FACULTY OF PHARMACY KARPAGAM ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Deemed to be University
(Established Under Section 3 of UGC Act 1956)
Eachanari Post, Pollachi Main Road, Coimbatore – 641021.

M.PHARMACY DEGREE COURSE (2024-25) (PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS)



(Established Under Section 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

REGULATIONS 2024
COURSE OF STUDY AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION
& SYLLABUS

CHAPTER - I: REGULATIONS

1. Short Title and Commencement

These regulations shall be called as "The Revised Regulations for the Master of Pharmacy (M. Pharm.)Degree Program - Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) of the Pharmacy Council of India, New Delhi". They shall come into effect from the Academic Year 2023-23. The regulations framed are subject to modifications from time to time by the authorities of the university.

2. Minimum qualification for admission

A Pass in the following examinations

- a) B. Pharm Degree examination of an Indian university established by law in India from an institution approved by Pharmacy Council of India and has scored not less than 55 % of the maximum marks (aggregate of 4 years of B.Pharm.).
- b) Every student, selected for admission to post graduate pharmacy program in any PCI approved institution should have obtained registration with the State Pharmacy Council or should obtain the same within one month from the date of his/her admission, failing which the admission of the candidate shall be cancelled.

Note: It is mandatory to submit a migration certificate obtained from the respective university where the candidate had passed his/her qualifying degree (B.Pharm).

3. Duration of the program

The program of study for M.Pharm shall extend over a period of four semesters (two academic years). The curricula and syllabi for the program shall be prescribed from time to time by Pharmacy Council of India, New Delhi.

4. Medium of instruction and examinations

Medium of instruction and examination shall be in English.

5. Working days in each semester

Each semester shall consist of not less than 100 working days. The odd semesters shall be conducted from the month of June/July to November/December and the even semesters shall be conducted from the month of December/January to May/June in every calendar year.

6. Attendance and progress

A candidate is required to put in at least 80% attendance in individual courses considering theory and practical separately. The candidate shall complete the prescribed course satisfactorily to be eligible to appear

for the respective examinations.

7. Program/Course credit structure

As per the philosophy of Credit Based Semester System, certain quantum of academic work viz. theory classes, practical classes, seminars, assignments, etc. are measured in terms of credits. On satisfactory completion of the courses, a candidate earns credits. The amount of credit associated with a course is dependent upon the number of hours of instruction per week in that course. Similarly the credit associated with any of the other academic, co/extra-curricular activities is dependent upon the quantum of work expected to be put in for each of these activities per week/per activity.

Credit assignment

Theory and Laboratory courses

Courses are broadly classified as Theory and Practical. Theory courses consist of lecture (L) and Practical (P) courses consist of hours spent in the laboratory. Credits (C) for a course is dependent on the number of hours of instruction per week in that course, and is obtained by using a multiplier of one (1) for lecture and a multiplier of half (1/2) for practical (laboratory) hours. Thus, for example, a theory course having four lectures per week throughout the semester carries a credit of 4. Similarly, a practical having four laboratory hours per week throughout semester carries a credit of 2.

The contact hours of seminars, assignments and research work shall be treated as that of practical courses for the purpose of calculating credits. i.e., the contact hours shall be multiplied by 1/2. Similarly, the contact hours of journal club, research work presentations and discussions with the supervisor shall be considered as theory course and multiplied by 1.

Minimum credit requirements

The minimum credit points required for the award of M.Pharm degree is 95. However based on the credit points earned by the students under the head of co- curricular activities, a student shallearn a maximum of 100 credit points. These credits are divided into Theory courses, Practical, Seminars, Assignments, Research work, Discussions with the supervisor, Journal club and Co- Curricular activities over the duration of four semesters. The credits are distributed semester- wise as shown in Table IV. Courses generally progress in sequence, building competencies and their positioning indicates certain academic maturity on the part of the learners. Learners are expected to follow the semester- wise schedule of courses given in the syllabus.

8. Academic work

A regular record of attendance both in Theory, Practical, Seminar, Assignment, Journal club, Discussion with the supervisor, Research work presentation and Dissertation shall be maintained by the department / teaching staff of respective courses.

9. Course of study

Table I: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Analysis)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./we	Marks
	Semester I				
24MPA101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques - Theory	4	4	4	100
24MPA102T	Advanced Pharmaceutical Analysis - Theory	4	4	4	100
24MPA103T	Pharmaceutical Validation - Theory	4	4	4	100
24MPA104T	Food Analysis - Theory	4	4	4	100
24MPA105P	Pharmaceutical Analysis - Practical I	<mark>6</mark>	3	6	<mark>75</mark>
24MPA106P	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques - Practical	<mark>6</mark>	3	6	<mark>75</mark>
24MPA107S	Seminar/Assignment	<mark>7</mark>	<mark>4</mark>	<mark>7</mark>	100
	Total		26	35	650
	Semester II		I		ı
24MPA201T	Advanced Instrumental Analysis-Theory	4	4	4	100
24MPA202T	Modern Bio-Analytical Techniques- Theory	4	4	4	100
24MPA203T	MPA203T Quality Control and Quality Assurance - Theory		4	4	100
24MPA204T	Herbal and Cosmetic Analysis -Theory	4	4	4	100
24MPA205P	Pharmaceutical Analysis - Practical II	12	6	12	150
24MPA206S	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
	Total	35	26	35	650

Table II: Course of study for M. Pharm III Semester (M.PHARM Pharmaceutical analysis)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points
24MPA301T	Research Methodology and Biostatistics - Theory*	4	4
24MPA302J	Journal Club	1	1
24MPA303D	Discussion/Presentation(Proposal Presentation)	2	2
24MPA304RW	Research Work	28	14
Total		35	21

^{*} Non University Exam

Table III: Course of study for M. Pharm IV Semester (M.PHARM Pharmaceutical Analysis)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points
24MPA401J	Journal Club	1	1
24MPA402RW	Research Work	31	16
24MPA403D	Discussion / Presentation(Proposal Presentation)	3	3
	Total	35	20

Table IV: Semester wise credits distribution

Semester	Credit Points
I	26
II	26
III	21
IV	20
Co-curricular Activities (Attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and Other Scholarly Activities)	Minimum=02 Maximum=07*
Total Credit Points	Minimum=95 Maximum=100*

^{*}Credit Points for Co-curricular Activities

Table V: Guidelines for Awarding Credit Points for Co-curricular Activities

Name of the Activity	Maximum Credit Points Elig Activity	ible /
Participation in National Seminar/Conference/Workshop/Symposium/Training Programs (related to the specialization of the student)	Level 01	
Participation in international Seminar/Conference/Workshop/Symposium/Training Programs (related to the specialization of the student)	Level 02	
Academic Award/Research Award from State Level/National Agencies	01	
Academic Award/Research Award from International Agencies	02	

Research / Review Publication in National Journals (Indexed in Scopus / Web of Science)	01
Research / Review Publication in International Journals (Indexed in Scopus / Web of Science)	02

Note: International Conference: Held outside India International Journal: The Editorial Board outside India * The credit points assigned for extracurricular and or co-curricular activities shall be given by the Principals of the colleges and the same shall be submitted to the University. The criteria to acquire this credit point shall be defined by the colleges from time to time.

10. Program Committee

- 1. The M. Pharm programme shall have a Programme Committee constituted by the Head of the institution in consultation with all the Heads of the departments.
- 2. The composition of the Programme Committee shall be as follows:

A teacher at the cadre of Professor shall be the Chairperson; One Teacher from each M.Pharm specialization and four student representatives (two from each academic year), nominated by the Head of the institution.

- 3. Duties of the Programme Committee:
- i. Periodically reviewing the progress of the classes.
- ii. Discussing the problems concerning curriculum, syllabus and the conduct of classes.
- iii. Discussing with the course teachers on the nature and scope of assessment for the course and the same shall be announced to the students at the beginning of respective semesters.
- iv. Communicating its recommendation to the Head of the institution on academic matters.
- v. The Programme Committee shall meet at least twice in a semester preferably at the end of each sessional exam and before the end semester exam.

11. Examinations/Assessments

The schemes for internal assessment and end semester examinations are given in Table – VIII.

End semester examinations

The End Semester Examinations for each theory and practical course through semesters I to IV shall be conducted by the respective university except for the subject with asterix symbol (*) in table I and II for which examinations shall be conducted by the subject experts at college level and the marks/grades shall be submitted to the university.

 $\textbf{Table VI: Schemes for Internal Assessments and End Semester Examinations} \ (\textbf{Pharmaceutical Analysis})$

		Internal Asse	essment			End Semester Exams		Total
Course Code	Course	Continuous Sessional Exams		Exams	ns Total		Duration	Marks
		Mode	Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
24MPA101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques - Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
24MPA102T	Advanced Pharmaceutical Analysis - Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
24MPA103T	Pharmaceutical Validation - Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
24MPA104T	Food Analysis – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
24MPA105P	Pharmaceutical Analysis - Practical I	10	<mark>15</mark>	3 Hrs	<mark>25</mark>	<mark>50</mark>	3 Hrs	<mark>75</mark>
24MPA106P	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques - Practical	10	<mark>15</mark>	3 Hrs	<mark>25</mark>	<mark>50</mark>	3Hrs	<mark>75</mark>
24MPA107S	Seminar /Assignment	_	<mark>100</mark>	<u>-</u>	100	_	_	100
Total			•		•	<u>.</u>		650
SEMESTER II								•
24MPA201T	Advanced Instrumental Analysis Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
24MPA202T	Modern Bio-Analytical Techniques Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
24MPA203T	Quality Control and Quality Assurance - Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
24MPA204T	Herbal and Cosmetic Analysis -Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
24MPA205P	Pharmaceutical Analysis - Practical II	120	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
24MPA206S	Seminar /Assignment	-	100	-	100	-	-	100

Table VII: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations(Semester III& IV) (Pharmaceutical Analysis)

			Internal Assessment			End Sem	End Semester Exams	
Course Code	Course	Continuous	Session	nal Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	Marks
		Mode	Marks	Duration				
		SEMES	TER III					
24MPA301T	Research Methodology and Biostatistics- Theory *	10	15	1 HR	25	75	3 HR	100
24MPA302J	Journal Club	-	-	-	25	-	-	25
24MPA303D	Discussion / Presentation (Proposal Presentation)	-	-	-	50	-	-	50
24MPA304RW	Research Work	-	-	-	-	350	1 HR	350
Total					525			
		SEMES	TER IV					•
24MPA401J	Journal club	-	-	-	25	-	_	25
24MPA402RW	Research Work	-	-	-	75	_	-	75
24MPA403D	Discussion/Final Presentation	-	-	-	-	400	1 HR	400
1	Total					500		

^{*}Non university Exam

Internal assessment: Continuous mode

The marks allocated for Continuous mode of Internal Assessment shall be awarded as per the scheme given below.

Table: VIII: Scheme for awarding internal assessment: Continuous mode

Theory			
Criteria	Maxi	mum Marks	
Attendance (Refer Table– 30)			
Student – Teacher interaction	2		
Total		10	
Practical			
Attendance (Refer Table–30)	5	10	
Based on Practical Records, Regular viva voce, etc.		10	
Total	10	20	

Table IX: Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical	
95 – 100	8	10	
90 – 94	6	7.5	
85 – 89	4	5	
80 – 84	2	2.5	
Less than 80	0	0	

Sessional Exams

Two Sessional exams shall be conducted for each theory / practical course as per the schedule fixed by the college(s). The scheme of question paper for theory and practical sessional examinations is given below.

The average marks of two Sessional exams shall be computed for internal assessment as per the Requirements given in tables -X.

12. Promotion and award of grades

A student shall be declared PASS and eligible for getting grade in a course of M.Pharm programme if he/she secures at least 50% marks in that particular course including internal assessment.

13. Carry forward of marks

In case a student fails to secure the minimum 50% in any Theory or Practical course as

specified in 12, then he/she shall reappear for the end semester examination of that course. However his/her marks of the Internal Assessment shall be carried over and he/she shall be entitled for grade obtained by him/her on passing.

14. Improvement of internal assessment

A student shall have the opportunity to improve his/her performance only once in the sessional exam component of the internal assessment. The re-conduct of the sessional exam shall be completed before the commencement of next end semester theory examinations.

15. Re-examination of end semester examinations

Reexamination of end semester examination shall be conducted as per the schedule given in table XIII. The exact dates of examinations shall be notified from time to time.

Table X: Tentative schedule of end semester examinations

Semester	For Regular Candidates	For Failed Candidates
I and III	November / December	May / June
II and IV	May / June	November / December

16. Allowed to keep terms (ATKT):

No student shall be admitted to any examination unless he/she fulfills the norms given in 6. ATKTrules are applicable as follows:

A student shall be eligible to carry forward all the courses of I and II semesters till the III semester examinations. However, he/she shall not be eligible to attend the courses of IV semester until all thecourses of I, II and III semesters are successfully completed.

A student shall be eligible to get his/her CGPA upon successful completion of the courses of I to IVsemesters within the stipulated time period as per the norms.

Note: Grade AB should be considered as failed and treated as one head for deciding ATKT. Suchrules are also applicable for those students who fail to register for examination(s) of any course in any semester.

17. Grading of performances

17.1. Letter grades and grade points allocations:

Based on the performances, each student shall be awarded a final letter grade at the end of the semester for each course. The letter grades and their corresponding grade points are given in Table–10.

Table XI: Letter grades and grade points equivalent to Percentage of marks and performances

Letter Grade	Marks Range	Grade Point	Description
O	91 – 100	10	OUTSTANDING
A+	81 – 90	9	EXCELLENT
A	71-80	8	VERY GOOD
B+	66-70	7	GOOD
В	61-65	6	ABOVE AVERAGE
C	55-60	5	AVERAGE
D	50-54	4	PASS
RA	<50	0	REAPPEARANCE
AB	-	0	ABSENT

A learner who remains absent for any end semester examination shall be assigned a letter grade of AB and a corresponding grade point of zero. He/she should reappear for the said evaluation/examination in due course.

18. The Semester grade point average (SGPA)

The performance of a student in a semester is indicated by a number called 'Semester Grade Point Average' (SGPA). The SGPA is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all the coursesby the student during the semester. For example, if a student takes five courses (Theory/Practical) in asemester with credits C1, C2, C3 and C4 and the student's grade points in these courses are G1, G2,G3 and G4, respectively, and then students' SGPA is equal to:

$$SGPA = \frac{C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + C_4G_4}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4}$$

The SGPA is calculated to two decimal points. It should be noted that, the SGPA for any semester shall take into consideration the F and ABS grade awarded in that semester. For example if a learner has a F or ABS grade in course 4, the SGPA shall then be computed as:

SGPA =
$$C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + C_4*$$
 ZERO
 $C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4$

19. Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

The CGPA is calculated with the SGPA of all the IV semesters to two decimal points and is indicated in final grade report card/final transcript showing the grades of all IV semesters and

their courses. The CGPA shall reflect the failed statusin case of F grade(s), till the course(s) is/are passed. When the course(s) is/are passedby obtaining a pass grade on subsequent examination(s) the CGPA shall only reflect the new grade and not the fail grades earned earlier. The CGPA is calculated as:

$$C_1S_1 + C_2S_2 + C_3S_3 + C_4S_4$$

$$CGPA = C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4$$

where $C_1, C_2, C_3,...$ is the total number of credits for semester I,II,III,.... and $S_1, S_2, S_3,...$ is the SGPA of semester I,II,III,....

20. Declaration of class

The class shall be awarded on the basis of CGPA as

follows: First Class with Distinction = 8 and

above

First Class = 6.50 to 7.99

Second Class = 5.00 to 6.49

21. Project work

All the students shall undertake a project under the supervision of a teacher in Semester III to IV and submit a report. 4 copies of the project report shall be submitted (typed & bound copy not less than 75 pages). The internal and external examiner appointed by the University shall evaluate the project at the time of the Practical examinations of other semester(s). The projects shall be evaluated as per the criteria given below.

Evaluation of Dissertation Book:

Objective(s) of the work done 50 Marks
Methodology adopted 150 Marks
Results and Discussions 250 Marks
Conclusions and Outcomes 50 Marks

Total 500 Marks

Evaluation of Presentation:

Presentation of work 100 Marks

Communication skills 50 Marks

Question and answer skills 100 Marks

Total 250 Marks

22. Award of Ranks

Ranks and Medals shall be awarded on the basis of final CGPA. However, candidates who fail in one or more courses during the M.Pharm program shall not be eligible for award of ranks. Moreover, the candidates should have completed the M. Pharm program in minimum prescribed number of years, (two years) for the award of Ranks.

23. Award of degree

Candidates who fulfill the requirements mentioned above shall be eligible for award of degree during the ensuing convocation.

24. Duration for completion of the program of study

The duration for the completion of the program shall be fixed as double the actual duration of the program and the students have to pass within the said period, otherwise they have to get fresh Registration.

25. Revaluation I Retotaling of answer papers

There is no provision for revaluation of the answer papers in any examination. However, the candidates can apply for retotaling by paying prescribed fee.

26. Re-admission after break of study

Candidate who seeks re-admission to the program after break of study has to get the approval from the university by paying a condonation fee

FACULTY OF PHARMACY

PG PROGRAM (CBCS) – M.PHARM (PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS)

(2024–2025 Batch and onwards)

	(2024–2025 Batch							1		
		,	ectives		struct			Max	ximum l	Marks
Course code	Name of the course	an	d out	hou	rs / v	veek	(s)			
		co	mes				dit		, ,	
		Q	POs				Credit(s)	CIA	ESE	Total
		PEO s	P(L	T	P		25	75	100
	SEMEST	FR _	T .					23	75	100
24MPA101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical	1,2	a,c,d,	4	_	_	4	25	75	100
2-1111 711011	Techniques -Theory	1,2	h				_	23	75	100
	recliniques meory		i							
24MPA102T	Advanced Pharmaceutical Analysis	1,2	a,c,d,	4	_		4	25	75	100
2 1111111021	-Theory	1,2	h						, 5	100
	Theory		,i,j							
24MPA103T	Pharmaceutical Validation - Theory	1,2	a,d,h,	4	_	_	4	25	75	100
2 11111 711 03 1	Thamaceanear variation Theory	1,2	i					25	75	100
24MPA104T	Food Analysis - Theory	1,2	a,b,h,	4	_	_	4	25	75	100
2 11/11 1110 11	1 ood 1 mary sis 1 moory		i						, 5	100
		3								
24MPA105P	Pharmaceutical Analysis - Practical I	1,2	a,b,c,	_	_	6	3	25	50	<mark>75</mark>
	,	,	d	_	_					
		4	,h,I,j							
24MPA106P	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical	1,2	a,b,c,	_	_	<mark>6</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>25</mark>	<mark>50</mark>	<mark>75</mark>
	Techniques - Practical	,	d	_	_		_			
	reemiiques Truetieur	4	,h,I,j							
24MPA107S	Seminar/Assignment	<mark>-</mark>	_	<mark>7</mark>	_	_	<mark>4</mark>	100	_	100
	Semester Total			23	-	12	26	250	400	650
	SEMEST	ER –	II							
24MPA201T	Advanced Instrumental Analysis	1,2	a,b,c,	4	-	-	4	25	75	100
	- Theory	,	d							
		4	,h,i,j							
24MPA202T	Modern Bio-Analytical Techniques	1,2	a,b,c,	4	-	-	4	25	75	100
	- Theory		d							
			,h,i,j							
24MPA203T	Quality Control and Quality	1,2	a,d,f,	4	-	-	4	25	75	100
	Assurance - Theory		h							
			,j							
24MPA204T	Herbal and Cosmetic analysis - Theory	1,2	a,b,c,	4	-	-	4	25	75	100
			d							
			4							
			,f,h,j							
24MPA205P	Pharmaceutical Analysis- Practical II	1,2		-	-	12	6	50	100	150
24MPA205P	Pharmaceutical Analysis- Practical II	1,2	,f,h,j	-	-	12	6	50	100	150
	·		,f,h,j a,b,c,		-	12			100	
24MPA205P 24MPA206S	Seminar/Assignment	,	,f,h,j a,b,c, d	7	-	-	4	100	-	100
	Seminar/Assignment Semester Total	4 -	,f,h,j a,b,c, d ,j		- - -	12 - 12				
24MPA206S	Seminar/Assignment Semester Total SEMEST	, 4 - ER - I	,f,h,j a,b,c, d ,j	7	-	-	4	100 250	-	100
	Seminar/Assignment Semester Total SEMEST Research Methodology and Biostatistics	4 -	,f,h,j a,b,c, d ,j	7		-	4	100	-	100
24MPA206S 24MPA301T	Seminar/Assignment Semester Total SEMEST	, 4 - ER - I	,f,h,j a,b,c, d ,j -	7 23		-	4 26	100 250 25	400	100 650 100
24MPA206S	Seminar/Assignment Semester Total SEMEST Research Methodology and Biostatistics - Theory * Journal Club	, 4 - ER - I	,f,h,j a,b,c, d ,j -	7 23		-	4 26	100 250	400	100 650
24MPA206S 24MPA301T	Seminar/Assignment Semester Total SEMEST Research Methodology and Biostatistics - Theory *	, 4 - ER - I 2,5	,f,h,j a,b,c, d ,j - II b,c,j	7 23	- - -	- 12	4 26	100 250 25	- 400 75	100 650 100

24MPA304RW	Research Work	1,2	a,b,c,	-	-	28	14	-	350	350
		,	d							
		3,4	,e,f,g							
			,h,i,j							
		5	,11,1,1							
	Semester Total			7	-	28	21	100	425	525
	SEMESTI	ER – I	V							
24MPA401J	Journal Club	-	-	1	-	-	1	25	-	25
24MPA402RW	Research Work	1,2	a,b,c,	-	-	31	16	75	-	75
		,	d							
		3,4	,e,f,g							
		,	,h,i,j							
		5								
24MPA403D	Discussion / Final Presentation	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	400	400
	Semester Total			4	-	31	20	100	400	500

^{*} Non-University Exam

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (PO)

- a. Pharmacy Knowledge: Demonstrate knowledge of the basic pharmaceutical sciences and the ability to acquire, manage and use current information for problem solving. Describe the synthesis, formulation, analysis, pharmacological, pharmacognostical, biotechnological and regulatory aspects of drugs and biopharmaceuticals. Identify the rules and regulations involved in the drug discovery and development, manufacture, distribution and sale of medicines.
- b. **Planning Abilities:** Demonstrate effective planning abilities including time management, resource management, delegation skills and organizational skills. Develop and implement plans and organize work to meet deadlines using modern tools.
- c. **Research:** An ability to independently carry out research /investigation and development work to solve practical problems. Apply critical thinking skills, including investigation, application, analysis, creativity, evaluation of information, data and documents related to research investigation.
- d. Problem analysis: Develop problem-based learning approach and analytical thinking in his/her academic and professional life. Utilize the principles of scientific enquiry, thinking analytically, clearly and critically, while solving problems and making decisions during daily practice. Find, analyze, evaluate and apply information systematically and shall make defensible decisions.
- e. **Leadership qualities:** Demonstrate the ability to plan and implement professional activities. Act efficiently as a leader in the diverse areas of the profession.
- f. **Communication Skills:** Communicate effectively with the pharmacy community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports, make effective presentations and documentation, and give and receive clear instructions. Imbibe the skills of scientific communication and research writing.
- g. **The Pharmacist and society:** Apply the knowledge and skills gained through education to gain recognition in professional circle and society. Participate in healthcare initiatives to create awareness in society about the effective and safe use of medicines.
- h. **Professional Ethics:** Exercise ethical practices and moral values in personal and professional endeavors. Honour personal values and apply ethical principles in professional and social contexts. Demonstrate behavior that recognizes cultural and personal variability in values, communication and lifestyles. Use ethical frameworks; apply ethical principles while making decisions and take responsibility for the outcomes associated with the decisions.
- i. **Environment and sustainability:** Understand the impact of the professional pharmacy solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need

for sustainable development.

j. **Life-long learning:** Tackle professional challenges through lifelong learning attitude. Work in a team and participate in lifelong learning and continuous improvement in the profession.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

PSO k: Understand a core and basic knowledge in different subjects of Pharmaceutical Sciences. To prepare graduate to success in technical or professional careers in various pharmaceutical industry and/or institute and/or Health care system through excellent real time exposure to rigorous education.

PSO I: Analyze the relationships among Pharmaceutics, Pharmaceutical and Medicinal Chemistry, Pharmacology and Pharmacognosy subjects. Understand the applications of Pharmaceutical Sciences in drug and formulation development, drug analysis, drug safety and efficacy in medicine.

PSO m: Perform procedures as per laboratory standards in the areas of Pharmaceutical Sciences.

PSO n: To strengthen the professional and ethical attitude, effective communication skills, teamwork skills, multidisciplinary approach, and an ability to relate pharmaceutical sciences issues to broader social context.

PSO o:To streams a lifelong career of personal and practicing professional growth with ethical codes and self-esteem for a highly productive career and to relate the concepts of Pharmaceutical Sciences towards serving the cause of the society.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

PEO 1

To provide a comprehensive and advanced pharmaceutical education leading to M. Pharm. Degree.

PEO 2

To integrate pharmacy knowledge and skills with pharmaceutical research.

PEO₃

To develop pharmacists to contribute effectively in the social health care system.

PEO 4

To provide hands on training through state of art infrastructure to inculcate research aptitude inpharmaceutical sciences.

PEO 5

To inculcate leadership and entrepreneurship capabilities in future pharmacy professionals.

MAPPING

PO	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	PSO k	PSO 1	PSO m	PSO n	PSO o
PEO 1	X						X	X		X	X	X	X	X	
PEO 2	X	X	X	X		X		X		X	X	X	X	X	X
PEO 3	X	X		X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
PEO 4	X	X	X	X						X	X	X	X	X	X
PEO 5	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X				X	X

Note: (a-k denoted the above mentioned PO)

M.PHARM PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (MPA)

24MPA101T SEMESTER I

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES - THEORY 4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 4 T:0 P:0 Marks: Internal: 25 External: 75 Total:100

External Semester Exam: 3Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs.

- The students will be dealing with instruments like NMR, Mass spectrometer, IR, HPLC, GC etc.
- Acquire skills in selecting the suitable techniques for analysis of drugs
- Validate the instruments used in pharma industry
- Expand the theoretical knowledge on various instrumental techniques available for analysis of organicsubstances

• Expertise in various spectroscopic studies

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Explain the principle involved in spectroscopy	Understand
CO2	Explain the principle involved in Chromatographic Techniques	Apply
CO3	Describe the instrumentation of various instrumental Techniques	Creat
CO4	Interpret the basic concepts of Spectral data analysis	Evaluate
CO5	Describe the qualitative /quantitative analysis of various API/ drug dosage from through Spectroscopic Techniques.	Understand
CO6	Describe the qualitative /quantitative analysis of various API/ drug dosage from through Chromatographic techniques	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		S										
CO2		S								M		
CO3			S						M			
CO4			S								S	
CO5	S											
CO6		S										

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

THEORY 60Hrs

1. a. UV-Visible spectroscopy:

10Hrs

Introduction, Theory, Laws, and Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy, Difference/ Derivative spectroscopy.

b. IR spectroscopy:

Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibration frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy, Data Interpretation.

c. Spectro flourimetry:

Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence (Characteristics of drugs that can be analysed by flourimetry), Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.

d. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy:

Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.

2. NMR spectroscopy:

10Hrs

Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and 13C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy.

3. Mass Spectroscopy:

10Hrs

Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy.

4. Chromatography:

10Hrs

Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution, isolation of drug from excipients, data interpretation and applications of the following: a. Thin Layer chromatography b. High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography c. Ion exchange chromatography d. Column chromatography e. Gas chromatography f. High Performance Liquid chromatography g. Ultra High Performance Liquid chromatography h. Affinity chromatography i. Gel Chromatography.

5. a.Electrophoresis:

10Hrs

Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing

b. X ray Crystallography:

Production of X rays, Different X ray methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powdertechnique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.

6. Potentiometry:

10Hrs

Principle, working, Ion selective Electrodes and Application of potentiometry. Thermal Techniques:Principle,

thermal transitions and Instrumentation (Heat flux and power-compensation and designs),

Modulated DSC, Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, source of errors) and their influence, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.

Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA): Principle, instrumentation and advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA). TGA: Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantage and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

- 1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley &Sons, 2004.
- 2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5thedition,Eastern press, Bangalore,1998.
- 3. Instrumental methods of analysis Willards, 7thedition, CBS publishers.
- 4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4thedition, CBS Publishers, NewDelhi, 1997.
- 5. Organic Spectroscopy William Kemp, 3rdedition, ELBS,1991.
- 6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation P D Sethi, 3rdEdition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 7. Pharmaceutical Analysis Modern Methods Part B J W Munson, Vol 11, Marcel. DekkerSeries
- 8. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, 2ndedn., P.S/Kalsi, Wiley estern Ltd., Delhi.
- 9. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis, KA. Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1982

24MPA102T

SEMESTER I

ADVANCED PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS - THEORY

4C

4H

Instruction hours/ week: L: 4 T:0 P:0 Marks: Internal: 25 External: 75 Total:100

External Semester Exam: 3Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• This subject deals with the various aspects of Impurity, Impurities in new drug products, in residualsolvents, Elemental impurities.

- The student will expertise in Impurity profiling and characterization of degradants,
- This subject deals with Stability testing of phytopharmaceuticals and their protocol preparation.
- It also covers the biological testing of various vaccines and their principle and procedure.
- The subject emphasize on assay and different tests for drug products.
- The subject also provides knowledge regarding immunoassay and techniques involved in immunoassay

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course students will,

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Develop appropriate analytical skills required for the analytical method development	Understad
CO2	Discover principles of various reagents used in functional group analysis that renders necessary support in research methodology	Apply
CO3	Demonstrates the applications of analytical principles in the practical related problems	Understand
CO4	Design the analysis of impurities in drugs and residual solvents	Apply
CO5	Expertise in stability testing and biological methods of purity determination	Understand
CO6	Acquire skills in identifying the impurities in combinational drugs	Evaluate

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1												
CO2		S										
CO3	M		S									
CO4	S											
CO5		S										
CO6				S							S	

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

THEORY 60Hrs

1. Impurity and stability studies:

10Hrs

Definition, classification of impurities in drug Substance or Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and quantification of impurities as per ICH guidelines

Impurities in new drug products:

Rationale for the reporting and control of degradation products, reporting degradation products content of Patches, listing of degradation products in specifications, qualification of degradation products Impurities in residual solvents:

General principles, classification of residual solvents, Analytical procedures, limits of residual solvents, reporting levels of residual solvents

2. Elemental impurities:

10Hrs

Element classification, control of elemental impurities, Potential Sources of elemental Impurities, Identification of Potential Elemental Impurities, analytical procedures, instrumentation & C,H, N and Sanalysis

Stability testing protocols:

Selection of batches, container orientation, test parameters, sampling frequency, specification, storage conditions, recording of results, concept of stability, commitment etc. Important mechanistic and stability related information provided by results of study of factors like temperature, pH, buffering species ionic strength and dielectric constant etc. on the reaction rates. With practical considerations.

3. Impurity profiling and degradants characterization:

10

Hrs Method development, Stability studies and concepts of validation accelerated stability testing & shelf life calculation, WHO and ICH stability testing guidelines, Stability zones, steps in development, practical considerations. Basics of impurity profiling and degradant characterization with special emphasis. Photo stability testing guidelines, ICH stability guidelines for biological products

4 .Stability testing of Phytopharmaceuticals:

10Hrs

Regulatory requirements, protocols, HPTLC/HPLC finger printing, interactions and complexity.

5. Biological tests and assays of the following:

10Hrs

- A. Adsorbed Tetanus vaccine
- B. Adsorbed Diphtheria vaccine
- C. Human anti haemophilic vaccine
- D. Rabies vaccine
- E. Tetanus Antitoxin
- F. Tetanus ntiserum

- G. Oxytocin
- H. Heparin sodiumIP
- I. Antivenom. PCR, PCR studies for generegulation, instrumentation (Principle and Procedures)

6. Immunoassays(IA)

10Hrs

Basic principles, Production of antibodies, Separation of bound and unbound drug, Radioimmunoassay, Optical IA, Enzyme IA, Fluoro IA, Luminiscence IA, Quantification and applications of IA.

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

- 1. Vogel's textbook of quantitative chemical analysis Jeffery J Bassett, J.Mendham,
- R. C.Denney,5thedition, ELBS,1991.
- 2. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4thEdition, CBS publishers, NewDelhi, 1997.
 - 3. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis K A Connors, 3rdEdition, John Wiley & Sons,1982.
 - 4. Pharmaceutical Analysis Higuchi, Brochmman and Hassen, 2nd Edition, Wiley Interscience Publication, 1961.
 - 5. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation P D Sethi,3rdEdition, CBSPublishersNew Delhi, 1997.
 - 6. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods J W Munson Part B, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series.
 - 7. The Quantitative analysis of Drugs D C Carratt, 3rdedition, CBSPublishers, NewDelhi,1964.
 - 8. Indian Pharmacopoeia Vol I, II & III 2007, 2010,2014.
 - 9. Methods of sampling and microbiological examination of water, firstrevision,BIS
 - $10.\ Practical\ HPLC\ method\ development-Snyder,\ Kirkland,\ Glajch,\ 2^{nd}edition,\ John\ Wiley\ \&Sons.$
 - 11. Analytical Profiles of drug substances Klaus Florey, Volume 1-20, Elsevier, 2005
 - 12. Analytical Profiles of drug substances and Excipients Harry G Brittan, Volume 21 30, Elsevier, 2005.
 - 13. The analysis of drugs in biological fluids Joseph Chamberlain, 2ndedition, CRC press,London.
 - 14. ICH Guidelines for impurity profiles and stability studies.

24MPA103T SEMESTER I

PHARMACEUTICAL VALIDATION - THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L:4 T:0 P:0 Marks: Internal: 25 External: 75 Total:100

External Semester Exam: 3Hours COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• The main purpose of the subject is to understand about validation and show it can be applied to industry

- The subject aims to improve the quality of the products.
- The subject covers the complete information about validation, types, methodology and application.
- The student will receive a deep knowledge on intellectual property rights
- The subject provides an advanced knowledge on patents and its specifications
- Different techniques like TOT, IPP and social responsibilities to be followed will be discussed.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the subject student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Explain the aspect of validation	Understand
CO2	Carry out validation of manufacturing processes	Understand
CO3	Apply the knowledge of validation to instruments and equipment's	Apply
CO4	Validate the manufacturing facilities	
CO5	Revise the importance of patent and intellectual property rights.	Evaluate
CO6	Construct method validation as per ICH guidelines	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S											
CO2				S								
CO3										M		
CO4											S	
CO5	S											
CO6	S											

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

THEORY 60Hrs

12Hrs

1. Introduction: Definition of Qualification and Validation, Advantage of Validation, Streamlining of Qualification & Validation process and Validation Master Plan. Qualification: User Requirement Specification, Design Qualification, Factory Acceptance Test (FAT)/ Site Acceptance Test (SAT), Installation Qualification, Operational Qualification, Performance Qualification, Re- Qualification (Maintaining status Calibration Preventive Maintenance, Change management), Qualification of Manufacturing Equipments, Qualification of Analytical Instruments and Laboratory equipments.

12Hrs

- 2. Qualification of analytical instruments: Electronic balance, pH meter, UV-Visible spectrophotometer, FTIR, GC, HPLC, HPTLC Qualification of Glassware: Volumetric flask, pipette, Measuring cylinder, beakers and burette.
- 3. Validation of Utility systems: Pharmaceutical Water System & pure steam, HVAC system, Compressed air and nitrogen. Cleaning Validation: Cleaning Validation Cleaning Method development, Validation and validation of analytical method used in cleaning. Cleaning of Equipment, Cleaning of Facilities. Cleaning n place (CIP).

12Hrs

4. Analytical method validation: General principles, Validation of analytical method as per ICH guidelines and USP. Computerized system validation: Electronic records and digital significance-21 CFR part 11 and GAMP5.

12Hrs

5. General Principles of Intellectual Property: Concepts of Intellectual Property (IP), Intellectual Property Protection (IPP), Intellectual Property Rights (IPR); Economic importance, mechanism for protection of Intellectual Property –patents, Copyright, Trademark; Factors affecting choice of IP protection; Penalties for violation; Role of IP in pharmaceutical industry; Global ramification and financial implications. Filing a patent applications; patent application forms and guidelines. Types patent applications-provisional and non- provisional, PCT and convention patent applications; International patenting requirement procedures and costs; Rights and responsibilities of a patentee; Practical aspects regarding maintaining of a Patent file; Patent infringement meaning and scope. Significance of transfer technology (TOT), IP and ethics-positive and negative aspects of IPP; Societal responsibility, avoiding unethical practices

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

1. B. T. Loftus & R. A. Nash, "Pharmaceutical Process Validation", Drugs and Pharm Sci. Series, Vol. 129,3rdEd., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.

- 2. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3rdedition, Leon Lachman, Herbert A.
- Lieberman, Joseph. L. Karig, Varghese Publishing House, Bombay.
- 3. Validation Master plan by Terveeks or Deeks, Davis Harwood International publishing.
- 4. Validation of Aseptic Pharmaceutical Processes, 2ndEdition, by Carleton & Agalloco, (Marcel Dekker).
- 5. Michael Levin, Pharmaceutical Process Scale-Upl, Drugs and Pharm. Sci.Series, Vol. 157,2ndEd.,Marcel Dekker Inc.,N.Y.
- 6. Validation Standard Operating Procedures: A Step by Step Guide for Achieving Compliance in the Pharmaceutical, Medical Device, and Biotech Industries, Syed Imtiaz Haider
- 7. Pharmaceutical Equipment Validation: The Ultimate Qualification Handbook, Phillip A. Cloud, InterpharmPress
 - 8. Validation of Pharmaceutical Processes: Sterile Products, Frederick J.Carlton (Ed.) and James Agalloco (Ed.), Marcel Dekker, 2ndEd.
- 9. Analytical Method validation and Instrument Performance Verification by Churg Chan, Heiman Lam, Y.C. Lee, Yue. Zhang, Wiley Inter Science.

SEMESTER I 24MPA104T

FOOD ANALYSIS - THEORY

4H

4C

Marks: Internal: 25 External: 75 Total: 100 Instruction hours/ week: L: 4 T:0 P:0

External Semester Exam: 3Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- This course is designed to impart knowledge on analysis of food constituents
- This course is designed to impart knowledge on analysis of finished food products.
- The course includes application of instrumental analysis in the determination of pesticides invariety of food products.
- The subject deals with legislation regulations associated with food products
- The subject covers a wide knowledge on analytical techniques to be followed in the determination of food regulations
- The subject also emphasize on analysis of fermented products like wine, spirits etc

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At completion of this course student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand various analytical techniques in the determination of food constituents	Understand
CO2	Devise various analytical techniques in the determination of food additives	Understand
CO3	Create various analytical techniques in the determination of finished food products	Creat
CO4	Demonstrate various analytical techniques in the determination of pesticides in food	Analyze
CO5	Review various analytical techniques in the determination of food regulations	Understand
CO6	Recognize various analytical techniques in the determination of food legislations	Evaluate

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	M			S								
CO2		S										
CO3				S								
CO4											S	
CO5										S		
CO6	S											L

Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

THEORY 60Hrs
12Hrs

1. Carbohydrates – Chemistry & classification and properties of food carbohydrates, General methods of analysis of food carbohydrates, Changes in food carbohydrates during processing, Digestion, absorption metabolism of carbohydrates, Dietary fibre, crude fibre and application of food carbohydrates. Proteins - Chemistry and classification of amino acids and proteins, Physico- Chemical properties of protein and their structure, general methods of analysis of proteins and amino acids, Digestion, absorption and metabolism of proteins.

12Hrs

2.a. Lipids – Classification, general methods of analysis, refining of fats and oils; hydrogenation of vegetableoils, Determination of adulteration in fats and oils, Various methods used for measurement of spoilage of fats and fatty foods.

Vitamins – classification of vitamins, methods of analysis of vitamins, Principles of microbial assay and physiological significance of vitamins of B-series.

12Hrs

3. Food additives – Introduction, analysis of Preservatives, antioxidants, artificial sweeteners, flavors, flavorenhancers, stabilizers, thickening and jelling agents.

Pigments and synthetic dyes- Natural pigments their occurrence and characteristic properties, permitted synthetic Dyes, Non-Permitted synthetic dyes used by industries, Method of detection of natural, permitted and non-permitted dyes.

12Hrs

4. General Analytical methods for milk, milk constituents and milk products like ice cream, milk powder, butter, margarine, cheese including adulterants and contaminants of milk.

Analysis of fermentation products like wine, spirits, beer and vinegar.

12Hrs

5. Pesticide analysis-Effects of pesticides insects on various food, use of pesticides in agriculture, pesticide cycle, organophosphorus and organo chlorine pesticides analysis, determination of pesticide residues in grain, fruits, vegetables, milk and milk products.

Legislation regulations of food products with special emphasis on BIS, Agmark and US-FDA

Reference Books (Latest Editions):

1. The chemical analysis of foods–David Pearson, Seventh edition, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh London, 1976

- 2. Introduction to the Chemical analysis of foods–S.Nielsen, Jones & Bartlett publishers, Boston London, 1994.
- 3. Official methods of analysis of AOAC International, sixth edition, VolumeI&II, 1997.
- 4. Analysis of Food constituents-Multon, Wiley VCH.
- 5. Dr. William Horwitz, Official methods of analysis of AOAC International, 18 th edition, 2005.

24MPA105P SEMESTER I

PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICAL - I

6H

3C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:06 Marks: Internal: 25 External: 50 Total:75

External Semester Exam: 3Hours COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To estimate the samples using analytical instruments.
- To perform assay of official drug samples using analytical instruments
- To determine the impurity profile of drugs.
- To separate the mixtures of sample using chromatographic techniques.
- To demonstrate HPLC.
- To demonstrate gas chromatography.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At completion of this course student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO ₁	Demonstrate the analysis of pharmacopieal compounds and simultaneous estimation by UV-VIS	Understand
CO ₂	Acquire skills in selecting the suitable techniques for analysis of drugs	Analyze
CO ₃	Expertise in stability testing and biological methods of purity determination	Knowledge
CO ₄	Validate impurity profiling of drugs	Understand
CO5	Compare and contrast various methods of analysis and their outcomes	Knowledge
CO6	Demonstrate calibration of various glassware and instruments used in pharma industry	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO ₁				S								
CO ₂	S											
CO ₃				S								
CO ₄	S									S		
CO ₅	M									S		
CO6	M										S	

Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

CONTENTS:

- 1. Assay of official compounds by different titrations
- 2. Assay of official compounds by instrumental techniques.
- 3. Quantitative determination of hydroxyl group.
- 4. Quantitative determination of amino group
- 5. Colorimetric determination of drugs by using different reagents
- 6. Impurity profiling of drugs
- 7. Calibration of glassware's
- 8. Calibration of pH meter
- 9. Calibration of UV-Visible spectrophotometer
- 10. Calibration of FTIR spectrophotometer
- 11. Calibration of GC any instrument
- 12. Calibration of HPLC instrument
- 13. Cleaning validation of anyone equipment
- 14. Determination of total reducing sugar
- 15. Determination of proteins
- 16. Determination of saponification value, Iodine value, Peroxide value, Acid value in food products
- 17. Determination of fat content and rancidity in food products
- 18. Analysis of natural and synthetic colors in food
- 19. Determination of preservatives in food
- 20. Determination of pesticide residue in food products
- 21. Analysis of vitamin content in food product
- 22. Determination of density and specific gravity of foods
- 23. Determination of food additive

REFERENCE BOOKS (LATEST EDITIONS):

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.

- 2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5thedition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
- 3. Instrumental methods of analysis Willards, 7thedition, CBS publishers.
- 4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4thedition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 5. Organic Spectroscopy William Kemp, 3rdedition, ELBS,1991.
- 6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation P D Sethi, 3rdEdition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 7. Pharmaceutical Analysis Modern Methods Part B J W Munson, Vol 11, Marcel. DekkerSeries a. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, 2ndedn., P.S/Kalsi, Wiley estern Ltd., Delhi.

24MPA106P SEMESTER I

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES - PRACTICAL 6H 3C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0 T:0 P:06 Marks: Internal: 25 External: 50 Total:75

External Semester Exam: 3Hours COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To estimate the samples using analytical instruments.
- To perform assay of official drug samples using analytical instruments
- To demonstrate Flash Chromatography.
- To demonstrate HPLC.
- To demonstrate LCMS.
- To demonstrate gas chromatography.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At completion of this course student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO ₁	demonstrate the analysis of pharmacopieal compounds and simultaneous estimation by UV-VIS	Apply
CO ₂	acquire skills in selecting the suitable techniques for analysis of drugs	Analyze
CO ₃	demonstrate HPLC & LCMS	Apply
CO ₄	estimation of pharmaceutical substance by using fluorimetry / flame photometry	Understand
CO5	Compare and contrast various methods of analysis and their outcomes	Analyze
CO6	demonstrate Flash Chromatography	Apply

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO ₂	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO ₁				S								
CO ₂	S											
CO ₃				S								
CO ₄	S									S		
CO ₅	M									S		
CO6	M										S	

Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

CONTENTS:

- 1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
- 2. Simultaneous estimation of Multicomponent containing formulations by uv spectrophotometry
- 2. Experiments based on Column chromatography
- 3. Experiments based on HPLC
- 4. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography
- 5. Estimation of various drugs by Spectrofluorimetry
- 6. Estimation of sodium/potassium level by flame photometry
- 7. Experiments Based on Flash Chromatography. (Two Experiments)
- 8. Experiments Based on LC-MS.
- 9. Experiments based on IR spectroscopy.
- 10.Experiments based on HPTLC.(Two Experiments)
- 11. Interpretation of Any two organic compounds by HNMR

REFERENCE BOOKS (LATEST EDITIONS):

- 1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
- 2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5thedition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
- 3. Instrumental methods of analysis Willards, 7thedition, CBS publishers.
- 4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4thedition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 5. Organic Spectroscopy William Kemp, 3rdedition, ELBS,1991.
- 6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation P D Sethi, 3rdEdition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 7. Pharmaceutical Analysis Modern Methods Part B J W Munson, Vol 11, Marcel. DekkerSeries
 - b. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, 2ndedn., P.S/Kalsi, Wiley estern Ltd., Delhi.

24MPA107S		SEMESTER I
	SEMINAR/ASSIGNMENT	7H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 7 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 100 Total:100 External:0

S. No	COMPONENTS	MARKS
1	ATTENDANCE	<mark>08</mark>
2	CONTENT RELEVANCE AND DEPTH	20
3	ENGAGEMENT AND INTERACTION	12
4	PRESENTATION SKILLS	<mark>60</mark>
Total	PASS MARK (50)	100

24MPA201T SEMESTER II

ADVANCED INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS - THEORY **4H 4**C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 4 T:0 P:0 Marks: Internal: 25 External: 75Total:100

External Semester Exam: 3Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This subject deals with various hyphenate analytical instrumental techniques foridentification, characterization and quantification of drugs.

- Instruments dealt are LC-MS, GC-MS, and hyphenated techniques.
- The course provides an elaborate knowledge on HPLC in the field of nanotechnology and approaches for advancement in enantiomeric separations.
- The course offers advanced bio chromatographically techniques, its approaches and derivatization.
- The subject includes hyphenation techniques in LC-MS and DART MS analysis
- 13C NMR, 1-D and 2-D NMR, NOESY and COSY techniques were also included in the study

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of course student will,

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Interpret NMR, Mass and IR spectra of various organic compounds	Apply
CO2	Demonstrate theoretical and practical skills of the hyphenated instruments	Understand
CO3	Undergo Identification of organic compounds	Analyze
CO4	Acquire Practical aspects and troubleshooting techniques for HPLC techniques	Analyze
CO5	Expertise in controlling the parameters that affect drug manufacturing	Understand
CO6	Acquire Practical aspects and troubleshooting techniques for GC techniques	Analyze

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

Γ_	8	8 1111 1 108 1 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111												
	COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
	CO1		S											
	CO2				S									
Ī	CO3										S			
	CO4										S	M		
	CO5	S	M		S									
	CO6	S									M			

Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

THEORY 60Hrs

12Hrs

1.HPLC: Principle, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications, peak shapes, capacity factor, selectivity, plate number, plate height, resolution, band broadening, pumps, injector, detectors, columns, column problems, gradient HPLC, HPLC solvents, trouble shooting, sample preparation, method development, New developments in HPLC-role and principles of ultra, nanoliquid chromatography in pharmaceutical analysis. Immobilized polysaccharide CSP's: Advancement in enantiomeric separations, revised phase Chiral method development and HILIC approaches. HPLC in Chiral analysis of pharmaceuticals. Preparative HPLC, practical aspects of preparative HPLC.

12Hrs

2. Biochromatography: Size exclusion chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, ion pair chromatography, affinity chromatography general principles, stationary phases and mobile phases. Gas chromatography: Principles, instrumentation, derivatization, head space sampling, columns for GC, detectors, quantification. High performance Thin Layer chromatography: Principles, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications.

12Hrs

3. **Super critical fluid chromatography:** Principles, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications.

Capillary electrophoresis: Overview of CE in pharmaceutical analysis, basic configuration, CE characteristics, principles of CE, methods and modes of CE. General considerations and method development in CE, Crown ethers as buffer additives in capillary electrophoresis.CE-MS hyphenation.

12Hrs

4. Mass spectrometry: Principle, theory, instrumentation of mass spectrometry, different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALD, APCI, ESI, APPI mass fragmentation and its rules, metastable ions, isotopic peaks and applications of mass spectrometry. LC-MS hyphenation and DART MS analysis. Mass analysers (Quadrpole, Time of flight,FT-ICR, ion trap and Orbitrap) instruments. MS/MS systems (Tandem: QqQ, TOF-TOF;Q-IT, Q-TOF,LTQ-FT,LTQ-Orbitrap.

12Hrs

5. **NMR spectroscopy:** Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR with reference to 13CNMR:Spin spin and spin lattice relaxation phenomenon. 13C NMR, 1-D and 2-D NMR, NOESY and COSY techniques, Interpretation and

Applications of NMR spectroscopy.LC-NMR hyphenations.

REFERENCE BOOKS (LATEST EDITIONS):

- 1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, john Wiley & Sons, 2004.
- 2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5thedition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
- 3. Instrumental methods of analysis Willards, 7thedition, CBS publishers.
- 4. Organic Spectroscopy William Kemp, 3rdedition, ELBS,1991.
- 5. Quantitative analysis of Pharmaceutical formulations by HPTLC- PD Sethi, CBSPublishers, New Delhi.
- 6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation P D Sethi,3rdEdition, CBSPublishers, New Delhi,1997.
- 7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods Part B J W Munson, Volume 11, MarcelDekkerSeries.
- 8. Organic Spectroscopy by Donald L. Paviya, 5thEdition.

24MPA202T SEMESTER II

MODERN BIO-ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES - THEORY 4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L:4 T:0 P:0 Marks: Internal: 25 External: 75Total:100

External Semester Exam: 3Hours COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- This subject is designed to provide detailed knowledge about the importance of analysis of drugs inbiological matrices.
- The subjects deals with different pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic parameters
- The subject emphasize on bioavailability and bioequivalence studies
- The course provides a detailed advancement on toxicokinetic studies and its importance in preclinical studies.
- The course outlines on cell culture techniques and its applications including MTT.
- The course provides knowledge on LC-MS in bioactivity screening and proteomics

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Undergo Extraction of drugs from biological samples	Understand
CO2	Demonstrate separation of drugs from biological samples using different techniques	knowledge
CO3	Interpret the guidelines for BA/BE studies	Understand
CO4	Persuade a deep knowledge on BCS classification system and its applications in new drug discovery process	Evaluate
CO5	Understand various pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamic parameters affecting drug efficacy	Understand
CO6	Acquire knowledge on LC-MS in bioactivity screening and proteomics.	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	M	S										
CO2	S									S		
CO3	S											
CO4		S									S	
CO5	S											
CO6	M	S										

Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

THEORY 60Hrs

12Hrs

1. Extraction of drugs and metabolites from biological matrices: General need, principle and procedure involved in the Bioanalytical methods such as Protein precipitation, Liquid -Liquid extraction and Solid phase extraction and other novel sample preparation approach.

Bioanalytical method validation: USFDA and EMEA guidelines.

12 Hrs

- 2. Biopharmaceutical Consideration: Introduction, Biopharmaceutical Factors Affecting Drug Bioavailability, In Vitro: Dissolution and Drug Release Testing, Alternative Methods of Dissolution Testing Transport models, Biopharmaceutics Classification System. Solubility: Experimental methods. Permeability: *In-vitro*, *in-situ* and *In-vivo* methods.
- 3. Pharmacokinetics and Toxicokinetics: Basic consideration, Drug interaction (PK-PD interactions)

The effect of protein-binding interactions, The effect of tissue-binding interactions, Cytochrome P450- based drug interactions, Drug interactions linked to transporters. Microsomal assays Toxicokinetics- Toxicokinetic evaluation in preclinical studies, Importance and applications of toxicokinetic studies.LC-MS in bioactivity screening and proteomics.

12 Hrs

4. Cell culture techniques Basic equipments used in cell culture lab. Cell culture media, various types of cell culture, general procedure for cell cultures; isolation of cells, subculture, cryopreservation, characterization of cells and their applications. Principles and applications of cell viability assays (MTT assays), Principles and applications of flow cytometry.

12 Hrs

5. Metabolite identification: In-vitro / in-vivo approaches, protocols and sample preparation. Microsomal approaches (Rat liver microsomes (RLM) and Human liver microsomes (HLM) in Met –ID. Regulatory perspectives. In-vitro assay of drug metabolites & drug metabolizing enzymes.

Drug Product Performance, In Vivo: Bioavailability and Bioequivalence: Drug Product Performance, Purpose of Bioavailability Studies, Relative and Absolute Availability. Methods for Assessing Bioavailability, Bioequivalence Studies, Design and Evaluation of Bioequivalence Studies, Study Designs, Crossover Study Designs, Generic Biologics (Biosimilar Drug Products), Clinical Significance of Bioequivalence Studies.

REFERENCE BOOKS (LATEST EDITIONS):

1. Analysis of drugs in Biological fluids - Joseph Chamberlain, 2nd Edition.CRC Press, Newyork.1995.

- 2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5thedition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
- 3. Pharmaceutical Analysis Higuchi, Brochmman and Hassen, 2ndEdition,Wiley Interscience Publications,1961.
- 4. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods Part B J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel DekkerSeries
- 5. Practical HPLC method Development Snyder, Kirkland, Glaich, 2ndEdition, John Wiley & Sons, NewJercy.USA.
- 6. Chromatographic Analysis of Pharmaceuticals John A Adamovics, 2ndEdition, Marcel Dekker, Newyork, USA. 1997.
- 7. Chromatographic methods in clinical chemistry & Toxicology Roger L Bertholf, Ruth E Winecker, JohnWiley & Sons, New Jercy, USA.2007.
- 8. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2ndEdition, Sandy Weinberg Vol.69, Marcel Dekker Series,1995.
- 9. Good laboratory Practice Regulations Allen F. Hirsch, Volume 38, Marcel Dekker Series, 1989.
- 10. ICH, USFDA & CDSCO Guidelines.
- 11. Palmer

24MPA203T SEMESTER II

QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE -THEORY

Instruction hours/ week: L:4 T:0 P:0 Marks: Internal: 25 External: 75 Total:100

External Semester Exam: 3Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

 This course deals with the various aspects of quality control and quality assurance aspects of pharmaceutical industries.

- It covers the important aspects like cGMP, QCtests, documentation ,quality certifications ,GLP andregulatory affairs.
- Procedures to ensure confidentiality of inventory and source category information, when required are explained
- Frequency of QA/QC checks on different parts of the inventory was dealt in the subject
- The subject covers about GLP responsibilities and regulatory affairs
- The subject deals with SOPs or standard operating procedures

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the completion of this subject it is expected that the student will,

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand the cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry	Understand
CO2	Appreciate the importance of documentation	Understand
CO3	Understand the scope of quality certifications applicable to Pharmaceutical industries	Understand
CO4	Recognize the responsibilities of QA & QC departments	Creat
CO5	Acquire knowledge on GLP and regulatory Affairs	Understand
CO6	Interpret CPCSEA guidelines	Apply

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S	S										
CO2	S	M										
CO3	S									M		
CO4	S									S		
CO5	S											
CO6	M										S	

Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

4H

4C

THEORY 60hrs

1. Concept and Evolution of Quality Control and Quality Assurance Good Laboratory Practice, GMP, Overview of ICH Guidelines - QSEM, with special emphasis on Q-series guidelines. Good Laboratory Practices: Scope of GLP, Definitions, Quality assurance unit, protocol for conduct of non clinical testing, control on animal house, report preparation and documentation.

12Hrs

GMP guidelines according to schedule M, USFDA (inclusive of CDER and CBER) Pharmaceutical Inspection Convention (PIC), WHO and EMEA covering: Organization and personnel responsibilities, training, hygiene and personal records, drug industry location, design, construction and plant lay out, maintenance, sanitation, environmental control, utilities and maintenance of sterile areas, control of contamination and Good Warehousing Practice .CPCSEA guidelines.

12Hrs

2. Analysis of raw materials, finished products, packaging materials, in process quality control (IPQC), Developing specification (ICH Q6 and Q3) Purchase specifications and maintenance of stores for raw materials. In process quality control and finished products quality control for following formulation in Pharma industry according to Indian, US and British pharmacopoeias: tablets, capsules, ointments, suppositories, creams, parenterals, ophthalmic and surgical products (How to refer pharmacopoeias Quality control test for containers, closures and secondary packing materials.

12 Hrs

3.Documentation in pharmaceutical industry: Three tier documentation, Policy, Procedures and Work instructions, and records (Formats), Basic principles- How to maintain, retention and retrieval etc.

Standard operating procedures (How to write), Master Formula Record, Batch Formula Record, Quality audit plan and reports. Specification and test procedures, Protocols and reports. Distribution records. Electronic data.

12Hrs

4. Manufacturing operations and controls: Sanitation of manufacturing premises, mix-ups and cross contamination, processing of intermediates and bulk products, packaging operations, IPQC, release of finished product, process deviations, charge-in of components, time limitations on production, drug product inspection, expiry date calculation, calculation of yields, production record review, change control sterile products, aseptic process control, packaging.

12Hrs

REFERENCE BOOKS (LATEST EDITIONS):

- 1. Quality Assurance Guide by organization of Pharmaceutical Procedures of India, 3rdrevised edition, olume I & II, Mumbai, 1996.
- 2. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2ndEdition, Sandy Weinberg Vol. 69, Marcel Dekker Series, 1995.
- 3. QualityAssuranceofPharmaceuticals-AcompediumofGuidelinesandRelatedmaterialsVoll&II,2ndedition, WHO Publications,1999.
- 4. How to Practice GMP's P P Sharma, Vandana Publications, Agra, 1991.
- 5. The International Pharmacopoeia vol I, II, III, IV & V General Methods of Analysis and Quality specification for Pharmaceutical Substances, Excepients and Dosage forms, 3rdedition, WHO, Geneva, 2005.
- 6. Good laboratory Practice Regulations Allen F. Hirsch, Volume 38, Marcel Dekker Series, 1989.7. ICH guidelines
- 7. ISO 9000 and total quality management114
- 8. The drugs and cosmetics act 1940 Deshpande, Nilesh Gandhi, 4thedition, SusmitPublishers,2006.
- 9. QA Manual D.H. Shah, 1stedition, Business Horizons, 2000.
- 10. Good Manufacturing Practices for Pharmaceuticals a plan for total quality control Sidney H. Willig, Vol. 52, 3rdedition, Marcel Dekker Series. Steinborn L. GMP/ISO Quality Audit Manual for Healthcare Manufacturers and Their Suppliers, Sixth Edition, (Volume 1 With Checklists and Software Package). Taylor & Francis; 2003.
- 11. Sarker DK. Quality Systems and Controls for Pharmaceuticals. John Wiley & Sons;2008.

24MPA204T SEMESTER II

HERBAL AND COSMETIC ANALYSIS - THEORY

Instruction hours/ week: L: 4 T:0 P:0 Marks: Internal: 25 External: 75 Total:100

External Semester Exam: 3Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• This course is designed to impart knowledge on analysis of herbal products.

- Regulatory requirements, herbal drug interaction with monographs were explained.
- Performance evaluation of cosmetic products is included for the better understanding of the equipmentsused in cosmetic industries for the purpose.
- Describe guidelines for cGMP, GAP, GMP and GLP for quality assurance of herbal drugs in industry
- Describe guidelines for quality control of herbal drugs and evaluation of safety and efficacy of herbalmedicines.
- The subject deals with herbal drug interactions

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At completion of this course student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Determine the herbal remedies and regulations	Understand
CO2	Demonstrate the analysis of natural products and monographsInterpret Herbal drug-drug interaction	Analyze
CO3	Exploit the principles of performance evaluation of cosmetic products.	Understand
CO4	Understand the pre requisites to be followed in the preparation of the herbal monographs	Understand
CO5	Express the Indian Standard specification laid down for sampling and testing of various cosmetics	Understand
CO6	☐ The subject deals with herbal drug interactions	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

11 0	- 0											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S											
CO2		S										
CO3		M										
CO4	S											
CO5		M									S	
CO6	S											

Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

4H

4C

THEORY 60Hrs

1. Herbal remedies- Toxicity and Regulations: Herbals vs Conventional drugs, Efficacy of herbal medicine products, Validation of Herbal Therapies, Pharmacodynamic and Pharmacokinetic issues. Herbal drug standardization: WHO and AYUSH guidelines.

12Hrs

2 .Adulteration and Deterioration: Introduction, types of adulteration/substitution of herbal drugs, Causes and Measure of adulteration, Sampling Procedures, Determination of Foreign Matter, DNA Finger printing Techniques in identification of drugs of natural origin, heavy metals, pesticide residues, phototoxin and microbial contamination in herbal formulations. Regulatory requirements for setting herbal drug industry: Global marketing management, Indian and international patent law as applicable herbal drugs and natural products and its protocol.

12Hrs

3. Testing of natural products and drugs: Effect of herbal medicine on clinical laboratory testing, Adulterant Screening using modern analytical instruments, Regulation and dispensing of herbal drugs, Stability testing of natural products, protocol.

Monographs of Herbal drugs: Study of monographs of herbal drugs and comparative study in IP, USP, Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia, American herbal Pharmacopoeia, British herbal Pharmacopoeia, Siddha and Unani Pharmacopoeia, WHO guidelines in quality assessment of herbal drugs.

12Hrs

4. Herbal drug-drug interaction: WHO and AYUSH guidelines for safety monitoring of natural medicine, Spontaneous reporting schemes for bio drug adverse reactions, bio drug-drug and bio drug-food interactions with suitable examples. Challenges in monitoring the safety of herbal medicines.

12Hrs

5. Evaluation of cosmetic products: Determination of acid value, ester value, saponification value, iodine value, peroxide value, rancidity, moisture, ash, volatile matter, heavy metals, fineness of powder, density, viscosity of cosmetic raw materials and finished products. Study of quality of raw materials and general methods of analysis of raw material used in cosmetic manufacture as per BIS.

Indian Standard specification laid down for sampling and testing of various cosmetics in finished forms such as baby care products, skin care products, dental products, personal hygiene preparations, lips sticks. Hair products and skin creams by the Bureau Indian Standards.

REFERENCE BOOKS (LATEST EDITIONS):

- 1. Pharmacognosy by Trease and Evans
- 2. Pharmacognosy by Kokate, Purohit and Gokhale
- 3. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal Plant, WHO, Geneva
- 4. Pharmacognosy & Pharmacobiotechnology by Ashutosh Kar

- 5. Essential of Pharmacognosy byDr.S.H.Ansari
- 6. Cosmetics Formulation, Manufacturing and Quality Control, P.P.Sharma, 4thedition,

VandanaPublications Pvt. Ltd., Delhi

- 7. Indian Standard specification, for raw materials, BIS, NewDelhi.
- 8. Indian Standard specification for 28 finished cosmetics BIS, NewDelhi
- 9. Harry's Cosmeticology 8thedition
- 10. Suppliers catalogue on specialized cosmetic excipients
- 11. Wilkinson, Moore, seventh edition, George Godwin. Poucher's Perfumes, Cosmetics and Soaps
- 12. Hilda Butler, 10thEdition, Kluwer Academic Publishers. Handbook of Cosmetic Science and Technology,3rdEdition.

24MPA205P SEMESTER II PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICAL - II 12H 6C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 0T:0P:12 Marks: Internal: 50 External:100 Total:150

External Semester Exam: 3Hours COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• To estimate the samples using analytical instruments.

- To perform the interpretation of organic compound by FTIR, NMR, MS etc
- To determine the impurity profile of drugs.
- To separate the mixtures of sample using chromatographic techniques.
- To demonstrate the protocol preparation and performance of bioanalytical method validation
- To demonstrate cosmetic analysis.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At completion of this course student will

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Demonstrate the interpretation of various organic compounds by FT-IR	Understand
CO2	Demonstrate the interpretation of various organic compounds by NMR	Understand
CO3	Demonstrate the interpretation of various organic compounds by mass spectroscopy	Apply
CO4	Interpret Protocol preparation and performance of analytical/ Bioanalytical method validation	Understand
CO5	Formulate cosmetics and carry out its evaluation	Analyze
CO6	Appreciate the importance of documentation by preparing master formula record, batch manufacturing records etc.	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs		PO2	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S										
CO2		S							M		
CO3	S									M	
CO4		S							M		
CO5		S								S	
CO6	S										

Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

CONTENTS:

- 1. Comparison of absorption spectra by UV and Wood ward Fiesurerule
- 2. Interpretation of organic compounds by FT-IR
- 3. Interpretation of organic compounds by NMR
- 4. Interpretation of organic compounds by MS
- 5. Determination of purity by DSC in pharmaceuticals
- 6. Identification of organic compounds using FT-IR, NMR, CNMR and Mass spectra
- 7. Bio molecules separation utilizing various sample preparation techniques and Quantitative analysis of components by gel electrophoresis.
- 8. Bio molecules separation utilizing various sample preparation techniques and Quantitative analysis of components by HPLC techniques.
- 9. Isolation of analgesics from biological fluids (Blood serum and urine).
- 10. Protocol preparation and performance of analytical/Bioanalytical method validation.
- 11. Protocol preparation for the conduct of BA/BE studies according to guidelines.
- 12. In process and finished product quality control tests for tablets, capsules, parenterals and creams
- 13. Quality control tests for Primary and secondary packing materials
- 14. Assay of raw materials as per official monographs
- 15. Testing of related and foreign substances in drugs and raw materials
- 16. Preparation of Master Formula Record.
- 17. Preparation of Batch Manufacturing Record.
- 18. Quantitative analysis of rancidity in lipsticks and hair oil
- 19. Determination of aryl amine content and Developer in hair dye
- 20. Determination of foam height and SLS content of Shampoo.
- 21. Determination of total fatty matter in creams (Soap, skin and hair creams)
- 22. Determination of acid value and saponification value.
- 23. Determination of calcium thioglycolate in depilatories

REFERENCE BOOKS (LATEST EDITIONS):

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley& Sons,2004.

- 2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5thedition,Eastern press, Bangalore,1998.
- 3. Instrumental methods of analysis Willards, 7thedition, CBS publishers.
- 4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4thedition, CBS Publishers, NewDelhi,1997.
- 5.Organic Spectroscopy William Kemp, 3rdedition, ELBS,1991.
- 6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation P D Sethi, 3rdEdition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 7. Pharmaceutical Analysis Modern Methods Part B J W Munson, Vol 11, Marcel. DekkerSeries
- 8. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, 2ndedn., P.S/Kalsi, Wiley estern Ltd., Delhi.
- 9. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis, KA.Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons,1982

24MPA206S SEMESTER II
SEMINAR/ASSIGNMENT 7H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L:7 T:0 P:0 Marks: Internal: 100 External: 0 Total:100

Semester Exam: 3Hours

S. No	COMPONENTS	MARKS
1	ATTENDANCE	08
2	CONTENT RELEVANCE AND DEPTH	20
3	ENGAGEMENT AND INTERACTION	12
4	PRESENTATION SKILLS	<mark>60</mark>
Total	PASS MARK (50)	100

24MPH301T/24MPA301T/24MPC301T

SEMESTER III

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND BIOSTATISTICS THEORY

4H 4C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 4 T:0 P:0 Marks: Internal: 25 External:75 Total:100

External Semester Exam: 3Hours

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• To design the impart fundamental knowledge of higher education

- To illustrate the Research Processes and Methodologies that was undergone by the Research scholars
- To Explain the Research Skills like Research strategies, Ethics, Code for Research and IPR
- To Illustrate the techniques of teaching and evaluation
- To demonstrate the Essentials that was needed for the effective communication in English
- To describe the Data collection, Data Presentation Skills and Research Writing skills

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

COs	Course Outcomes	Blooms Level
CO1	Understand the general research methodology	Understand
CO2	Explain the importance and methods of literature review	Understand
CO3	Apply biostatistics to the given data sample	Apply
CO4	Discuss the different medical research methodologies	Apply
CO5	Explain the guidelines for animal handling and experimentation	Apply
CO6	Describe the basic principles of research	Understand

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		M	S									
CO2												
CO3				S								
CO4		M	S	S								
CO5									M			
CO6				S						S		

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

CONTENTS:

UNIT-I

General Research Methodology: Research, objective, requirements, practical difficulties, review of literature, study design, types of studies, strategies to eliminate errors/bias, controls, randomization, crossover design, placebo, blinding techniques.

UNIT - II

Biostatistics: Definition, application, sample size, importance of sample size, factors influencing sample size, dropouts, statistical tests of significance, type of significance tests, parametric tests(students "t" test, ANOVA, Correlation coefficient, regression), non-parametric tests (wilcoxan rank tests, analysis of variance, correlation, chi square test), null hypothesis, P values, degree of freedom, interpretation of P values.

UNIT - III

Medical Research: History, values in medical ethics, autonomy, beneficence, non-maleficence, double effect, conflicts between autonomy and beneficence/non-maleficence, euthanasia, informed consent, confidentiality, criticisms of orthodox medical ethics, importance of communication, control resolution, guidelines, ethics committees, cultural concerns, truth telling, online business practices, conflicts of interest, referral, vendor relationships, treatment of family members, sexual relationships, fatality.

UNIT - IV

CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility: Goals, veterinary care, quarantine, surveillance, diagnosis, treatment and control of disease, personal hygiene, location of animal facilities to laboratories, anesthesia, euthanasia, physical facilities, environment, animal husbandry, record keeping, SOPs, personnel and training, transport of lab animals.

UNIT - V

Declaration of Helsinki: History, introduction, basic principles for all medical research, and additional principles for medical research combined with medical care.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Hubbuch, Susan M., (2005), Writing Research Papers Across the Curriculum, 5th Edition, Thompson.
- 2. Vedanayagam.E.G (1989), Teaching technology for college teachers New Delhi Sterling publishers (Pvt)
- 3. Kumar.K.H.(1997), Educational technology, New Delhi- New age international (Pvt) Ltd.
- 4. Tony Bates.A.N,(2005) Technology, e-learning and distance education, New York, Rout ledge.
- 5. Aggarwal. J.C. (1995), Essential of educational technology; Teaching Learning innovations in education-New Delhi- Vikas publishing house (p) Ltd.,.
- 6. Crow & Crow. (1998), Educational Psychology", Erusia Publishing House New Delhi.
- 7. M. Ashraf Rizvi.(2005), Effective technical communication, TataMcGraw Hill Co.Ltd.

24MPA302J SEMESTER III
JOURNAL CLUB 1H 1C

Instruction hours/ week: L:1 T:0 P:0 Marks: Internal :25 External :0 Total:25

S. No	COMPONENTS	MARKS
1	ATTENDANCE	<mark>4</mark>
2	SLIDES PREPARATION	<mark>6</mark>
3	RESEARCH GAP IDENTIFICATION	<mark>8</mark>
4	NARRATION OF ARTICLE	<mark>7</mark>
Total	PASS MARK (13)	<mark>25</mark>

24MPA303D SEMESTER III

DISCUSSION / PRESENTATION (PROPOSAL PRESENTATION)

2H 2C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 2 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 50 External:0 Total: 50

S. No	COMPONENTS	MARKS
1	ATTENDANCE	<mark>08</mark>
<mark>2</mark>	SLIDES PREPARATION	12
<mark>3</mark>	RESEARCH GAP IDENTIFICATION	<mark>5</mark>
<mark>4</mark>	PRESENTATION SKILL	<mark>5</mark>
<mark>5</mark>	DEFENCE OF VIVA VOCE	
Total	PASS MARK (25)	50

24MPA304RW SEMESTER III

RESEARCH WORK

28H 14C

Instruction hours/ week: L:0 T:0 P:28 Marks: External :350 Total:350

S. No	COMPONENTS	MARKS
1	ATTENDANCE	<mark>8</mark>
2	SLIDES PREPARATION	42
<mark>3</mark>	RESEARCH GAP IDENTIFICATION	<mark>50</mark>
<mark>4</mark>	PRESENTATION SKILL	<mark>50</mark>
<mark>5</mark>	DEFENCE OF VIVA VOCE	200
Total	PASS MARK (175)	350

24MPA401J SEMESTER IV

JOURNAL CLUB

1H 1C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 1 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: Internal: 25 External: 0 Total: 25

S. No	COMPONENTS	MARKS
1	ATTENDANCE	<mark>4</mark>
<mark>2</mark>	SLIDES PREPARATION	<mark>6</mark>
<mark>3</mark>	RESEARCH GAP IDENTIFICATION	<mark>8</mark>
<mark>4</mark>	NARRATION OF ARTICLE	<mark>7</mark>
Total	PASS MARK (13)	<mark>25</mark>

24MPA402RW SEMESTER IV

RESEARCH WORK

31H 16C

Instruction hours/ week: L:0 T: 0 P: 31 Marks: Internal: 75 External: 0 Total: 75

S.No	COMPONENTS	MARKS
1	ATTENDANCE	08
2	SLIDES PREPARATION	12
3	RESEARCH GAP IDENTIFICATION	10
4	PRESENTATION SKILL	10
<mark>5</mark>	DEFENCE OF VIVA VOCE	<mark>35</mark>
Total	PASS MARK (38)	75

24MPA403D SEMESTER IV

DISCUSSION/FINAL PRESENTATION

3H 3C

Instruction hours/ week: L: 3 T: 0 P: 0 Marks: External: 400 Total: 400

S.No	COMPONENTS	MARKS
1	ATTENDANCE	8
2	SLIDES PREPARATION	42
3	RESEARCH GAP IDENTIFICATION	<mark>50</mark>
<mark>4</mark>	PRESENTATION SKILL	<mark>50</mark>
<mark>5</mark>	DEFENCE OF VIVA VOCE	<mark>250</mark>
Total	PASS MARK (200)	400