrate metabolism.
- **Lipid metabolism:** Oxidation of saturated (β-oxidation); Ketogenesis and ketolysis; biosynthesis of fatty acids, lipids; metabolism of cholesterol; Hormonal regulation of lipid metabolism. Defective metabolism of lipids (Atheroslerosis, fatty liver, hypercholesterolmiea).

UNIT III

Biological oxidation: Coenzyme system involved in Biological oxidation. Electron transport chain (its mechanism in energy capture; regulation and inhibition); Uncouplers of ETC; Oxidative phosphorylation;

UNIT IV

Protein and amino acid metabolism: protein turn over; nitrogen balance;

Catabolism of Amino acids (Transamination, deamination & decarboxylation). Urea cycle and its metabolic disorders; production of bile pigments; hyperbilirubinemia, porphoria, jaundice. Metabolic disorder of Amino acids.

UNIT V

Nucleic acid metabolism: Metabolism of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides; Protein synthesis; Genetic code; inhibition of protein synthesis; mutation and repair mechanism; DNA replication (semiconservative /onion peel models) and DNA repair mechanism.

UNIT VI

Introduction to clinical chemistry: Cell; composition; malfunction; Roll of the clinical chemistry laboratory.

UNIT VII

The kidney function tests: Role of kidney; Laboratory tests for normal function includes-

• Urine analysis (macroscopic and physical examination, quantitative and

semiquantitative tests.)

• Test for NPN constituents. (Creatinine /urea clearance, determination of blood and urine creatinine, urea and uric acid)

- Urine concentration test
- Urinary tract calculi. (stones)

UNIT VIII

Liver function tests: Physiological role of liver, metabolic, storage, excretory, protective, circulatory functions and function in blood coagulation.

- Test for hepatic dysfunction-Bile pigments metabolism.
- Test for hepatic function test- Serum bilirubin, urine bilirubin, and urine urobilinogen.
- Dye tests of excretory function.
- Tests based upon abnormalities of serum proteins.

UNIT IX

- **Lipid profile tests:** Lipoproteins, composition, functions. Determination of serum lipids, total cholesterol, HDL cholesterol, LDL cholesterol and triglycerides.
- Immunochemical techniques for determination of hormone levels and protein levels in serum for endocrine diseases and infectious diseases. Radio immuno assay (RIA) and Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay (ELISA)

UNIT X

Electrolytes: Body water, compartments, water balance, and electrolyte distribution. Determination of sodium, calcium potassium, chlorides, bicarbonates in the body fluids.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Harpers Review of Biochemistry Martin
- 2. Text book of Biochemistry D. Satyanarayana
- 3. Text book of Clinical Chemistry- Alex Kaplan & Laverve L.Szabo

- 1. Principles of Biochemistry -- Lehninger
- 2. Text book of Biochemistry -- Ramarao
- 3. Practical Biochemistry-David T.Plummer
- 4. Practical Biochemistry-Pattabhiraman

23PD104 T FIRST YEAR

PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY THEORY

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

4C

Theory: 4 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

This course is designed to impart a very good knowledge about

- IUPAC/Common system of nomenclature of simple organic compounds belonging to different classes of organic compounds;
- Some important physical properties of organic compounds;
- Free radical/ nucleophyllic [alkyl/ acyl/ aryl] /electrophyllic substitution, free radical/ nucleophyllic / electrophyllic addition, elimination, oxidation and reduction reactions with mechanism, orientation of the reaction, order of reactivity, stability of compounds;
- Some named organic reactions with mechanisms; and
- Methods of preparation, test for purity, principle involved in the assay
- To know important medicinal uses of some important organic compounds.

Course Outcomes

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Illustrate the classification of drugs.	Understand
CO2	Explain the mechanism of action of drugs.	Apply
CO3	Understand the chemistry of drugs with respect to their biological activity.	Understand
CO4	Know them etabolism, adverse effects and therapeutic value of drugs.	Understand
CO5	Discuss the importance of SAR of drugs.	Understand
CO6	Understand the importance of drug design and different techniques of	Understand
	drug design.	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	M										M	
CO2	M										M	
CO3	M										M	
CO4	M										M	
CO5	M										M	
CO6	M										M	

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course Content:

UNIT I

Structures and Physical properties:

- Polarity of bonds, polarity of molecules, M.P, Inter molecular forces, B.P,
- Solubility, non ionic solutes and ionic solutes, protic and aprotic Solvents, ion pairs,
- Acids and bases, Lowry bronsted and Lewis theories
- Isomerism.

Nomenclature of organic compound belonging to the following classes Alkanes, Alkenes, Dienes, Alkynes, Alcohols, Aldehydes, Ketones, Amides, Amines,

Phenols, Alkyl Halides, Carboxylic Acid, Esters, Acid Chlorides And cycloalkanes.

Free radicals chain reactions of alkane: Mechanism, relative reactivity and stability

UNIT II

- **Alicyclic compounds:** Preparations of cyclo alkanes, Bayer strain theory and orbital picture of angle strain.
- Nucleophilic aliphatic substitution mechanism: Nucleophiles and leaving groups, kinetics of second and first order reaction, mechanism and kinetics of SN₂ reactions. Stereochemistry and steric hindrance, role of solvents, phase transfer catalysis, mechanism and kinetics of SN₁ reactions, stereochemistry, carbocation and their stability, rearrangement of carbocation, role of solvents in SN₁ reaction, Ion dipole bonds, SN₂ versus SN₁ solvolyses, nucleophilic assistance by the solvents.

UNIT III

Dehydro halogenation of alkyl halides: 1,2 elimination, kinetics, E2 and E1 mechanism, elimination via carbocation, evidence for E2 mechanism, absence of rearrangement isotope effect, absence hydrogen exchange, the element effect, orientation and reactivity, E2 versus E1, elimination versus substitution,

dehydration of alcohol, ease of dehydration, acid catalysis, reversibility, orientation.

UNIT IV

Electrophillic and free radicals addition: Reactions at carbon-carbon, double bond, electrophile, hydrogenation, Heat of hydrogenation and stability of alkenes, Mark ownik off rule, addition of hydrogen halides, addition of hydrogen bromides, peroxide effect, electrophillic addition, mechanism, rearrangement, absence of hydrogen exchange, orientation and reactivity, addition of halogen, mechanism, Halohydin formation, mechanism of free radicals addition, Mechanism of peroxide initiated addition of hydrogen bromide, orientation of free addition, Additions of carbene to alkene, cyclo addition reactions.

UNIT V

• Carbon-carbon double bond as substituents: Free radical halogenations of alkenes, comparision of free radical substitution with free radical addition, free radical substitution in alkenes, orientation and reactivity, allylic rearrangements.

• Theory of resonance: Allyl radical as a resonance hybrid, stability, orbital picture, resonance stabilisation of allyl radicals, hyper conjugation, allyl cation as a resonance hybrid, nucleophyllic substitution in allylic substrate, SN1 reactivity, allylic rearrangement, resonance stabilisation of allyl cation, hyper conjugation, nucleophilic substitution in allylic substrate, SN2 nucleophilic substitution in vinylic substrate, vinylic cation, stability of conjugated dienes, resonance in alkenes, hyper conjugation, ease of formation of conjugated dienes, orientation of elimination, electrophilic addition to conjugated dienes, 1,4- addition, 1,2-versus 1,4-addition, rate versus equilibrium, orientation and reactivity of free radical addition to conjugated dienes.

UNIT VI

Electrophilic aromatic substitution: Effect of substituent groups, determination of orientation, determination of relative reactivity, classification of substituent group, mechanism of nitration, sulphonation, halogenation, friedel craft alkylation, friedel craft acylation, reactivity and orientation, activating and deactivating O,P,M directing groups, electron release via resonance, effect of halogen on electrophilic aromatic substitution in alkyl benzene, side chain halogination of alkyl benzene, resonance stabilization of benzyl radical.

UNIT VII

Nucleophilic addition reaction: Mechanism, ionisation of carboxylic acids, acidity constants, acidity of acids, structure of carboxylate ions, effect of substituent on acidity, nucleophilic acyl substitution reaction, conversion of acid to acid chloride, esters, amide and anhydride. Role of caboxyl group, comparison of alkyl nucleophilic substitution with acyl nucleophilic substitution. Mechanism of aldol condensation, claisen condensation, cannizzaro reaction, crossed aldol condensation, crossed cannizzaro reaction, benzoin condensation, perkin condensation. Knoevenagel, Reformatsky reaction, Wittig reaction, Michael addition.

UNIT VIII

• **Hoffman rearrangement:** Migration to electron deficient nitrogen, Sandmeyer's reaction, basicity of amines, diazotisation and coupling, acidity of phenols, Williamson synthesis, Fries rearrangement, Kolbe reaction, Reimer tieman's reactions.

UNIT IX

• Nucleophilic aromatic substitution: Bimolecular displacement mechanisms, orientation,

comparison of aliphatic nucleophilic substitution with that of aromatic.

• Oxidation reduction reaction.

UNIT X

• Study of the following official compounds- preparation, test for purity, assay and medicinal uses of Chlorbutol, Dimercaprol, Glyceryl trinitrate, Urea, Ethylene diamine dihyrate, Vanillin, Paraldehyde, Ethylene chloride, Lactic acid, Tartaric acid, citric acid, salicylic acid, aspirin, methyl salicylate, ethyl benzoate, benzyl benzoate, dimethyl pthalate, sodium lauryl sulphate, saccharin sodium, mephensin.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. T.R.Morrison and R. Boyd Organic chemistry
- 2. Bentley and Driver-Text book of Pharmaceutical chemistry
- 3. I.L.Finar- Organic chemistry, the fundamentals of chemistry

- 1. Organic chemistry J.M.Cram and D.J.Cram
- 2. Organic chemistry- Brown
- 3. Advanced organic chemistry- Jerry March, Wiley
- 4. Organic chemistry- Cram and Hammered, Pine Hendrickson

23PD105T FIRST YEAR

PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY THEORY 3H 3C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 2 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 3 Hrs. /Week

Course Objectives:

- This course mainly deals with fundamentals of Analytical chemistry and also the study of inorganic pharmaceuticals regarding their monographs and also the course deals with basic knowledge of analysis of various pharmaceuticals.
- This course deals with the fundamentals of analytical chemistry and principles of electrochemical analysis of drugs
- To Understand the basic concepts and Pharmacopoeial standards of pharmaceuticalanalysis
- To Identify the errors in analysis
- To Understand the principles of volumetric analysis
- To Understand the principles of electrochemical analysis

Course Outcome (CO's):

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand the principles and procedures of analysis of	Understand
	drugs and also regarding the application of inorganic	
	pharmaceuticals	
CO2	Know the analysis of the inorganic pharmaceuticals their	Apply
	applications	
CO3	Appreciate the importance of inorganic pharmaceuticals	Apply
	in preventing and curing the disease.	
CO4	Identify the errors in analysis	Apply
CO5	Understand the principles of volumetric analysis and	Understand
	electrochemical analysis	
CO6	Applications of volumetric analysis.	Apply

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	M											
CO2	M											
CO3	M											
CO4	M											
CO5	M											
CO6	M											

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

UNIT I

Errors

UNIT II

Volumetric analysis

UNIT III

- Acid-base titrations
- Redox titrations

UNIT IV

- Non aqueous titrations
- Precipitation titrations
- Complexometric titrations

UNIT V

• Theory of indicators

UNIT VI

Gravimetry

UNIT VII

• Limit tests

UNIT VIII

Medicinal gases

UNIT IX

- Acidifiers
- Antacids
- Cathartics
- Electrolyte replenishers
- Essential Trace elements
- Antimicrobials
- Pharmaceutical aids
- Dental Products
- Miscellaneous compounds

UNIT X

• Radio Pharmaceuticals

Suggested Readings:

- 1. A text book Inorganic medicinal chemistry by Surendra N. Pandeya
- 2. A. H. Beckett and J. B. Stanlake's Practical Pharmaceutical chemistry Vol -I & Vol-II
- 3. Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry III-Edition P. Gundu Rao

- 1. Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry by Anand & Chetwal
- 2. Pharmaceutical Inorganic chemistry by Dr.B.G.Nagavi
- 3. Analytical Chemistry Principles by John H. Kennedy
- 4. I.P.1985 and 1996, Govt. of India, Ministry of Health

23PD106RMT FIRST YEAR

REMEDIAL MATHEMATICS THEORY 4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

- This is an introductory course in mathematics.
- This subject deals with the introduction to Partial fraction, Logarithm, matrices and Determinant, Analytical geometry, Calculus, differential equation and Laplace transform.
- Able to Perform calculations using matrices and determinants.
- Able to Solve problems using differential and integral calculus.
- To Calculate the equation for straight line and coordinates.
- Students can able to apply differential equations and Laplace transformation for solving problems

Course Outcome (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand the partial fraction, logarithms, function and limits.	Understand
CO2	Perform calculations using matrices and determinants.	Knowledge
CO3	Solve problems using differential and integral calculus.	Apply
CO4	Calculate the equation for straight line and coordinates.	Apply
CO5	Apply differential equations and Laplace transformation for solving problems.	Apply
CO6	Appreciate the important application of mathematics in Pharmacy.	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	M											
CO2			M									
CO3			M									
CO4				M								
CO5			M									
CO6								M				

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course Content:

UNIT I

Algebra: Determinants, Matrices

UNIT II

Trigonometry: Sides and angles of a triangle, solution of triangles

UNIT III

Analytical Geometry: Points, Straight line, circle, parabola

UNIT IV

Differential calculus: Limit of a function, Differential calculus, Differentiation of a sum, Product, Quotient Composite, Parametric, exponential, trigonometric and Logarithmic function.

UNIT V

Differential calculus: Successive differentiation, Leibnitz's theorem, Partial differentiation, Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions of two variables

UNIT VI

Integral Calculus: Definite integrals, integration by substitution and by parts, Properties of definite integrals.

UNIT VII

Differential equations: Definition, order, degree, variable separable, homogeneous, Linear, heterogeneous, linear.

UNIT VIII

Differential equations: Differential equation with constant coefficient, simultaneous linear equation of second order.

UNIT IX

Laplace transform: Definition, Laplace transform of elementary functions

UNIT X

Laplace transform: Properties of linearity and shifting.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Differential calculus By Shantinarayan
- 2. Text book of Mathematics for second year pre-university by Prof.B.M.Sreenivas

- 1. Integral calculus By Shanthinarayan
- 2. Engineering mathematics By B.S.Grewal
- 3. Trigonometry Part-I By S.L.Loney

23PD106RBT

FIRST YEAR

REMEDIAL BIOLOGY THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs. /Week

Course Objectives:

• To learn and understand the components of living world, structure and functional system of plant and animal kingdom.

- To know the classification and salient features of five kingdoms of life and morphology of flowering plants.
- To understand the circulatory, digestive and respiratory systems.
- To know the Nervous, Excretory and reproductive systems.
- To understand the photosynthesis and plant and mineral nutrition.
- Will be able to know the respiration, growth of plants

Course Outcomes (CO's): On successful completion of the course the student will

Cos	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Explain the classification and salient feature s of five kingdoms	Understand
	of life and morphology of flowering plants.	
CO2	Describe the circulatory, digestive and respiratory systems.	Understand
CO3	Discuss the Nervous, Excretory and reproductive systems.	Knowledge
CO4	Understand the photosynthesis and plant and mineral nutrition.	Understand
CO5	Discuss the respiration, growth of plants	Knowledge
CO6	Elaborate the cell and tissues of plant and animal.	Knowledge

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

Pos	A	В	C	D	E	f	G	H	I	j	k
Cos											
CO1	S										
CO2	S										
CO3	S										
CO4	S										
CO5	S										
CO6	S										

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

UNIT I

- Introduction
- General organization of plants and its inclusions

UNIT II

• Plant tissues

- Plant kingdom and its classification
- Morphology of plants

UNIT III

- Root, Stem, Leaf and its modifications
- Inflorescence and Pollination of flowers
- Morphology of fruits and seeds

UNIT IV

- Plant physiology
- Taxonomy of Leguminosae, Umbelliferae, Solanaceae, Liliaceae, Zinziberaceae, Rubiaceae

UNIT V

• Study of Fungi, Yeast, Penicillin and Bacteria

UNIT VI

- Study of Animal cell
- Study animal tissues

UNIT VII

• Detailed study of frog

UNIT VIII

• Study of Pisces, Raptiles, Aves

UNIT IX

• Genearal organization of mammals

UNIT X

• Study of poisonous animal

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Text book of Biology by S.B.Gokhale
- 2. A Text book of Biology by Dr. Thulajappa and Dr. Seetaram.

- 1. A Text book of Biology by B.V.Sreenivasa aidu
- 2. A Text book of Biology by Naidu and Murthy
- 3. Botany for Degree students By A.C.Dutta.
- 4. Outlines of Zoology by M.Ekambaranatha ayyer and T.N.Ananthakrishnan.
- 5. A manual for pharmaceutical biology practical by S.B.Gokhale and C.K.Kokate.

23PD107P FIRST YEAR

HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY PRACTICAL 3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs/Week

Course Objectives:

• Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretical discussions in physiology.

- Practicals allow the verification of physiological processes discussed in theory classes through experiments on living tissue, intact animals or normal human beings.
- To Identify epithelial, connective tissue, muscular, nervous tissues Microscopically and the axial, appendicular bones.
- Know about the bleeding time and clotting time.
- Know to Record the heart rate, pulse rate, blood pressure.
- Understand the WBC count and RBC count

Course Outcomes (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
COs		
CO1	Identify different types of tissues under microscope	Knowledge
CO2	Identify different types of bones	Knowledge
CO3	Identify different types of organs	Knowledge
CO4	Demonstration of blood analysis.	Apply
CO5	Demonstration of BP/heart rate/pulse rate	Apply
CO6	Explain different family planning techniques.	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

POs	a	b	С	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
COs											
CO1	S		S	S							
CO2	S		S								
CO3	S		S								
CO4	S		S	S							
CO5	S										
CO6	S										

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

General Requirements: Dissection box, Laboratory Napkin, muslin cloth, record, Observation book (100pages), Stationary items, Blood lancet.

List of Experiments:

- 1. Study of tissues of human body
 - (a) Epithelial tissue
 - (b) Muscular tissue

- 2. Study of tissues of human body
 - (a) Connective tissue
 - (b) Nervous tissue
- 3. Study of appliances used in hematological experiments
- 4. Determination of W.B.C. count of blood
- 5. Determination of R.B.C. count of blood
- 6. Determination of differential count of blood
- 7. Determination of
 - (a) Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate
 - (b) Hemoglobin content of Blood
 - (c) Bleeding time & Clotting time
- 8. Determination of
 - (a) Blood Pressure
 - (b) Blood group
- 9. Study of various systems with the help of charts, models & specimens
 - (a) Skeleton system part I-axial skeleton
 - (b) Skeleton system part II- appendicular skeleton
 - (c) Cardiovascular system
 - (d) Respiratory system
 - (e) Digestive system
 - (f) Urinary system
 - (g) Nervous system
 - (h) Special senses
 - (i) Reproductive system
- 10. Study of different family planning appliances.
- 11. To perform pregnancy diagnosis test.
- 12. Study of appliances used in experimental physiology.
- 13. To record simple muscle curve using gastroenemius sciatic nerve preparation.
- 14. To record simple summation curve using gastroenemius sciatic nerve preparation.
- 15. To record simple effect of temperature using gastroenemius sciatic nerve preparation.
- 16. To record simple effect of load & after load using gastroenemius sciatic nerve preparation.
- 17. To record simple fatigue curve using gastroenemius sciatic nerve preparation. **Suggested Readings:**
 - 1. Goyal, R. K, Natvar M.P, and Shah S.A, Practical Anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry, Latest Edition, Publisher: B.S Shah Prakashan, Ahmedabad.

Reference books

- 2. Ranade VG, Text Book of Practical Physiology, Latest Edition, Publisher: PVG, Pune.
- 3. Anderson Experimental Physiology, Latest Edition, Publisher: NA

23PD108P FIRST YEAR

PHARMACEUTICS PRACTICAL

3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

- To know various internal liquid dosage forms preparations.
- To know various external liquid dosage forms.
- To prepare various solid dosage forms.
- To Perform quality control tests for various dosage forms
- To know various formulations for body cavities.
- Pharmaceutical calculations in pharmacy.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms
		Level
CO1	Prepare various internal liquid dosage forms	Analyze
CO2	Prepare various solid dosage forms	Analyze
CO3	Perform quality control tests for various dosage forms	Analyze
CO4	Prepare various formulations for body cavities	Analyze
CO5	Develop a clear idea about Pharmaceutical incompatibility and	Apply
	different pharmaceuticalculations in pharmacy.	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	S	M	M								
CO2	S	M	M	M					L		
CO3			S								
CO4	S	M		M					M		
CO5	S	M	S	M							

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

List of Experiments:

Syrups

- Simple Syrup I.P
- Syrup of Ephedrine Hcl NF
- Syrup Vasaka IP
- Syrup of ferrous Phosphate IP
- Orange Syrup

Elixir

Linctus Solutions

- Piperizine citrate elixir BP
- Cascara elixir BPC
- Paracetamol elixir BPC
- Simple Linctus BPC
- Pediatric simple Linctus BPC
- Solution of cresol with soap IP
- Strong solution of ferric chloride BPC
- Aqueous Iodine Solution IP
- Strong solution of Iodine IP
- Strong solution of ammonium acetate IP

Liniments

- Liniment of turpentine IP*
- Liniment of camphor IP

Suspensions*

- Calamine lotion
- Magnesium Hydroxide mixture BP

Emulsions*

- Cod liver oil emulsion
- Liquid paraffin emulsion

Powders#

- Eutectic powder
- Explosive powder
- Dusting powder
- Insufflations

Suppositories[#]

- Boric acid suppositories
- Chloral suppositories

Incompatibilities

- Mixtures with Physical
- Chemical & Therapeutic incompatibilities

Suggested Readings:

- 3. Cooper and Gunn's Dispensing for pharmacy students.
- 4. A text book Professional Pharmacy by N.K.Jain and S.N.Sharma.

- 4. Introduction to Pharmaceutical dosage forms by Howard C. Ansel.
- 5. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences. Register of General Pharmacy by Cooper and Gunn.
- 6. General Pharmacy by M.L.Schroff.

^{*} Colorless bottles required for dispensing

[#] Paper envelope (white), butter paper and white paper required for dispensing.

23PD109P FIRST YEAR

MEDICINAL BIOCHEMISTRY PRACTICAL 3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• To know the Qualitative analysis of the biomolecules.

- Will be able to Quantitatively analyze biochemical parameters and their importance in diagnosis of disease.
- To understand how to analyse the urine for abnormal constituents.
- Understand how to identify the biomolecules using chemical tests.
- To Determine the enzymatic activity.
- To Study the effect of physical parameters on the enzymatic activity.

Course Outcomes

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	To perform the qualitatively analysis of biomolecules	Apply
CO2	To perform the Quantitatively analysis of biomolecules in	Apply
	blood,urine and serum	
CO3	Quantitative analysis of biomolecules by colorimetric method.	Apply
CO4	Quantitative analysis of biomolecules by titrimetric method.	Apply
CO5	Determine the enzymatic activity.	Apply
CO6	Study the effect of physical parameters on the enzymatic activity.	Apply

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		S									M	
CO2		S									M	
CO3		S									M	
CO4		S									M	
CO5		S									M	
CO6		S									M	

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course Content

Title of the Experiment:

- 1 Qualitative analysis of normal constituents of urine.*
- 2 Qualitative analysis of abnormal constituents of urine.*
- 3 Quantitative estimation of urine sugar by Benedict's reagent method.**
- 4 Quantitative estimation of urine chlorides by Volhard's method.**

- 5 Quantitative estimation of urine creatinine by Jaffe's method.**
- 6 Quantitative estimation of urine calcium by precipitation method.**
- 7 Quantitative estimation of serum cholesterol by Libermann Burchard's method.**
- 8 Preparation of Folin Wu filtrate from blood.*
- 9 Quantitative estimation of blood creatinine.**
- 10 Quantitative estimation of blood sugar Folin-Wu tube method.**
- 11 Estimation of SGOT in serum.**
- 12 Estimation of SGPT in serum.**
- 13 Estimation of Urea in Serum.**
- 14 Estimation of Proteins in Serum.**
- 15 Determination of serum bilirubin**
- 16 Determination of Glucose by means of Glucoseoxidase.**
- 17 Enzymatic hydrolysis of Glycogen/Starch by Amylases.**
- 18 Study of factors affecting Enzyme activity. (pH & Temp.)**
- 19 Preparation of standard buffer solutions and its pH measurements (any two)*
- 20 Experiment on lipid profile tests**
- 21 Determination of sodium, calcium and potassium in serum.**
- ** Indicate major experiments & * Indicate minor experiments

Assignments:

Format of the Assignment

- 1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
- 2. It shall be computer draft copy.
- 3. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
- 4. Name and signature of the student.
- 5. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year.
- 6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Harpers Review of Biochemistry Martin
- 2. Text book of Biochemistry D. Satyanarayana
- 3. Text book of Clinical Chemistry- Alex Kaplan & Laverve L.Szabo

- 1. Practical Biochemistry-David T.Plummer
- 2. Practical Biochemistry-Pattabhiraman

23PD110P FIRST YEAR

PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL 3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P: 3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

- Students will able to perform qualitative analysis of unknown organic compounds.
- Will be able to detect special elements in an organic sample.
- Understand how to Confirm unknown compounds by m.p./b.p.
- Will be able to prepare derivatives of organic compounds.
- To know how to prepare the solid derivatives from organic compounds.
- Able to construct molecular models.

Course Outcomes (CO's): On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Synthesis of compounds using acetylation, Benzoylation and	Apply
	coupling reactions.	
CO2	Synthesis of compounds using Bromination, Nitration and	Apply
	condensation reactions.	
CO3	Synthesis of compounds using Oxidation, reduction and	Apply
	Hydrolysis reactions.	
CO4	Systematically perform qualitative analysis of unknown	Apply
	organic compounds.	
CO5	Prepare derivatives of organic compounds.	Apply
CO6	Construct molecular models.	Apply

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		S										
CO2		S										
CO3		M										
CO4		M										
CO5		S										
CO6		S										

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Introduction to the various laboratory techniques through demonstration involving synthesis of the following compounds (at least 8 compounds to be synthesised):

- 1. Acetanilde / aspirin (Acetylation)
- 2. Benzanilide / Phenyl benzoate (Benzoylation)
- 3. P-bromo acetanilide / 2,4,6 tribromo aniline (Bromination)

- 4. Dibenzylidene acetone (Condensation)
- 5. 1-Phenylazo-2-napthol (Diazotisation and coupling)
- 6. Benzoic acid / salicylic acid (Hydrolysis of ester)
- 7. M-dinitro benzene (Nitration)
- 8. 9, 10 Antharaquinone (Oxidation of anthracene) / preparation of benzoic acid from toluene or benzaldehyde
- 9. M-phenylene diamine (Reduction of M-dinitrobenzene) / Aniline from nitrobenzene
- 10. Benzophenone oxime
- 11. Nitration of salicylic acid
- 12. Preparation of picric acid
- 13. Preparation of O-chlorobenzoic acid from O-chlorotolune
- 14. Preparation of cyclohexanone from cyclohexanol

Identification of organic compounds belonging to the following classes by :

Systematic qualitative organic analysis including preparation of derivatives Phenols, amides, carbohydrates, amines, carboxylic acids, aldehyde and ketones, Alcohols, esters, hydrocarbons, anilides, nitrocompounds.

Introduction to the use of stereo models:

Methane, Ethane, Ethylene, Acetylene, Cis alkene, Trans alkene, inversion of configuration.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. T.R.Morrison and R. Boyd Organic chemistry
- 2. Bentley and Driver-Text book of Pharmaceutical chemistry
- 3. I.L.Finar- Organic chemistry, the fundamentals of chemistry

- 1. Organic chemistry J.M.Cram and D.J.Cram
- 2. Organic chemistry- Brown
- 3. Advanced organic chemistry- Jerry March, Wiley
- 4. Organic chemistry- Cram and Hammered, Pine Hendrickson

23PD111P FIRST YEAR

PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL 3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

- To analyze the limit test for samples.
- Understand how to prepare the solutions for volumetric and electro-analytical methods.
- To standardize the solutions by volumetric and electro-analytical methods.
- Know how to Perform the assay for chemical substances.
- To standardize the titrant used for the assay.
- To determine the strength of the solutions by electro-analytical methods.

Course Outcomes

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Analyze the limit test for samples.	Understand
CO2	Prepare the solutions for volume tric and electro-analytical methods.	Apply
CO3	Standardize the solutions by volumetric and electro-analytical methods.	Apply
CO4	Perform the assay for chemical substances.	Apply
CO5	Standardize the titrant used for the assay.	Apply
CO6	Determine the strength of the solutions by electro-analytical methods.	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		M										
CO2		M										
CO3		M										
CO4		L										
CO5		L										
CO6		L										

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Limit test (6 exercises)

- a. Limit test for chlorides
- b. Limit test for sulphates
- c. Limit test for iron
- d. Limit test for heavy metals
- e. Limit test for arsenic
- f. Modified limit tests for chlorides and sulphates

Assays (10 exercises)

- g. Ammonium chloride- Acid-base titration
- h. Ferrous sulphate- Cerimetry
- i. Copper sulpahte- Iodometry
- j. Calcilugluconate- Complexometry
- k. Hydrogen peroxide Permanganometry
- 1. Sodium benzoate Nonaqueous titration
- m. Sodium chloride Modified volhard's method
- n. Assay of KI KIO3 titration
- o. Gravimetric estimation of barium as barium sulphate
- p. Sodium antimony gluconate or antimony potassium tartarate

Estimation of mixture (Any two exercises)

- q. Sodium hydroxide and sodium carbonate
- r. Boric acid and Borax
- s. Oxalic acid and sodium oxalate

Test for identity (Any three exercises)

- t. Sodium bicorbonate
- u. Barium sulphate
- v. Ferrous sulphate
- w. Potassium chloride

Test for purity (Any two exercises)

- a. Swelling power in Bentonite
- b. Acid neutralising capacity in aluminium hydroxide gel
- c. Ammonium salts in potash alum
- d. Adsorption power heavy Kaolin
- e. Presence of Iodates in KI

Preparations (Any two exercises)

- f. Boric acids
- g. Potash alum
- h. Calcium lactate
- i. Magnesium suphate

Suggested Readings:

- 1. A text book Inorganic medicinal chemistry by Surendra N. Pandeya
- 2. Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry III-Edition P. Gundu Rao

- 1. Pharmaceutical Inorganic chemistry by Dr.B.G.Nagavi
- 2. Analytical Chemistry Principles by John H. Kennedy
- 3. I.P.1985 and 1996, Govt. of India, Ministry of Health

23PD112RBP

FIRST YEAR

2C

3H

REMEDIAL BIOLOGY PRACTICAL

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

- Students will be able to understand the microscope, cutting sections, mount, stain and slide preparation.
- To know about cell and its organelles
- To understand the parts of plant and their modifications
- Able to know the system using software
- Able to Identify types of bones.
- To determine blood group, blood pressure and tidal volume.

Course Outcomes (CO's): On successful completion of the course the student will

Cos	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand the microscope, cutting sections, mount, stain and	Understand
	slide preparation.	
CO2	Study cell and its organelles	Knowledge
CO3	Study the parts of plant and their modifications	Understand
CO4	Study the system in from using software	Knowledge
CO5	Identify types of bones.	Knowledge
CO6	Determine blood group, blood pressure and tidal volume.	Analyze

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

Pos	A	В	C	D	E	f	G	H	I	J	k
Cos											
CO1	S										
CO2	S										
CO3	S										
CO4	S										
CO5	S										
CO6				M							

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Title:

- 1. Introduction of biology experiments
- 2. Study of cell wall constituents and cell inclusions
- 3. Study of Stem modifications
- 4. Study of Root modifications

- 5. Study of Leaf modifications
- 6. Identification of Fruits and seeds
- 7. Preparation of Permanent slides
- 8. T.S. of Senna, Cassia, Ephedra, Podophyllum
- 9. Simple plant physiological experiments
- 10. Identification of animals
- 11. Detailed study of Frog
- 12. Computer based tutorials

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Text book of Biology by S.B.Gokhale
- 2. A Text book of Biology by Dr. Thulajappa and Dr. Seetaram.

- 1. A Text book of Biology by B.V.Sreenivasa aidu
- 2. A Text book of Biology by Naidu and Murthy
- 3. Botany for Degree students By A.C.Dutta.
- 4. Outlines of Zoology by M.Ekambaranatha ayyer and T.N.Ananthakrishnan.
- 5. A manual for pharmaceutical biology practical by S.B.Gokhale and C.K.Kokate.

23PD201T

SECOND YEAR

PATHOPHYSIOLOGY THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• Pathophysiology is the study of causes of diseases and reactions of the body to such disease producing causes.

- This course is designed to impart a thorough knowledge of the relevant aspects of pathology of various conditions with reference to its pharmacological applications
- Understanding of basic pathophysiological mechanisms
- Hence it will not only help to study the syllabus of pathology,
- To get baseline knowledge required to practice medicine safely, confidently, rationally and effectively.
- To understand the etiology and pathogenesis of diseases.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of the selected disease states;	Knowledge
CO2	Name the signs and symptoms of the diseases;and	Knowledge
CO3	Mention the complications of the diseases.	Knowledge
CO4	Describe the mechanism of the diseases.	Knowledge
CO5	Understand the etiology and pathogenesis of diseases.	Understand
CO6	Discuss about the Sexually transmitted diseases	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

POs	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
COs											
CO1	S										
CO2	S										
CO3	S										
CO4	S										
CO5	S										
CO6	S										

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

UNIT I

Basic principles of cell injury and Adaptation

- Causes, Pathogenesis and morphology of cell injury
- Abnormalities in lipoproteinaemia, glycogen infiltration and glycogen

infiltration and glycogen infiltration and glycogen storage diseases

UNIT II

Inflammation

- Pathogenesis of acute inflammation, Chemical mediators in inflammation, Types of chronic inflammation
- Repairs of wounds in the skin, factors influencing healing of wounds

UNIT III

Diseases of Immunity

- Introduction to T and B cells
- MHC proteins or transplantation antigens

Immune tolerance

• Hypersensitivity

Hypersensitivity type I, II, III, IV, Biological significance, Allergy due to food, chemicals and drugs

• Autoimmunity

Criteria for autoimmunity, Classifications of autoimmune diseases in man, mechanism of autoimmunity, Transplantation and immunologic tolerance, allograft rejections, transplantation antigens, mechanism of rejection of allograft.

- Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS)
- Amylodosis

UNIT IV

Cancer: Differences between benign and malignant tumors, Histological diagnosis of malignancy, invasions and metastasis, patterns of spread,

- Disturbances of growth of cells, classification of tumors, general biology of tumors, spread of malignant tumors, etiology and pathogenesis of cancer.
- Types of shock, mechanisms, stages and management
- Biological effects of radiation

UNIT V

Environmental and nutritional diseases

- Air pollution and smoking- SO2,NO, NO2, and CO
- Protein calorie malnutrition, vitamins, obesity, pathogenesis of starvation.

UNIT VI

Pathophysiology of common diseases

- Parkinsonism
- Schizophrenia

Depression and mania

UNIT VII

Pathophysiology of common diseases

- Hypertension,
- Stroke (ischaemic and hemorrhage)
- Angina, CCF, Atherosclerosis, Myocardial infarction

UNIT VIII

Pathophysiology of common diseases

- Diabetes Mellitus
- Peptic ulcer and inflammatory bowel diseases

UNIT IX

Pathophysiology of common diseases

- Cirrhosis and Alcoholic liver diseases
- Acute and chronic renal failure
- Asthma and chronic obstructive airway diseases

UNIT X

Infectious diseases:

Sexually transmitted diseases (HIV,Syphilis,Gonorrhea), Urinary tract infections, Pneumonia, Typhoid, Tuberculosis, Leprosy, Malaria Dysentery (bacterial and amoebic), Hepatitis- infective hepatitis.

Assignments:

Title of the Experiment

- 1 Chemical Mediators of inflammation
- 2 Drug Hypersensitivity
- 3 Cigarette smoking & its ill effects
- 4 Biological Effects of Radiation
- 5 Etiology and hazards of obesity
- 6 Complications of diabetes
- 7 Diagnosis of cancer
- 8 Disorders of vitamins
- 9 Methods in Pathology-Laboratory values of clinical significance
- 10 Pathophysiology of Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever (DHF)

Format of the assignment

- 1 Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
- 2. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.

- 3. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year
- 4. It shall be computer draft copy.
- 5. Name and signature of the student
- 6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Pathologic basis of disease by- Cotran, Kumar, Robbins
- 2. Text book of Pathology- Harsh Mohan
- 3. Text book of Pathology- Y.M. Bhinde

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics; Second edition; Roger Walker;
 Churchill Livingstone publication

23PD202T SECOND YEAR

PHARMACEUTICAL MICROBIOLOGY THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs. /Week

Course Objectives:

- Know the anatomy, identification, growth factors and sterilization of microorganisms;
- Know the mode of transmission of disease causing microorganism, symptoms of disease, and treatment aspect;
- Do estimation of RNA and DNA and there by identifying the source;
- Do cultivation and identification of the microorganisms in the laboratory;
- Do identification of diseases by performing the diagnostic tests; and
- Appreciate the behavior of motility and behavioral characteristics of microorganisms

Course Outcomes (CO's):

Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms
		Level
CO1	Know the anatomy, identification, growth factors and sterilization of microorganisms.	Understand
CO2	Know the mode of transmission of disease causing microorganism, symptoms of disease, and treatment aspect.	Understand
CO3	Do estimation of RNA and DNA and there by identifying the source.	Understand
CO4	Do cultivation and identification of the microorganisms in the laboratory.	Understand
CO5	Do identification of diseases by performing the diagnostic tests.	Apply
CO6	Appreciate the behavior of motility and behavioral characteristics of microorganisms.	Knowledge

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

CO's	POa	POb	POc	POd	POe	POf	POg	POh	POi	POj	POk
CO1	S										
CO2	S										
CO3	S										
CO4	S										
CO5	S										
CO6	M										

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

UNIT I

Introduction to the science of microbiology. Major divisions of microbial world and Relationship among them.

UNIT II

Different methods of classification of microbes and study of Bacteria, Fungi, virus, Rickettsiae, Spirochetes.

UNIT III

- Nutritional requirements, growth and cultivation of bacteria and virus.
- Study of different important media required for the growth of aerobic and anaerobic bacteria & fungi. Differential media, enriched media and selective media, maintenance of lab cultures.
- Different methods used in isolation and identification of bacteria with emphasis to different staining techniques and biochemical reactions. Counting of bacteria -Total and Viable counting techniques.

UNIT IV

- Detailed study of different methods of sterilization including their merits and demerits. Sterilization methods for all pharmaceutical products. Detailed study of sterility testing of different pharmaceutical preparations.
- Brief information on Validation.

UNIT V

Disinfectants- Study of disinfectants, antiseptics, fungicidal and virucidal agents factors affecting their activation and mechanism of action. Evaluation of bactericidal, bacteriostatic, virucidal activities, evaluation of preservatives in pharmaceutical preparations.

UNIT VI

Immunology- Immunity, Definition, Classification, General principles of natural immunity, Phagocytosis, acquired immunity (active and passive).

UNIT VII

Antigens, chemical nature of antigens structure and formation of Antibodies, Antigen-Antibody reactions. Bacterial exotoxins and endotoxins. Significance of toxoids in active immunity, Immunization programme, and importance of booster dose.

UNIT VIII

Diagnostic tests: Schick's Test, Elisa test, Western Blot test, Southern Blot PCR Widal, QBC, Mantaux Peripheral smear. Study of malarial parasite.

UNIT IX

Microbial culture sensitivity Testing: Interpretation of results Principles and methods of different microbiological assays, microbiological assay of

- Penicillin, Streptomycin and vitamin B₂ and B₁₂.
- Standardization of vaccines and sera.

UNIT X

Study of infectious diseases: Typhoid, Tuberculosis, Malaria, Cholera, Hepatitis, Meningitis, Syphilis & Gonorrhea and HIV.

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

- 1. Vanitha Kale and Kishor Bhusari Applied Microbiology | Himalaya Publishing house Mumbai.
- 2. Mary Louis Turgeon Immunology and Serology in Laboratory Medicines 2nd edition, 1996 Mosby- Year book inc St. Louis Missouri 63146.
- 3. Harsh Mohan, Text book of Pathology 3rd edition, 1998, B-3 Ansari road Darya ganj N. Delhi.

Reference books (Theory)

- 2. Rawlins E.A. Bentley's Text Book of Pharmaceutics B ailliere Tindals 24-28 London 1988
- 3. Forbisher Fundamentals of Microbiology Philidelphia W.B. Saunders.
- 4. Prescott L.M. Jarley G.P., Klein.D.A. Microbiology. 12nd edition WMC Brown Publishers, Oxford. 1993
- 5. War Roitt, Jonathan Brostoff, David male, Immunology||3rd edition 1996, Mosby-year book Europe Ltd, London.
- 6. Pharmacopoeia of India, Govt of India, 1996.

23PD203T SECOND YEAR

PHARMACOGNOSY & PHYTOPHARMACEUTICALS THEORY

H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs. /Week

Course Objectives:

• This subject has been introduced for the pharmacy course in order to make the student aware of medicinal uses of various naturally occurring drugs its history, sources, and distribution

- To know its method of cultivation.
- To know active constituents, medicinal uses
- To understand its preservation methods, identification tests, substitutes and adulterants.
- To understand the traditional system of medicine.
- To explain the Plant Products Primary metabolites Proteins, Enzymes, Lipids, Marine drugs.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

COs	Course Outcomes						
		Level					
CO1	Explain the concepts and importance of Pharmacognosy.	Analyze					
CO2	Illustrate the classification, Quality control of natural drugs & cultivation of	Apply					
	crude drugs.						
CO3	Explain the applications of primary and secondary metabolites of the plant.	Analyze					
CO4	Demonstrate the basic concepts of plant tissue culture.	Apply					
CO5	Summarize the Traditional system of medicine.	Evaluate					
CO6	Explain the importance of plant product sprimary metabolites Proteins,	Analyze					
	Enzymes, Lipids, Marine drugs.						

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

POs	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
COs											
CO1	M										
CO2			M								
CO3						M					
CO4				M							
CO5						M					
CO6				M							

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

UNIT I

- Introduction.
- Definition, history and scope of Pharmacognosy.

UNIT II

- Classification of crude drugs.
- Cultivation, collection, processing and storage of crude drugs.
- Detailed method of cultivation of crude drugs.

UNIT III

- Study of cell wall constituents and cell inclusions.
- Microscopical and powder Microscopical study of crude drugs.

UNIT IV

Study of natural pesticides.

UNIT V

Detailed study of various cell constituents.

UNIT VI

- Carbohydrates and related products.
- Detailed study carbohydrates containing drugs.(11 drugs)

UNIT VII

- Definition sources, method extraction, chemistry and method of analysis of lipids.
- Detailed study of oils.

UNIT VIII

Definition, classification, chemistry and method of analysis of protein.

UNIT IX

Study of plants fibers used in surgical dressings and related products.

UNIT X

Different methods of adulteration of crude drugs.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Pharmacognosy by G.E. Trease & W.C.Evans.
- 2. Pharmacognosy by C.K.Kokate, Gokhale & A.C.Purohit.

- 1. Pharmacognosy by Brady &Tyler.E.
- 2. Pharmacognosy by T.E. Wallis.
- 3. Pharmacognosy by C.S. Shah & Qadery.
- 4. Pharmacognosy by M.A. Iyengar.

23PD204T SECOND YEAR

PHARMACOLOGY – I THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs. /Week

Course Objectives:

• This subject will provide an opportunity for the student to learn about the drug with regard to classification, pharmacodynamic and pharmacokinetic aspects

- To know adverse effects, uses, dose
- To understand the route of administration, precautions, contraindications and interaction with other drugs.
- In this subject, apart from general pharmacology, drugs acting on autonomic nervous system, cardiovascular system, central nervous system
- To know the blood and blood forming agents and renal system will be taught.
- In addition to theoretical knowledge, the basic practical knowledge relevant to therapeutics will be imparted.

Course Outcome (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand the pharmacological aspects of	Understand
	drugs.	
CO2	Handle and carry out the animal experiments.	Apply
CO3	Appreciate the importance of pharmacology subject as a basis of	Knowledge
	therapeutics.	
CO4	Correlate and apply the knowledge therapeutically.	Analyze
CO5	Demonstrate the Pharmacology of drugs acting on various	Apply
	cardiovascular diseases.	
CO6	Illustrate the Pharmacology of Autocoids, Non-	Apply
	steroidalanti-inflammatory agents, Anti-goutdrugs	
	and Antirheumatic drugs	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

POs	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
COs											
CO1	S										
CO2	S	S	S				S				
CO3	S						S				
CO4	S		S								
CO5	S		S								
CO6	S										

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

UNIT I

General Pharmacology

- Introduction, definitions and scope of pharmacology
- Routes of administration of drugs
- Pharmacokinetics (absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion)

UNIT II

- Pharmacodynamics
- Factors modifying drug effects
- Drug toxicity Acute, sub- acute and chronic toxicity.
- Pre-clinical evaluations
- Drug interactions

Note: The term Pharmacology used here refers to the classification, mechanism of action, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, adverse effects, contraindications, Therapeutic uses, interactions and dose and route of administration.

UNIT III

Pharmacology of drugs acting on ANS

- Adrenergic and antiadrenergic drugs
- Cholinergic and anticholinergic drugs
- Neuromuscular blockers
- Mydriactics and miotics

UNIT IV

- Drugs used in myasthenia gravis
- Drugs used in Parkinsonism

UNIT V

Pharmacology of drugs acting on cardiovascular system

- Antihypertensives
- Anti-anginal drugs
- Anti-arrhythmic drugs
- Drugs used for therapy of Congestive Heart Failure
- Drugs used for hyperlipidaemias

UNIT VI

Pharmacology of drugs acting on Central Nervous System

- General anesthetics
- Sedatives and hypnotics
- Anticonvulsants

• Analgesic and anti-inflammatory agents

UNIT VII

- Psychotropic drugs
- Alcohol and methyl alcohol
- CNS stimulants and cognition enhancers
- Pharmacology of local anaesthetics

UNIT VIII

Pharmacology of Drugs acting on Respiratory tract

- Bronchodilators
- Mucolytics
- Expectorants
- Antitussives
- Nasal Decongestants

UNIT IX

Pharmacology of Hormones and Hormone antagonists

- Thyroid and Antithyroid drugs
- Insulin, Insulin analogues and oral hypoglycemic agents
- Sex hormones and oral contraceptives
- Oxytocin and other stimulants and relaxants

UNIT X

Pharmacology of autocoids and their antagonists

- Histamines and Antihistaminics
- 5-Hydroxytryptamine and its antagonists
- Lipid derived autocoids and platelet activating factor
- The following details shall be submitted for any 25 selected drugs in the form of assignment/PPT.
 - **Name of the Drug, Brand name, Category, Therapeutic uses, Dose, Pharmacological action, Route of administration, Side effects, Contraindications, Drug Interactions with drug/food, Pharmacokinetics

Suggested Readings(Theory):

(Author, Title, Edition, Publication Place, Publisher, Year of Publication)

- Tripathi, K. D. Essentials of medical pharmacology. 4th Ed, 1999. Publisher: Jaypee, Delhi.
- 2. Satoskar, R.S. and Bhadarkar, S.D. Pharmacology and pharmacotherapeutics. 16th

edition (single volume), 1999. Publisher: Popular, Dubai.

3. Rang, H.P. & Dale, M.M. Pharmacology. 4th edition, 1999. Publisher: Churchill Living stone.

Reference Books (Theory-Latest Editions):

(Author, Title, Edition, Publication Place, Publisher, Publication Year)

- Goodman Gilman, A., Rall, T.W., Nies, A.I.S. and Taylor, P. Goodman and Gilman's The pharmacological Basis of therapeutics. 9th Ed, 1996. Publisher Mc Graw Hill, Pergamon press.
- 2. Craig, C.R.&Stitzel, R.E. Modern Pharmacology. Latest edition. Publisher: Little Brown.Co
- 3. Katzung, B.G. Basic and clinical pharmacology. Latest edition. Publisher: Prentice Hall, Int.
- 4. Shargel and Leon. Applied Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics. Latest edition. Publisher: Prentice Hall, London.

23PD205T

SECOND YEAR

COMMUNITY PHARMACY THEORY

3H 3C

Instruction hours/ week: L:2 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 3 Hrs. /Week

Course Objectives:

• In the changing scenario of pharmacy practice in India, Community Pharmacists are expected to offer various pharmaceutical care services.

- In order to meet this demand, students will be learning various skills such as dispensing of drugs
- To know responding to minor ailments by providing suitable safe medication
- To understand patient counseling
- To know health screening services for improved patient care in the community set up.
- To study the concept of Rational drug therapy

Course Outcome (CO's):

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to –

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Describe the rules and responsibilities of community pharmacy	Understanding
CO2	Explain community pharmacy management	Applying
CO3	Give an Outline of the concept of pharmaceutical care	Understanding
CO4	What is the importance of patient counselling and health screening	Remembering&
	services?	Applying
CO5	Discuss health education.	Creating
CO6	Explain the management of minor ailments	Applying

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	P05	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	S				S	S	S	L	S	L	
CO2	S	S	M	M			M	L	M	S	S
CO3	M				M	L		L		L	
CO4	M	M	M	S		S		L	M	M	S
CO5	M			M		S		S		M	S
CO6	M	S	M	S	M	M	M	M	M	S	S

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Special requirements:

- Either the college is having model community pharmacy (meeting the schedule N
 Requirement) or sign MoU with at least 4-5 community pharmacies nearby to the
 college for training the students on dispensing and counselling activities.
- 2. Special equipments like B.P apparatus, Glucometer, Peak flow meter, and apparatus for cholesterol estimation.

UNIT I

Definition, scope, of community pharmacy

Roles and responsibilities of Community pharmacist

UNIT II

Community Pharmacy Management

- a) Selection of site, Space layout, and design
- b) Staff, Materials- coding, stocking
- c) Legal requirements
- d) Maintenance of various registers
- e) Use of Computers: Business and health care soft wares

UNIT III

Prescriptions – parts of prescription, legality & identification of medication related problems like drug interactions.

Inventory control in community pharmacy Definition,

various methods of Inventory Control

ABC, VED, EOQ, Lead time, safety stock

UNIT IV

Pharmaceutical care

Definition and Principles of Pharmaceutical care.

Patient counselling

Definition, outcomes, various stages, barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers

Patient information leaflets- content, design, & layouts, advisory labels

UNIT V

Patient medication adherence

Definition, Factors affecting medication adherence, role of Pharmacist in improving the adherence.

Health screening services

Definition, importance, methods for screening Blood pressure/ blood sugar/ lung function and Cholesterol testing

UNIT VI

OTC Medication- Definition, OTC medication list & Counselling

Health Education

WHO Definition of health, and health promotion, care for children, pregnant & breast feeding women, and geriatric patients.

UNIT VII

Introduction to Social and Preventive Pharmacy:

Commonly occurring Communicable Diseases, causative agents, Clinical presentations and prevention of

Communicable diseases – Tuberculosis, Hepatitis, Typhoid, Amoebiasis, Malaria, Leprosy, Syphilis, Gonorrhea And AIDS, HIV & AIDS control programme, National leprosy control programme.

UNIT VIII

Balance diet, and treatment & prevention of deficiency disorders Family planning – role of pharmacist

UNIT IX

Responding to symptoms of minor ailments Relevant pathophysiology, common drug therapy to, Pain, GI disturbances (Nausea, Vomiting, Dyspepsia, diarrhea, constipation), Pyrexia, Opthalmic symptoms, worms infestations.

UNIT X

Essential Drugs concept and Rational Drug Therapy Role of community pharmacist Code of ethics for community pharmacists

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Health Education and Community Pharmacy by N.S.Parmar.
- 2. WHO consultative group report.
- 3. Drug store & Business management by Mohammed Ali & Jyoti.

- 1. Handbook of pharmacy health care.Edt. Robin J Harman. The Pharmaceutical press.
- 2. Comprehensive Pharmacy Review Edt. Leon Shargel. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.

23PD206T SECOND YEAR

PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS - I THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100 External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

- This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for contribution to quality use of medicines.
- Chapters dealt cover briefly pathophysiology and mostly therapeutics of various diseases.
- This will enable the student to understand the pathophysiology of common diseases and their management.
- To know the importance of preparation of individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis;
- To understand patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy
- To know the pathophysiology of selected disease states and explain the rationale for drug therapy

Course Outcome (CO's):

A successful completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand the etiologic factors, signs and symptoms of	Understand
	selected diseases	
CO2	Explain pathophysiology of selected diseases.	Knowledge
CO3	Explain drug - drug interactions for selected drugs	Knowledge
CO4	Explain drug- food interactions for selected drugs	Knowledge
CO5	Illustrate the therapeutic approach of management of selected disease.	Apply
CO6	Understand the basic concepts of different guidelines for prescribing.	Apply

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S											
CO2	S											
CO3					M			M				
CO4					M			M				
CO5						S			S			
CO6									M		S	

Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

1. Identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).

Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule:

Etiopathogenesis and pharmacotherapy of diseases associated with following systems/diseases

UNIT I

Cardiovascular system: Hypertension, Congestive cardiac failure, Angina Pectoris

UNIT II

Myocardial infarction, Hyperlipidaemias

UNIT III

Electrophysiology of heart and Arrhythmias

UNIT IV

Respiratory system: Introduction to Pulmonary function test, Asthma,

UNIT V

Chronic obstructive airways disease, Drug induced pulmonary diseases

UNIT VI

Endocrine system : Diabetes, Thyroid diseases, Oral contraceptives

UNIT VII

Hormone replacement therapy, Osteoporosis

UNIT VIII

General prescribing guidelines for

- a. Paediatric patients
- b. Geriatric patients
- c. Pregnancy and breast feeding

UNIT IX

Ophthalmology: Glaucoma, Conjunctivitis- viral & bacterial

UNIT X

Introduction to rational drug use

Definition, Role of pharmacist Essential drug concept Rational drug formulations

Suggested Readings:

1. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication.

 Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach - Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange.

- 1. Pathologic basis of disease Robins SL, W.B.Saunders publication.
- 2. Pathology and therapeutics for Pharmacists: A Basis for Clinical Pharmacy Practice Green and Harris, Chapman and Hall publication.
- 3. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication.
- 4. Applied Therapeutics:The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA
- 5. Avery's Drug Treatment, 4th Edn, 1997, Adis International Limited.
- 6. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature

23PD207P SECOND YEAR

PHARMACEUTICAL MICROBIOLOGY PRACTICAL 3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• To discuss about the instruments used in experimental microbiology

- To understand the sterilization methods followed in laboratory.
- To know the staining techniques used in microbiology.
- To carry out assay of different antibiotics
- To understand the mechanism of action opf antibiotics.
- To perform different sterility tests and bacteriological analysis of water

Course Outcomes (CO's):

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms
		Level
CO1	Discuss about the instruments used in experimental microbiology	Understand
CO2	Understand the sterilization methods followed in laboratory.	Understand
CO3	Discover the staining techniques used in microbiology.	Understand
CO4	Carry out assay of different antibiotics	Apply
CO5	Understand the mechanism of action of antibiotics.	Understand
CO6	Execute different terility tests and bacteriological analysis of water	Knowledge

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

CO's	POa	POb	POc	POd	POe	POf	POg	POh	POi	POj	POk
CO1	S										
CO2	S										
CO3	S										
CO4	S										
CO5	S										
CO6	M										

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Title of the Experiment:

- 1 Study of apparatus used in experimental microbiology*.
- 2 Sterilisation of glass ware's. Preparation of media and sterilisation.*
- 3 Staining techniques Simple staining; Gram's staining; Negative staining**
- 4 Study of motility characters*.
- 5 Enumeration of micro-organisms (Total and Viable)*
- 6 Study of the methods of isolation of pure culture.*
- 7 Bio chemical testing for the identification of micro*-organisms

- 8 Cultural sensitivity testing for some micro-organisms.*
- 9 Sterility testing for powders and liquids.*
- 10 Determination of minimum inhibitory concentration.*
- 11 Microbiological assay of antibiotics by cup plate method.*
- 12 Microbiological assay of vitamins by Turbidometric method**
- 13 Determination of RWC.**
- 14 Diagnostic tests for some common diseases, Widal, malarial parasite.**
- * Indicate minor experiment & ** indicate major experiment

Assignments:

- 1 Visit to some pathological laboratories & study the activities and equipment/instruments used and reporting the same.
- 2. Visit to milk dairies (Pasturization) and microbial laboratories (other sterization methods) & study the activities and equipment/instruments used and reporting the same.
- 3. Library assignments
 - a. Report of recent microbial techniques developed in diagnosing some common diseases.
 - Latest advancement developed in identifying, cultivating & handling of microorganisms.

Format of the assignment:

- 1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
- 2. It shall be computer draft copy.
- 3. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
- 4. Name and signature of the student.
- 5. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year.
- 6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

- Vanitha Kale and Kishor Bhusari Applied Microbiology | Himalaya Publishing house Mumbai.
- 2. Harsh Mohan, Text book of Pathology 3rd edition, 1998, B-3 Ansari road Darya ganj N. Delhi.

Reference books (Theory)

1. Prescott L.M. Jarley G.P., Klein.D.A. — Microbiology. 12nd edition WMC Brown

Publishers, Oxford. 1993

2. War Roitt, Jonathan Brostoff, David male, — Immunology||3rd edition 1996, Mosby-year book Europe Ltd, London.

3. Pharmacopoeia of India, Govt of India, 1996.

23PD208P SECOND YEAR

PHARMACOGNOSY & PHYTOPHARMACEUTICALS PRACTICAL

3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• Analyze the crude drugs by chemical tests.

- Determine the stomatal number and index and vein islet number, vein islet termination and palisade ratio.
- Determine the starch grains, calcium oxalate crystals by eye piece micrometer.
- Perform the Fiber length and width starch grains by Lycopodium spore method.
- Analyze the purity of crude drugs by ash value and extractive value.
- Determine the moisture content, swelling index and foaming index.

Course Outcomes (CO's): On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Explain the importance basic fundamentals of Pharmacognosy	Analyze
CO2	Analyze the macroscopy of various crude drugs	Analyze
CO3	Prepare the microscopy& powder characteristics of various crude	Create
	drugs	
CO4	Judge the Iodinevalue &saponificationvalueandunsaponifiablematter	Evaluate
CO5	Judge the ester & acid values	Evaluate
CO6	Analyze the phytoconsituents by chemical test	Analyze

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

POs	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
COs											
CO1	M										
CO2				M							
CO3				M							
CO4				M							
CO5				M							
CO6				M							

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

General Requirements: Laboratory Napkin, Observation Book 150 pages Zero brush, Needle, Blade, Match box.

List of experiments:

- 1 Introduction of Pharmacognosy laboratory and experiments.
- 2 Study of cell wall constituents and cell inclusions.
- 3 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Datura.

- 4 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Senna.
- 5 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Cassia, Cinnamon.
- 6 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Cinchona.
- 7 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Ephedra.
- 8 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Quassia.
- 9 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Clove
- 10 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Fennel.
- 11 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Coriander.
- 12 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Isapgol.
- 13 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Nux vomica.
- 14 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Rauwolfia.
- 15 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Liquorice.
- 16 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Ginger.
- 17 Macro, powder and microscopic study of Podophyllum.
- 18 Determination of Iodine value.
- 19 Determination of Saponification value and unsaponifiable matter.
- 20 Determination of ester value.
- 21 Determination of Acid value.
- 22 Chemical tests for Acacia.
- 23 Chemical tests for Tragacanth.
- 24 Chemical tests for Agar.
- 25 Chemical tests for Starch.
- 26 Chemical tests for Lipids.(castor oil, sesame oil, shark liver oil, bees wax)
- 27 Chemical tests for Gelatin.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Pharmacognosy by G.E. Trease & W.C.Evans.
- 2. Pharmacognosy by C.K.Kokate, Gokhale & A.C.Purohit.

- 1. Pharmacognosy by Brady &Tyler.E.
- 2. Pharmacognosy by T.E.Wallis.
- 3. Pharmacognosy by C.S. Shah & Qadery.
- 4. Pharmacognosy by M.A. Iyengar.

23PD209P

SECOND YEAR

PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS - I PRACTICAL

3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week Course Objectives:

- This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for contribution to quality use of medicines.
- Chapters dealt cover briefly pathophysiology and mostly therapeutics of various diseases.
- This will enable the student to understand the pathophysiology of common diseases and their management.
- To know the importance of preparation of individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis;
- To understand patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy
- To know the pathophysiology of selected disease states and explain the rationale for drug therapy

Course Outcome (CO's):

A successful completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand the etiologic factors, signs and symptoms of	Understand
	selected diseases	
CO2	Explain pathophysiology of selected diseases.	Knowledge
CO3	Explain drug - drug interactions for selected drugs	Knowledge
CO4	Explain drug- food interactions for selected drugs	Knowledge
CO5	Illustrate the therapeutic approach of management of selected disease.	Apply
CO6	Understand the basic concepts of different guidelines for prescribing.	Apply

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S											
CO2	S											
CO3					M			M				
CO4					M			M				
CO5						S			S			
CO6									M		S	

T-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Practicals:

• Hospital postings in various departments designed to complement the lectures by providing practical clinical discussion; attending ward rounds; follow up the progress and changes made in drug therapy in allotted patients; case presentation upon discharge. Students are required to maintain a record of cases presented and the same should be submitted at the end of the course for evaluation.

• A minimum of 20 cases should be presented and recorded covering most common diseases.

Assignments:

Students are required to submit written assignments on the topics given to them. Topics allotted should cover recent developments in drug therapy of various diseases. A minimum of THREE assignments [1500-2000 words] should be submitted for evaluation

Format of the assignment:

- 1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
- 2. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
- 3. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year.
- 4. It shall be computer draft copy.
- 5. Name and signature of the student.
- 6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication.
- 2. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange.

- 1. Pathologic basis of disease Robins SL, W.B.Saunders publication.
- 2. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature

23PD301T

THIRD YEAR

PHARMACOLOGY – II THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• This subject will provide an opportunity for the student to learn about the drug with regard to classification, pharmacodynamic and pharmacokinetic aspects, adverse effects, uses, dose, route of administration, precautions, contraindications and interaction with other drugs.

- In this subject, drugs acting on autacoids, respiratory system, GIT, immune system and hormones, and pharmacology of autacoids and hormones will be concentrated.
- In addition, pharmacology of chemotherapeutic agents, vitamins, essential minerals and principles of toxicology are also taught.
- In addition to theoretical knowledge, the basic practical knowledge relevant to therapeutics will be imparted.
- To understand drugs acting on Blood and blood forming agents
- To study structures and functions of the components of the cell

Course Outcomes (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
COs		
CO1	Understand the pharmacological aspects of drugs	Understand
	falling under the above mentioned chapters,	
CO2	Carryout the animal experiments confidently,	Apply
CO3	Appreciate the importance of pharmacology subject as a basis of	Knowledge
	therapeutics, and	
CO4	Correlate and apply the knowledge therapeutically.	Analyze
CO5	Drugs acting on Blood and blood forming agents	Understand
CO6	Structures and functions of the components of the	Understand
	cell	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

POs	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
COs											
CO1	S										
CO2	S	S	S	S							
CO3	S										
CO4	S		S								
CO5	S										
CO6	S										

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

UNIT I

Pharmacology of Drugs acting on Blood and blood forming agents

- Anticoagulants
- Thrombolytics and antiplatelet agents
- Haemopoietics and plasma expanders

UNIT II

Pharmacology of drugs acting on Renal System

- Diuretics
- Antidiuretics

UNIT III

Chemotherapy

- Introduction
- Sulfonamides and co-trimoxazole
- Penicillins and Cephalosporins
- Tetracyclines and Chloramphenicol
- Macrolides, Aminoglycosides, Polyene & Polypeptide antibiotics
- Quinolines and Fluroquinolines

UNIT IV

Chemotherapy

- Antifungal antibiotics
- Antiviral agents
- Chemotherapy of tuberculosis and leprosy
- Chemotherapy of Malaria
- Chemotherapy of protozoal infections (amoebiasis, Giardiasis)
- Pharmacology of Anthelmintic drugs

UNIT V

Chemotherapy: Chemotherapy of cancer (Neoplasms)

UNIT VI

Immuno pharmacology

Pharmacology of immune suppressants and stimulants

UNIT VII

Principles of Animal toxicology Acute, sub acute and chronic toxicity

UNIT VIII

The dynamic cell: The structures and functions of the components of the cell

- a) Cell and macromolecules: Cellular classification, subcellular organelles, macromolecules, large macromolecular assemblies
- b) Chromosome structure: Pro and eukaryotic chromosome structures, chromatin structure, genome complexity, the flow of genetic information.
- c) DNA replication: General, bacterial and eukaryotic DNA replication.
- d) The cell cycle: Restriction point, cell cycle regulators and modifiers.
- e) Cell signaling: Communication between cells and their environment, ion- channels, signal transduction pathways (MAP kinase, P38 kinase, JNK, Ras and PI3- kinase pathways, biosensors.

UNIT IX

The Gene: Genome structure and function:

Gene structure: Organization and elucidation of genetic code.

Gene expression: Expression systems (pro and eukaryotic), genetic elements that control gene expression (nucleosomes, histones, acetylation, HDACS, DNA binding protein families.

Transcription and Transcription factors: Basic principles of transcription in pro and eukaryotes. Transcription factors that regulate transcription in pro and eukaryotes.

UNIT X

RNA processing: rRNA, tRNA and mRNA processing.

Protein synthesis: Mechanisms of protein synthesis, initiation in eukaryotes, translation control and post-translation events Altered gene functions: Mutations, deletions, amplifications, LOH, traslocations, trinucleotide repeats and other genetic abnormalities.

Oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes.

The gene sequencing, mapping and cloning of human disease genes.

Introduction to gene therapy and targeting.

Recombinant DNA technology: principles. Processes (gene transfer technology) and applications

The following details shall be submitted for any 25 selected drugs in the form of assignment/PPT.

**Name of the Drug, Brand name, Category, Therapeutic uses, Dose, Pharmacological action, Route of administration, Side effects, Contraindications, Drug Interactions with drug/food, Pharmacokinetics

Suggested Readings (Theory):

 Tripathi, K. D. Essentials of medical pharmacology. 4th edition, 1999. Publisher: Jaypee, Delhi.

- 2. Satoskar, R.S. and Bhadarkar, S.D. Pharmacology and pharmacotherapeutics. 16th edition (single volume), 1999. Publisher: Popular, Dubai.
- 3. Rang, H.P. and Dale, M.M. Pharmacology. 4th edition, 1999. Publisher: Churchill Living stone.

- Goodman Gilman, A., Rall, T.W., Nies, A.I.S. and Taylor, P. Goodman and Gilman's The pharmacological Basis of therapeutics. 9th edition, 1996. Publisher: Mc Graw Hill, Pergamon press.
- 2. Craig, C.R. and Stitzel, R.E. Modern Pharmacology. Latest edition. Publisher: Little Brown and company.
- 3. Katzung, B.G. Basic and clinical pharmacology. Latest edition. Publisher: Prentice Hall, International.
- 4. Gupta, P.K. and Salunkhe, D.K. Modern Toxicology. Volume I, II and III. Latest edition. Publisher: B.V. Gupta, Metropolitan Book Co. (p) Ltd, New Delhi.

23PD302T

THIRD YEAR

PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs. /Week

Course Objectives:

• This subject deals with the application of instrumental methods in qualitative andquantitative analysis of drugs.

- This subject is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the principles and instrumentation of spectroscopic and chromatographic technique.
- This also emphasizes on theoretical and practical knowledge on modern analytical instruments that are used for drug testing.
- To discuss the applications of analytical techniques.
- To perform quantitative analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments.
- To perform qualitative analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments

Course Outcomes (CO's):

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level		
CO1	Understand the interaction of matter with electromagnetic	Understand		
	radiations and its applications in drug analysis.			
CO2	Describe the instrumentation of spectroscopy techniques.	Apply		
CO3	Understand the chromatographic separation and analysis of drugs.	Understand		
CO4	Discuss the applications of analytical techniques.	Apply		
CO5	Perform quantitative analysis of drugs using various analytical	Apply		
	instruments.			
CO6	Perform qualitative analysis of drugs using various analytical	Apply		
	instruments.			

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1			M		L							
CO2			S		S							
CO3			M		M							
CO4			S		S							
CO5			S		S							
CO6			S		M							

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course Content:

UNIT I

Quality Assurance:

- a. Introduction, sources of quality variation, control of quality variation.
- b. Concept of statistical quality control.
- c. Validation methods- quality of equipment, validation of equipment and validation of analytical instruments and calibration.
- d. GLP, ISO 9000.
- e. Total quality management, quality review and documentation.
- f. ICH- international conference for harmonization-guidelines.
- g. Regulatory control.

UNIT II

Chromatography:

Introduction, history, classification, separation techniques, choice of methods. The following techniques be discussed with relevant examples of pharmaceutical products involving principles and techniques of separation of drugs from excipients.

- h. **Column Chromatography**: Adsorption column chromatography, Operational technique, frontal analysis and elution analysis. Factors affecting column efficiency, applications and partition chromatography.
- i. TLC: Introduction, principle, techniques, R_f value and applications.
- pC: Introduction, principle, types of paper chromatography, preparation techniques, development techniques, applications.
- k. Ion-exchange chromatography: Introduction, principles, types of ion exchange synthetic resins, physical properties, factors affecting ion exchange, methodology and applications.
- 1. **HPLC**: Introduction, theory, instrumentation, and applications.
- m. **HPTLC**: Introduction, theory, instrumentation, and applications.
- n. **Gas Chromatography**: Introduction, theory, instrumentation-carrier gases, types of columns, stationary phases in GLC & GSC. Detectors-Flame ionization detectors, electron capture detector, thermal conductivity

detector. Typical gas chromatogram, derivatisation techniques, programmed temperature gas chromatography, applications.

h. **Electrophoresis**: Principles of separation, equipment for paper and gel electrophoresis, and application.

i. **Gel filtration** and **affinity chromatography**: Introduction, technique, applications.

UNIT III

Electrometric Methods:

Theoretical aspects, instrumentation, interpretation of data/spectra and analytical applications be discussed on the following topics.

- Potentiometry: Electrical potential, electrochemical cell, reference electrodes, indicator
 electrodes, measurement of potential and pH, construction and working
 of electrodes, Potentiometric titrations, methods of detecting end point, Karl Fischer
 titration.
- Conductometry: Introduction, conductivity cell, conductometric titrations and applications.
- Polarography: Instrumentation, DME, residual current, diffusion current and limiting current, polarographic wave, Ilkovic's equation, Effect of oxygen on polarographic wave, Polarographic maxima and suppressors and applications.
- Amperometric Titrations: Introduction, types of electrodes used, reference and indicator electrode, instrumentation, titration procedure, advantages and disadvantages of Amperometry over potentiometry. Pharma applications.

UNIT IV

Spectroscopy:

Theoretical aspects, instrumentation, elements of interpretation of data/spectra and application of analytical techniques be discussed on.

Absorption Spectroscopy:

Theory of electronic, atomic and molecular spectra. Fundamental laws of photometry, Beer-Lambert's Law, application and its deviation, limitation of Beer law, application of the law to single and multiple component analysis, measurement of equilibrium constant and rate constant by spectroscopy. Spectra of isolated chromophores, auxochromes, batho-chromic shift, hypsochromic shift, hyperchromic and hypochromic effect, effect of solvent on absorption spectra, molecular structure and infrared spectra.

UNIT V

Instrumentation – Photometer, UV Visible spectrometer – sources of UV – Visible radiations,

collimating systems, monochromators, sample cells and following detectors – photocell Barrier layer cell, Phototube, Diode array, applications of U.V.-Visible spectroscopy in pharmacy and spectrophotometric titrations.

UNIT VI

Infrared Spectroscopy: Vibrational transitions, frequency – structure correlations, Infrared absorption bands, Instrumentation—IR spectro-meter – sources of IR, Collimating systems, monochromators, sample cells, sample handling in IR spectroscopy and detectors—Thermocouple, Golay Cells, Thermistor, Bolometer, Pyroelectric detector, Applications of IR in pharmacy.

UNIT VII

Fluorimetric Analysis: Theory, luminescence, factors affecting fluorescence, quenching. Instrumentation, Applications, fluorescent indicators, study of pharmaceutically important compounds estimated by fluorimetry.

Flame Photometry: Theory, nebulisation, flame and flame temperature, interferences, flame spectrometric techniques and instrumentation and pharmaceutical applications.

Atomic Absorption Spectrometry: Introduction, Theory, types of electrodes, instrumentation and applications.

UNIT VIII

Atomic Emission Spectroscopy: Spectroscopic sources, atomic emission spectrometers, photographic and photoelectric detection.

NMR & ESR (introduction only): Introduction, theoretical aspects and applications.

UNIT IX

Mass Spectroscopy: (**Introduction only**) – Fragmentation, types of ions produced mass spectrum and applications.

Polarimetry: (**Introduction only**) – Introduction to optical rotatory dispersion, circular dichroism, polarimeter.

UNIT X

X-RAY Diffraction: (Introduction only) – Theory, reciprocal lattice concept, diffraction patterns and applications.

Thermal Analysis: Introduction, instrumentation, applications, and DSC and DTA.

Suggested Readings:

 A.H.Beckett& J.B. Stenlake's, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I&II, Stahlone Press of University of London.

- 2. A.I.Vogel, TextBook of Quantitative Inorganic analysis.
- 3. P.Gundu Rao, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
- 4. Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry.

- 1. John H. Kennedy, Analytical chemistry principles.
- 2. Indian Pharmacopoeia.

23PD303T

THIRD YEAR

PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS – II THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs. /Week

Course Objectives:

• This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for contribution to quality use of medicines.

- Chapters dealt cover briefly pathophysiology and mostly therapeutics of various diseases. This will enable the student to understand the pathophysiology of common diseases and their management.
- To know the importance of preparation of individualized therapeutic plans based ondiagnosis
- To appreciate the needs to identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).
- To develop patient case based assessment skills

Course Outcomes (CO's):

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Know the pathophysiology of selected disease states and the rationale for drug therapy	Knowledge
CO2	Know the therapeutic approach to management of these diseases;	Analyse
CO3	Know the controversies in drug therapy;	Evaluate
CO4	Know the importance of preparation of individualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis; and	Apply
CO5	Appreciate the needs to identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).	Evaluate
CO6	Students will be developing patient case based assessment skills	Create

Mapping with Programme Outcome:

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	S	S	S		M	S	S		M		S
CO2	3	S	3		S	M	5		IVI		L
CO3	S	S	M		L						S
CO4											
					S		S			M	L
CO5	M				S	S		L		L	M
CO6					S			S		L	M

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course Outcomes (CO's):

1.

- 2. Know the pathophysiology of selected disease states and the rationale for drug therapy
- 3. Know the therapeutic approach to management of these diseases;
- 4. Know the controversies in drug therapy;
- 5. Know the importance of preparation of individualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis; and
- 6. Appreciate the needs to identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).
- 7. Students will be developing patient case based assessment skills

Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule : Etiopathogenesis and pharmacotherapy of diseases associated with following systems $\!\!\!/$ diseases -

UNIT I

Infectious disease: Guidelines for the rational use of antibiotics and surgical Prophylaxis,

Tuberculosis, Meningitis, Respiratory tract infections

UNIT II

Infectious disease: Gastroenteritis, Endocarditis, Septicemia

UNIT III

Infectious disease: Urinary tract infections, Protozoal infection- Malaria, HIV &

Opportunistic infections

UNIT IV

Infectious disease: Fungal infections, Viral infections, Gonarrhoea and Syphillis

UNIT V

Musculoskeletal disorders

Rheumatoid arthritis, Osteoarthritis, Gout, Spondylitis, Systemic lupus erythematosus.

UNIT VI

Renal system

Acute Renal Failure, Chronic Renal Failure, Renal Dialysis, Drug induced renal disorders

UNIT VII

Oncology: Basic principles of Cancer therapy, General introduction to cancer chemotherapeutic agents

UNIT VIII

Chemotherapy of breast cancer, leukemia.

UNIT IX

Infectious disease: Management of chemotherapy nausea and emesis

UNIT X

Dermatology: Psoriasis, Scabies, Eczema, Impetigo

Suggested Readings:

1. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication

- Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange
- 2. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication
- Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA]

23PD304T

THIRD YEAR

PHARMACEUTICAL JURISPRUDENCE THEORY

2H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 2 T:0 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 2 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• This course exposes the student to several important legislations related to the profession of pharmacy in India.

- The Drugs and Cosmetics Act, along with its amendments is the core of this course.
- Other acts, which are covered, include the Pharmacy Act, dangerous drugs, medicinal and toilet preparation Act etc.
- Besides this the new drug policy, professional ethics, DPCO, patent and design Act will be discussed.
- To acquire clear idea on drug price control order and its implication in India.
- To acquire information regarding the licenses to be achieved for a new drug discovery process.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms
		Level
CO1	Practice the Professional ethics;	Apply
CO2	Understand the various concepts of the pharmaceutical legislation in India;	Understand
CO3	Know the various parameters in the Drug and Cosmetic Act and rules;	Knowledge
CO4	Know the Drug policy, DPCO, Patent and design act;	Knowledge
CO5	Understand the labeling requirements and packaging guidelines for drugs and cosmetics;	Understand
CO6	Be able to understand the concepts of Dangerous Drugs Act, Pharmacy Act and Exciseduties Act.	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

CO's	POa	POb	POc	POd	POe	POf	POg	POh	POi
CO1							S		
CO2									M
CO3									M
CO4									M
CO5									M
CO6									M

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule:

UNIT I

- **Pharmaceutical Legislations** A brief review.
- Principle and Significance of professional ethics. Critical study of the code of pharmaceutical ethics drafted by PCI.

UNIT II

Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940, and its rules 1945.

Objectives, Legal definition, Study of Schedule's with reference to Schedule B,C&C1, D, E1, F&F1, F2, F3, FF, G, H, J, K, M, N, P, R, V, W, X, Y.

Sales, Import, labeling and packaging of Drugs And Cosmetics Provisions Relating to Indigenous Systems.

Constitution and Functions of DTAB, DCC, CDL.

Qualification and duties –Govt. analyst and Drugs Inspector.

UNIT III

Pharmacy Act -1948.

Objectives Legal Definitions, General Study, Constitution and Functions of State & Central Council, Registration & Procedure, ER.

UNIT IV

Medicinal and Toilet Preparation Act -1955.

Objectives, Legal Definitions, Licensing, Bonded and Non Bonded Laboratory,

Ware Housing, Manufacture of Ayurvedic, Homeopathic, Patent & Proprietory Preparations.

UNIT V

Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act-1985 and Rules. Objectives, Legal Definitions, General Study, Constitution and Functions of narcotic & Psychotropic Consultative Committee, National Fund for Controlling the Drug Abuse, Prohibition, Control and regulations, Schedules to the Act.

UNIT VI

Study of Salient Features of Drugs and magic remedies Act and its rules.

UNIT VII

Study of essential Commodities Act Relevant to drugs price control Order.

UNIT VIII

Drug Price control Order & National Drug Policy (Current).

UNIT IX

Prevention of Cruelty to animals Act-1960.

Patents & design Act-1970.

UNIT X

Brief study of prescription and Non-prescription Products.

Assignments:

Format of the assignment

- Minimum & Maximum number of pages
- It shall be a computer draft copy
- Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
- Name and signature of the student
- Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year.
- Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min

Case studies relating to

- Drugs and Cosmetics Act and rules along with its amendments, Dangerous Drugs Act, Medicinal and Toilet preparation Act, New Drug Policy, Professional Ethics, Drugs (Price control) Order, Patent and Design Act.
- Various prescription and non-prescription products.
- Medical and surgical accessories.
- Diagnostic aids and appliances available in the market.

Suggested Readings:

1. Mithal, B M. Textbook of Forensic Pharmacy. Calcutta: National; 1988.

- 1. Singh, KK, editor. Beotra's the Laws of Drugs, Medicines & cosmetics. Allahabad: Law Book House; 1984.
- 2. Jain, NK. A Textbook of forensic pharmacy. Delhi: Vallabh prakashan; 1995.
- 3. Reports of the Pharmaceutical enquiry Committee
- 4. I.D.M.A., Mumbai. DPCO 1995
- 5. Various reports of Amendments.
- 6. Deshapande, S.W. The drugs and magic remedies act 1954 and rules 1955. Mumbai: Susmit Publications; 1998.
- 7. Eastern Book Company .The narcotic and psychotropic substances act 1985, Lucknow: Eastern; 1987.

23PD305T

THIRD YEAR

MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs. /Week

Course Objectives:

• This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure, chemistry and therapeutic value of drugs.

- The subject emphasis on modern techniques of rational drug design like quantitative structure activity relationship (QSAR)
- To understand the prodrug concept, combinatorial chemistry and Computer aided drug design (CADD).
- The subject also emphasizes on the chemistry, mechanism of action, metabolism,
- To know adverse effects, Structure Activity Relationships (SAR) and therapeutic uses
- To synthesis of important drugs.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Illustrate the classification of drugs.	Understand
CO2	Explain the mechanism of action of drugs.	Apply
CO3	Understand the chemistry of drugs with respect to their biological activity.	Understand
CO4	Know the metabolism, adverse effects and therapeutic value of drugs.	Understand
CO5	Discuss the importance of SAR of drugs.	Understand
CO6	Understand the importance of drug design and different techniques of drug design.	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	M										M	
CO2	M										M	
CO3	M										M	
CO4	M										M	
CO5	M										M	
CO6	M										M	

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

UNIT I

Modern concept of rational drug design: A brief introduction to Quantitative Structure Activity Relationaship (QSAR), prodrug, combinatorial chemistry and computer aided drug design (CADD) and concept of antisense molecules.

UNIT II

A study of the development of the following classes of drugs including SAR, mechanism of action, synthesis of important compounds, chemical nomenclature, brand names of important marketed products and their side effects.

UNIT III

Anti-infective agents

- Local anti-infective agents
- Preservatives
- Antifungal agents
- Urinary tract anti-infectives

UNIT IV

Anti-infective agents

- Antitubercular agents
- Antiviral agents and Anti AIDS agents
- Antiprotozoal agents
- Anthelmentics
- Antiscabies and Antipedicular agents

UNIT V

- Sulphonamides and sulphones
- Antimalarials

UNIT VI

- Antibiotics
- Antineoplastic agents

UNIT VII

Cardiovascular agents

- Antihypertensive agents
- Antianginal agents and vasodilators

UNIT VIII

Cardiovascular agents

• Antiarrhythmic agents

- Antihyperlipidemic agents
- Coagulants and Anticoagulants
- Endocrine

UNIT IX

- Hypoglycemic agents
- Thyroid and Antithyroid agents

UNIT X

- Diureties
- Diagnostic agents
- Steroidal Hormones and Adrenocorticoids

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Wilson and Gisvold's Text book of Organic, Medicinal and Pharmaceutical
- 2. Chemistry, Lippincott-Raven Publishers-New York, Philadelphia.
- 3. William.O.Foye, Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, B.I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. Burgers, Medicinal Chemistry, M.E., Welly Med. Chemistry M.E. Walffed Johnwilley and Sons, Wiley-interscience Publication, New York, Toranto.
- 5. A Text Book of Medicinal Chemistry Vol. I and II by Surendra N. Pandeya, S.G. Publisher, 6, Dildayal Nagar, Varanasi -10.
- 6. Indian Pharmacopoeia 1985 and 1996. The Controller of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi 54.

- Current Index of Medical Specialities (CIMS) and MIMS India, MIMS,
 A.E. Morgan Publications (I) Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi-19.
- 2. Organic Drug Synthesis-Ledniser Mitzsher Vol. I and II.
- 3. Pharmaceutical Chemistry drug Synthesis Vol. I and II by H. J. Roth and A. Kleemann.
- 4. The Science and Practice of Pharmacy Vol. 1 and 2, Remington, MACK Publishing Company, Easton, Pennsylvania.

23PD306T THIRD YEAR PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULATIONS THEORY 3H 3C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 2 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• Course enables the student to understand and appreciate the influence of pharmaceutical additives and various pharmaceutical dosage forms on the performance of the drug product.

- To discover various formulation considerations in development of pharmaceutical dosage forms like tablets, capsules, etc.
- To Understand the quality control tests for the dosage forms.
- To know parenterals and novel drug delivery system.
- To understand clearly about packaging and cosmetic preparations.
- To interpret the various pharmaceutical additives to be included in all dosage forms.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms
		Level
CO1	Aquire knowledge about the various pharmaceutical dosage	Knowledge
	forms and their manufacturing techniques.	
CO2	Discover various formulation considerations in development of	Create
	pharmaceutical dosageforms like tablets, capsules, etc.	
CO3	Understand the quality control tests for the dosage forms.	Understand
CO4	Detail on parenterals and Novel Drug Delivery System.	Apply
CO5	Understand clearly about packaging and cosmetic preparations.	Apply
CO6	Interpret the various pharmaceutical additives to be included in all	Analyze
	dosage forms	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

CO's	POa	POb	POc	POd	POe	POf	POg	POh	POi
CO1	L								
CO2	L								
CO3	L								
CO4	L								
CO5	L								
CO6	L								

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule:

UNIT I

Pharmaceutical dosage form- concept and classification

UNIT II

Tablets: Formulation of different types of tablets, tablet excipients, granulation techniques quality control and evaluation of tablets.

UNIT III

Tablet coating, Type of coating, quality control tests for coated tablet.

UNIT IV

Capsules; Production and filling of hard gelatin capsules, Raw material for shell, finishing, quality control tests for capsules.

UNIT V

Production and filling of soft gelatin capsules, quality control tests for soft gelatin capsules.

UNIT VI

Liquid orals: Formulation and evaluation of

suspensions, emulsions and solutions. Stability of

these preparations

UNIT VII

Parenterals Introduction Containers used for Parenterals (including official tests) Formulation of large and small volume Parenterals Sterilization

UNIT VIII

Ophthalmic preparations (Semi – Solids): Introduction and classification Factors affecting absorption and anatomy of eye Packaging storage and labeling

UNIT IX

Ointments Types of Ointment Base Preparation of ointment, Jellies Types of jellies Formulation of jellies Suppositories, Method of preparation, Types Packaging

UNIT X

Definition and concept of Controlled and novel Drug delivery systems with available examples, viz. parentral, trans dermal, buccal, rectal, nasal, implants, ocular

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Pharmaceutical dosage forms, Vol, I,II and III by lachman
- 2. Rowlings Text book of Pharmaceutics
- 3. Tutorial Pharmacy Cooper & Gunn

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

1. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences

2. USP/BP/IP

23PD307P

THIRD YEAR

PHARMACOLOGY – II PRACTICAL 3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• To Calculate the dose in pharmacological experiments.

- To Perform various pharmacological screening studies.
- To Demonstrate the toxicity studies in animal models.
- To know the student's t test, ANOVA, Chi square test, Wilcoxon Signed Rank test.
- To determine the pharmacokinetic parameters by using the data.
- To evaluate the acute skin irritation, acute eye irritation and corrosion of a test substance.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level			
CO1	Understand the pharmacological aspects of drugs	Understand			
	falling under the above mentioned chapters,				
CO2	Carryout the animal experiments confidently,	Apply			
CO3	Appreciate the importance of pharmacology subject as a basis of	Knowledge			
	therapeutics, and				
CO4	Correlate and apply the knowledge therapeutically.	Analyze			
CO5	Drugs acting on Blood and blood forming agents	Understand			
CO6	Structures and functions of the components of the cell	Understand			

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

POs	A	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
POs COs											
CO1			S								
CO2			S	S							
CO3	S										
CO4	S			S							
CO5	S		S								
CO6			S								

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

List of Experiments:

- 1. Study of laboratory animals and their handling (a. Frogs, b. Mice, c. Rats, d. Guinea pigs, e. Rabbits).
- 2. Study of physiological salt solutions used in experimental pharmacology

- 3. Study of laboratory appliances used in experimental pharmacology.
- 4. Study of use of anesthetics in laboratory animals.
- 5. To record the dose response curve of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle preparation.
- 6. To carry out bioassay of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle preparation by interpolation method.
- 7. To carry out bioassay of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle preparation by three point method.
- 8. To record the dose response curve of Histamine using isolated guinea -pig ileum preparation.
- 9. Study of agonistic and antagonistic effects of drugs using isolated guinea-pig ileum preparation.
- To carry out bioassay of Histamine using isolated guinea -pig ileum preparation by 10. interpolation method.
- To carry out bioassay of Histamine using guinea-pig ileum preparation by three 11. point method.
- 12. To study the routes of administration of drugs in animals (Rats, Mice, Rabbits).
- Study of theory, principle, procedure involved and interpretation of given results for the following experiments:
 - a) Analgesic property of drug using analgesiometer.
 - b) Antiinflammatory effect of drugs using rat-paw edema method.
 - c) Anticonvulsant activity of drugs using maximal electroshock and pentylene tetrazole methods.
 - d) Antidepressant activity of drugs using pole climbing apparatus and pentobarbitone induced sleeping time methods.
 - e) Locomotor activity evaluation of drugs using actophotometer and rotarod.
 - f) Cardiotonic activity of drugs using isolated frog heart and mammalian heart preparations.

Suggested Readings (Theory):

- 1. Tripathi, K. D. Essentials of medical pharmacology. 4th edition, 1999. Publisher: Jaypee, Delhi.
- 2. Satoskar, R.S. and Bhadarkar, S.D. Pharmacology and pharmacotherapeutics. 16th edition (single volume), 1999. Publisher: Popular, Dubai.
- 3. Rang, H.P. and Dale, M.M. Pharmacology. 4th edition, 1999. Publisher: Churchill

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

1. Gupta, P.K. and Salunkhe, D.K. Modern Toxicology. Volume I, II and III. Latest edition. Publisher: B.V. Gupta, Metropolitan Book Co. (p) Ltd, New Delhi.

23PD308P THIRD YEAR PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICAL 3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• To estimate the samples using analytical instruments.

- To perform assay of drug samples using analytical intruments
- To determine the effect of solvents on absorption maxima.
- To separate the mixtures of sample using chromatographic techniques.
- To demonstrate HPLC.
- To demonstrate gas chromatography.

Course Outcomes

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Estimate the samples using analytical instruments	Apply
CO2	Perform assay of drug samples using analytical instruments	Apply
CO3	Determine the effect of solvents on absorption maxima.	Apply
CO4	Separate the mixtures of sample using chromatographic techniques.	Apply
CO5	Demonstrate HPLC.	Apply
CO6	Demonstrate gas chromatography.	Apply

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1			S	S								
CO2			S	S								
CO3			S	S								
CO4			S	M								
CO5			S	M								
CO6			S	M								

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Course Content:

List of Experiments:

- 1. Separation and identification of Amino Acids by Paper Chromatography.
- 2. Separation and identification of Sulpha drugs by TLC technique.

- 3. Effect of pH and solvent on the UV spectrum of given compound.
- 4. Comparison of the UV spectrum of a compound with that of its derivatives.
- Determination of dissociation constant of indicators using UV-Visible spectroscopy.
- 6. Conductometric titration of mixture of acids with a strong base.
- 7. Potentiometric titration of a acid with a strong base.
- 8. Estimation of drugs by Fluorimetric technique.
- 9. Study of quenching effect in fluorimetry.
- 10. Colourimetric estimation of Supha drugs using BMR reagent.
- 11. Simultaneous estimation of two drugs present in given formulation.
- 12. Assay of Salicylic Acid by colourimetry.
- 13. Determination of Chlorides and Sulphates in Calcium gluconate by Nepheloturbidimetric Method.
- 14. Determination of Na/K by Flame Photometry.
- 15. Determination of pKa using pH meter.
- 16. Determination of specific rotation.
- 17. Comparison of the IR spectrum of a compound with that of its derivatives.
- 18. Demonstration of HPLC.
- 19. Demonstration of HPTLC.
- 20. Demonstration of GC-MS.
- 21. Demonstration of DSC.
- 22. Interpretation of NMR spectra of any one compound.

Suggested Readings:

- A.H.Beckett& J.B. Stenlake's, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I&II, Stahlone Press of University of London.
- 2. A.I.Vogel, TextBook of Quantitative Inorganic analysis.
- 3. P.Gundu Rao, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
- 4. Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry.

- 2. John H. Kennedy, Analytical chemistry principles.
- 3. Indian Pharmacopoeia.

23PD309P

THIRD YEAR

PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS – II PRACTICAL 3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week Course Objectives:

• This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for contribution to quality use of medicines.

- Chapters dealt cover briefly pathophysiology and mostly therapeutics of various diseases. This will enable the student to understand the pathophysiology of common diseases and their management.
- To know the importance of preparation of individualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis
- To appreciate the needs to identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).
- To develop patient case based assessment skills

Course Outcomes (CO's):

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Know the pathophysiology of selected disease states and the	Knowledge
	rationale for drug therapy	
CO2	Know the therapeutic approach to management of these	Analyse
	diseases;	
CO3	Know the controversies in drug therapy	Evaluate
CO4	Know the importance of preparation of individualised	Apply
	therapeutic plans based on diagnosis; and	
CO5	Appreciate the needs to identify the patient-specific parameters	Evaluate
	relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy	
	(including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory	
	indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).	
CO6	Students will be developing patient case based assessment skills	Create

Mapping with Programme Outcome:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	S	S	S		M	S	S		M		S
CO2		S		M	S	M			M		S
CO3	S	S	M		L						
CO4					S	S			M	M	
CO5	M			S	S		S	L			L
CO6				S	S			S		M	L

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Practicals:

• Hospital postings in various departments designed to complement the lectures by providing practical clinical discussion; attending ward rounds; follow up the progress and changes made in drug therapy in allotted patients; case presentation upon discharge. Students are required to maintain a record of cases presented and the same should be submitted at the end of the course for evaluation.

- The student shall be trained to understand the principle and practice involved in selection of drug therapy including clinical discussion.
- A minimum of 20 cases should be presented and recorded covering most common diseases.

Assignments:

Students are required to submit written assignments on the topics given to them. Topics allotted should cover recent developments in drug therapy of various diseases. A minimum of THREE assignments [1500 - 2000 words] should be submitted for evaluation.

Format of the assignment:

- 1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
- 2. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
- 3. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year.
- 4. It shall be computer draft copy.
- 5. Name and signature of the student.
- 6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

Suggested Readings:

 Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

 Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach - Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange

23PD310P THIRD YEAR MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL 3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• To prepare drugs and medicinally important compounds by traditional and microwave method.

- To prepare drug intermediates by traditional and microwave method.
- To perform assay of drug substances.
- To draw structures of chemicals using soft ware's.
- To determine physicochemical properties for drugs using software.
- To screen drug likeliness.

Course Outcomes

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Prepare drugs and medicinally important compounds by	Apply
	traditional and microwave method.	
CO2	Prepare drug intermediates by traditional and micro wave method.	Apply
CO3	Perform assay of drug substances.	Apply
CO4	Draw structures of chemicals using softwares.	Apply
CO5	Determine physicochemical properties for drugs using software.	Understand
CO6	Screen drug like liness.	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S	M										
CO2	S	M										
CO3	S	M										
CO4	L	L										
CO5	M	L										
CO6	L	L										

CONTENT

- 1. Assays of important drugs from the course content.
- 2. Preparation of medicinally important compounds or intermediates required for synthesis of drugs.
- 3. Monograph analysis of important drugs.
- 4. Determination of partition coefficients, dissociation constants and molar refractivity of compounds for QSAR analysis.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Wilson and Gisvold's Text book of Organic, Medicinal and Pharmaceutical
- 2. Chemistry, Lippincott-Raven Publishers-New York, Philadelphia.
- 3. Indian Pharmacopoeia 1985 and 1996. The Controller of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi 54.

- Current Index of Medical Specialities (CIMS) and MIMS India, MIMS, A.E.
 Morgan Publications (I) Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi-19.
- 2. Organic Drug Synthesis-Ledniser Mitzsher Vol. I and II.
- 3. Pharmaceutical Chemistry drug Synthesis Vol. I and II by H. J. Roth and A. Kleemann.
- 4. The Science and Practice of Pharmacy Vol. 1 and 2, Remington, MACK Publishing Company, Easton, Pennsylvania.

23PD311P THIRD YEAR PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULATIONS PRACTICAL 3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• To manufacture tablets.

- To understand the strict formulation considerations in parenteral and ophthalmic manufacturing.
- To demonstrate the evaluations of different packaging materials in pharmaceutical industry.
- To achieve skills in making a pharmaceutical product.
- To demonstrate the manufacturing of capsules.
- To exploit the formulation of various cosmetics.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms
		Level
CO1	Manufacture tablets.	Apply
CO2	Understand the strict formulation considerations in parenteral and	Understand
	ophthalmic manufacturing.	
CO3	Demonstrate the evaluations of different packaging materials in	Evaluation
	pharmaceuticalindustry.	
CO4	Achieve skills in making a pharmaceutical product.	Apply
CO5	Demonstrate the manufacturing of capsules.	Apply
CO6	Exploit the formulation of various cosmetics.	Analyze

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

CO's	POa	POb	POc	POd	POe	POf	POg	POh	POi
CO1	L								
CO2	L								
CO3	L								
CO4	L								
CO5	L								
CO6	L								

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

List of Experiments:

1. Manufacture of Tablets

a. Ordinary compressed tablet-wet granulation

- **b.** Tablets prepared by direct compression.
- c. Soluble tablet.
- **d.** Chewable tablet.

2. Formulation and filling of hard gelatin capsules

3. Manufacture of parenterals

- a. Ascorbic acid injection
- b. Calcium gluconate injection
- c. Sodium chloride infusion.
- **d.** Dextrose and Sodium chloride injection/infusion.

4. Evaluation of Pharmaceutical formulations (QC tests)

- a. Tablets
- **b.** Capsules
- c. Injections

5. Formulation of two liquid oral preparations and evaluation by assay

- a. Solution: Paracetamol Syrup
- **b.** Antacid suspensions- Aluminum hydroxide gel

6. Formulation of semisolids and evaluation by assay

- a. Salicyclic acid and benzoic acid ointment
- b. Gel formulation Diclofenac gel

7. Cosmetic preparations

- a. Lipsticks
- **b.** Cold cream and vanishing cream
- c. Clear liquid shampoo
- **d.** Tooth paste and tooth powders.

8. Tablet coating (demonstration)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Pharmaceutical dosage forms, Vol, I,II and III by lachman
- 2. Rowlings Text book of Pharmaceutics
- 3. Tutorial Pharmacy Cooper & Gunn

- 1. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences
- 2. USP/BP/IP

23PD401T

FOURTH YEAR

PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS – III THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for contribution to quality use of medicines.

- Chapters dealt cover briefly pathophysiology and mostly therapeutics of various diseases.
- This will enable the student to understand the pathophysiology of common diseases and their management.
- To summarize the therapeutic approach to management of these diseases including reference to the latest available evidence;
- To diagnose a disease using biochemical & pathological Parameters.
- To discuss the preparation of individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis

Course Outcome (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Explain Pathophysiology of selected disease states and the rationale	Evaluating
	for drug therapy;	
CO2	Understand the therapeutic approach to manage of these diseases;	Understanding
CO3	Diagnose a dynamic based on biochemical &Pathological Parameters;	Analyzing
CO4	Evaluate the importance of individualized therapeutic plans based on	Evaluating
	diagnosis;	
CO5	Identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug	Applying
	therapy, andmonitoring drug therapy (including alternatives, time-	
	course of clinical andlaboratory indices of therapeutic response and	
	adverse effects);	
CO6	Demonstrate patient counselling points for various diseases;	Understanding

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

<u> </u>	- 6										
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	P05	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	M										
CO2			S								
CO3			S								
CO4						M					
CO5			M								
CO6								M			

Course Outcome (CO's): On successful completion of the course the student will

- 1. Explain Pathophysiology of selected disease states and the rationale for drug therapy;
- 2. Understand the therapeutic approach to manage of these diseases;
- 3. Diagnose a dynamic based on biochemical & Pathological Parameters;
- 4. Evaluate the importance of individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis;
- 5. Identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring drug therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects);
- 6. Demonstrate patient counselling points for various diseases;

Etiopathogenesis and pharmacotherapy of diseases associated with following systems/ diseases:

UNIT I

Gastrointestinal system: Peptic ulcer disease, Gastro Esophageal Reflux Disease

UNIT II

Inflammatory bowel disease

UNIT III

Liver disorders - Alcoholic liver disease, Viral hepatitis including jaundice

UNIT IV

Drug induced liver disorders.

UNIT V

Haematological system: Anaemias, Venous thromboembolism

UNIT VI

Drug induced blood disorders.

UNIT VII

Nervous system: Epilepsy, Parkinsonism, Stroke, Alzheimer's disease,

UNIT VIII

Psychiatry disorders: Schizophrenia, Affective disorders, Anxiety disorders, Sleep

disorders, Obsessive Compulsive disorders

UNIT IX

Pain management including Pain pathways, neuralgias, headaches.

UNIT X

Evidence Based Medicine

The following details shall be submitted for any 25 selected drugs in the form of assignment/PPT.

**Name of the Drug, Brand name, Category, Therapeutic uses, Dose, Pharmacological action, Route of administration, Side effects, Contraindications, Drug Interactions with drug/food, Pharmacokinetics

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication
- 2. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange

- 1. Pathologic basis of disease Robins SL, W.B.Saunders publication
- 2. Pathology and therapeutics for Pharmacists: A Basis for Clinical Pharmacy Practice Green and Harris, Chapman and Hall publication
- 3. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication
- 4. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda -Kimble MA
- 5. Avery's Drug Treatment, 4th Edn, 1997, Adis International Limited.

23PD402T

FOURTH YEAR

HOSPITAL PHARMACY THEORY

3H 3C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 2 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100 External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• In the changing scenario of pharmacy practice in India, for successful practice of Hospital Pharmacy,

- the students are required to learn various skills like drug distribution,
- to know drug dispensing, manufacturing of parenteral preparations,
- to understand drug information, patient counselling,
- to learn therapeutic drug monitoring for improved patient care.
- To know The Stores Management and Inventory Control.

Course Outcome (CO's):

Upon completion of the course, the student will –

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Outline on hospital pharmacy Organize & understand the	Knowledge
	management of materials & finance;	
CO2	Understand budget prepare and implementation in Hospital Pharmacy;	Knowledge
CO3	Illustrate the Stores Management and Inventory Control.	Knowledge
CO4	Discuss various drug distribution methods in hospital & for	Evaluate
	scheduleddrugs;	
CO5	Describe the manufacturing practices of various formulations	Knowledge
	inhospitalset up & radio Pharmaceuticals;	
CO6	Understand the professional practice management skills in	Analyse
	hospitalpharmacies;.	

Mapping with Programme Outcome

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	K
CO1	S	S					S		M		S
CO2		S	S	S		M	S		M		
CO3						S	S		S		S
CO4		S		S			S	M			
CO5	M	M					S	L			
CO6	M	M			S		S	L			

UNIT I

Hospital - its Organization and functions

UNIT II

Hospital pharmacy-Organization and management

- a) Organizational structure-Staff, Infrastructure & work load statistics
- b) Management of materials and finance
- c) Roles & responsibilities of hospital pharmacist

UNIT III

The Budget - Preparation and implementation

Hospital drug policy

- a) Pharmacy and Therapeutic committee (PTC)
- b) Hospital formulary

UNIT IV

Hospital committees

- Infection committee
- Research and ethical committee
- c) developing therapeutic guidelines
- d) Hospital pharmacy communication Newsletter

UNIT V

Hospital pharmacy services

- Procurement & warehousing of drugs and Pharmaceuticals
- Inventory control
- Definition, various methods of Inventory Control ABC, VED, EOQ, Lead time, safety stock

UNIT VI

Drug distribution in the hospital

- Individual prescription method
- Floor stock method
- Unit dose drug distribution method

UNIT VII

Distribution of Narcotic and other controlled substances

Central sterile supply services – Role of pharmacist

UNIT VIII

Manufacture of Pharmaceutical preparations

Sterile formulations – large and small volume parenterals manufacture

Of Ointments, Liquids, and cream, Pharmaceutical compounding

Sterile preparations: Sterile compounding, Good Compounding

Practices, Responsibility of Compounding personnel.

UNIT IX

Manufacturing of Tablets, granules, capsules, and powders

Total parenteral nutrition

Continuing professional development programs

Education and training

Radio Pharmaceuticals - Handling and packaging

UNIT X

Professional Relations and practices of hospital pharmacist

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Hospital pharmacy by William E. Hassan
- 2. A text book of Hospital Pharmacy by S.H.Merchant & Dr. J.S. Qadry. Revised by R.K.Goyal & R.K. Parikh

- 1. WHO consultative group report.
- 2. R.P.S. Vol.2. Part –B; Pharmacy Practice section.
- 3. Handbook of pharmacy health care. Edt. Robin J Harman. The Pharmaceutical press.

23PD403T

FOURTH YEAR

CLINICAL PHARMACY THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 3

Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100 External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs./Week

Course objective:

 To Monitor drug therapy of patient through medication chart review and clinical review:

- To Obtain medication history interview and counsel the patients;
- To Identify and resolve drug related problems;
- To detect, assess and monitor adverse drug reaction;
- To Interpret selected laboratory results (as monitoring parameters in therapeutics) of specific disease states; and
- To Retrieve, analyse, interpret and formulate drug or medicine information.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

Cos	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Describe the daily activities of clinical Pharmacist in	Understand
	improving the patient case.	
CO2	Understand the basis for evaluating the biomedical	Evaluate
	literatures;	
CO3	Identify and resolve drug related problems;	Apply
CO4	Detect, assess and monitor adverse drug reaction;	Apply
CO5	Interpret selected laboratory results (as monitoring parameters	Evaluate
	in therapeutics) of specific disease states;	
CO6	Retrieve, analyse, interpret and formulate drug or medicine	Create
	information.	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

POs	a	b	С	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
Cos											
CO1	S									S	S
CO2	S										
CO3	S			S			S				
CO4	S		S							S	M
CO5	S		S				S			M	
CO6	S	S	S		S	M	S			M	

Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule:

UNIT I

Definitions, development and scope of clinical pharmacy

Introduction to daily activities of a clinical pharmacist

- a. Drug therapy monitoring (medication chart review, clinical review, pharmacist interventions)
- b. Ward round participation
- c. Adverse drug reaction management
- d. Drug information and poisons information

UNIT II

Medication history

Patient counseling

UNIT III

Drug utilisation evaluation (DUE) and review (DUR)

UNIT IV

Quality assurance of clinical pharmacy services

UNIT V

Patient data analysis

The patient's case history, its structure and use in evaluation of drug therapy & Understanding common medical abbreviations and terminologies used in clinical practices.

Clinical laboratory tests used in the evaluation of disease states, and interpretation of test results

- a. Haematological, Liver function, Renal function, thyroid function tests
- b. Tests associated with cardiac disorders
- c. Fluid and electrolyte balance
- d. Microbiological culture sensitivity tests
- e. Pulmonary Function Tests

UNIT VI

Drug & Poison information

- Introduction to drug information resources available
- Systematic approach in answering DI queries
- Critical evaluation of drug information and literature
- Preparation of written and verbal reports

- Establishing a Drug Information Centre
- Poisons information- organization & information resources

UNIT VII

Pharmacovigilance

- Scope, definition and aims of pharmacovigilance
 - Adverse drug reactions Classification, mechanism, predisposing factors, causality assessment [different scales used]
 - Reporting, evaluation, monitoring, preventing & management of ADRs
 - Role of pharmacist in management of ADR.

UNIT VIII

Communication skills, including patient counselling techniques, medication history interview, presentation of cases.

UNIT IX

- Pharmaceutical care concepts
- Critical evaluation of biomedical literature

UNIT X

Medication errors

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Practice Standards and Definitions The Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia.
- Basic skills in interpreting laboratory data Scott LT, American Society of Health System Pharmacists Inc.
- 3. Biopharmaceutics and Applied Pharmacokinetics Leon Shargel, Prentice Hall publication.
- A text book of Clinical Pharmacy Practice; Essential concepts and skills,
 Dr.G.Parthasarathi etal, Orient Orient Langram Pvt. Ltd. ISSBN8125026

- 1 Australian drug information -Procedure manual. The Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia.
- 2 Clinical Pharmacokinetics Rowland and Tozer, Williams and Wilkins Publication.
- 3 Pharmaceutical statistics. Practical and clinical applications. Sanford Bolton, Marcel Dekker, Inc.

23PD404T FOURTH YEAR

BIOSTATISTICS AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY THEORY 3H 3C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 2 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100 External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 3 Hrs. /Week Course Objectives:

• To understand some basic concepts of research and its methodologies

- To identify appropriate research topics
- To select and define appropriate research problem and parameters
- To prepare a project proposal
- To organize and conduct research in a more appropriate manner
- To write a research report and thesis

Course Outcomes (CO's):

A successful completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand some basic concepts of research and its	Understand
	methodologies.	
CO2	Execute computer applications in Hospital Pharmacy.	Knowledge
CO3	Select and define appropriate research problem and parameters.	Knowledge
CO4	Construct various data graphics in research.	Knowledge
CO5	Organize and conduct research in a more appropriate manner.	Apply
CO6	Implement statistical parameter in research.	Apply

Mapping with Programme Outcomes:

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S											
CO2			S									
CO3					M							
CO4								M				
CO5											S	
CO6			S									

Course Content:

UNIT I

Research Methodology

- a) Types of clinical study designs:
 Case studies, observational studies, interventional studies,
- b) Designing the methodology
- c) Sample size determination and Power of a study Determination of sample size for simple comparative experiments, determination of sample size to obtain a confidence interval of specified width, power of a study
- d) Report writing and presentation of data

UNIT II

Biostatistics

- Introduction
- Types of data distribution
- Measures describing the central tendency distributions- average, median, mode
- Measurement of the spread of data-range, variation of mean, standard deviation, variance, coefficient of variation, standard error of mean.

UNIT III

Data graphics

Construction and labeling of graphs, histogram, piecharts, scatter plots, semilogarthimic plots

UNIT IV

Basics of testing hypothesis

- a) Null hypothesis, level of significance, power of test, P value, statistical estimation of confidence intervals.
- b) Level of significance (Parametric data)- students t test (paired and unpaired), chi Square test, Analysis of Variance (one-way and two-way)
- c) Level of significance (Non-parametric data)- Sign test, Wilcoxan's signed rank test, Wilcoxan rank sum test, Mann Whitney U test, Kruskal-Wall is test (one way ANOVA)
- d) Linear regression and correlation- Introduction, Pearsonn's and Spearmann's correlation and correlation co-efficient.

e) Introduction to statistical software: SPSS, Epi Info, SAS.

UNIT V

Statistical methods in epidemiology

Incidence and prevalence, relative risk, attributable risk

UNIT VI

Computer applications in pharmacy

UNIT VII

<u>Computer System in Hospital Pharmacy</u>: Patterns of Computer use in Hospital Pharmacy – Patient record database management, Medication order entry – Drug labels and list – Intravenous solution and admixture, patient medication profiles, Inventory control, Management report & Statistics.

UNIT VIII

Computer In Community Pharmacy

Computerizing the Prescription Dispensing process

Use of Computers for Pharmaceutical Care in community pharmacy

UNIT IX

Accounting and General ledger system

UNIT X

Drug Information Retrieval & Storage:

Introduction – Advantages of Computerized Literature Retrieval Use of Computerized Retrieval

Suggested Readings:

 Pharmaceutical statistics- practical and clinical applications, Sanford Bolton 3rd edition, publisher Marcel Dekker Inc. NewYork.

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

 Drug Information- A Guide for Pharmacists, Patrick M Malone, Karen L Kier, John E Stanovich , 3rd edition, McGraw Hill Publications 2006

23PD405T FOURTH YEAR BIOPHARMACEUTICS AND PHARMACOKINETICS THEORY 4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs. /Week

Course Objectives:

• This subject is designed to impart knowledge and skills of Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics and their applications in pharmaceutical development, design of dose and dosage regimen and in solving the problems raised therein.

- To explain the use of plasma drug concentration-time data to calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters.
- To understand the concepts of bioavailability and bioequivalence of drug products and their significance.
- To understand various pharmacokinetic parameters, their significance & applications.
- To demonstrate a clear information on compartmental models and methods to assess the models.
- To describe the kinetics of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion, elimination.

Course Outcomes (CO's): At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand the basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and	Understand
	pharmacokinetics and their significance.	
CO2	Explain the use of plasma drug concentration-time data	Understand
	to calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters.	
CO3	Understand the concepts of bioavailability and	Understand
	bioequivalence of drug products and their significance.	
CO4	Understand various pharmacokinetic parameters, their	Analyze
	significance & applications.	
CO5	Demonstrate a clear information on compartmental	Apply
	models and methods to assess the models.	
CO6	Describe the kinetics of drug absorption, distribution,	Understand
	metabolism, excretion, elimination.	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1		S					M				
CO2		S					M		M	L	M
CO3	S		S	S	M	M	M	S	M		M
CO4		M	M	M	M	M	M		M	M	S
CO5			M	S			S		M		M
CO6			M	M	M						

UNIT I

Biopharmaceutics

Introduction to Biopharmaceutics

- Absorption of drugs from gastrointestinal tract.
- Drug Distribution.
- Drug Elimination.

UNIT II

Pharmacokinetics

Introduction to Pharmacokinetics.

- Mathematical model
- Drug levels in blood.
- Pharmacokinetic model
- Compartment models
- Pharmacokinetic study.

UNIT III

One compartment open model.

- Intravenous Injection (Bolus)
- Intravenous infusion.

UNIT IV

Multicompartment models.

- Two compartment open model.
- IV bolus, IV infusion and oral administration

UNIT V

Multiple - Dosage Regimens.

Repititive Intravenous injections – One Compartment Open Model

Repititive Extravascular dosing – One Compartment Open model c.

Multiple Dose Regimen - Two Compartment Open Model

UNIT VI

Nonlinear Pharmacokinetics.

- Introduction
- Factors causing Non-linearity.
- Michaelis-menton method of estimating parameters.

UNIT VII

Non-compartmental Pharmacokinetics.

- Statistical Moment Theory.
- MRT for various compartment models.

UNIT VIII

Physiological Pharmacokinetic model.

UNIT IX

Bioavailability and Bioequivalence.

- Introduction.
- Bioavailability study protocol.

UNIT X

Methods of Assessment of Bioavailability

Suggested Readings:

- 1 Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by, Milo Gibaldi
- 2 Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, By Mack Publishing Company, Pennsylvnia.
- 3 Pharmacokinetics: By Milo Glbaldi Donald, R. Mercel Dekker Inc.
- 4 Hand Book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics, By Milo Gibaldi and Laurie Prescott by ADIS Health Science Press.
- 5 Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics; By Robert F Notari

- 1. Biopharmaceutics; By Swarbrick
- 2. Bio pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics-A Treatise, By D. M. Brahmankar and Sunil B.Jaiswal, Vallabh Prakashan Pitampura, Delhi
- 3. Cilincal Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications: By Malcolm Rowland and Thomas, N. Tozen, Lea and Febrger, Philadelphia, 1995.

CLINICAL TOXICOLOGY THEORY

23PD406T FO

FOURTH YEAR

3H 3C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 2 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• To understand the general working knowledge of the principles and practice of clinical toxicology

- To know the health implications of toxic exposures and commonly involved chemicals for toxicity
- To understand principles of general toxicology and clinical management practice.
- To demonstrate and apply history, assessment and therapy considerations associated with the management of a toxic exposure.
- To understand treatment guidelines for specific toxic substances.
- To get knowledge about preventive approaches to reduce unintentional poisoning.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
COs		
CO1	Understandthegeneralworkingprinciplesandpracticeofc linicaltoxicology	Understand
CO2	The health implications of toxicexposures and commonly involved chemicals for toxicity	Apply
CO3	Understand principles of general toxicology and clinical management practice.	Understand
CO4	Demonstrate the assessment and therapy considerations associated with the management of a toxic exposure.	Apply
CO5	Understand treatment guidelines for specific toxic substances.	Understand
CO6	Knowledge about preventive approaches to reduce unintentional poisoning	Knowledge

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

POs	a	b	С	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
COs											
CO1	S										
CO2	S										
CO3	S										
CO4	S										
CO5	S										
CO6	S										

UNIT I

- General principles involved in the management poisoning
- Antidotes and the clinical applications.
- Supportive care in clinical Toxicology.

UNIT II

- Gut Decontamination.
- Elimination Enhancement.
- Toxicokinetics.

UNIT III

Clinical symptoms and management of acute poisoning with the following agents –

- Pesticide poisoning: organophosphorous compounds, carbamates, organochlorines, pyrethroids.
- Opiates overdose.
- Antidepressants
- Barbiturates and benzodiazepines.

UNIT IV

Clinical symptoms and management of acute poisoning with the following agents – Alcohol: ethanol, methanol.

- Paracetamol and salicylates.
- Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs.

UNIT V

Clinical symptoms and management of acute poisoning with the following agents –

Hydrocarbons: Petroleum products and PEG.

Caustics: inorganic acids and alkali.

Radiation poisoning

UNIT VI

Clinical symptoms and management of chronic poisoning with the following agents – Heavy metals: Arsenic, lead, mercury, iron, copper

UNIT VII

Clinical symptoms and management of acute poisoning with the following agents –

Venomous snake bites: Families of venomous snakes, clinical effects of venoms, general management as first aid, early manifestations, complications and snake bite injuries.

UNIT VIII

Plants poisoning. Mushrooms, Mycotoxins.

Food poisonings

Envenomations – Arthropod bites and stings.

UNIT IX

Substance abuse:

Signs and symptoms of substance abuse and treatment of dependence

- CNS stimulants :amphetamine
- Opioids
- CNS depressants

UNIT X

Hallucinogens: LSD

- Cannabis group
- Tobacco

The following details shall be submitted for any 25 selected drugs in the form of assignment/PPT.

**Name of the Drug, Brand name, Category, Therapeutic uses, Dose, Pharmacological action, Route of administration, Side effects, Contraindications, Drug Interactions with drug/food, Pharmacokinetics.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by, Milo Gibaldi
- 2. Matthew J Ellenhorn. Ellenhorns Medical Toxicology Diagnosis and Treatment of Poisoning. Second edition. Williams and Willkins publication, London

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

V V Pillay. Handbook of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology. Thirteenth edition 2003
 Paras Publication, Hyderabad

23PD407P

FOURTH YEAR

PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS - III PRACTICAL 3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

- This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for contribution to quality use of medicines.
- Chapters dealt cover briefly pathophysiology and mostly therapeutics of various diseases.
- This will enable the student to understand the pathophysiology of common diseases and their management.
- To summarize the therapeutic approach to management of these diseases including reference to the latest available evidence;
- To discuss the controversies in drug therapy;
- To discuss the preparation of individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis

Course Outcome (CO's): On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Analyze individual cases for various diseases;	Analyzing
CO2	Present case reports for various diseases;	Analyzing
CO3	Demo Patient counselling points;	Understanding
CO4	Identify advance drug reactions;	Applying
CO5	Analyze various drug interactions;	Analyzing
CO6	Manage selection of drug therapy during ward rounds participations;	Evaluating

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	P05	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1			S								
CO2			M					M			
CO3								M			
CO4			M								
CO5			M								
CO6			M								

S Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Practicals:

Hospital postings for a period of at least 50 hours is required to understand the principles and practice involved in ward round participation and clinical discussion on selection of drug therapy. Students are required to maintain a record of 15 cases observed in the ward and the same should be submitted at the end of the course for evaluation. Each student

should present at least two medical cases they have observed and followed in the wards.

Assignments:

Students are required to submit written assignments on the topics given to them. Topics allotted should cover recent developments in drug therapy of various diseases. A minimum of THREE assignments [1500 – 2000 words] should be submitted for evaluation.

Format of the assignment:

- 1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages
- 2. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
- 3. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year
- 4. It shall be computer draft copy
- 5. Name and signature of the student
- 6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

Suggested Readings:

 Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication

- 1. Pathologic basis of disease Robins SL, W.B.Saunders publication
- 2. Pathology and therapeutics for Pharmacists: A Basis for Clinical Pharmacy Practice Green and Harris, Chapman and Hall publication

23PD408P

FOURTH YEAR

HOSPITAL PHARMACY PRACTICAL

3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course Objectives:

• In the changing scenario of pharmacy practice in India, for successful practice of Hospital Pharmacy,

- the students are required to learn various skills like drug distribution,
- to know drug dispensing, manufacturing of parenteral preparations,
- to understand drug information, patient counselling,
- to learn therapeutic drug monitoring for improved patient care.
- To know The Stores Management And Inventory Control.

Course Outcome (CO's):

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to –

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Evaluate drug interactions in outpatient prescriptions;	Analyse
CO2	Evaluate drug interactions in ward prescription;	Analyse
CO3	Defending drug information queries;	Evaluate
CO4	Identify adverse drug reaction	Understand
CO5	Assessing drug inventory control in Hospital Pharmacy	Create
CO6	Assessing drug inventory control in Nursing Station.	Create

Mapping with Programme Outcome

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	M	M	S		M	S	S	L			L	
CO2	M	M	S		M	S	S	L			L	
CO3	M	S			S	S	S	S			M	
CO4		S		S	S			S				
CO5	S	S	M		M	S		M	L			
CO6	S	S	M		M	S		M	L			

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

COURSE CONTENT

- 1. Assessment of drug interactions in the given prescriptions
- 2. Drug information queries.
- 3. Inventory control

List of Assignments:

- 1. Design and Management of Hospital pharmacy department for a 300 bedded hospital.
- 2. Pharmacy and Therapeutics committee Organization, functions, and limitations.
- 3. Development of a hospital formulary for 300 bedded teaching hospital
- 4. Preparation of ABC analysis of drugs sold in one month from the pharmacy.
- 5. Different phases of clinical trials with elements to be evaluated.
- 6. Various sources of drug information and systematic approach to provide unbiased drug information.
- 7. Evaluation of prescriptions generated in hospital for drug interactions and find out the suitable management
- 8. Sterile compounding

Special requirements:

- 1. Each college should sign MoU with nearby local hospital having minimum 150 beds for providing necessary training to the students' on hospital pharmacy activities.
- 2. Well equipped with various resources of drug information.

Suggested Readings:

1. Hospital pharmacy by William E. Hassan

- 1. WHO consultative group report.
- 2. R.P.S. Vol.2. Part –B; Pharmacy Practice section.

23PD409P

CLINICAL PHARMACY PRACTICAL

FOURTH YEAR

3H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Course objective:

 To Monitor drug therapy of patient through medication chart review and clinical review;

- To Obtain medication history interview and counsel the patients;
- To Identify and resolve drug related problems;
- To detect, assess and monitor adverse drug reaction;
- To Interpret selected laboratory results (as monitoring parameters in therapeutics) of specific disease states; and
- To Retrieve, analyse, interpret and formulate drug or medicine information.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Demonstrate patient meditation history	Understand
CO2	Illustrate patient counseling interview;	Apply
CO3	Defending drug information queries;	Evaluate
CO4	Detect, assess and monitor adverse drug reaction;	Evaluate
CO5	Interpret selected laboratory results (as monitoring parameters in therapeutics) of specific disease states;	Apply
CO6	Analyze and interpret drug or medicine information.	Evaluate

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

Pos	a	b	С	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
COs											
CO1	S	S	S	L		M	M			M	M
CO2	S	S	S		S	M		S	M	L	
CO3	S		S	M				M			M
CO4	S		S		L	L	L			S	M
CO5		S								M	
CO6	S	S	S		S	M	S			M	

Students are expected to perform 15 practicals in the following areas covering the topics dealt in theory class.

- 1 Answering drug information questions (4 Nos)
- 2 Patient medication counseling (4 Nos)
- 3 Case studies related to laboratory investigations (4 Nos)
- 4 Patient medication history interview (3 Nos)

Assignment:

Students are expected to submit THREE written assignments (1500 - 2000 words) on the topics given to them covering the following areas dealt in theory class.

Drug information, Patient medication history interview, Patient medication counselling, Critical appraisal of recently published articles in the biomedical literature which deals with a drug or therapeutic issue.

Format of the assignment:

- 1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
- 2. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
- 3. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year.
- 4. It shall be computer draft copy.
- 5. Name and signature of the student.
- 6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Practice Standards and Definitions The Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia.
- A text book of Clinical Pharmacy Practice; Essential concepts and skills,
 Dr.G.Parthasarathi etal, Orient Orient Langram Pvt. Ltd. ISSBN8125026

- 1 Australian drug information -Procedure manual. The Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia.
- 2 Clinical Pharmacokinetics Rowland and Tozer, Williams and Wilkins Publication.

23PD410P FOURTH YEAR

BIOPHARMACEUTICS AND PHARMACOKINETICS PRACTICAL

H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:3 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100 External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week Course Objectives:

• This subject is designed to impart knowledge and skills of Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics and their applications in pharmaceutical development, design of dose and dosage regimen and in solving the problems raised therein.

- To explain the use of plasma drug concentration-time data to calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters.
- To understand the concepts of bioavailability and bioequivalence of drug products and their significance.
- To understand various pharmacokinetic parameters, their significance & applications.
- To demonstrate a clear information on compartmental models and methods to assess the models.
- To describe the kinetics of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion, elimination.

Course Outcomes (CO's): At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand the basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and	Analyze
	pharmacokinetics and their significance.	
CO2	Explain the use of plasma drug concentration-time data to	Analyze
	calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters.	
CO3	Understand the concepts of bioavailability and bioequivalence	Analyze
	of drug products and their significance.	
CO4	Understand various pharmacokinetic parameters, their	Analyze
	significance & applications.	
CO5	Demonstrate a clear information on compartmental models and	Understand
	methods to assess the models.	
CO6	Describe the kinetics of drug absorption, distribution,	Understand
	metabolism, excretion, elimination.	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	S	M	M								
CO2	S	M	M	M					L		
CO3			S								
CO4	S	M		M					M		
CO5	S	M	S	M							
CO6	S	M	S	M							

1. Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drugs by some methods.

- 2. Comparison of dissolution studies of two different marketed products of same drug.
- 3. Influence of polymorphism on solubility and dissolution.
- 4. Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug and poorly protein bound drug.
- 5. Extent of plasma-protein binding studies on the same drug (i.e. highly and poorly protein bound drug) at different concentrations in respect of constant time.
- 6. Bioavailability studies of some commonly used drugs on animal/human model.
- 7. Calculation of Ka, Ke, t₁/₂, Cmax, AUC, AUMC, MRT etc. from blood profile data.
- 8. Calculation of bioavailability from urinary excretion data for two drugs.
- 9. Calculation of AUC and bioequivalence from the given data for two drugs.
- 10. In vitro absorption studies.
- 11. Bioequivalency studies on the different drugs marketed. (eg) Tetracycline, Sulphamethoxzole, Trimethoprim, Aspirin etc., on animals and human volunteers.
- 12. Absorption studies in animal inverted intestine using various drugs.
- 13. Effect on contact time on the plasma protein binding of drugs.
- 14. Studying metabolic pathways for different drugs based on elimination kinetics data.
- 15. Calculation of elimination half-life for different drugs by using urinary elimination data and blood level data.
- 16. Determination of renal clearance.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by, Milo Gibaldi
- 2. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics; By Robert F Notari

- 2. Biopharmaceutics; By Swarbrick
- 3. Bio pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics-A Treatise, By D. M. Brahmankar and Sunil B.Jaiswal, Vallabh Prakashan Pitampura, Delhi.

23PD501T

FIFTH YEAR

CLINICAL RESEARCH THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100 External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs. /Week Course Objectives:

- Understand various approaches to drug discovery
- Understand the regulatory and ethical process
- Describe the new drug development process
- Estimate and Discuss the clinical trials activities
- Estimate safety monitoring and reporting in clinical trials
- Identify preventive approaches to reduce unintentional poisoning.
- Related the roles & responsibilities of Clinical trial Personnels.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level		
CO1	Summarize the various approaches to drug discovery	Understanding		
CO2	Explain the regulatory and ethical process	Understanding &		
		Applying		
CO3	Describe the new drug development process	Applying		
CO4	Estimate and Discuss the clinical trials activities	Remembering&		
		Applying		
CO5	Estimate safety monitoring and reporting in clinical trials	Analyzing and		
		Evaluating		
CO6	Identify preventive approaches to reduce unintentional poisoning	Creating		
CO7	Describe the roles & responsibilities of Clinical trial Personnel.	Understanding		

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	P05	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	S	S		S	S				S	L	S
CO2	S		S		S	S	S		S		
CO3	S	S	S	S	M				S	M	S
CO4	S		M	S	M	S		S	M		L
CO5	S	M	S	M	M	M	S		S	S	
CO6	M	S	S			S		S	M		L
CO7	S		M			M	M	S	M	M	

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

UNIT I

Drug development process: Introduction

Various Approaches to drug discovery

Pharmacological

Toxicological

UNIT II

IND Application

Drug characterization

Dosage form

UNIT III

Clinical development of drug:

- Introduction to Clinical trials
- o Various phases of clinical trial.
- o Methods of post marketing surveillance

UNIT IV

Abbreviated New Drug Application submission.

- Good Clinical Practice ICH, GCP, Central drug standard control organisation (CDSCO) guidelines
- o Challenges in the implementation of guidelines
- o Ethical guidelines in Clinical Research

UNIT V

- o Composition, responsibilities, procedures of IRB / IEC
- o Overview of regulatory environment in USA, Europe and India.

UNIT VI

Role and responsibilities of clinical trial personnel as per ICH GCP

- Sponsor
- Investigators
- Clinical research associate
- Auditors
- Contract research coordinators
- Regulatory authority

UNIT VII

Designing of clinical study documents (protocol, CRF, ICF, PIC with assignment)

UNIT VIII

Informed consent Process

UNIT IX

Data management and its components

UNIT X

Safety monitoring in clinical trials.

Suggested Readings:

- 1 Central Drugs Standard Control Organization. Good Clinical Practices-Guidelines for Clinical Trials on Pharmaceutical Products in India. New Delhi: Ministry of Health; 2001.
- 2 International Conference on Harmonisation of Technical requirements for registration of Pharmaceuticals for human use. ICH Harmonised Tripartite Guideline. Guideline for Good Clinical Practice. E6; May 1996.
- 3 Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human Subjects 2000. Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi.
- 4 Textbook of Clinical Trials edited by David Machin, Simon Day and Sylvan Green, March 2005, John Wiley and Sons.

- Principles of Clinical Research edited by Giovanna di Ignazio, Di Giovanna and Haynes.
- 2. Clinical Data Management edited by R K Rondels, S A Varley, C F Webbs. Second Edition, Jan 2000, Wiley Publications.

23PD502T FIFTH YEAR

PHARMACOEPIDEMIOLOGY AND PHARMACOECONOMICS THEORY 4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100

External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 4 Hrs. /Week Course Objectives:

• Identify the application pharmacoepidemiology and pharmacoeconomics in clinical settings

- Discuss the various pharmacoepidemiology outcome measures.
- Understand the concept of risk in pharmacoepidemiology and different methods of measuring risk
- Examine various pharmacoepidemiological methods
- Interpret various types case studies
- Asses about current pharmacoenomic evaluation methods

Course Outcomes (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Identify the application pharmacoepidemiology and	Analyse
	pharmacoeconomics in clinical setting	
CO2	Discuss the various pharmacoepidemiology outcome	Evaluate
	measures.	
CO3	Understand the concept of risk in	Knowledge
	pharmacoepidemiology and different methods of	
	measuring risk	
CO4	Examine various pharmacoepidemiological methods	Analyse
CO5	Interpret various types case studies	Evaluate
CO6	Asses about current pharmacoenomic evaluation methods	Create

Mapping with Programme Outcome

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	K
CO1					M	S		S		S	M
CO2	S	S		S						S	S
CO3	S	M			M						S
CO4	S	M				L	M				S
CO5	M	S	S			S	S	S	S	M	M
CO6	M			S	S	S	S	M	S	M	M

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

UNIT I

Pharmacoepidemiology:

Definition and scope:

Origin and evaluation of pharmacoepidemiology need for pharmacoepidemiology, aims and applications.

UNIT II

Measurement of outcomes in pharmacoepidemiology Outcome measure and drug use measures Prevalence, incidence and incidence rate. Monetary units, number of prescriptions, units of drugs dispensed, defined daily doses and prescribed daily doses, medication adherence measurement

UNIT III

Concept of risk in pharmacoepidemiology

Measurement of risk, attributable risk and relative risk, time-risk relationship and odds ratio

UNIT IV

Pharmacoepidemiological methods

 Includes theoretical aspects of various methods and practical study of various methods with the help of case studies for individual methods

UNIT V

Drug utilization review, case reports, case series, surveys of drug use, cross – sectional studies, cohort studies, case control studies, case –cohort studies, meta – analysis studies, spontaneous reporting, prescription event monitoring and record linkage system.

UNIT VI

Sources of data for pharmacoepidemiological studies Ad Hoc data sources and automated data systems **UNIT VII**

Selected special applications of pharmacoepidemiology

Studies of vaccine safety, hospital pharmacoepidemiology, pharmacoepidemiology and risk management, drug induced birth defects.

UNIT VIII

Pharmacoeconomics:

Definition, history, needs of pharmacoeconomic evaluations

Role in formulary management decisions

UNIT IX

Pharmacoeconomic evaluation

Outcome assessment and types of evaluation

Includes theoretical aspects of various methods and practical study of various methods with the help of case studies for individual methods:

Cost – minimization, cost- benefit, cost – effectiveness, cost utility

UNIT X

Applications of Pharmacoeconomics Software and case studies

Suggested Readings:

 Rascati K L. Essentials of Pharmacoeconomics, 2nd ed. Philadelphia: Woulters Kluwer Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2013.

- 2. Thomas E Getzen. Health economics. Fundamentals and Flow of Funds. 1997, 2003. John Wiley & Sons, second edition.
- 3. Andrew Briggs, Karl Claxton, Mark Sculpher. Decision Modelling for Health EconomicEvaluation, PublishedbytheOxfordUniversityPress2006.

- MichaelDrummond, MarkSculpher, George Torrence, BernieO'BrienandGreg Stoddart. Methods for the Economic Evaluation of Health Care Programmes Oxford University Press (Third Edition) – 2005.
- 2. George E Mackinnon III. Understanding health outcomes and pharmacoeconomics, 2013.

23PD503T FIFTH YEAR

CLINICAL PHARMACOKINETICS AND PHARMACOTHERAPEUTIC DRUG MONITORING THEORY 3H 3C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 2 T:1 P:0 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100 External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Theory: 3 Hrs. /Week

Course Objectives:

• This subject is designed to impart knowledge and skills of Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics and their applications in pharmaceutical development, design of dose and dosage regimen and in solving the problems arised therein.

- To explain the use of plasma drug concentration-time data to calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters.
- To understand the concepts of bioavailability and bioequivalence of drug products and their significance.
- To understand various pharmacokinetic parameters, their significance & applications.
- To demonstrate a clear information on compartmental models and methods to assess the models.
- To describe the kinetics of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion, elimination.

Course Outcomes (CO's):

On successful completion of the course the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand the basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and	Understand
	pharmacokinetics and their significance.	
CO2	Describe Therapeutic drug monitoring of drugs in various	Apply
	disease conditions	
CO3	Compare the concepts of bioavailability and	Knowledge
	bioequivalence of drug products and their	_
	significance.	
CO4	Discuss various pharmacokinetic parameters, their	Apply
	significance & applications.	
CO5	Demonstrate compartmental models its methods.	Understand
CO6	Evaluate dosage adjustment in renal and hepatic	Apply
	impairment	

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S											
CO2	S			M								
CO3			M									
CO4								M			M	
CO5	S					M			M			
CO6									S			

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

UNIT I

Introduction to Clinical pharmacokinetics.

UNIT II

Design of dosage regimens:

Nomograms and Tabulations in designing dosage regimen, Conversion from intravenous to oral dosing, Determination of dose and dosing intervals, Drug dosing in the elderly and pediatrics and obese patients.

UNIT III

Pharmacokinetics of Drug Interaction:

- a. Pharmacokinetic drug interactions
- b. Inhibition and Induction of Drug metabolism
- c. Inhibition of Biliary Excretion.

UNIT IV

Therapeutic Drug monitoring:

- d. Introduction
- e. Individualization of drug dosage regimen (Variability Genetic, Age and Weight, disease, Interacting drugs).
- f. Indications for TDM. Protocol for TDM.

UNIT IV

Pharmacokinetic/Pharmacodynamic Correlation in drug therapy.

TDM of drugs used in the following disease conditions: cardiovascular disease, Seizure disorders, Psychiatric conditions, and Organ transplantations.

UNIT V

Dosage adjustment in Renal and hepatic Disease.

- Renal impairment
- Pharmacokinetic considerations

UNIT VI

General approach for dosage adjustment in Renal disease.

- Measurement of Glomerular Filtration rate and creatinine clearance.
- Dosage adjustment for uremic patients.

UNIT VII

- Extracorporeal removal of drugs.
- Effect of Hepatic disease on pharmacokinetics.

UNIT VIII

Population Pharmacokinetics.

- Introduction to Bayesian Theory.
- Adaptive method or Dosing with feed back.
- Analysis of Population pharmacokinetic Data.

UNIT IX

Pharmacogenetics

- Genetic polymorphism in Drug metabolism: Cytochrome P-450 Isoenzymes.
- Genetic Polymorphism in Drug Transport and Drug Targets.

UNIT X

Pharmacogenetics and Pharmacokinetics / Pharmacodynamic considerations

The following details shall be submitted for any 25 selected drugs in the form of assignment/PPT.

**Name of the Drug, Brand name, Category, Therapeutic uses, Dose, Pharmacological action, Route of administration, Side effects, Contraindications, Drug Interactions with drug/food, Pharmacokinetics

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Leon Shargel, Susanna Wu-Pong, Andrew Yu. Applied Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics. 6th edition. New York: Mc Graw Hill; 2012.
- 2. Peter L. Bonate. Pharmacokinetic Pharmacodynamic Modeling and Simulation. 2nd edition. USA: Springer; 2011.
- 3. Michael E. Burton, Leslie M. Shaw, Jerome J. Schentag, William E.Evans. Applied Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacodynamics: Principles of Therapeutic Drug Monitoring.4th edition. US: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins; 2005.

- Steven How-Yan Wong, Irving Sunshine. Handbook of Analytical Therapeutic Drug Monitoring and Toxicology. 1st edition. USA: CRC Press; 1996.
- 2. Soraya Dhillon, Andrzej Kostrzewski. Clinical pharmacokinetics. 1st edition. London: Pharmaceutical Press;2006.

23PD504S FIFTH YEAR CLERKSHIP 1H 1C

Instruction hours/ week: L:0 T:0 P:1 Marks: Internal: 30 External: 70 Total: 100 External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Seminar: 1 Hrs. /Week

23PD505P FIFTH YEAR PROJECT WORK 20H 10C

Instruction hours/ week: L:0 T:0 P:20 Marks: External: 100 Total: 100 External Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Practicals: 20 Hrs./Week