FACULTY OF ENGINEERING DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN BIOTECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF BIOTECHNOLOGY

(REGULAR PROGRAMME)

CURRICULUM & SYLLABI (2017 -2018)



KARPAGAM ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

(Established Under Section 3 of UGC Act 1956) COIMBATORE 641 021 INDIA



KARPAGAM ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

(Deemed to be University Established under Section 3 of UGC Act 1956) Eachanari, Coimbatore-641 021. INDIA

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING / TECHNOLOGY (B. E. /B. Tech.) REGULAR PROGRAMME

REGULATIONS (2017)

CHIOCE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

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17BTCC101

ENGLISH FOR ENGINEERS

3003

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To enable students to attain fluency and accuracy to inculcate proficiency in professional communication to meet the growing demand in the field of Global communication.
- 2. To help students acquire their ability to speak effectively in real life situations.
- 3. To inculcate the habit of reading and to develop their effective reading skills.
- 4. To ensure that students use dictionary to improve their active and passive vocabulary.
- 5. To enable students to improve their lexical, grammatical and communicative competence.
- 6. To improve the student's communication skill at interview level.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. To use English language for communication: verbal & non-verbal.
- 2. To enrich comprehension and acquisition of speaking & writing ability.
- 3. To inculcate the habit of reading and to develop their effective reading skills.
- 4. To hone their listening, speaking, Reading and writing skills.
- 5. To gain confidence in using English language in real life situations.
- 6. To improve word power: lexical, grammatical and communication competence.

Unit- I LSRW SKILLS & GRAMMAR

Receptive Skills (Listening, Reading and Scanning) & Productive Skills (Writing, Speaking and Representing) (9)

Listening –Types of listening- Listening to class reading - Video tapes/ Audio tapes. **Speaking** – Introduction on self. **Reading** - Reading for comprehension – Reading different kind of passages like descriptive, narrative, objective, conversational and argumentative. **Writing** – Formal and Informal letters- Letters to the Editor.

Grammar & Vocabulary (Function Grammar & Technical Vocabulary) Tenses -Articles. **Vocabulary** - Word Formation – Word expansion (Root word) - Prefix and Suffix.

Unit – II LSRW SKILLS & GRAMMAR

Receptive Skills (Listening, Reading and Scanning) & Productive Skills (Writing, Speaking and Representing) (8) Listening – Understanding the passage in English –Pronunciation practice. Speaking – Asking and answering questions. Reading – Critical reading – Finding key information in a given text (Skimming - Scanning). Writing—Coherence and cohesion in writing

- Short paragraph writing
- Writing short messages.

Grammar & Vocabulary (Function Grammar & Technical Vocabulary)

WH questions –Yes/No Question - Subject Verb agreement. **Vocabulary** – Compound Nouns/Adjectives – Irregular verbs.

Unit - III LSRW SKILLS & GRAMMAR

Receptive Skills (Listening, Reading and Scanning) & Productive Skills (Writing, Speaking and Representing) (8)

Listening – Listening for specific task – fill in the gaps. **Speaking** – Phonemes – Syllables – Role play – Conversation Practice. **Reading** –comprehension passages based on general topics or matters of current affairs. **Writing** - Autobiographical writing & Biographical writing.

Grammar & Vocabulary (Function Grammar & Technical Vocabulary)

Preposition – Infinitive & Gerund. **Vocabulary** – Foreign words used in English – British and American usage.

Unit- IV LSRW SKILLS & GRAMMAR, CAREER ORIENTED

Receptive Skills (Listening, Reading and Scanning) & Productive Skills (Writing, Speaking and Representing) (10)

Listening – Responding to questions – Reading in class for complete understanding and for better pronunciation. **Speaking** – Debate- Presentations in seminars. **Reading** – Making inference from the reading passage – Predicting the content of reading passages. **Writing** - Interpreting visual materials (tables, graphs, charts, etc) & Instruction writing.

Grammar & Vocabulary (Function Grammar & Technical Vocabulary)

Parts of Speech, Sentence pattern – Voice (active and passive voice). **Vocabulary** – One word substitution.

Unit- V LSRW SKILLS & GRAMMAR, FIELD WORK

Receptive Skills (Listening, Reading and Scanning) & Productive Skills (Writing, Speaking and Representing) (10) Listening –Distinction between native and Indian English (Speeches by TED and Kalam). Speaking- Extempore talk –Just-a-minute talk. Reading-Reading strategies—Intensive reading – Text analysis. Writing - Creative writing – Writing circulars and notices – Writing proposal.

Grammar & Vocabulary (Function Grammar & Technical Vocabulary)

Direct and Indirect speech – Conditional sentences - Auxiliary verbs. **Vocabulary** – Abbreviations & Acronyms.

Note: Students shall have hands on training in improving listening skill in the language laboratory @ 2 periods per each unit.

TEXT BOOK:

| S. NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------------------|
| 1 | <u>Sangeeta</u> | <u>Technical</u> | OUP, | 2015 |
| | Sharma, | Communication: | New Delhi. | |
| | <u>Meenakshi</u> | Principles And Practice | | |
| | Raman | 2nd Edition | | |

REFERENCES:

| S. NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|--------|---|--|----------------------------------|-------------|
| | | воок | | PUBLICATION |
| 1 | Lakshminarayanan, K.R. & Murugavel, T. | Communication Skills for Engineers | SCITECH Publications, Chennai | 2009 |
| 2 | Rizvi Ashraf, M | Effective Technical Communication | Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi. | 2007 |
| 3 | Rutherford Andrea, J. | Basic Communication Skills for Technology | Pearson Education, New Delhi. | 2006 |

WEBSITES:

www.learnerstv.com - Listening/ Speaking/ Presentation

www.usingenglish.com - Writing/ Grammar www.englishclub.com -

Vocabulary Enrichment/ Speaking <u>www.ispeakyouspeak.blogspot.com</u> –

Vocabulary Enrichment/ Speaking www.teachertube.com – Writing

 $Technically\ www.Dictionary.com-Semantic\ /\ Grammar$

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To develop analytical skills for solving different engineering problems.
- 2. To understand the concept of Matrices and Theory of equations.
- 3. To know the basics of differential calculus and its applications.
- 4. To impart the knowledge of integral calculus and its applications.
- 5. To learn the basics of ordinary differential equations.
- 6. To make the student to solve various Engineering problems.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Acquire the basic knowledge and understanding of mathematics.
- 2. Apply advanced matrix knowledge to engineering problems.
- 3. Improve their ability in evaluating problems by applying theory of equations.
- 4. Evaluating engineering problems involving differential calculus and its applications.
- 5. Understand the concepts involving integral calculus and its applications.
- 6. Applying the concept of ordinary differential Equations and solving the problems.

UNIT I MATRICES (12)

Fundamentals of Matrix- Inverse of a matrix- Rank of a Matrix – Consistency and Inconsistency of a system of 'm' linear equations in 'n' unknowns – Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix.

UNIT II THEORY OF EQUATIONS

(12)

Relations between coefficients and roots: Irrational and imaginary roots – symmetric functions of the roots – transformation of equations – reciprocal equations and formation of equations whose roots are given.

UNIT III DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS AND ITS APPLICATION

(12)

Differentiation and Derivatives of simple functions – Successive Differentiation – Tangent and Normal-Radius of curvature – Velocity and acceleration.

UNIT IV INTEGRAL CALCULUS AND ITS APPLICATIONS

(12)

Various types of integration - Reduction formula for $e^{\alpha x} x_n$, $\sin^n x$, $\cos^n x \sin^n x \cos^m x$, (Statement only). – Length, Area and Volume of solid revolution.

UNIT V ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

(12)

Differential equations of first order and higher degree – higher order differential equations with constant coefficients- Euler's form of Differential equations.

Total: 60

TEXT BOOKS:

| S. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE | | YEAR OF |
|-----|-------------|--------------------------------------|--|-------------|
| NO. | NAME | воок | PUBLISHER | PUBLICATION |
| 1 | Grewal. B.S | Higher Engineering Mathematics | Khanna Publications, Delhi. | 2013 |
| 2 | B.V.Ramana | Higher Engineering Mathematics | Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi. | 2010 |

REFERENCES:

| S. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE | | YEAR OF |
|-----|--------------|----------------|----------------------|-------------|
| | | | PUBLISHER | |
| NO. | NAME | ВООК | | PUBLICATION |
| | | Engineering | S.Chand& Co., | |
| 1 | Dass H.K. | | | 2008 |
| | | Mathematics | New Delhi. | |
| | | A text book of | | |
| | Bali N.P., | | Laxmi publications | 2014 |
| 2 | | Engineering | | |
| | Manish Goyal | | Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. | |
| | | Mathematics | | |
| | | Advanced | | |
| | Michael D. | | Pearson Education, | |
| 3 | | Engineering | | 2006 |
| | Greenberg | | India | |
| | | Mathematics | | |

WEBSITES:

www.intmath.com www.efunda.com www.mathcentre.ac.uk

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To understand the properties of matter and thermodynamics with its applications.
- 2. To introduce the concepts of light, laser and fiber optics for diverse applications.
- 3. To study the fundamentals of quantum physics and their applications.
- 4. To comprehend the properties of crystal and its various crystal structures.
- 5. To study the basics of sound and ultrasonics with appropriate applications.
- 6. To solve the relevant problems in engineering stream.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Identify the elastic nature of materials and its thermodynamic properties.
- 2. Infer the characteristics of laser and optical fibers for engineering applications.
- 3. Develop the idea of quantum mechanics through applications.
- 4. Identify the different atomic arrangements of crystals and its defects.
- 5. Make use of the concepts of sound waves for medical applications.
- 6. Illustrate the basic ideas of nuclear reactors for energy resources.

UNIT I PROPERTIES OF MATTER AND THERMODYNAMICS (9)

Three types of modulus of elasticity – basic definitions, relation connecting the modulii (Derivation), Poisson's ratio- Torsional pendulum- bending of beams - bending moment – uniform and non uniform bending

Thermodynamics – laws of thermodynamics- concept of entropy- change of entropy in reversible and irreversible processes – refrigeration.

UNIT II LASER AND FIBER OPTICS

(9)

Introduction – emission and absorption process- Einstein's coefficients derivation. Types of LASER - CO₂, Semiconductor LASER- Applications of LASER in industry and medicine.

Total internal reflection – modes of propagation of light in optical fibers – numerical aperture and acceptance angle –derivations, types of optical fibers (Material, refractive index and mode) – fiber optical communication system (block diagram)

UNIT III QUANTUM PHYSICS (9) Introduction to quantum theory — Black body radiation - dual nature of matter and

radiation – de Broglie wavelength, uncertainty principle –Schrödinger's wave equation – time dependent and time independent equations – particle in one dimensional box- physical significance of wave function, scanning electron microscope

UNIT IV CRYSTAL PHYSICS

(9)

Lattice – unit cell – Bravais lattice – calculation of number of atoms per unit cell, atomic radius, coordination number, packing factor for SC, BCC, FCC and HCP structures, crystal defects – point, line and surface defects

UNIT V ULTRASONICS AND NUCLEAR PHYSICS

(9)

Production of ultrasonics by piezoelectric method –Non Destructive Testing – pulse echo system through transmission and reflection modes - A, B and C – scan displays, Medical applications – Sonogram. Introduction – basics about nuclear fission and fusion, Radiation detectors – semi conductor detector. Reactors – essentials of nuclear reactor- power reactor.

Total-45

TEXT BOOK:

| S.N | O AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-----|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Ganesan.S and Baskar.T | Engineering Physics I | GEMS Publisher, Coimbatore-641 001 | 2015 |

REFERENCES:

| S.NO | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|------|-------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| | NAME | BOOK | | PUBLICATION |
| 1 | Serway and Jewett | Physics for Scientists | Thomson | 2010 |
| | | and Engineers with | Brooks/Cole, Indian | |
| | | Modern Physics | reprint, New Delhi | |
| 2 | Gaur, R.K. and | Engineering Physics | Dhanpat Rai | 2011 |
| | Gupta, S.C | | Publications,New | |
| | | | Delhi. | |
| 3 | M.N. Avadhanulu | A Text book of | S.Chand and | 2011 |
| | and PG Kshirsagar | Engineering Physics | company, Ltd., New | |
| | | | Delhi | |
| 4 | D.C. Ghosh, N.C. | Engineering Physics | University Science, | 2011 |
| | Ghosh, P.K. | | New Delhi | |
| | Haldar | | | |
| 5 | P. Khare, A. | Engineering Physics: | Jones & Bartlett | 2009 |
| | Swarup | Fundamentals and | Learning | |
| | | Modern Applications | | |

WEBSITES:

www.nptel.ac.in www.physicsclassroom.com www.oyc.yale.edu www.physics.org

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To make the students conversant with basics of water technology.
- 2. To make the student acquire sound knowledge of electrochemistry and storage devices.
- 3. To acquaint the student with concepts of fuels and combustion.
- 4. To develop an understanding of the basic concepts of corrosion science.
- 5. To acquaint the students with the basics of surface chemistry.
- 6. To understand the chemical principles in the projects undertaken in field of engineering and technology

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Outline the basic principles of chemistry for water treatment (K).
- 2. Examine the electrochemical properties to design non conventional energy storage devices (S).
- 3. Apply the concepts combustion of different fuels (S).
- 4. Identify the concepts of corrosion and its protection in the engineering field (S).
- 5. Apply the concepts of surface chemistry in the field of engineering (S).
- 6. Integrate the chemical principles in the projects undertaken in field of engineering and technology (S).

UNIT I WATER TECHNOLOGY

(9)

Sources-Characteristics – Specification for drinking water, BIS &WHO-Alkalinity – Types of alkalinity and determination (No problems) – Hardness – Types and estimation by EDTA method (No problems) - Domestic water treatment – Disinfection methods (Chlorination, Ozonation. UV treatment) – Boiler feed water – Requirements – Disadvantages of using hard water in boilers – Internal conditioning (Phosphate, Calgon and Carbonate conditioning methods) – External conditioning – Demineralization process – Desalination - Reverse osmosis.

UNIT II ELECTROCHEMISTRY AND STORAGE DEVICES

(9)

Electrolytic conductance-application (conductometric titration)- Electrochemical cells – EMF – Measurement of emf – Single electrode potential – Nernst equation – Reference electrodes – Standard Hydrogen electrode -Calomel electrode – Ion selective electrode – Glass electrode and measurement of pH – Electrochemical series – Significance – Potentiometric titrations (Redox - Fe vs dichromate) –-Batteries- Primary batteries-Leclanche cell- Secondary batteries- Lead acid battery. An introduction to Fuel Cell- H2-O2 Fuel Cell.

UNIT III FUELS AND COMBUSTION

(9)

Coal - Proximate and Ultimate analysis - Metallurgical coke - Manufacture by Otto-Hoffman method - Petroleum processing and fractions - Synthetic petrol - Bergius and Fischer-Tropsch method - Knocking - Octane number and Cetane number - Gaseous fuels - Water gas, Producer gas, Combustion of fuel-Introduction-GCV-NCV- Problems on Calculation of GCV & NCV - Flue gas analysis.

UNIT IV CORROSION SCIENCE

(9)

Chemical and Electrochemical corrosion - Galvanic corrosion - Differential aeration corrosion - Corrosion control - Sacrificial anode and Impressed current cathodic methods - Corrosion inhibitors - Protective coatings - Organic coatings-Paints - Constituents and functions - Inorganic coatings- Metallic coatings - Electroplating of Cu over Fe and Electro less plating (Ni) - Surface conversion coating - Hot dipping. - Anodizing of Al

UNIT V SURFACE CHEMISTRY AND PHASE RULE

Introduction-Adsorption-Types, adsorption of gases on solids, adsorption of solutes from solutions, Adsorption isotherms-Freundlich adsorption isotherm-Langmuir adsorption isotherm-Role of adsorbents in industries (catalysis and water softening).

Phase Rule: Definition -Phase diagrams – one component water system, two component Ag-Pb system.

Total: 45

TEXT BOOKS:

| PUBLICATION 5. |
|----------------|
| |
| ', |
| 2014 |
| |
| ech |
| ny (P) 2012 |
| |

REFERENCE BOOKS:

| S. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE | | YEAR OF |
|-----|--------------------------------|--|---|-------------|
| NO. | NAME | воок | PUBLISHER | PUBLICATION |
| 1. | Raman | | McGraw-Hill Publishing Co.Ltd., 3rd Reprint | 2013 |
| | Sivakumar | I &II | NewDelhi. | |
| 2. | Kuriakose. J.C. and Rajaram | Chemistry in Engineering and Technology. Vol. I & II | Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, | 2010 |
| | anu Kajaram | 5th edition. | New Delhi. | |
| 3. | Jain, P.C. and Monika Jain | Engineering Chemistry. | Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi. | 2009 |
| 4. | Dara.S.S | Text book of Engineering Chemistry. | S.Chand & Co.Ltd., New Delhi | 2008 |
| 5. | Sharma.B. K | Engineering Chemistry | Krishna Prakasam Media (P) Ltd., Meerut | 2001 |

WEBSITES:

http://www.studynotes.ie/leaving-cert/chemistry/

http://www.rejinpaul.com/2011/04/engineering-chemistry-ii-second.html

http://www.learnerstv.com/Free-chemistry-Video-lectures-ltv044-Page1.htm

http://ocw.mit.edu/courses/#chemistry

http://www.chem.qmul.ac.uk/surfaces/sec

Course Objectives

- To explain the basics of biology
- To summarize the overview of biotechnology and its applications
- To describe the scope of industrial biotechnology
- To elaborate the production of SCP and other metabolites
- To discuss the application of biotechnology in agriculture
- To outline the production of bioproducts and ethical considerations in Biotechnology.

Course Outcomes

- Outline the basics of biology and its importance
- Elaborate the scope of biotechnology and its application in rDNA technology
- Describe the production of primary and secondary metabolites
- Discuss how biotechnology involves in crop improvement
- Explain the various techniques and applications involved in Biotechnology.
- Discuss the development of bioproducts with social and ethical considerations.

UNIT IBASICS OF BIOLOGY

(9)

Cell theory, Prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells- Cell structure, Biomolecules: carbohydrates, Proteins, lipids and Nucleic acid-DNA & RNA, Types of bonds involved in biomolecules.

UNIT II GENERAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

(9)

Biotechnology: An overview – biotechnology – an interdiscipilinary pursuit, old and new biotechnology, scope and importance, Isolation and screening of microorganisms, microbial growth curve, basics of rDNA technology – cloning

UNIT III INDUSTRIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

(9)

Production of single cell protein (SCP): advantages and nutritional value, Overview of enzymes and its applications in various fields, Production of primary and secondary metabolites from microbial source - citric acid, ethanol fermentation and penicillin.

UNIT IV BIOTECHNOLOGY IN AGRICULTURE AND HEALTH CARE

Biotechnology methods of crop improvement – plant tissue culture, Genetically modified crops – golden rice and Bt cotton, Conventional vaccines, concept of recombinant vaccines, recombinant insulin.

UNIT V ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY AND ETHICAL CONSIDERATIONS

(9)

Biofuels - Production, bioinsecticides - Production, biofertilizers – types, production and Biosafety-definition-levels - guidelines.

Total hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| | AUTHOR(S) | | | YEAR OF |
|-------|------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| S.NO. | NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | PUBLICATIONS |
| | | A Textbook of | S. Chand & | |
| 1 | R.C. Dubey | | Company | 2014 |
| | | Biotechnology | LYD. | |
| 2 | D.V. Cunto | Elements of Distantantant | Rastogi | 2nd Edition (3rd |
| 2 | P.K. Gupta | Elements of Biotechnology | Publication | Reprint) 2015-17 |
| | | | Wiley | |
| 3 | H.K. Das | Textbook of Biotechnology | DreamTech | 2nd Edition, 2005 |
| | | | Publications | |

REFERENCE BOOKS

| | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE | | YEAR OF |
|-------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| S.NO. | | | PUBLISHER | |
| | NAME | BOOK | | PUBLICATIONS |
| | John E. | | Cambridge | |
| 1 | | Biotechnology | | 5th Edition, 2009 |
| | Smith | | University Press | |
| | | Modern Concepts of | Vikas Publication | |
| 2 | H.D. Kumar | Biotechnology | House Pvt LTD | 2007 |

OBJECTIVES

- To impart the basic knowledge about the DC Electric circuits.
- To study the working of various ElectricalMachines.
- To study the basic concepts of Electrical safety andwiring
- To get the knowledge of Magnetic circuits and its properties
- To impart the basic knowledge about the DC Electric circuits.
- To study the basic of power system

INTENDED OUTCOMES

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. To understand and analyse basic electric and magnetic circuits.
- 2. Attributing the electric circuits with DC and AC excitation by applying various circuit laws.
- 3. Attributing the electrical machines and transformer.
- 4. Evaluate the various digital circuits in real time applications.
- 5. Analysis various semiconductor devices in real time applications.
- 6. Reproduce the Measuring Instruments and Electrical Installation.

UNIT IELECTRIC CIRCUITS & MEASUREMENTS

9

Ohm's Law – Kirchoff's Laws – Steady State Solution of DC Circuits – Introduction to AC Circuits Waveforms and RMS Value – Power and Power factor – Single Phase and Three Phase balanced Circuits.

UNIT II ELECTRICAL MACHINES

9

Construction, Principle of Operation, Basic Equations and Applications of DC Generators, DC Motors, Single Phase Transformer, single phase induction Motor.

UNIT III MEASURING INSTRUMENTS

9

Operating Principles of Moving Coil and Moving Iron Instruments (Ammeters and Voltmeters), Dynamometer type Watt meters and Energy meters.

UNIT IV SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES AND APPLICATIONS

0

Characteristics of PN Junction Diode – Zener Effect – Zener Diode and its Characteristics – Half wave and Full wave Rectifiers – Voltage Regulation. Bipolar Junction Transistor – CB, CE, CC Configurations and Characteristics

UNIT V DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

9

Number systems – binary codes - logic gates - Boolean algebra, laws & theorems- simplification of Boolean expression - implementation of Boolean expressions using logic gates - standard forms of Boolean expression.

TOTAL

TEXT BOOKS

| S. | Author(s) | | D 1111 | Year of |
|-----|-------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| No. | Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Publication |
| 1 | Mittle, V.M | Basic Electrical Engineering | Tata McGraw Hill Edition, New Delhi | 2004 |
| 2 | Sedha R.S | Applied Electronics | S. Chand & Co | 2006 |

REFERENCES

| S. | | | | Year of |
|-----|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Publication |
| | Muthusubramanian R, and | Basic Electrical, | Tata McGraw | |
| 1 | Muraleedharan K A | Electronics and | Hill, Second | 2006 |
| | | Computer Engineering | Edition | |
| | Nagsarkar T K and | Basics of Electrical | | |
| 2 | Sukhija M S | Engineering | Oxford press | 2005 |
| | Mahmood Nahvi and | | Schaum' Outline | |
| 3 | Joseph A. Edminister | Electric Circuits | Series, McGraw | 2002 |
| | | | Hill | |
| 4 | Premkumar N | Basic Electrical | Anuradha | 2003 |
| | | Engineering | Publishers | |

17BTPH111/17BTPH211 ENGINEERING

ENGINEERING PHYSICS LABORATORY 0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To develop basic laboratory skills and demonstrating the application of physical principles.
- 2. To prepare for the lab experiment and perform individually a wide spectrum of experiments.
- 3. To present experimental data in various appropriate forms like tabulation, and plots.
- 4. To analyze, Interpret and Summarize experimental results.
- 5. To communicate clearly understanding of various experimental principles, instruments/setup, and procedure.
- 6. To develop the skills for understanding basic electric circuits.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. The students will have the knowledge on Physics practical experiments and that knowledge will be used by them in different engineering and technology applications.
- 2. Prepare for the lab experiment and perform individually a wide spectrum of experiments.
- 3. Present experimental data in various appropriate forms like tabulation, and plots.
- 4. Analyze, Interpret and Summarize experimental results.
- 5. Communicate clearly understanding of various experimental principles, instruments/setup, and procedure.
- 6. Prepare to develop the skills for understanding basic electric circuits.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS – PHYSICS

Determination of velocity of sound and compressibility of liquid – Ultrasonic interferometer.

Determination of wavelength of mercury spectrum – spectrometer grating.

Determination of Young's modulus of the material – Non uniform bending (or) Uniform bending.

Determination of Viscosity of liquid – Poiseuille's method.

Spectrometer Dispersive power of a prism.

Torsional pendulum – Determination of Rigidity modulus.

Particle size determination using Diode Laser

Determination of Laser parameters – Wavelength, and angle of divergence.

Determination of acceptance angle in an optical fiber.

Determination of thickness of a thin wire – Air wedge method

Determination of Band Gap of a semiconductor material.

Determination of Specific resistance of a given coil of wire – Wheatstone Bridge

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To provide students with practical knowledge of quantitative analysis of materials by classical and instrumental methods for developing experimental skills in building technical competence.
- 2. To estimate the amount of alkalinity ions, hardness, chloride in water sample
- 3. To make the student acquire practical skills in the determination of conductance of solutions,
- 4. To acquaint the students with the determination of molecular weight of a polymer by viscometry
- 5. To carried out different types of titrations for estimation of concerned in materials
- 6. To determine the corrosion rate of steel by weight loss method.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. The students will be outfitted with hands-on knowledge in quantitative chemical analysis of water quality parameters and corrosion measurement.
- 2. Estimate the amount of alkalinity ions, hardness, chloride in water sample
- 3. Measure molecular/system properties of conductance of solutions, EMF etc
- 4. Acquaint the students with the determination of molecular weight of a polymer by visocometry
- 5. Determine the corrosion rate of steel by weight loss method.
- 6. Carrying out different types of titrations for estimation of concerned in materials using comparatively more qualities and quantities of materials involved for accurate results.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS - CHEMISTRY

Estimation of alkalinity of Water sample.

Estimation of hardness of Water by EDTA

Estimation of chloride in Water sample (Argentometric method)

Determination of corrosion rate by weight loss method.

Conductometric Titration (Simple acid base).

Conductometric Titration (Mixture of weak and strong acids).

Conduct metric Titration using BaCl₂ vs Na₂ SO₄.

pH Titration (acid & base).
Potentiometric Titration (Fe²⁺ / KMnO₄ or K₂Cr₂O₇).

Estimation of Ferric ion by Spectrophotometry.

Determination of water of crystallization of a crystalline salt (Copper sulphate).

Determination of molecular weight and degree of polymerization using Viscometry.

Determination of chemical oxygen demand.

OBJECTIVE

1. To provide exposure to the students with hands on experience on various basic engineering practices in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

OUTCOMES:

- 1. Ability to fabricate carpentry components and pipe connections including plumbing works.
- 2. Ability to use welding equipment's to join the structures.
- 3. Ability to fabricate electrical and electronics circuits.
- 4. Students will be able to fabricate components with their own hands.
- 5. will also get practical knowledge of the dimensional accuracies and dimensional tolerances possible with different manufacturing processes
- 6. By assembling different components, they will be able to produce small devices of their interest

PART – A (MECHANICAL)

1. WELDING

i. Preparation of arc welding of butt joints, lap joints and tee joints.

2. BASIC MACHINING

- i. Simple Turning and Taper turning
- ii. Drilling and Tapping
- iii. Sheet Metal Work
- iv. Model making Trays, funnels, etc.

3. DEMONSTRATION ON

- i. Smithy operations
- ii. Foundry operations
- iii. Plumbing Works
- iv. Carpentary Works

PART -B (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS)

4. ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

- i. Study of electrical symbols and electrical equipments.
- ii. Construct the wiring diagram for Stair case wiring
- iii. Construct the wiring diagram for Residential house wiring using switches, fuse, indicator, lamp and energy meter.
- iv. Measurement of electrical quantities voltage, current, power & power factor in R load.
- v. Measurement of energy using single phase energy meter.

5. ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

- i. Study of Electronic components—Resistor (color coding), capacitors and inductors.
- ii. Soldering practice Components Devices and Circuits Using general purpose PCB.
- iii. Study of logic gates AND, OR, NOT, NOR and NAND.

TOTAL: HRS

REFERENCES

| 5. No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|--------|--|---|--|------------------------|
| 1 | The state of the s | Premier on Engineering Practices Laboratory | uradha Publications, Kumbakonam | 2007 |
| 2 | vapoovan, T., | gineering Practices Lab | casPuplishing House Pvt. Ltd, Chennai | 2006 |
| 3 | wa, H.S | orkshop Practice | ta McGraw – Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi | 2007 |

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the importance graphics in engineering
- To learn basic engineering drawing formats
- To develop the graphical skills for communication of concepts, ideas and design of engineering products through technical drawings.
- To learn to take data and transform it into graphic drawings.
- To prepare the students to communicate effectively and to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course the students will be able to:

- Know and understand the conventions and the method of engineering drawing.
- Interpret engineering drawings using fundamental technical mathematics.
- Construct basic and intermediate geometry.
- Improve their visualization skills so that they can apply these skill in developing new products.
- Improve their technical communication skill in the form of communicative drawings.
- Comprehend the theory of projection.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction to Engineering Drawing, Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS), Layout of drawing sheets, sizes of drawing sheets, different types of lines used in drawing practice geometric constructions, principles of dimensioning—linear, angular, aligned system, unidirectional system, parallel dimensioning, chain dimensioning, location dimension and size dimension.

UNIT II SCALES AND PLANE CURVES

8

SCALES: Reducing Scale, Enlarging Scale, Plain Scale, Diagonal Scale and Vernier Scale. Conics – Construction of Ellipse, Parabola and Hyperbola by eccentricity method

UNIT III FREE HAND SKETCHING

9

Representation of Three Dimensional objects – General principles of orthographic projection – Need for importance of multiple views and their placement – First angle projection – layout views – Developing visualization skills through free hand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects.

UNIT IVPROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACES

8

Projection of points and straight lines located in the first quadrant – Determination of true lengths and true inclinations – Traces–Projection of polygonal surface and circular lamina inclined to both reference planes.

UNIT VPROJECTION OF SOLIDS

8

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder and cone when the axis is inclined to one reference plane by change of position method.

Basic operation of drafting packages, use of various commands for drawing, dimensioning, editing, modifying, saving and printing/plotting the drawings. Introduction to 3D primitives.

TOTAL 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S. | | | | Year of |
|-----|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| NT. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | D 11' |
| No. | | | | Publication |
| | | | New Age | |
| | Venugopal K and | | | |
| 1 | | Engineering Graphics | International | 2007 |
| | Prabhu Raja V | | | |
| | J | | Publishers | |
| | | A Primer on Computer Aided | | |
| 2 | VTU | | Belgaum | 2006 |
| | | Engineering Drawing | | |

REFERENCES

| S. | Author(s) | | | Year of |
|-----|------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | | Title of the book | Publisher | |
| No. | Name | | | Publication |
| | | | D D Publications, | |
| 1 | Kumar M S | Engineering Graphics | | 2007 |
| | | | Chennai | |
| | Bureau of Indian | Engineering Drawing Practices for | | |
| 2 | | | BIS, New Delhi | 2003 |
| | Standards | Schools and Colleges SP 46-2003 | | |
| | | Fundamentals of Engineering | Prentice Hall Book | |
| 3 | Luzadder W J | | | 1998 |
| | | Drawing | Co., New York | |

WEB REFERENCES

- IS 10711 2001: Technical products Documentation Size and lay out of drawing sheets.
- IS 9609 (Parts 0 and 1) 2001: Technical products Documentation Lettering.
- IS 10714 (Part 20) -2001 and SP 46 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
- IS 11669 1986 and SP 46 2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
- IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) 2001: Technical drawings Projection Methods.

OBJECTIVE:

Yoga Education Helps To Develop The Self Discipline, Self Control, Awareness, Concentration And Higher Level Of Consciousness.

AIM: To Enable The Student To Have Physical Health And Mental Health.

UNIT- I

Introduction To Yoga- Meaning Of Yoga - Concept Of Yoga- Aim And Objectives Of Yoga - History Of Yoga - Systems Of Yoga.- Stages (Or) Limbs Of Yoga

UNIT-II

Asanas-Surya Namashkar- Thdasana- Veerabadhra Asana- Trikonasana- Utkatasana- ArdhaChakrasana- Ardha Kati Chakrasana- Thandasana- Gomugasana- Padmasana- Vajrasana- Paschimottasana- Matsyendrasana-BavanaMukthasana- SuptaPadhangusthasana-Sethubhandhasana- Navasana- ArdhaBavanamukthasana- Mathasyasana- Naukasana- Bujangasana- Salabasana- Makkarasana- Dhanurasana.

UNIT-III

Advance Asanas- Sirasasana- Garudasana- Natrajasana- Rajakoptasana- Chakrasana- Kukutasana- Virikshasana- Sarvagasana- Halasana-. Mayurasana .

UNIT-IV

Pranayama- Meaning- Types Of Pranayama- Bhastrika- Bhramari- Udgeeth- Kabalbhati- Bahya-AnulomVilom- Pranay Pranayama- Benefits Of Pranayama. Neti - JalaNeti , Sutra Neti, Nouli-Three Types, Douthy-Three Types

UNIT-V

Mudras- Uses Of Mudras- Gyan- Shoonya- Apaan- Prana- Vayu- Prithvi- Linga- Apana- Adi Mudra- Agni Mudra- Surya Mudra- Varuna- Hakini Mudra.

REFERENCES:

| | | TITLE OF | | YEAR OF |
|------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| S.NO | AUTHOR NAME | | PUBLISHER | |
| | | BOOK | | PUBLICATION |
| | | Sound Health | | |
| 1. | Dr.K.Chandrasekaran | | PremKalyan | 2009 |
| | | Through Yoga | | |
| | | Light | Crossroad | |
| 2. | B.K.S.Iyangar | | | 2013 |
| | | On Pranayama | Centuary | |
| | | | Sriramakrishna | |
| 3. | Thirumular | Thirumandhiram | | 2016 |
| | | | Math | |

SEMESTER II

17BTCC201A BUSINESS COMMUNICATION

3003

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To help students comprehend the role of listening skills in effective communication.
- 2. To familiarize students with verbal and non-verbal communication.
- 3. To expose students to neutral accent.
- 4. To develop emotional intelligence skills in them for enhancing their self-esteem.
- 5. To assist them in setting goals and developing positive attitude.
- 6. To enable students to acquire decision making skills, problem solving skills and assertive skills.
- 7. Todevelop their soft skills and inter personal skills.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Design and deliver a persuasive presentation that convinces the audience of the topic's relevance and overcomes resistance, using appropriate visual support and adhering to a specified time limit.
- 2. Use a strategic communication model and critical thinking to identify objectives, analyze audiences and choose the most effective structure and style for delivering strategically sound written and spoken messages.
- 3. Practice principles of effective business writing and document design in all written documents.
- 4. Build an understanding of different organizational cultures, business practices, and social norms to communicate more effectively in domestic and cross-cultural business contexts.
- 5. To gain confidence in using English language in real life situations.
- 6. Develop their soft skills and inter personal skills, which will make the transition from college to workplace smoother and help them excel in their job.

UNIT I

What is Business Communication? - Types of Communication – Formal and informal communication – Process of Communication – Barriers to communication.

UNIT II

Written Business Communication – Style- word-usage- organisation of Ideas – mechanics of writing and fill up of forms - Cover Letter- Letter for Job Application- Letter of Complaint - Memos - Resumes - Email- Reports Revising and proofreading- Advertising slogans- jargons- interpretation of graphs using expressions of comparison and contrast .

UNIT III

Reading and Understanding the news articles - Oral Business Communication - First Impressions - Attire - Effective Presentation strategies- Nuances of delivery - Controlling nervousness and stage fright-Visual aids Presentations- Capturing Audience - Tone - Behavior - Telephone

Etiquette- Non - verbal communication - Eye contact - Facial expressions - Posture - Gestures - Body langage - Etiquette- Organization of presentation - brain storming- Negotiations.

UNIT - IV

Difference between goals and dreams - SMART goal setting - 3 Ds of goal setting- Determination, Discipline and Direction - Developing the right attitude - Motivation - Intrinsic and Extrinsic motivation - Dealing with change - Dedication - Taking responsibilities - Decision making.

UNIT - V

Intrapersonal skills - Self-analysis - Thought process - Interpersonal skills - Confidence building - Resolving conflicts- Analytical skills - Team Building - Leadership skills - Planning/organizing - Ability to work independently - Professional ethics - Communicating via e-mail. Ethical perspectives and their implications for responsible communication - Proposal Presentation

TEXT BOOK:

| S. NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-----------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Meenakshi Raman ; Prakash Singh | Business Communication | Oxford University Press | 2012 |

REFERENCES:

| S. NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-----------|---|---|--|---------------------|
| 1 | Murthy, G .R. K. | Soft Skills for Success. | The ICFAI University Press, Hyderabad. | 2008 |
| 2 | Jagadeesan, G & Santanakrishnan,R. | Soft Skills Development: Training and Evaluation. | The ICFAI University Press, Hyderabad. | 2008 |
| 3 | Sherfield, Robert M., Rhonda J. Montgomery, & Patricia G. Moody | Developing Soft Skills. | Pearson Education, New Delhi. | 2005 |

WEBSITES

http://tribehr.com/social-hr-software/talent-management/skills-tracking

www.ispeakyouspeak.blogspot.com

https://alison.com/subjects/6/Personal-Development-Soft-Skills

www.learning-development.hr.toolbox.com

http://www.niit.com/solution/soft-skill-training

<u>http://mybcommlab.com</u> to test your understanding of the concepts presented in each chapter and explore additional materials that will bring the ideas to life in videos, activities, and an online multimedia e-book.

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To motivate learners to acquire listening & speaking skills in both formal and informal context.
- 2. To focus on question forms & to make them understand the importance of using question tags and also the functional use of transformation of sentences.
- 3. To improve their reading habit and to train them in critical and analytical reading.
- 4. To equip them to write for academic as well as work place context.
- 5. To enable students to face interviews.
- 6. To improve the student's communication skill at business level.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. To acquire second language: speaking convincingly, expressing their opinions clearly, negotiating and arguing using appropriate communicative strategies.
- 2. To enhance them reading texts critically and analytically.
- 3. To develop writing effectively, persuasively and producing different types of writing such as narration, description, exposition and argument as well as creative, critical, analytical and evaluative writing.
- 4. To enrich the ability to face interviews the confidence.
- 5. To help students develop listening skills for academic and professional purposes.
- 6. To enable students write letters effectively in informal and business situations.

UNIT-1 LSRW SKILLS & GRAMMAR

Receptive Skills (Listening, Reading and Scanning) & Productive Skills (Writing, Speaking and Representing) (9)

Listening - Difference between Hearing & Listening –Listening to informal conversation. **Speaking** - Spoken structures on different situations - Introduction, Greeting, Comments on topics like Films, Games etc, Excuse, Request, Agreement, Disagreement, etc., **Reading** – Extensive and Intensive reading. **Writing** – Report writing - Writing a covering letter.

Grammar & Vocabulary (Function Grammar & Technical Vocabulary)

Regular & Irregular verbs - Kinds of sentences - Question tags. Homonyms and Homophones.

UNIT-II LSRW SKILLS & GRAMMAR

Receptive Skills (Listening, Reading and Scanning) & Productive Skills (Writing, Speaking and Representing) (9)

Listening – Note Taking- Improving grasping ability. **Speaking** – Welcome address - Vote of thanks - Master of ceremony. **Reading** – Active and Passive reading - Reading for vocabulary- Reading for a purpose. **Writing** - Writing a review (Film review) - Summary of a story. **Grammar & Vocabulary** (**Function Grammar & Technical Vocabulary**)

Modal verbs – Conjunction - Expression of cause and effect. Phrasal verbs - Idioms.

UNIT – III LSRW SKILLS & GRAMMAR

Receptive Skills (Listening, Reading and Scanning) & Productive Skills (Writing, Speaking and Representing) (9)

Listening - Barriers to listening (Physical, Psychological, Linguistic & Cultural). **Speaking** – Stress, Pause and Intonation. **Reading** – Rapid reading – Skimming, Scanning and Surveying. (SQ3R)**Writing** - Essay writing -Minutes of meeting - Agenda

Grammar & Vocabulary (Function Grammar & Technical Vocabulary)

Active and Passive voice - Purpose expression. Same words used as noun and verb - Often misspelt and confused words.

UNIT-IV LSRW SKILLS & GRAMMAR, CAREER ORIENTED

Receptive Skills (Listening, Reading and Scanning) & Productive Skills (Writing, Speaking and Representing) (9)

Listening – Listening to telephone conversation - Viewing model interviews. **Speaking** – Group Discussion - Correlation between verbal & non - verbal communication. **Reading** – Reading comprehension (short & long text) - Reading job advertisements and profile of a company. **Writing** – Checklist preparation.

Grammar & Vocabulary (Function Grammar & Technical Vocabulary)

Grammar - Numerical expressions – Collocations. Singular and Plural (Nouns)

UNIT- V LSRW SKILLS & GRAMMAR, FIELD WORK

Receptive Skills (Listening, Reading and Scanning) & Productive Skills (Writing, Speaking and Representing) (9)

Listening – Types of listening- Improving listening comprehension. **Speaking** - Oral presentation - Vocal communication techniques - Voice, quality, volume, pitch etc., **Reading** -Note making - Making notes from books/ any forms of writing materials. **Writing** - Describing process & products - Recommendation writing – Short essays writing-

Grammar & Vocabulary (Function Grammar & Technical Vocabulary)

Transformation of sentences (Simple, Compound & Complex). Collection of Technical Vocabularies with their meanings.

Note: Students shall have hands on training in improving listening skill in the language laboratory @ 2 periods per each unit.

TEXT BOOK:

| S. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE | | YEAR OF |
|-----|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-------------|
| | | | PUBLISHER | |
| NO. | NAME | ВООК | | PUBLICATION |
| | | Technical | | |
| | Sangeeta | | | |
| | | Communication: | | |
| | <u>Sharma</u> , | | OUP, | |
| 1 | | Principles And | | 2015 |
| | <u>Meenakshi</u> | | New Delhi. | |
| | | <u>Practice</u> | | |
| | <u>Raman</u> | | | |
| | | 2nd Edition | | |

REFERENCES:

| S. | | TITLE OF THE | | YEAR OF |
|-----|--|---|-------------------------------|-------------|
| NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | BOOK PUBLISHER | | PUBLICATION |
| 1 | Lakshminarayanan, K.R. & Murugavel, T. | Communication Skills for Engineers | SCITECH Publications, Chennai | 2008 |
| 2 | Rizvi Ashraf, M | Effective Technical Communication | Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi. | 2007 |
| 3 | Rutherford Andrea, J. | Basic Communication Skills for Technology | Pearson Education, New Delhi. | 2006 |

WEBSITES:

www.learnerstv.com - Listening/ Speaking/ Presentation

www.usingenglish.com – Writing/ Grammar
www.englishclub.com – Vocabulary Enrichment/ Speaking
www.ispeakyouspeak.blogspot.com – Vocabulary Enrichment/ Speaking
www.teachertube.com – Writing Technically

www.Dictionary.com - Semantic / Grammar

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Determine mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their usage.
- 2. Familiarize the student with functions of several variables which is the foundation for many branches of Engineering.
- 3. To introduce Fourier series analysis which is central to many applications in engineering apart from its use in solving boundary value problems
- 4. Appreciate the physical significance of Fourier series techniques in solving one- and two-dimensional heat flow problems and one-dimensional wave equations.
- 5. The objective of this course is to familiarize the students with statistical techniques.
- 6. To use appropriate statistical methods in the analysis of simple datasets.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. The students will be able to understand mathematical tools needed to evaluate the areas and volumes using multiple integrals.
- 2. The students will be able to familiarize functions of several variables which is used in many physical engineering problems.
- 3. Understand the nature of the Fourier series that represent even and odd functions and how derivation of a Fourier series can be simplified in this way.
- 4. To Know how to derive a Fourier series of a given periodic function by evaluating Fourier coefficients.
- 5. To understand the concepts of Boundary value problems.
- 6. The students are able to use appropriate statistical methods in the analysis of simple datasets.

UNIT I MULTIPLE INTEGRALS

(12)

Double integration in Cartesian – Change of order of integration – Area as a double integral – Triple integration in Cartesian coordinates.

UNIT II FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES

(12)

Function of two variables – Taylor's expansion – maxima and minima – constrained maxima and minima by Lagrangian multiplier method – Jacobians.

UNIT III FOURIER SERIES

(12)

Dirchlet's conditions – statement of Fourier theorem – Fourier coefficients – change of scale – Half range series – Harmonic Analysis.

UNIT IV BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS

(12)

Method of separation of variables – one dimensional wave equation – one dimensional heat equation – steady state conditions – zero boundary conditions.

UNIT V STATISTICS (12)

Measures of central tendency – Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation – moments – skewness and kurtosis-correlation – rank correlation.

Total: 60

REFERENCES:

| S. | | | | Year of |
|-----|--|---|---|-------------|
| No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Publication |
| 1 | Hemamalini. P.T | Engineering Mathematics I & II | McGraw-Hill Education Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi. | 2014 |
| | Dr.P.Kandasamy , | Engineering | | |
| 2 | Dr.K.Thilagavathy, | Mathematics Volume | S.Chand &Co., New Delhi. | 2013 |
| | Dr.K.Gunavathy | III | | |
| 3 | Veerarajan, T | Engineering Mathematics | Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., New Delh. | 2010 |
| 4 | Sundaram V., Balasubramanian R., Lakshminarayanan K.A. | Engineering Mathematics | Vikas publishing house Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. | 2005 |
| 5 | Gupta S.C.,Kapoor V.K | Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics | Sultan chand & Sons, New Delhi. | 2006 |

WEBSITES:

www.intmath.com www.efunda.com www.mathcentre.ac.uk

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To give a comprehensive insight into natural resources.
- 2. To impart knowledge on ecosystem and biodiversity.
- 3. To educate the ways and means of the environment.
- 4. To protect the environment from various types of pollution.
- 5. To impart some fundamental knowledge on human welfare measures.
- 6. To apply systems concepts and methodologies in their core fields.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Recognize the importance of natural resources (S).
- 2. Associate themselves with the various ecosystems (S).
- 3. Describe the importance of biodiversity (S).
- 4. Identify and minimize the difference pollutions (S).
- 5. Prioritize and analyses the social issues (S).
- 6. Integrate the environmental principles in the projects undertaken in field of engineering and technology (A).

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES AND NATURAL RESOURCES

9)

Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for public awareness -Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation- Water resources-Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water- Land resources-Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification –Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources- Food resources-World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture- Energy resources-Growing energy needs, renewable and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources- role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.

UNIT II ECOSYSTEM (9

Chemistry and Environment-Environmental segments, Composition and Structure of atmosphere-Concept of an ecosystem-Structure, components and function of an ecosystem Energy flow in the ecosystem – Food chain, Food web and Ecological pyramids, Structure and function of Terrestrial ecosystem (Forest, Desert and Grassland ecosystem) and Aquatic ecosystem (Fresh water and Marine ecosystem)

UNIT III BIODIVERSITY

(9)

Introduction to biodiversity, Definition- Genetic diversity, Species diversity and Ecosystem diversity, Biogeographical classification of India, Importance of biodiversity-Value of biodiversity - Hot Spots of biodiversity-Threats to biodiversity - Endangered and Endemic Species of India – Conservation of biodiversity- In-Situ and Ex-Situ conservation of biodiversity.

UNIT IV ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

(9)

Definition – causes, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution and Thermal pollution. Solid waste management-causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution–Disaster management-earthquake, tsunami, cyclone and landslides.

UNIT V SOCIAL ISSUES AND ENVIRONMENT

(9)

From Unsustainable to Sustainable development, Urban problems related to energy sources, Water conservation, Rain water harvesting and Watershed management, Resettlement and rehabilitation of people, its problems and concerns, Environmental ethics- Issues and possible solutions- Climate change- Green house effect and Global warming, Acid rain, Ozone layer depletion, Wasteland reclamation- Environment Protection Act- Human Rights- Value education, Role of Information Technology in Environment and Human health-Population growth, Variation of population among nations-Population explosion.

Total: 45

TEXT BOOKS:

| | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE | | YEAR OF |
|-------|-----------------|---------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| S.No. | | | PUBLISHER | |
| | NAME | BOOK | | PUBLICATION |
| | | | Sri Krishna Hi tech | |
| | Dr. | Environmental | | |
| 1. | | | Publishing Company Private | 2012 |
| | Ravikrishnan, A | Science | | |
| | | | Ltd., Chennai | |
| | | Environmental | | |
| | Anubha kaushik | | New Age International (P) | |
| 2. | | Science and | | 2010 |
| | C.P. Kaushik | | Ltd., New Delhi. | |
| | | Engineering | | |

REFERENCES:

| | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE | | YEAR OF |
|-------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| S.No. | | | PUBLISHER | |
| | NAME | ВООК | | PUBLICATION |
| | | Principles of | Tata Mc Graw -Hill | |
| | William | | | |
| 1. | | Environmental | Publishing Company, New | 2008 |
| | P.Cunningham | | L | |
| - | | Science | Delhi. | |
| | | | Tata Mc Graw -Hill | |
| _ | L | Environmental | | 2007 |
| 2. | Linda D. Williams | | Publishing Company Ltd., | 2005 |
| | | Science Demystified | | |
| | | | New Delhi. | |
| _ | | Environmental | Mapin Publishing (P) Ltd., | |
| 3. | Bharucha Erach | | | 2005 |
| | | Science Demystified | Ahmedabad. | |
| | | Environmental | Thomson & Thomson | |
| 4. | Tyler Miller G. Jr | | | 2004 |
| | | Science | Publishers, New Delhi. | |
| | Trivedi, R.K. and | Introduction to Air | Techno-Science | |
| 5. | | | | 2003 |
| | Goel, P.K | Pollution | Publications, Jaipur. | |

WEBSITES:

http://people.eku.edu/ritchisong/envscinotes1.html

http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineId=120

- 3.www.newagepublishers.com/samplechapter/001281.
- 4.www.unesco.org/ext/field/beijing/scienceb.htm,www.infinitepower.org/education.htm
- 5. http://www.sciencedaily.com/news/top/environment/

i) Theory

Course Objectives

- To understand the foundations of biochemistry
- To discuss the properties of water and its interactions
- To explain the structure and properties of carbohydrates
- To explain the structure and properties of amino acids, Peptides, Proteins and lipids
- To understand the chemistry and function of nucleotides and nucleic acids.
- To discuss the various functions and properties of important biomolecule.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Outline the cellular foundations of Biochemistry
- 2. Interpret different types of biomolecules and its interaction with water.
- 3. Analyze the function and properties of carbohydrates.
- 4. Explain the importance of amino acids, Peptides, Proteins and lipids.
- 5. Examine the structure, function and properties of nucleotides, nucleic acid, DNA.
- 6. Assess various functions and properties of important biomolecule.

UNIT-I THE FOUNDATIONS OF BIOCHEMISTRY (8)

Cellular foundations: the universal features of living cells, phylogeny of three domain of life, classification of organisms based on energy. Chemical foundation: essential elements, common functional groups of biomolecules, molecular component of an *E.coli* cell, macromolecules of cells Physical foundation: Energy interconversion in living organisms, entropy, enthalpy, Gibbs theory, Genetic foundations: DNA to RNA to protein, Evolutionary foundations: genetic mutation, role of genetic mutation, stimulation of chemical evaluation, molecular anatomy revealing evolutionary relationship.

UNIT-II WATER (9)

Weak interactions in aqueous systems, Hydrogen bonding, structure of water molecules, bond dissociation energy, common hydrogen bonds in biological systems, directionality of hydrogen bond, electrostatic interaction of water with charged solutes, Polar, Nonpolar, and Amphipathic Biomolecules, Entropy changes upon dissolving crystalline substances, clathrates, micelles, Van der Waals interaction, hydrophobic interaction, four types of non covalent interactions in biomoleules in aqueous solvent, colligative properties, osmosis and the measurement of osmotic pressure, ionization of weak acid and weak bases, buffers.

UNIT-IIICARBOHYDRATES AND GLYCOBIOLOGY

(9)

Monosaccharides: aldose, ketose, epimers, pyronoses, furanoses, anomers, Haworth formula, conformation of pyranoses, sugars as reducing agents, Disaccharides: Glycosidic bonds, hydrolysis, Polysaccharides: starch, glycogen, dextrans, homopolysaccharides, chitin. Glyconjugates Glycoproteins, proteoglycan, and glycolipids. Sugar code, methods of carbohydrate analysis

UNIT-IV (a) AMINO ACIDS, PEPTIDES, PROTEINS

(10)

General structure of amino acid, properties, conventions of amino acids, classification of aminoacids by R group, uncommon amino acids, Zwitterion. Peptides: Peptide bond, polypeptides, oligomers, protomers. Proteins: hierarchy, four levels of structure in protein, steps in sequencing of a polypepide, locating di sulfide bond. Chemical synthesis of peptides, Enzymes – Types.

(b) LIPIDS

Fatty acids, structural lipids in membrane, galactolipids, sphingolipids, and sterols, lipid extraction.

UNIT-V NUCLEOTIDES AND NUCLEIC ACIDS

(9)

Nucleotides and nucleic acid nomenclature, Phosphodiesterase Linkage, structure of purine and pyrimidine, Absorption spectra of the common nucleotide, Nucleic acid structure: DNA stores genetic information, DNA - Double helix, Watson-Crick structure, RNA-three dimensional structure, nucleic acid chemistry: denaturation and annealing, DNA sequences determination, chemical synthesis of DNA.

Total: 45

TEXT BOOK:

| S.NO NO. | AUTHOR (S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-------------|-----------------|--|----------------|------------------------|
| | D. L. Nelson, | | Freeman, W. H. | |
| 1 | M. Cox & M. | Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry 4th Edition | & Company, New | 2004 |
| | M. Cox | j | York | |

REFERENCES:

| S.NO NO. | AUTHOR (S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-------------|---|--|--|---------------------|
| 1 | Zubay,G.L | Principles of Biochemistry | WCB Publishers, London | 1996 |
| 2 | Herg, J.M., J.L. Tymoczko & L. Stryer | Biochemistry. V Edition | WH-Freeman and Co, New York | 2002 |
| 3 | Voet, G. & A. Voet | Fundamentals of Biochemistry. II Edition | John Wiley and Sons, Inc. New York | 2015 |

17BTBT112 COMPUTER PRACTICE AND PROGRAMMING LABORATORY 1043

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To familiarize with open source office packages
- To write programs for Understand the basic concept of C Programming, and its different modules that includes conditional and looping expressions, Arrays, Strings and Functions.
- To discuss the fundamental principles of C Programming, as well as indepth data and information processing techniques
- To solve problems, explore real-world software development challenges, and create practical and contemporary applications
- To learn about data structures
- To apply the string handling functions to solve the given problem

COURSE OUTCOMES

- Study logical structure of a computer program
- analyze logical structure of a computer program
- understand computer program, and different constructor to develop a program in 'C' language
- Utilize the basic data structures.
- Distinguish and use the fundamental data types.
- Utilize a simple programming environment, compile programs and interpret compiler errors.

THEORY:

What is computer- Computer Components- What is C- C Character set- Constants, Variables and Keywords-General form of C Program - Relational and Logical Operators - Selection Structures- If and nested if - Switch Case - Loops-Definition and types- Functions- Arrays- Introduction to Strings-Pointers.

PRACTICALS:

Working with word Processing, Spreadsheet and presentation software in Linux

Programming in Scratch:

Practicing fundamental concepts of programming like sequence, selection decision statements, working of loops and event driven programming

C Programming:

Practicing programs to get exposure to basic data types, algebraic expressions, Conditional statements, Input and Output Formatting, Decision Statements, Switch Case, Control structures, arrays, Strings and function, implementation of pointers.

Total Hours: 45

REFERENCES:

- E. Balagurusamy, "Computing Fundamentals and C Programming", TMH Education, 5th Edition, 2014
- Yashavant Kanetkar, "Let us C", BPB Publications, 13th Edition, 2013

ii) Laboratory

Course Objectives

- To explain the principles behind the qualitative estimation of carbohydrates.
- To explain the principles behind the qualitative estimation of amino acid & protein.
- To explain the principles behind the qualitative estimation of lipid.
- To analyze the oil properties.
- To carry out the oleic acid separation.
- To carry out the preparation of casein from milk

Course Outcomes

- Distinguish the properties of biomolecules carbohydrates through qualitative analysis.
- Distinguish the properties of biomolecules amino acids & proteins through qualitative analysis.
- Distinguish the properties of biomolecules lipid through qualitative analysis.
- Interpret the properties of oil
- Demonstrate the separation of oleic acid.
- Perform the preparation of casein from milk.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Quantification of sugars (Anthrone method)

Distinguish reducing and nonreducing sugars.

Quantification of proteins (Lowry et al Method)

Using ninhydrin for distinguishing Imino and amino acids

Quantification of lipids

Analysis of oils- Acid number

Paper Chromatography

Estimation of DNA (DPA method / Spectrophotometric method)

Estimation of RNA (Orcinol method / Spectrophotometric method)

TEXT BOOKS:

| | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|---|-------------------|---|--|------------------------|
| 1 | Boyer, R. | Experimental Biochemistry | Benjamin Cummings, Redwood City, California, USA | 2000 |
| 2 | Palanivelu,P. | Analytical Biochemistry and Separation Techniques | Kalaimani Printers, Madurai | 2001 |

| S. | AUTHOR (S) | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|-----|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| NO. | NAME | | | PUBLICATION |
| 1 | Sadasivam, S. & | Biochemical Methods | New Age International | 2002 |
| | A. Manickam | | Pvt Ltd Publishers, | |
| | | | New Delhi | |

Scope:

Any business has to be developed from scratch. As entrepreneur one should learn various avenues of promoting the given business along with ethics which is other side of the coin. This course is meant to inculcate to develop a business plan connected with ethics.

Objective:

To explain relevance of Ethics while taking business decisions.

Unit I

Entrepreneurship – Types- Entrepreneurial Competencies -Business Plan – Meaning - Basic parameters - Project parameters - Factors of successful business - Term Loans and Working Capital Management.

Unit II

Business Plan Process - Sources of Information - Online Resources - Offline Resources - Sources of Market Research - Benefits of market study - Coverage of market study.

Unit III

Business Plan components - Company description - Industry Analysis - Target Market - Competition - Strategic position - Risk assessment - Technology plan - Management and Organization - Government policy

Reference books:

Rhonda Abrams "The Successful business Plan Secret \$ Strategies "Prentice Hall Rhonda Abrams "The business plan in a day" Prentice Hall.

Business plan preparation - Entrepreneurship Development Institute of India

Semester III

17BTBT301

PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

3204

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. This course aims at providing the required skill to apply the statistical tools in Engineering problems.
- 2. To introduce the basic concepts of probability.
- 3. To introduce the basic concepts of random variables.
- 4. To acquaint the knowledge of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems.
- 5. To introduce the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments which plays very important roles in the field of agriculture and statistical quality control.
- 6. To understand thetechniques in quality control.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Explain the fundamental concepts of probability and standard distributions which can describe real life phenomenon.
- 2. Explain the basic concepts of one- and two-dimensional random variables and their applications in engineering.
- 3. Apply the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples in real life problems.
- 4. Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments in the field of agriculture and statistical quality control.
- 5. Discuss the notion of sampling distributions and statistical techniques used in engineering and management problems.
- 6. Discuss about the techniques in quality control that model engineering problems.

UNIT- I PROBABILITY

(11)

Probability – Definition – Law - conditional probability-Bayes theorem- Probability mass function - Probability density functions.

UNIT- IIRANDOM VARIABLES

(13)

Introduction to one dimensional random variables – Discrete – Continuous - Joint distributions – Marginal and conditional distributions – Covariance – Correlation and Regression.

UNIT-IIITESTING OF HYPOTHESIS

(12)

Sampling distributions – Testing of hypothesis for mean, variance, proportions and differences using Normal, t, Chi-square and F distributions – Tests for independence of attributes and Goodness of fit.

UNIT – IV DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS

(12)

 $Analysis\ of\ variance-one\ way\ classification-CRD-Two-way\ classification-RBD-Latin\ square.$

UNIT - VRELIABILITY AND QUALITY CONTROL

(12)

Concepts of reliability – hazard functions – Reliability of series and parallel systems – control charts for measurement (h) - Control charts for attributes (p, c and np charts).

Total: 60

TEXT BOOKS:

| S. | AUTHOR(S) | | | YEAR OF |
|-----|-----------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| | | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | |
| NO. | NAME | | | PUBLICATION |
| | | Miller and Freund's | | |
| | R.A.Johnson and | | Pearson Education | |
| 1 | | Probability and Statistics for | | 2007 |
| | C.B.Gupta | | Asia, New Delhi. | |
| | | Engineers | | |
| | S.C.Gupta and | Fundamentals of | Sultan Chand & | |
| 2 | | | | 2014 |
| | V.K.Kapoor | Mathematical Statistics | Sons, New Delhi | |

REFERENCES:

| S. | AUTHOR(S) | | | YEAR OF |
|-----|------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| NO. | NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | PUBLICATION |
| | | Introduction to | | |
| | P.S.S.Sundar Rao | | Prentice Hall of | |
| 1 | | Biostatistics and Research | | 2012 |
| | and J.Richard | | India, New Delhi. | |
| | | Methods | | |
| | S.C.Gupta and | Fundamentals of Applied | Sultan Chand & | |
| 2 | V.K.Kapoor | Statistics | Sons, New Delhi | 2007 |

WEBSITES:

www.cut-theknot.org/probability.shtml www.mathcentre.ac.uk www.mathworld. Wolfram.com

Course Objectives

- To explain the cell structure of Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes
- To understand how cells undergo mitosis
- To outline the views on transport across the cell membranes.
- To explain the signaling process involved in the cell.
- To illustrate the function of mitochondria and chloroplast.
- To recall the importance of cell signaling process to understand diseases.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Summarize the structure and function of cell components
- 2. Understand the role of the cytoskeletal proteins and link it with cell cycle.
- 3. Illustrate the transport process across the cell membrane.
- 4. Outline the basic ideas on signaling process through the receptors.
- 5. Explain the electron transfer in mitochondria.
- 6. Relate the importance of cell signaling process to understand diseases.

UNIT-I CELL STRUCTURE AND CELL ORGANELLES

History of cell biology, comparison of eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells, membrane organisation, theories, components; Structure of prokaryotic cells - cilia, flagella, cell wall; Structure of eukaryotic cell organelles: cytoplasm, endoplasmic reticulum, mitochondria, chloroplast, peroxisomes, nucleus, Microscopic techniques for viewing cell organelles.

UNIT-II CYTOSKELETAL PROTEINS & CELL DIVISION (9)

Cytoskeletal proteins - Types, contractile proteins - actin & myosin, cell adhesion proteins; extracellular matrix; Types of cell division: mitosis & meiosis, Cell cycle and molecules that control cell cycle

UNIT-III TRANSPORT ACROSS CELL MEMBRANES (9)

Passive & active transport, permeases, sodium potassium pump, Ca2+ ATPase pumps, lysosomal and vacuolar membrane ATP dependent proton pumps, co transport symport, antiport, active group translocation; endocytosis and exocytosis; Entry of viruses and toxins into cells.

UNIT-IV RECEPTORS AND CELL SIGNALLING

Cytosolic, nuclear and membrane bound receptors, examples of receptors, identify cation and purification of cell surface receptors, secondary messangers, autocrine, paracrine and endocrine modes of action

UNIT- V FUNCTION OF MITOCHONDRIA AND CHLOROPLAST (9)

Chloroplast: photosynthetic stages and light-absorbing pigments, Mitochondria: Electron transport chain, Reduction Potentials of Electron Carriers, Electron transfer from reduced cytochrome c to O₂, ATP synthesis.

Total Hours: 45

(9)

(9)

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|--|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| 1 | H. Lodish, A. Berk, S. L. Zipurursky, P. Matsudaria, D. Baltimore and J. Darnell | Molecular Cell Biology | Freeman press | 2000 |
| 2 | B. Alberts, A. Johnson, J. Lewis, M. Raff, K. Roberts, and P. Walter | Molecular Biology of the Cell | Garland PUB | 2002 |

REFERENECE

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATIONS |
|-------|--|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | NAME | | | |
| 1 | S. C. Rastogi | Cell Biology | New Age International Pub. Ltd | 2004 |
| 2 | Karp, G and Puritt, N. L | Cell and Molecular biology, Concepts and Experiments | John Wiley and Sons Inc., | 2005 |
| 3 | De Robertis, E. D. P. and De Robertis, E. M. F | Cell and Molecular biology | B. I publications pvt. Ltd. | 2005 |

Course Objectives

- To illustrate the basic concepts of microbiology and different microbial identification techniques.
- To explain the structure and multiplication of microorganism.
- To interpret the microbial growth and its metabolism.
- To outline the mechanism for the control of microorganisms.
- To infer the application of microorganism in industries.
- To explain the role of microorganisms in bioremediation.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Outline the history of microbiology and microbial staining techniques.
- 2. Discuss the microbial structural organization and multiplication.
- 3. Infer the basic requirements for microbial growth towards the biosynthesis of important molecules.
- 4. Discuss the controlling mechanism of microorganisms.
- 5. Illustrate the production of various metabolites and its applications.
- 6. Explain the role of microorganisms in bioremediation.

UNIT- I INTRODUCTION

(8)

History of microbiology, classification and nomenclature of microorganism, Microbes in soil, air and water, microscopic examination, light and electron microscopy, different staining techniques - gram staining, acid fast, capsular staining, flagellar staining and fungal staining.

UNIT-II MICROBES-STRUCTURE AND MULTIPLICATION

(10)

Structural organization and multiplication - bacteria, viruses, algae and fungi, actinomycetes, yeast, mycoplasma, cyanobacteria and bacteriophage.

UNIT- III MICROBIAL NUTRITION, GROWTH AND METABOLISM

(10)

Cultivation, Nutritional requirements and different media – bacterial culture; aerobic and anaerobic; growth curve, preservation methods; bioenergetics, utilization of energy, biosynthesis of important molecules.

UNIT – IV CONTROL OF MICROORGANISMS

(8)

Physical and chemical control of microorganisms, host-microbe interactions, antibacterial, anti-fungal, anti-viral agents, mode of action, resistance to antibiotics, clinically important microorganisms.

UNIT – VINDUSTRIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY

(9)

Primary metabolites; secondary metabolites and their applications-preservation of food; Microorganism used for the production of penicillin, alcohol, vit.B-12; biogas; bioremediation; leaching of ores by microorganisms; bio-fertilizers and bio-pesticides; Biological Nitrogen fixation, microorganisms and pollution control.

. Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATIONS |
|-------|---|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | TalaronK,Casita,Pelczar And Reid. | Foundations in Microbiology | W.C.Brown Publishers | 1993 |
| 2 | Pelczar MJ, Chan ECS and Krein NR | Microbiology, | Tata McGraw- Hill Edition | 2007 |
| 3 | Prescott LM, Harley JP, Klein DA, | Microbiology, 5th Edition | McGraw Hill | 2002 |
| 4 | Kolwzan, B, Adamiak, W, Grabes, K, Pawelczyk, A | Introduction to Environmental Microbiology | ebook | 2006 |

17BTBT304 PRINCIPLES OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING 3 0 0 3 100 Course Objectives

- To understand the basic laws and concepts of chemical calculations.
- To explain the first and second laws of thermodymics.
- To explain the overall material balances of chemical reactions and its basic calculations.
- To discuss the fluid flow mechanics and its concepts.
- To understand the fluid transportation.
- To understand the basic principles of chemical calculations and measurements.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Outline the basic chemical calculations and the basic laws governing it.
- 2. Illustrate basic laws of thermodynamics.
- 3. Infer the overall material balances of chemical reactions and its basic calculations.
- 4. Outline the application of fluid flow mechanics in chemical engineering.
- 5. Discuss the fluid flow and its measurements.
- 6. Understand the basic principles of chemical calculations and measurements.

UNIT- I BASIC CHEMICAL CALCULATIONS

SI units, stoichiometry, basic chemical calculations: mole, atomic mass and molar mass, equivalentmass, conversion of mass function to mole fraction, molarity, normality, density, specific gravity. Ideal gas law-Ideal mixtures and solutions – Dalton's law of additive volumes, Henry's law, Raoult's law, Concepts of Simpson's rule and their applications to different systems.

UNIT- II FIRST AND SECOND LAWS OF THERMODYNAMICS (8)

Entropy, Enthalpy, Free energy, Energy balances, sensible heat, latent heat, vapour pressure, steady and unsteady state calculations.

UNIT- IIIMATERIAL BALANCES (10)

Overall and component balances, material balances without and with chemical reactions, degrees of freedom, steady and unsteady state, unit operations, recycle and by pass humidity calculations.

UNIT- IVFLUID MECHANICS (10)

Fluids; fluid statics and applications in chemical engineering; fluid flow; laminar; Turbulent pressure drops; compressible fluid flow concepts; multiphase flow concepts.

UNIT-V TRANSPORTATION OF FLUIDS (8)

Pumps- Types, Working principle, Characteristics, Suction and Cavitation; Measurements of flowing fluids; Fluidization and flow through Packed Bed Column

Total Hours: 45

(9)

TEXT BOOKS

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|-------|--|---|-----------------------|-------------|
| | NAME | | | PUBLICATION |
| 1 | Bhatt B.I., and Vora S.M. | Stoichiometry | Tata McGraw- Hill, | 2010 |
| 2 | McCabe W.L., Smith J.C, and Harriot P. | Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering | McGraw-Hill Inc | 1993 |

100

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To explain the basic reactions in organic chemistry
- To discuss the kinetics of enzymes using different methods
- To illustrate the enzyme inhibition process
- To outline the various enzymatic reactions in relation with stereochemistry
- To determine the specific enzyme structure and mechanism
- To classify the protein folding kinetics

COURSE OUTCOMES

- 1. Interpret the basic reactions in stereochemistry
- 2. Derive and calculate the kinetics of enzymes in different orders
- 3. Summarize the enzymatic reactions in stereochemistry
- 4. Illustrate the mechanism behind specific enzymes
- 5. Explain the protein folding kinetics
- 6. Discuss the protein folding pathways

UNIT-I CONCEPTS IN ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

(9)

Stereochemistry: optical activity, chiral center – enantiomers - R, S notation, stereo selective and stereospecific reactions-Z and E isomers, Re, Si faces, conformational analysis, ethane, n-butane

mechanisms of SN1 SN2 reactions, E1E2 reactions, ester formation and hydrolysis, reaction rates, hammond's postulate, h/d effects, catalysis: general acid – base and covalent catalysis.

UNIT-II ENZYME KINETICS AND INHIBITION

(9)

Steady state kinetics, derivation and significance of Michaelis Menten equation, Line weaver-Burke Plot, single and double displacement reactions, co-operativity - oxygen binding by haemoglobin. Inhibition – reversible and irreversible – competitive, non-competitive, uncompetitive inhibition (characteristics and examples).

UNIT-IIISTEREOCHEMISTRY OF ENZYMATIC REACTIONS

(9)

Stereospecific enzymatic reactions - fumarase catalysed reactions - NAD dependent oxidation and reduction reactions - stereochemistry of nucleophilic reactions - chiral methyl group, chiral phosphate.

UNIT-IVENZYME STRUCTURE AND MECHANISM

(9)

Dehydrogenases (alcohol dehydrogenase) - proteases (serine protease), lysozyme, Ribonucleases, Ribozymes.

UNT-V PROTEIN FOLDING KINETICS AND FOLDING PATHWAYS

(9)

Kinetics of protein folding: basic methods, two state kinetics, multistate kinetics, transition states in protein folding, 1 H 2 H exchange methods, folding of peptides, CI2 folding, molecular chaperones.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATIONS |
|-------|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Fersht A. R | Structure and Mechanism in Protein Science: A Guide to Enzyme Catalysis and Protein Folding | W H Freeman | 1999 |
| 2 | Morrison, R. T and Boyd, R. N | Organic Chemistry | Prentice Hall of India Pvt Ltd | 1999 |
| 3. | Ernest L. Eliel and Samuel H. Wilen | Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds | Wiley | 1994 |

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATIONS |
|-------|--------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| 1 | Dugas H | Bioorganic Chemistry | Springer Verlag | 1999 |
| 2 | Zubay G L, | Biochemistry | WCB/McGraw- Hill publishers | 1998 |
| 3 | Nelson, D. L. and Cox, M. M | LehningerPrinciples of Biochemistry 4 th Edition | Freeman, W. H. & Company | 2004 |
| 4 | Palmer,T | Enzymes | Affiliated East West Press Pvt.Ltd | 2004 |

Course objective:

- To understand the nature of the cells present in the biological sample through microscope.
- To explain the different staining techniques.
- To understand the stages of mitosis.
- To understand the chloroplast isolation from leaves.
- To demonstrate the different types of blood cells.
- To understand about the osmosis and tonicity.

Course outcomes:

- 1. Illustrate the handling of microscope and categorize the cells present in the biological sample.
- 2. Interpret the various staining techniques to identify the cell.
- 3. Outline the stages of mitosis.
- 4. Understand the blood cell identification.
- 5. Understand the knowledge about the cell concentration with osmosis and tonicity.
- 6. Recall assay to identify the cell condition.
 - 1. Identification of given plant, animal and bacterial cells and their components by microscopy.
 - 2. Staining Techniques: (i) Leishmann staining (ii) Giemsa staining.

Staining for different stages of mitosis in Allium cepa (Onion).

Separation of plant pigments by Chromatography.

Identification of different types of blood cells

Isolation of chloroplasts from spinach leaves.

Osmosis and Tonicity.

Tryphan Blue Assay.

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATIONS |
|-------|--|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Bregman, A. A | Laboratory Investigations in Cell and Molecular Biology | Wiley | 2001 |
| 2 | Dr.S.Rajan and Mrs.R.Selvi Christy | Experimental procedures in Life Sciences | Anjanna Book House, Chennai | 2011 |

Course objective:

- To understand the nature of the cells present in the biological sample through microscope.
- To explain the different staining techniques.
- To discuss the different culture media prepation.
- To demonstrate the culturing, growth and control of micro organisms.
- To understand about the chemicals that controls the bacterial growth.
- To optimize the parameters on bacterial growth.

Course outcomes:

- 1. Illustrate the handling of microscope and categorize the cells present in the biological sample.
- 2. Interpret the various staining techniques to identify the cell.
- 3. Outline the different types of media preparation techniques.
- 4. Understand the growth of the organism and the parameters that influences their stability to grow.
- 5. Understand the knowledge about the chemicals that controls the bacterial growth.
- 6. Recall the growth curve and the control of microorganisms.

Laboratory Safety and Aseptic Techniques

Microscopy-Light Microscopy, Phase Contrast & Fluorescent Microscopy

Culture media – Types, preparation of nutrient broth and nutrient agar

Culturing of microorganisms – in broth and in plates (spread plate, pour plate, streak plate)

Staining Techniques & Motility Test

Quantitation of Microorganisms

Chemical Control of Microorganisms & Antibiotic Sensitivity Assay

Bacterial Growth Curve

Effect of different parameters on bacterial growth (temperature/aeration/pH)

Water quality analysis – Most Probable Number Test (MPN)

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATI ONS |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| 1 | Leboffee, M. J. | Micro Biology : Laboratory Theory and applications | BE Pierce Morten Publishing House | 2006 |
| 2 | Aneja, K.R., | Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology, Tissue Culture and Mushroom Production Technology | New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, New Delhi | 2001 |
| 3 | Cappucino, J.G. and N. Sherman | Microbiology A Laboratory Manual | Benjamin Cummings, New York | 2001 |

| 4 | Dubey, R.C. and D.K. Maheshwari | Practical Microbiology | S. Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi | 2002 |
|---|---------------------------------|---|---|------|
| 5 | Gunasekaran, P | Lab Manual in Microbiology | New Age International (P) Ltd, Publishers, New Delhi | 1996 |
| 6 | Arora, B., D.R. Arora | Practical Microbiology | CBS Publishers and Distributors, Bangalore | 2007 |
| 7 | Chakraborthy, P. and N.K. Pal | Manual of Practical Microbiology and Parasitology | New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd, India. | 2008 |

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To understand the synthesis of Aspirin and p-nitroacetanilide
- To explain the preparation method for Acetanilide from Aniline
- To experiment on sucrose hydrolysis
- To perform reactions for the preparation of alpha D-glucopyranose penta acetate and 1,2:5,6-dicyclohexylidine-alpha-D glucofuranose.
- To determine the extraction procedure for lycopene
- To discuss the methods for the preparation of oleic acid and casein

COURSE OUTCOMES

- 1. Analyze the protocol for aspirin synthesis and p-nitroacetanilide
- 2. Infer the preparation of Acetanilide from Aniline
- 3. Outline the inference on sucrose hydrolysis
- 4. Determine the protocol for preparation of alpha D-glucopyranose penta acetate and 1,2:5,6-dicyclohexylidine- alpha-D glucofuranose.
- 5. Perform the extraction of lycopene from different sources
- 6. Experiment the suitable method for the preparation of casein from milk

Synthesis of Aspirin.

Synthesis of p-nitroacetanilide.

Preparation of Acetanilide from Aniline.

Hydrolysis of Sucrose.

Extraction of Lycopene

Preparation of alpha D-glucopyranose penta acetate.

Preparation of 1,2:5,6- dicyclohexylidine- alpha-D glucofuranose.

Preparation of Oleic acid.

Preparation of casein from milk

| S.NO | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATIONS |
|------|---|---|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Leonard, JLygo, B and Procter, G | Advanced Practical Organic Chemistry | CRC Press | 1994 |

OBJECTIVE

To elevate the students into productivity powerhouses who can employ life skills to better their performances

UNIT I 4

Overview to communication, self Introduction, Presentation on their own topic, Extempore, Group Activity

UNIT II 3

Group Discussion, Do's and Don'ts of Group Discussion, Body language, Grooming and Resume, Resume correction

UNIT III 4

Introduction to HRM – Questions - Do's and Don't's - Interview - Mock GD - Stress Management

UNIT IV 4

Personality Development - Presentation skills, Interpersonal skills, Critical thinking, Confidence building and Stress management.

TOTAL 15

REFERENCES

| S. N O. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICA TION |
|---------|-------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | Barun K Mitra | Personality Development and Soft Skills | Oxford University Press- New Delhi | 2012 |
| 2 | Rajiv K. Mishra | Personality Development | Rupa & Co. | 2012 |

Semester IV UNIT OPERATIONS

3003 100

Course Objectives

- To infer the basic knowledge on agitation and its flow pattern in different systems.
- To explain the concept of filtration and its industrial application.
- To understand the different modes of heat transfer and its transfer through different dimesnsionalsurfaces.
- To discuss the types of convectional heat transfer and itsapplication.
- To explain the different types and designing parameters of heat exchangers and evaporators.
- To explain the basics of design, equipmentation and calculations of evaporators and heat exchangers.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Interpret the properties of mixing and agitation in different flowsystems.
- 2. Outline the basic principle of filtration and its application in different filtrationmethods.
- 3. Discuss the modes of heattransfer.
- 4. Illustrate the mechanism of heat transfer through different dimensional surfaces.
- 5. Infer the basics of convectional heat transfer in different surfaces.
- 6. Appraise the basics of design, equipmentation and calculations of evaporators and heat exchangers.

UNIT- I MIXING AND AGITATION

(8)

Agitation: purpose, equipments, flow pattern, dimensional analysis; power; agitation of liquids; gas-liquid systems; gas-solid suspensions; agitator scale up.

UNIT-II FILTRATION

(8)

Filtration-types, filter media, selection of medium, filter aids-filter theory, constant pressure filtration, constant volume batch filtration; continuous filtration; industrial filters; settling and sedimentation; centrifugation.

UNIT- HIMECHANISM OF HEAT TRANSFER

(10)

Modes of heat transfer, principles of conduction, Fourier's Law of heat conduction, thermal conductivity, steady state conduction, combined resistances, heat flow through a cylinder and sphere, unsteady state conduction, heat transfer from extended surfaces.

UNIT- IVCONVECTION HEAT TRANSFER

(10)

Dimensional analysis, forced and natural convection, convection in flow over surfaces - pipes boiling and condensation.

UNIT- V HEAT EXCHANGERS

(9)

Heat exchanger- types, Equipments; overall heat transfer coefficients; design; NTU concept; Evaporators; single and multiple effects; mass and enthalpy balances.

TEXT BOOKS

| S.NO | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|------|--|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Geankoplis C.J. | Transport Process and Unit Operations | Prentice Hall India | 2002 |
| 2 | McCabe W.L., Smith J.C, and Harriot P. | Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering | McGraw-Hill Inc | 1993 |

| S.NO | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|------|----------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------|
| | | BOOK | | PUBLICATION |
| | | | | |
| 1 | Incropera F.P. | Fundamentals | John Wiley and Sons | 2000 |
| | | of Heat and | | |
| | | Mass Transfer | | |
| | | | | |

Course Objectives

- To explain the thermodynamic properties of fluids and itscalculations.
- To discuss the basic concepts of solution properties.
- To illustrate the phase equilibria concepts for various systems.
- To outline the equilibrium criteria for various chemicalreactions.
- To infer the knowledge on general thermodynamic processes.
- To explain the working principles and the process involved in the refrigeration and Liquefactionsystem.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Discuss the various properties of the fluids and itscalculations.
- 2. Explain the concept of solution thermodynamics and composition models.
- 3. Analyze the criteria of phase equilibria for different componentsystem.
- 4. Apply the concept of chemical reaction equilibria and equilibriumconversion.
- 5. Analyze the thermodynamic flowprocess.
- 6. Illustrate the working principles and the process involved in the refrigeration and Liquefactionsystem.

UNIT-I THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF FLUIDS

Volumetric properties of fluids exhibiting non ideal behavior; residual properties; estimation of thermodynamic properties - equations of state; Actual property exchanges - Calculations; Maxwell's relations and applications.

UNIT- II SOLUTION THERMODYNAMICS

Partial molar properties; concepts of chemical potential and fugacity; ideal and non-ideal solutions; concepts and applications of excess properties of mixtures; activity coefficient; composition models; Gibbs Duhem equation.

UNIT- III PHASE EQUILIBRIA

Criteria - phase equilibria; v-l-e calculations for binary and multi component systems; liquid-liquid equilibria and solid-solid equilibria.

UNIT- IV CHEMICAL REACTION EQUILIBRIA (9)

Equilibrium criteria - homogeneous chemical reactions; evaluation of equilibrium constant; effect of temperature and pressure on equilibrium constant; calculation of equilibrium conversion and yields for single and multiple reactions.

UNIT- V THERMODYNAMIC ANALYSIS OF PROCESSES (9)

Thermodynamics of flow processes, Concept of lost work; entropy generation; power cycle (rankine, regenerative, reheat); liquefaction and refrigeration

Total Hours: 45

(9)

(9)

TEXT BOOKS

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-------|--|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Smith, J. M., Van Ness H.C., and Abbot M. M. | Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics | McGraw-Hill | 2001 |
| 2 | Narayanan K.V. | A Text Book of Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics | Prentice Hall India | 2001 |

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-------|--|---|------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Sandler S.I. | Chemical and Engineering Thermodynamics | John Wiley | 1989 |
| 2 | Urs von Stockar, Luuk A. M. van der Wielen | Biothermodynami cs: The Role of Thermodynamics in Biochemical Engineering | EPFL Press | 2013 |

Course Objectives

- To explain the basic idea on scope of biotechnology and its commercial production in modern biotechnology.
- To analyse the modern biotechnological processing techniques for the production of commercial bioproducts.
- To discuss the process of primary metabolite production in different industries.
- To discuss the process of secondary metabolite production.
- To explain the basic procedures for production of bioproducts.
- To illustrate the various methods for the production of recombinant products.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Outline the scope of biotechnology and its commercial potential.
- 2. Interpret the modern biotechnological processing techniques for the production of commercialbioproducts.
- 3. Illustrate the production methods of primarymetabolites.
- 4. Illustrate the production methods of secondarymetabolites.
- 5. Infer the knowledge on commercial enzyme and bioproductproduction.
- 6. Explain the production of various commercially available products using recombinant technology.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SPECTROMETRY (9)

Properties of electromagnetic radiation- wave properties – components of optical instruments – Sources of radiation – wavelength selectors – sample containers – radiation transducers – Signal process and read outs – signal to noise ratio - sources of noise – Enhancement of signal to noise - types of optical instruments – Principle of Fourier Transform optical Measurements.

UNIT II MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY (9)

Molecular absorption spectrometry –Transmittance and Absorbance – Beer's law – Theory - Instrumentation - Applications - Fluorescence and Phosphorescence spectrometry – Theory, Instrumentation – Applications –Infrared absorption spectrometry – theory - instrumentation – Applications – Interpretation of data- Raman spectroscopy – Theory - Instrumentation – applications-Interpretation of data- Circular dichroism spectroscopy – Theory - Instrumentation – applications-Circular Nucleic acids and Proteins-Use of spectroscopy in biological and clinical analysis.

UNIT III MAGNETIC RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY AND MASS SPECTROMETRY (9)

Theory of NMR – environmental effects on NMR spectra – chemical shift- NMRspectrometers – applications of 1H and 13C NMR- Molecular mass spectra – ion sources – Mass spectrometer. Applications of molecular mass - Electron paramagnetic resonance- g values – instrumentation, application.

UNIT IVSEPARATION METHODS

(9)

Chromatography – Band broadening and optimization of column performance- Liquid chromatography – Partition chromatography - Adsorption chromatography – Ion exchange chromatography -size exclusion chromatography - Affinity chromatography- Gas chromatography & HPLC- - principles - applications Capillary electrophoresis – Applications

UNIT VTHERMAL METHODS

(9)

Different thermal analysis techniques. Differential scanning calorimetry - instrumentation & application. Differential thermal analysis - instrumentation & application, DTA curve. Thermogravimetry - instrumentation & application, TG curve.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOK

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICA TION |
|-------|--|---|------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | Willard, H. H and Merrit, L. L | Instrumental Methods of Analysis | Prentice Hall of India | 2005 |
| 2 | Skoog, D, A. Holler, J. F and Nieman, T. A. | Principles of Instrumental Analysis | Thomsan | 2006 |

| S.NO | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|------|--|---|------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | G. W. Ewing | Instrumental Methods of Chemical | McGraw-Hill | 1985 |
| 2 | Skoog, D, A. Holler, J. F and Nieman, T. A. | Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis | Krishna prakasan | 2004 |

Course Objectives

- To outline the classical genetics concepts of eukaryotes and prokaryotes.
- To explain the structure of nucleic acids and DNAreplication.
- To understand the molecular process of transcription.
- To understand the basic machinery of translation and its mechanisms.
- To understand the regulation of gene expression and various types of mutation
- To discuss the different types of mutation and DNA repair mechanisms

Course outcomes

- 1. Discuss the concepts related to eukaryotic and prokaryoticgenetics.
- 2. Identify the structure of nucleic acids, DNA replication and chromosome organization.
- 3. Illustrate the prokaryotic and eukaryotic transcription, and its post transcriptional modifications.
- 4. Outline the concept of genetic code, translation process and post translational modifications.
- 5. Interpret the process of regulation of gene expression and itsimportance.
- 6. Identify the different types of mutation and DNA repair mechanisms.

UNIT-I CLASSICAL GENETICS

(7)

Eukaryotic genetics- Mendelian genetics, linkage, crossing over, classical experiments – Hershey and Chase, Avery McLeod & McCarty. Prokaryotic genetics - Bacterial conjugation, transduction and transformation.

UNIT- II STRUCTURE OF NUCLEIC ACIDS AND DNA REPLICATION (10)

Conformation of DNA, Types of RNA, Replication in prokaryotes, D-loop and rolling circle mode of replication, replication of linear viral DNA. Organisation ofeukaryotic chromosome – cot value, replication of telomeres in eukaryotes

UNIT-III TRANSCRIPTION

(10)

Conformation of RNA- Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic transcription, RNA polymerase, Transcription signals, transcription factors, Features of promoters and enhancers, ribozymes. Post transcriptional modification – 5' capping, adenylation, splicing, processing of rRNA and tRNA, RNA editing.

UNIT-IV TRANSLATION

(9)

Genetic code, Salient features - Wobble hypothesis, basic machinery of translation and its mechanism, codon usage, Post translational modifications, protein targeting.

UNIT-V REGULATION OF GENE EXPRESSION

(9)

Regulation of genes – replication, transcription & translation factors,Lac operon, ara operon and trp operon, phage life cycle,Mutation – transition, transversion, artificial & natural mutation, suppressor mutation and repair of DNA.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|-------|----------------|----------------|------------|-------------|
| | | BOOK | | PUBLICATION |
| 1 | David, F | Molecular | NarosaPubl | 2001 |
| | | Biology | | |
| 2 | Benjamin, L | Gene VIII | Pearson | 2004 |
| | | | Education | |
| 3 | Watson, J. D | Molecular | Pearson | 2004 |
| | | Biology of the | Education | |
| | | Gene | | |

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-------|----------------|----------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Weaver, R. F | Molecular Biology | Mc Grraw Hill | 2005 |

Course Objectives

- To understand the process of fermentation and basic fermentorconfiguration.
- To explain the medium requirements and media optimization methods for fermentation process.
- To explain the different sterilization methods and its kinetics anddesign.
- To discuss and solve the problems related to metabolic stoichiometry and energetics.
- To understand the modes of operations and various kinetic models for productformation.
- To analyze the different kinetic models for microbial growth and productformation.

Course outcomes

- 1. Discuss the general process of fermentation and fermentorconfiguration.
- 2. Analyze the medium requirements and medium formulations for fermentationprocess.
- 3. Outline the thermal death kinetics and different sterilization methods.
- 4. Solve problems related to stoichiometry of cell growth andenergetic.
- 5. Illustarte the various modes of operation in fermentation process.
- 6. Analyze the different kinetic models for microbial growth and productformation.

UNIT-I OVERVIEW OF FERMENTATION PROCESSES

(7)

Overview of fermentation industry, general requirements of fermentation processes, basic configuration of Fermentor and ancillaries, monitoring and controlling – fermentation parameters processes.

UNIT-II RAW MATERIALS AND MEDIA DESIGN

(9)

Criteria for good medium, medium requirements for fermentation processes, carbon, nitrogen, minerals, vitamins and other complex nutrients, oxygen requirements, medium formulation of optimal growth and product formation, examples of simple and complex media, design of various commercial media for industrial fermentations – medium optimization methods.

UNIT- HISTERILIZATION KINETICS

(9)

Thermal death kinetics of microorganisms, batch and continuous heat sterilization of liquid media, filter sterilization of liquid media, air sterilization and design of sterilization equipment - batch and continuous.

UNIT- IV METABOLIC STOICHIOMETRY AND ENERGETICS

(10)

Stoichiometry of cell growth and product formation, elemental balances, degrees of reduction of substrate and biomass, available electron balances, yield coefficients of biomass and product formation, maintenance coefficients energetic analysis of microbial growth and product formation, oxygen consumption and heat evolution in aerobic cultures, thermodynamic efficiency of growth.

UNIT- V KINETICS OF MICROBIAL GROWTH AND PRODUCT FORMATION (10)

Modes of operation - batch, fed batch and continuous cultivation. Simple unstructured kinetic models for microbial growth, Monod model, growth of filamentous organisms, product formation kinetics - leudeking-piret models, substrate and product inhibition on cell growth and product formation.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|-------|------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|
| | NAME | | | PUBLICAT IONS |
| 1 | Bailey and Ollis | Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals | McGraw-Hill (2nd | 1986 |
| | | | Ed.), | |
| 2 | Shule and Kargi | Bioprocess Engineering | Prentice Hall | 1992 |

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATIONS |
|-------|--|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Pauline Doran | Bioprocess Engineering Calculation | Academic Press | 2012 |
| 2 | Peter F. Stanbury, Stephen J. Hall & A. Whitaker | Principles of Fermentation Technology | Butterworth- Heinemann | 1999 |
| 3 | Harvey W. Blanch, Douglas S. Clark | Biochemical Engineering | CRC Press | 2014 |

Course Objectives:

- To understand the basics of bioenergetics
- To explain the metabolism of carbohydrate
- To explain the nucleic acid synthesis and regulations
- To discuss the synthesis and catabolism of amino acids pathways
- To understand the lipid metabolism and its associated genetic disorders
- To relate the importance of metabolism and how it leads to disorders.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Outline the relationship of bioenergetics in biological reactions.
- 2. Examine the knowledge of carbohydrate metabolic pathways.
- 3. Describe the concept of nucleic acid synthesis and regulations.
- 4. Illustrate the synthesis and catabolism of amino acids pathways.
- 5. Explain the lipid metabolism and its associated genetic disorders.
- 6. Discuss the importance of metabolism and how it leads to disorders.

UNIT-I BIOENERGETICS

(8)

Metabolism - Energy relationship between the catabolic and anabolic pathways, Five major reactions in living cells, Bioenergetics and thermodynamics. Phosphoryl group transfers; ATP hydrolysis in two steps, Ping-Pong mechanism of nucleoside diphosphate kinase.

UNIT-HMETABOLISM OF CARBOHYDRATES

(9)

Major pathways of glucose utilization: glycolysis, fermentation, gluconeogenesis: carbohydrate synthesis from simple precursors. Pentose phosphate pathway; TCA cycle: Reactions and regulations, genetic disorders affecting carbohydrate metabolism

UNIT HIMETABOLISM OF AMINO ACIDS

(10)

Biosynthesis of amino acids from acetyl coA, Biosynthesis of essential amino acids (Met, Thr, Lys, Ile, Val, Leu, Phe, Trp, Tyr). Glucose-alanine cycle, Urea cycle. Pathways of degradation of aromatic, glucogenic and ketogenic aminoacids. Inborn errors of amino acid metabolism.

UNIT IVMETABOLISM OF LIPIDS

(9)

Digestion, mobilization, and transport of fats, fatty acid entry into mitochondria via the acylcarnitine/carnitine transporter. Biosynthesis of fatty acid, Triacylglycerol and cholesterol. The β -oxidation pathway. Oxidation of a monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fatty acid. Genetic defects in fatty Acyl–CoA dehydrogenases causing serious diseases.

UNIT V METABOLISM OF NUCLEIC ACIDS

(9)

Biosynthesis of nucleotides, denovo and salvage pathways for purines and pyrimidines, regulatory mechanisms; catabolism of purine & pyrimidine; Metabolic disorders associated with nucleic acid metabolism.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.NO | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICA TION |
|------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | Nelson, D. L. and Cox, M. M | Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry 4 th Edition | Freeman, W. H. & Company | 2004 |

REFERENCES

| S .NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|--------|--|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Voet and Voet | Biochemistry | John Wiley & Sons Inc | 1995 |
| 2 | Murray, R. K., Granner, B.K., Mayes, P.A., and Rodwell. V.W. | Harper's Biochemistry | Prentice Hall International | 2000 |
| 3 | Creighton. T.E. | Proteins, Structure and Molecular Properties | Freeman and Co | 1993 |
| 4 | Salway, J. G. | Metabolism at a Glance | Blackwell Science Ltd | 2000 |

ii) Course Objectives

- To understand the basic principle of analytical techniques
- To discuss the instrumental techniques used in chemical and biochemical research labs.
- To explain the fundamentals of spectroscopy operations.
- To carry out qualitative analysis experiments using Lambert's Beer law using absorption spectroscopy.
- To carry out different spectroscopic techniques.
- To carry out different chromatographic techniques.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Explain the basic principle of analytical techniques
- 2. Discuss the instrumental techniques used in chemical and biochemical research labs.
- 3. Explain the fundamentals of spectroscopy operations.
- 4. Perform the qualitative analysis experiments using Lambert's Beer law using absorption spectroscopy.
- 5. Demonstrate the different spectroscopic techniques.
- 6. Demonstrate the different chromatographic techniques.

Precision and validity in an experiment using absorption spectroscopy and validating Lambert-Beer's law using $kMnO_4$

Determination of analytical wavelength for KMnO₄

Determination of iron concentration using 1,10 phenanthroline.

Finding the pKa of 4-nitrophenol using absorption spectroscopy.

UV spectra of nucleic acids.

UV – spectra of proteins.

Estimation of Sulphate by nephelometry.

Estimation of AL+++ by flourimetry.

Determination of Rf value using TLC.

Course Objectives

- To understand chemical engineering principles and itsoperations.
- To understand the concept of pressure drops inpipes
- To understand the concept of pressure drops in differentreactors.
- To understand the concept of filtration and heattransfer.
- To explain the different separation techniques.
- To understand the process involved in leaching

Course outcomes

Students undergoing this course will be able to

- 1. Outline the chemical engineering principles and operations.
- 2. Calculate the flow measurements and pressure drop in pipes and differentreactors.
- 3. Analyze the process of filtration and heat transfer.
- 4. Perform the distillation and extraction.
- 5. Demonstrate the process involved in adsorption equilibrium.
- 6. Demonstrate the process involved in leaching and leaching.

Flow measurement and Pressure drop in pipes.
Pressure drop across Fluidized bed.
Pressure drop across packed column
Continuous rotary filtration
Heat exchanger
Simple and steam distillation
Liquid-liquid equilibria in extraction
Adsorption equilibrium
Leaching

17BTBT413

COURSE ORIENTED PROJECT 2

0 0 2 1 100

17BTBT451 PRODUCTION OF COMMERCIALLY VALUABLE BIOPRODUCTS 0 0 1 - 100

Course Objective

- To understand the manufacturing of industrially important bioproducts from different natural source.
- To carry out the production of ethanol from molasses andgrapes
- To carry out the production of Biofertilizers
- To carry out the production of Single cell protein(Spirullina)
- To carry out the mushroom cultivation
- To carry out the production of jam from mixedfruits

Course Outcome

- Demonstrate the production of commercially valuable bioproducts from different natural source.
- Demonstrate the production of ethanol from molasses andgrapes
- Demonstrate the production of Biofertilizers
- Demonstrate the production of Single cell protein (Spirullina)
- Demonstrate the mushroom cultivation
- Demonstrate the production of jam from mixed fruits

Production of ethanol from molasses and grapes Production of Biofertilizers Production of Single cell protein (Spirullina) Mushroom cultivation Production of jam from mixed fruits

Semester V BIOPROCESS ENGINEERING

3003 100

Course Objectives

- To understand the process of fermentation and basic fermentorconfiguration.
- To explain the medium requirements and media optimization methods for fermentation process.
- To explain the different sterilization methods and its kinetics anddesign.
- To discuss and solve the problems related to metabolic stoichiometry and energetics.
- To understand the modes of operations and various kinetic models for productformation.
- To analyze the different kinetic models for microbial growth and productformation.

Course outcomes

- 7. Discuss the general process of fermentation and fermentorconfiguration.
- 8. Analyze the medium requirements and medium formulations for fermentation process.
- 9. Outline the thermal death kinetics and different sterilizationmethods.
- 10. Solve problems related to stoichiometry of cell growth andenergetic.
- 11. Illustarte the various modes of operation in fermentationprocess.
- 12. Analyze the different kinetic models for microbial growth and productformation.

UNIT-I ANALYSIS OF STR

(8)

Analysis of STR: Stirred tank reactor - non-ideality, RTD and stability analysis, tanks in series and dispersion models – application to design of continuous STR.

UNIT-II ANALYSIS OF OTHER CONFIGURATIONS

(9)

Analysis of other configurations: Packed bed reactor, airlift reactor, fluidized bed reactor bubble column reactors – non- ideality, RTD and stability analysis.

UNIT-IIIBIOREACTOR SCALE – UP

(8)

Bioreactor scale-up: Regime analysis of bioreactor processes, oxygen mass transfer in bioreactors - microbial oxygen demands; methods for the determination of mass transfer coefficients; mass transfer correlations. Scale up criteria for bioreactors based on oxygen transfer, power consumption and impeller tip speed.

UNIT-IVMODELLING AND SIMULATION OF BIOPROCESSES

(10)

Modelling and simulation of bioprocesses: Study of structured models for analysis of various bioprocess – compartmental models, models of cellular energetics and metabolism, single cell models, plasmid replication and plasmid stability model. Dynamic simulation of batch, fed batch, steady and transient culture metabolism.

UNIT-V BIOREACTOR CONSIDERATION IN ENZYME SYSTEMS

(10)

Bioreactor consideration in enzyme systems: Analysis of film and pore diffusion effects on kinetics of immobilized enzyme reactions; formulation of dimensionless groups and calculation of effectiveness factors. Design of immobilized enzyme reactors – packed bed, fluidized bed and membrane reactors.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATI ONS |
|-------|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | Anton Moser | Bioprocess Technology, Kinetics and Reactors | Springer Verlag | 1988 |
| 2 | James E. Bailey & David F. Ollis | Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals | McGraw- Hill | 1986 |
| 3 | Shuler and Kargl | Bioprocess Engineering | Prentice Hall | 1992 |

| S.NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATI ONS |
|-------|---|---|-----------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | James M. Lee | Biochemical Engineering | PHI | 1991 |
| 2 | EMT.EL- Mansi.CFA.Bryce, A.L.Demain, AR.Allman | Fermentation Microbiology and Biotechnology | CRC Press | 2011 |
| 3 | Harvey W. Blanch, Douglas S. Clark | Biochemical Engineering | CRC Press | 2014 |

- To understand the basic concepts in rDNAtechnology.
- To explain the importance of recombinant molecules in rDNAtechnology.
- To understand the gene libraries construction and to perform blottings.
- To outline the concepts involved in gene library construction and differentiate between different gene libraries.
- To explain about the different types of PCR, the main concept in geneticengineering.
- To understand the vast applications of rDNA technology in diversefields.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Discuss the knowledge on the basics of rDNAtechnology.
- 2. Outline the usage of recombinant molecules in research anddevelopment.
- 3. Understand gene libraries construction and to perform blottings.
- 4. Interpret the indepth knowledge acquired to perform PCR reactions and theirtypes.
- 5. Infer the importance of DNA sequencingmethods.
- 6. Summarize the concept of rDNA technology and its importance in cloning, gene therapy and relate itsapplications.

UNIT-I BASICS OF RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY (6)

Role of genes within cells, genetic elements that control gene expression, Isolation and separation of genomic and plasmid DNA; restriction and modifying enzymes, safety guidelines of recombinant DNA research.

UNIT-II CREATION OF RECOMBINANT MOLECULES (9)

Restriction mapping, design of linkers and adaptors, gene editing. Characteristics of plasmid and phage vectors, prokaryotic and eukaryotic expression vectors. Insect, Yeast and Mammalian vectors.

UNIT-III CONSTRUCTION OF LIBRARIES (10)

Construction of cDNA and genomic libraries. Screening of libraries with DNA probes and with antisera. Cloning: Characterization of recombinant clones by southern, Northern, western and PCR analysis, factors affecting foreign gene expression, over expression and purification of recombinant proteins.

UNIT-IV THEORIES OF rDNA TECHNIQUES

(10)

Polymerase chain reaction:Inverse PCR, Nested PCR, Taqman assay, RT - PCR, RACE PCR, RAPD, R F L P, site directed mutagenesis (Kunkel's Method), nucleic acid sequencing-Sangers method, Maxam Gilbert sequencing and automated sequencing method.

UNIT-V APPLICATIONS OF RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY

Applications of recombinant DNA Technology: Cloning in plants, Ti plasmid, Methods of producing transgenic animals and their applications, gene silencing, gene therapy.

Total Hours: 45

(10)

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|---|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Old RW, Primrose SB | Principles of Gene Manipulation, An Introduction To Genetic Engineering | Blackwell Science Publications | 1993 |
| 2 | Ansubel FM, Brent R, Kingston RE, Moore DD. | Current Protocols in Molecular Biology | Greene Publishing Associates | 1988 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Berger SI, Kimmer AR | Methods in Enzymology | Academic Press | 1987 |

- To explain the basic idea on scope of biotechnology and its commercial production in modern biotechnology.
- To analyse the modern biotechnological processing techniques for the production of commercial bioproducts.
- To discuss the process of primary metabolite production in different industries.
- To discuss the process of secondary metabolite production.
- To explain the basic procedures for production of bioproducts.
- To illustrate the various methods for the production of recombinant products.

Course Outcomes

- 7. Outline the scope of biotechnology and its commercial potential.
- 8. Interpret the modern biotechnological processing techniques for the production of commercialbioproducts.
- 9. Illustrate the production methods of primarymetabolites.
- 10. Illustrate the production methods of secondarymetabolites.
- 11. Infer the knowledge on commercial enzyme and bioproductproduction.
- 12. Explain the production of various commercially available products using recombinant technology.

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRIAL BIOPROCESS (8)

Biotechnology: Scope and importance, Commercial potential of Biotechnology in India. Traditional and modern biotechnology. products relating to modern biotechnology, Industrially important organisms, fermentation processes – modes of operation.

UNIT- II PRODUCTION OF PRIMARY METABOLITES (10)

Production of commercially important organic acids - citric acid, lactic acid, acetic acid, amino acids - glutamic acid, phenyalanine, aspartic acid, alcohols - ethanol, butanol.

UNIT-III PRODUCTION OF SECONDARY METABOLITES (10)

Secondary metabolites: antibiotics: beta-lactams (penicillin, cephalosporin), aminoglycosides (streptomycin) macrolides (erythromycin), vitamins (B12) and steroids (progesterone).

UNIT- IV PRODUCTION OF ENZYMES AND OTHER BIOPRODUCTS (9)

Production of industrial enzymes - proteases, amylases, lipases, cellulases etc., Production of biopesticides, biofertilizers, biopreservatives (Nisin), cheese, biopolymers (xanthan gum, PHB), single cell protein.

UNIT- V PRODUCTION RECOMBINANT DNA PRODUCTS

(8)

Production of recombinant proteins - therapeutic and diagnostic applications, production of vaccines (hepatitis B vaccine), hormones (insulin). Production of monoclonal antibodies-commercial scale, products of plant (human growth hormone) and animal cell culture (interferons).

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | | | | Publication |
| 1 | Casida Jr, L.E. | Industrial | New Age | 2000 |
| | | Microbiology | International (P) Ltd | |
| 2 | Presscott, S. C. and Dunn, | Industrial | Agrobios (India). | 2006 |
| | C. G | Microbiology | | |
| 3 | R. C. Dubey | A textbook of Biotechnology | S. Chand & Company ltd., | 2003 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher/journal | Year of Publication |
|-------|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Cruger, W and Crueger, A | Biotechnology: A Textbook of Industrial Microbiology | Panima Publishing Corporation | 2003 |
| 2 | Moo, M and Young | Comprehensive Biotechnology | Pergamon | 2007 |
| 3 | Barta, A. et al. | The expression of a nopaline Synthase human growth hormone chimaeric gene in transformed tobacco and sunflower callus tissue | Plant Mol. Biol | 1986 |

- To understand the basics of operating systems and biological databases.
- To understand the basics on available tools and databases for performing research in bioinformatics.
- To explain the dynamic programming approach and methods of pair wisealignment.
- To explain the various methods for the construction of phylogenetic rees.
- To understand the machine learning techniques and protein structureanalysis.
- To understand the basics of PERL programming and itsfunctions.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Illustrate the basics of operating systems and biological databases.
- 2. Outline the various biological databases and database management systemmodels.
- 3. Discuss the different algorithms for the sequenceanalysis.
- 4. Construct the phylogenetic trees using various methods and protein predictionmethods.
- 5. Outline the machine learning techniques and various techniques for protein structure analysis.
- 6. Explain the basics of PERL programming and its operations and functions.

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION TO BIOLOGICAL DATABASES

Introduction- types, Biological databases, Information Retrieval from Biological Databases: for example Nucleic acid databases: Genbank, Protein Databases- Swissprot, Sequence Formats, Sequence storage, Sequence submission to sequence Database.

UNIT-II ANALYZING DNA, RNA AND PROTEIN SEQUENCES IN DATABASES (9) Database technology, Genbank:organisms in Genbank, genomic DNA databases, cDNA databases corresponding to expressed genes, Introduction to phylogenetics- distance based trees, UPGMA, neighbour joining trees, Expressed sequence tags, Sequence tagged sites, Genome survey sequences, High throughput genomic sequence

UNIT-III PAIRWISE SEQUENCE ALIGNMENT

(9)

(9)

Alignment Types: Local alignment, Global alignment, Scoring matrices- PAM, BLOSUM, Gaps, Dot Plots. Dynamic programming Approach: Needleman and Wunsch Algorithm, Smith and waterman Algorithm, Heuristic Approach: BLAST, FASTA

UNIT-IVMULTIPLE SEQUENCE ALIGNMENT

(9)

Exhaustive Algorithm- Divide and Conquer alignment, Heuristic Algorithm: Progressive Alignment-ClustalW, Tcoffee, Iterative Alignment-PRRN, Block based method-Match-Box, DIALIGN2

UNIT-V INTRODUCTION TO PROTEIN STRUCTURE PREDICTION (9)

Secondary structure prediction for Globular and Trans-membrane proteins, 3DProtein structure file format: PDB, mmCIF, MMDB, Methods of Tertiary structure prediction: Threading and fold recognition methods, Homology modeling, Fold recognition databases.

TEXT BOOKS

| S. No. | Author (s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|--------|---|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Dan E. Krane, Michael L. Rayme | Fundamental Concepts of Bioinformatics | Pearson education | 2004 |
| 2 | Andreas D. Baxevanis, B. F. Francis Ouellette | Bioinformatics: A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Genes and Proteins | Wiley- Interscience | 2004 |
| 3 | David W. Mount | Sequence and Genome Analysis | Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory | 2004 |
| 4 | Jonathan Pevsner | Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics | Wiley-Liss | 2003 |

17BTBT504B ENZYMOLOGY AND ENZYME TECHNOLOGY 3 0 0 3 100

Course Objectives

- To understand the knowledge on enzyme mechanism of action.
- To explain the production & purification of enzymes.
- To explain about the kinetics of single substrate enzyme action
- To understand the kinetics of multi substrate enzyme action
- To illustrate on immobilization and applications.
- To understand the features of enzyme biosensors and its application.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Discuss the overview of enzyme mechanism of action.
- 2. Outline the knowledge on extraction, purification and characterization of enzymes.
- 3. Understand the kinetics of multisubstrate enzyme action.
- 4. Interpret the various enzyme immobilization techniques and its application in bioreactor.
- 5. Summarize the basics of enzyme engineering.
- 6. Explain the features of enzyme biosensors and its application.

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION TO ENZYMES

(9)

Chemical nature, apoenzyme, coenzyme, cofactor, prosthetic group. Nomenclature— IUB system of classification -Six main classes with examples. Mechanisms of enzyme-action; Specificity, type of enzyme specificity, Active site, Models of enzyme action—Lock and key, induced fit, transition state theory. metal ion catalysis, proximity & orientation. metal-activated enzyme and metalloenzyme.

UNIT- II EXTRACTION, PURIFICATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF ENZYMES (9)

Production and purification of crude enzyme extracts from plant, animal and microbial sources; methods of characterization of enzymes; development of enzymatic assays,

UNIT- HIKINETICS OF MULTISUBSTRATE - ENZYME ACTION

(9)

Kinetics of Single substrate reaction – estimation of Michaelis- Menten parameters and Multisubstrate reactions mechanisms; Turnover number; types of inhibition Allosteric regulation of enzymes, Monod - Changeux -Wyman model, pH and temperature effect on enzymes & deactivation kinetics.

UNIT- IVENZYME IMMOBILIZATION

(9)

Physical and chemical techniques for enzyme immobilization – adsorption, matrix entrapment, encapsulation, cross-linking, covalent binding etc., - examples, applications, advantages and disadvantages. applications. Immobilised enzyme bioreactors.

UNIT- VENZYME ENGINEERING AND BIOSENSORS

(9)

Chemical and genetic methods, Property alteration, Prediction of enzyme structure, design and construction of novel enzymes; Enzyme Biosensor – Classification, Design, Application - industry, healthcare, food and environment.

TEXTBOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|----------------------|---------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Palmer, T | Enzymes | Affiliated East West Press pvt. Ltd | 2004 |
| 2 | Wiseman | Enzyme Biotechnology | Ellis Horwood Publishers | 1995 |
| 3 | Chaplin and Bucke | Enzyme Technology | Cambridge University Press | 1990 |
| 4 | Price and Stevens | Fundamentals of Enzymolog | Oxford University Press | 2002 |

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | H. W. Blanch | Biochemical Engineering | Marcel | 1996 |
| | and D. S. Clark | | Dekker, | |
| | | | Inc. | |
| 2 | J. E. Bailey and | Biochemical Engineering | McGraw | 1986 |
| | D. F. Ollis, | Fundamentals | Hill | |
| 3 | E. K. Pye and L. | Enzyme Engineering II, | Plenum | 1974 |
| | B. Wingard | | Press | |

- To illustrate the genetic material and its biological significance in organization.
- To explain the basic ideas on structure and function on genetic material.
- To list the various functions of Nitrogen fixation.
- To label the basic theory of genes involved in the pathogenesis.
- To develop a picture about applications of plant biotechnology.
- To discuss the different stages of developments in gene analysis and its recombination.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Summarize about the importance of genetic material and its uses.
- 2. Determine the structure and function of the genetic material.
- 3. Express the functions of fixing nitrogen to soil through microbes.
- 4. Be aware of the conceptuation behind various genes involved in pathogenesis.
- 5. Describe the various functions and application of plant biotechnology through tissue culture.
- 6. Summarize and predict the different stages of developments in gene analysis and its recombination.

UNIT- I ORGANIZATION OF GENETIC MATERIAL (9)

Genetic material of plant cells – nucleosome structure and its biological significance; junk and repeat sequences; outline of transcription and translation.

UNIT II CHLOROPLAST & MITOCHONDRIA (9)

Structure, function and genetic material; RUBISCO synthesis and assembly, coordination, regulation and transport of proteins. Mitochondria: Genome, cytoplasmic male sterility and import of proteins.

UNIT- IIINITROGEN FIXATION (9)

Nitrogen fixation Process - Nitrogenase activity, nod genes, nif genes, bacteroids- Applications.

UNIT- IVAGROBACTERIUM & VIRAL VECTORS (9)

Pathogenesis, crown gall disease, genes involved in the pathogenesis, Ti plasmid – t- DNA, importance in genetic engineering. Viral Vectors: Gemini virus, cauliflower mosaic virus, viral vectors and its benefits.

UNIT- V APPLICATION OF PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY (9)

Outline of plant tissue culture, transgenic plants, herbicide and pest resistant plants, Drought/salinity/cold tolerant plants, molecular pharming, theraputic products.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|----------------------------|--|------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Gamburg OL, Philips GC, | Plant Tissue & Organ Culture fundamental Methods | Narosa Publications | 1995 |
| 2 | Singh BD. | Text Book of Biotechnology | Kalyani Publishers | 1998 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|----------------|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Heldt HW | Plant Biochemistry & Molecular Biology | Oxford University Press | 1997 |
| 2 | Ignacimuthu .S | Applied Plant Biotechnology | Tata McGraw- Hill | 1996 |

- To understand the constituents of food and energy.
- To classify the different sources of microbes in food that assist food spoilage.
- To record the basic notion on fermented food products.
- To differentiate and organize the distint food additives used.
- To explain the basic theory of food processing and preservation.
- To discuss the problems related to food deterioration and its preventive measures.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Compare and contrast different food constituents and their effectiveness.
- 2. Summarize the controlling measures for food spoilage.
- 3. Prioritize diverse properties of fermented foods.
- 4. Construct and design the food additives for food preservation.
- 5. Apply the knowledge on basics of food processing and preservation methods.
- 6. Examine and solve the problems related to food deterioration and its preventive measures.

UNIT I FOOD AND ENERGY

(9)

Constituents of Food- Water: importance, water in food, activity and shelf life of food; Carbohydrates: functional properties of sugars and polysaccharides in food; Llipids: uses, physical and chemical properties; Proteins and amino acids: physical and chemical properties, distribution, functions and functional properties; Vitamins and Minerals: Dietary sources; Nutritive value of foods, food as a source of energy, food health and disease.

UNIT II FOOD MICROBIOLOGY

(9)

Types of micro-organism normally associated with food -mold, yeast, and bacteria. Micro-organisms in natural food products. Biochemical changes caused by micro-organisms. Food poisoning and microbial toxin. Spoilage of vegetables, fruit, meat, poultry, beverages and other food products. Food safety.

UNIT III FERMENTATION PRODUCTS

(9)

Enzymes in foods and food industry, Nature and type of starters, Role of starters in Fermented foods, Fermentation of Milk products-Fermented soy and peanut milk, Idli, Fermented fish products, Pickles, Fermented Olives; Production of distilled beverage alcohol, wine, brandy, and beer. Mycoprotein production.

UNIT IVFOOD ADDITIVES

(9)

Chemical and physical methods of food analysis for determination of food composition; Pigments in food, food flavours, food additives and toxicants. Natural sweeteners and artificial sweeteners - role in controlling diseases.

Basic principles, unit operations Involved in the food processing methods; Objectives, importance and functions of quality control. Principles involved in the use of sterilization, pasteurization and blanching, thermal death curves of micro organisms, canning, frozen storage characteristics of foods, microbial activity at low temperatures, factors affecting quality of foods in frozen storage; irradiation preservation of foods.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|--|--------------------------|---|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | James M. Jay, Martin J. Loessner, David A. Golden | Modern Food Microbiology | Springer Science & Business Media | 2005 |
| 2 | William C.Frazier | Food Microbiology | Tata MC Graw hill | 1987 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|---|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| 1 | HD. Belitz, Werner Grosch, Peter Schieberle | Food Chemistry | Springer Science & Business Media | 2009 |
| 2 | B.Sivashankar | Food processing and preservation | Prentice – Hall of India Pvt.Ltd.New Delhi | 2002. |

- To understand the concept of thermal death kinetics.
- To understand the concept of batch sterilization.
- To predict the design for media components using Plackett Burman and RSM.
- To perform the batch cultivation and practice k_La estimation methods.
- To understand the procedure to calculate the residence time distribution.
- To demonstrate enzyme kinetis and enzyme immobilization techniques.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Evaluate the thermal death kinetics.
- 2. Perform the batch sterilization batch cultivation.
- 3. Identify and perform media optimization using Plackett Burman and RSM.
- 4. Demonstrate the different k₁a estimation methods.
- 5. Perform the experiment on residence time distribution.
- 6. Interpret enzyme kinetis and enzyme immobilization techniques.

Thermal death kinetics Batch sterilization design Media designing using Plackett Burman and RSM Batch cultivation Estimation of $k_L a$ — dynamic gassing method Estimation of $k_L a$ — sulphite oxidation method Estimation of $k_L a$ — power correlation method Residence time distribution Enzyme kinetics — Michaelis Menten parameters.

Enzyme immobilization.

17BTBT512 MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND GENETIC ENGINEERING LAB 0 0 3 2 100

Course Objectives

- To outline and evaluate the methods for isolation and purification of DNA from plant and animalsamples.
- To explain the protocol to run the agarose gel electrophoresis sampleanalysis.
- To demonstrate the DNA ligation techniques for transformation and screening ofrDNA.
- To understand the methods involved in optimization protocol for recombinant protein expression.
- To explain the importance of high throughput screening, SDS PAGE and PCR.
- To compile the overall structure of rDNA technology and implement its techniques in research anddevelopment.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Carry out agarose gel electrophoresis and isolation of DNA samplesindividually.
- 2. Develop the knowledge of techniques involved in DNA isolation and purification.
- 3. Perform the restriction enzyme digestion and ligation of DNAsamples.
- 4. Produce recombinant DNA and implement blue white screening techniques to screenthem.
- 5. Develop methods to produce recombinant proteins and understand their applications and perform SDS PAGE and PCRreactions.

Agarosegelelectrophoresis

Isolation of plasmid & chromosomal DNA from bacterial cell

Isolation of plant cell genomic DNA from plant source

Isolation of genomic DNA from animal cell

Purification of DNA from agarose gel

Restriction enzyme digestion and ligation

Competent cells preparation (CaCl₂ method)

Transformation and screening for recombinants

Blue and white selection for recombinants

Optimization of inducer concentration and time of induction for recombinant protein expression.

SDS PAGE

PCR

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| | | book | | Publication |
| 1 | David, L. G and Michael, K. W | Basic Methods in Molecular Biology | Prentice Hall Inc | 1994 |
| 2 | Sambrook, J. and Russel, D. W | Molecular Cloning Laboratory Manual | Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press | 2001 |

- To explain the sequence retrieving techniques from biological databases.
- To explain how to utilize the tools such as BLAST, FASTA CLUSTAL OMEGA.EMBOSS. PHYLIPetc.
- To illustrate the basics of pattern matching by pairwise and multiple sequencealignment.
- To understand the 3D structure of protein.
- To explain the molecular visualization tools and impart knowledge on ExPASyServer.
- To understand the basics of Perl programming

Course Outcomes

- 1. Outline the techniques to retrieve sequences from different biological databases.
- 2. Discuss the pattern matching by pairwise and multiple sequencealignment
- 3. Construct phylogenetic tree by using distance based and character basedmethods
- 4. Predict and validate 3D structure of protein
- 5. Predict the protein parameters using ExPASy proteomicstools.
- 6. Understand the programming using PERLlanguage.

NCBI database.

BLAST – Similar DNA sequences search

EMBL – Nucleotide sequence database

SWISSPROT/TREMBL – Protein sequence database

Analysis of Protein sequence using PIR database

Analysis of structural features of proteins using protein data bank and SWISS PDB viewer

Eukaryotic gene prediction

Protein sequence analysis tools

Design of primers for cloning.

Multiple Sequence alignment & phylogenetic tree construction.

17BTBT513B PROTEIN AND ENZYME TECHNOLOGY LAB 0 0 3 2 100

Course Objectives

- To explain the types of chromatography
- To illustrate the partial purification of enzymes
- To understand the ultrafiltration process
- To carry out ion exchange & gel filtration chromatography
- To carry out affinity chromatography
- To understand the application of chromatography

Course outcomes

- Outline the types of chromatography
- Explain the partial purification of enzymes.
- Elaborate the process of ultrafiltration
- Perform the ion exchange & gel filtration chromatography
- Perform the affinity chromatography
- Compile the application of chromatography

Ammonium Sulphate /TCA/ Organic solvent precipitation Ultrafiltration using tangential-flow membrane separation Ion Exchange Column Chromatography Gel Filtration chromatography Affinity chromatography

Mini project

17BTBT514

COURSE ORIENTED PROJECT 3

0021 100

SEPARATION OF BIOACTIVE COMPOUNDS FROM PLANT MATERIAL 1 0 0 – 100

Course Objective

- To explain the basic concepts of natural product isolations.
- To explain the principles of chromatography.
- To discuss the applications of modern NMR.
- To understand the extraction process.
- To demonstrate the extraction and isolation of caffeine from tea leaves.
- To understand the concept of separation of bioactive compounds.

Course Outcome

- Outline the general concepts of bioproduct isolation from various natural sources.
- Elaborate the principles of chromatography.
- Summarize the applications of modern NMR.
- Outline the extraction process.
- Carry out the experiments related to extraction and isolation of caffeine from Tea Leaves.
- Discuss the concept of separation of bioactive compounds.

UNIT- I GENERAL CONCEPT OF NATURAL PRODUCT ISOLATION

Natural Product Isolation, Extraction of Plant Secondary Metabolites, Biochemical analysis of secondary metabolites, Selecting General Separation Conditions, Principles of Chromatography, An Introduction to Planar Chromatography, Applications of Liquid Chromatography, Isolation of Natural Products by Low-Pressure Column Chromatography, Crystallization in Final Stages of Purification, Determination of the Nature of the Compound, Applications of Modern NMR Techniques in the Structural Elucidation, Identification and Characterization

UNIT-I I LABORATORY- EXTRACTION AND ISOLATION OF CAFFEINE FROM TEALEAVES

General background and overview of the experiment, Caffeine extraction: Solid-liquid Extraction, Overview of the extraction process, Purification, Isolation of caffeine from tea leaves

REFERENCES

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|--|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Satyajit D. Sarker, Zahid Latif, Alexander I. Gray | Methods in biotechnology: Natural products isolation | Springer | 2005 |
| 2 | Corrado Tringali | Bioactive Compounds from Natural Sources | CRC press | 2011 |
| 3 | Mayo, D. W.; Pike, R. M.; Butcher, S. S. | Microscale Organic Laboratory; | John Wiley & Sons | 1986 |
| 4 | Hill, R.; Barbaro, J. | Experiments in Organic Chemistry; 3 rd ed | Contemporary Publishing Company: | 2005 |

17BTBT552 INPLANT TRAINING 0 0 0 - 100

17BTBT601

Semester VI MASS TRANSFER OPERATIONS

3 2 0 4 100

Course Objectives

- To understand the basics of molecular diffusion and mass transfer concepts.
- To explain the gas absorption and its related concepts.
- To explain the various vapour liquid operations and its concepts.
- To understand the HETP, HTU and NTU concepts.
- To outline the extraction and leaching principles.
- To outline the Solid Fluid operations.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Discuss the molecular diffusions and mass transfer operation in different system.
- 2. Outline the absorption principles and its concepts for gas liquid operations.
- 3. Infer the basic concept of equilibria and distillation concepts in vapour liquid operations.
- 4. Understand the HETP, HTU and NTUconcepts.
- 5. Interpret the equilibria of different systems in extraction and leaching operations.
- 6. Outline the concepts of adsorption and drying in solid fluid operations.

UNIT- I DIFFUSION AND MASS TRANSFER

(9)

Molecular diffusion in fluids and solids; Inter phase Mass Transfer; Mass Transfer coefficients; Analogies in Transport Phenomenon.

UNIT- II GAS LIQUID OPERATIONS

(9)

Principles of gas absorption; Single and Multi component absorption; Absorption with chemical reaction; Design principles of absorbers; Industrial absorbers; HTU, NTU concepts.

UNIT- IIIVAPOUR LIQUID OPERATIONS

(9)

V-L Equilibria; Simple, Steam and Flash Distillation; Continuous distillation; McCABE- THIELE & PONCHON-SAVARIT Principles; Industrial distillation equipments, HETP, HTU and NTU concepts.

UNIT- IVEXTRACTION OPERATIONS

(9)

L-L equilibria, Staged and continuous extraction, Solid-liquid equilibria, Leaching principles.

UNIT- V SOLID FLUID OPERATIONS

(9)

Adsorption equilibria – Batch and fixed bed adsorption; Drying-Mechanism-Drying curves -Time of Drying; Batch and continuous dryers.

Total Hours: 45+15 = 60

TEXT BOOK

| . S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|---------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Treybal R.E. | Mass Transfer Operations | McGraw- | 1981 |
| | | | Hill, | |
| 2 | Geankoplis C.J. | Transport Processes and Unit | Prentice | 2002 |
| | | Operations | Hall | |
| 3 | Coulson and | Chemical Engineering Vol. I & | Asian | 1998 |
| | Richardson | II | Books Pvt | |
| | | | Ltd | |

- To understand the basic knowledge of cells and organs of Immune system.
- To explain the different cellular responses and its functions.
- To understand the basic views on monoclonal antibodies and antigen- antibody interactions.
- To outline the Immune responses to various disease and different immunologic reactions in Human body.
- To explain the organ transplantation and tumor immunology.
- To outline the basics of autoimmunity.

Course outcomes:

- 1. Discuss the cells and components of immune system.
- 2. Explain the basics of B, T cells, genes and generation of antibody and its functions.
- 3. Infer the basic views on monoclonal antibodies and antigen- antibody interactions.
- 4. Discuss the concept of immunity and various immunological responses to infections.
- 5. Discuss the basics of Transplantation and tumortherapies.
- 6. To illustrate the current trends in treatment of auto immunedisease.

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

(7)

Cells of immune system, innate and acquired immunity, primary and secondary lymphoid organs, Components of immune system: antibodies, antigens, haptens, adjuvants, types of immune responses, theory of clonal selection.

UNIT-II CELLULAR RESPONSES

(10)

Development, maturation, activation and differentiation of T-cells and B-cells: TCR, antibodies, structure and functions; antibodies: genes and generation of diversity; antigen-antibody reactions; monoclonal antibodies: principles and applications; antigen presenting cells; major histocompatibility complex; antigen processing and presentation; regulation of T-cell and B-cell responses.

UNIT-III INFECTION AND IMMUNITY

(11)

Injury and inflammation; immune responses to infections: immunity to viruses, bacteria, fungi and parasites, cytokines, complement, immunosuppression, tolerance, allergy and hypersensitivity, resistance and immunization: Vaccines.

UNIT-IV TRANSPLANTATION AND TUMOR IMMUNOLOGY

(10)

Transplantation: genetics of transplantation, laws of transplantation, problems in transplantation: Basis of Graft rejection, specificity and memory of graft rejection; Role of cell mediated response in graft rejection, Transplantation antigens, Mechanisms involved in Graft rejections, tumor immunology-immune therapy

UNIT-VAUTOIMMUNITY

(7)

Autoimmunity, Auto immune diseases and diagnosis, proposed mechanisms for induction of Autoimmunity, Treatment of Autoimmune diseases; current therapies, monoclonal antibody and diagnosis, treatment.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publicati ons |
|-------|----------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | Roitt I, Male, Brostoff | Immunology | Mosby Publ | 2002 |
| 2 | Kuby J, | Immunology | WH Freeman & Co | 2000 |
| 3 | David W Mount | Bioinformatics: Sequence And Genome Analysis | cold Spring Harbor Press | 1996 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Ashim K. Chakravarthy | Immunology | Tata McGraw- Hill | 1998 |

- To understand the foundation and advanced information on biopharmaceutical aspects in relation to drug development.
- To understand the basics of pharmacokinetics.
- To discuss the drug manufacturing, process and its application.
- To explain the manufacture of solid dosage forms of drugs.
- To understand the manufacture process of liquid orals and topical.
- To discuss the legal steps involved in progressing a new drug to market.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Illustrate the different pharmaceutical parameters for the current and future biotechnology related products on themarket.
- 2. Outline the concepts of Pharmacokinetics.
- 3. Infer the basic knowledge on drug process, manufacturing methods and its application.
- 4. Discuss about the solid dosage forms of drug manufacturing.
- 5. Explain the manufacturing process of liquid orals andtopical.
- 6. Interpret the legal steps involved in progressing a new drug to market.

UNIT- I INTRODUCTION

(7

History of pharmacy, pharmacopeia - Types, monograph- development, types of various dosage forms, economics and regulatory aspects.

UNIT- II BASICS OF PHARMACOKINETICS

(10)

Mechanism of drug action; physico-chemical properties and principles of drug metabolism; pharmaco kinetics.

UNIT- III MANUFACTURE OF DRUGS, PROCESS AND APPLICATIONS

(9)

Drug development process- Types of reaction process – Fermentation, organic synthesis, extraction, special requirements for bulk drug manufacture- QC intrumentsation, Analysis.

UNIT- IV MANUFACTURE OF SOILD DOSAGE FORMSS

(9)

Compressed tablets; dry and wet granulation; slugging or direct compression; tablet presses; coating of tablets; capsule preparation.

UNIT- V MANUFACTURE OF LIQUID ORALS AND TOPICALS

(10)

Oral liquids – vegetable drugs – topical applications; preservation of drugs; analytical methods and other tests used in drug manufacture; packing techniques; quality management; GMP.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | David B. Troy, Paul Beringer | Remington: The science and practice of pharmacy | Lippincott Williams & Wilkins | 2006 |
| 2 | Gareth Thomas | Medicinal Chemistry. An introduction | John Wiley | 2000 |
| 3 | Katzung B.G. | Basic and Clinical Pharmacology | Prentice Hall of Intl | 1995 |

- To define the basic view of concept of molecular modelling.
- To demonstrate the computational quantum mechanics through different methods.
- To explain the general features of molecular mechanics.
- To discuss the molecular dynamics simulation methods.
- To outline the basic concept on cheminformatics molecular modeling.
- To explain the diverse techniques on molecular modeling.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Identify different views on global and local energy minima through molecular modeling.
- 2. Differentiate various calculations on molecular properties.
- 3. Illustrate the concept behind molecular mechanics through derivative methods.
- 4. Evaluate and characterize molecules simulation through dynamics methods.
- 5. Analyze and categorize the structure based drug design for targets.
- 6. Explain the diverse techniques on molecular modeling.

UNIT-I MOLECULAR MODELLING

(9)

Introduction to concept of molecular modeling, molecular structure and internal energy, applications of molecular graphics, coordinate systems, potential energy surfaces, discussion of local and global energy minima

UNIT-IIQUANTUM MECHANICS

(9)

Introduction to the computational quantum mechanics; one electron atom, ply electronic atoms and molecules, Hartree Fock equations; calculating molecular properties using ab initio and semi empirical methods.

UNIT-IIIMOLECULAR MECHANICS

(9)

Molecular mechanics; general features of molecular mechanics force field, bond stretching, angle bending, torsional terms, non – bonded interactions; force field parameterization and transferability; effective pair potential, energy minimization; derivative and non – derivative methods, applications of energy minimization.

UNIT-IV MOLECULAR DYNAMCS

(9

Molecular dynamics simulation methods; molecular dynamics using simple models, molecular dynamics with continuous potential, setting up and running a molecular dynamic simulation, constraint dynamics; Monte Carlo simulation; Monte Carlo simulation of molecules.

UNIT-VMODELLING AND DRUG DESIGN

(9)

Introduction to cheminformatics, Macromolecular modeling, design of ligands for known macro molecular target sites, Drug- receptor interaction, classical SAR /QSAR studies and their implications to the 3 D modeler, 2-D and 3-D database searching, pharmacophore identification and novel drug design, molecular docking, Structure-based drug design for all classes of targets.

Total hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|--------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Andrew Leach | Molecular Modelling: Principles and Applications | Prentice Hall | 2001 |
| 2 | N. Claude Cohen | Guidebook on Molecular Modeling in Drug Design | Academic Press | 1996 |

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year |
|-------|---|---|--|---------------------|
| | Name | | | of |
| | | | | Publications |
| 1 | Yvonne C. Martin, editor, Peter Willett | Designing bioactive molecules :three- dimensional techniques and applications | Washington, DC: American Chemical Society | 1998 |
| 2 | Matthew F. Schlecht | Molecular Modeling on the PC | Wiley- Blackwell; Har | 1998 |

- To illustrate the rate equation with different parameters.
- To explain the basic ideas on first order reaction in reactor design.
- To list the various functions of Non Ideal flow of fluidized bed.
- To label the basic theory of rate equation systems in heterogenous reactions.
- To develop a picture about rate controlling mechanism in solid catalyzed reaction.
- To understand the various biochemical reactions.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Summarize about the rate equation.
- 2. Determine the first order reaction in reactor design.
- 3. Express the functions of non ideal flow of fluidized bed.
- 4. Be aware of the conceptuation behind various rate equations in heterogenous systems.
- 5. Describe the various rate controlling mechanism in solid catalyzed reaction.
- 6. Summarize and predict the various reactions.

UNIT-IKINETICS OF HOMOGENOUS REACTIONS

(9)

Concentration and temperature dependent term of rate equation – searching for mechanism—predictability of reaction rate from theory; Interpretation of batch reactor data – constant volume and variable volume batch reactors – temperature and reaction rate - development of rate equations for different homogeneous reactions (up to second order reactions both reversible and irreversible reactions).

UNIT-IIREACTOR DESIGN

(9)

Ideal batch reactors—steady state MFR & PFR — holding time for flow systems; Design for single reactions- performance equations for single reactors; multiple reactor systems — PFR in series/ parallel — equal size and different size Mixed reactors in series; reactors of different types in series. Design for Multiple reactions (first order reactions only)

UNIT-III NON IDEAL FLOW

(9)

RTD of fluid in vessel – relationship between F, C & Ecurve – conversion from tracer information; non- ideal flow models–Dispersion model and Tanks in series Model; Multi parameter models–models for fluidized beds.

UNIT-IV DESIGN FOR HETEROGENOUS SYSTEMS

(9)

Rate equations – contacting patterns for two phase systems; fluid particle reactions – un reacted core model for spherical particles of unchanging size – rate of reaction for shrinking spherical particles – determination of rate controlling step – application to design; reactions steps; resistances and rate equations; Fluid–Fluid reactions – rate equations.

(9)

Rate equation – rate controlling mechanisms – experimental methods for finding rates – product distribution in multiple reactions—application of design; Deactivating catalysts—mechanism—rate equation.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|------|-------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Levenspiel O | Chemical Reaction Engineering. | JohnWiley | 1999 |
| 2 | FoglerH.S | Elements of Chemical Reaction Engineering | Prentice Hall India | 2002 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|---|---|------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Missen R.W.,Mims C.A.,Saville B.A | Introduction to Chemical Reaction Engineering and Kinetics | John Wiley | 1999 |

- To impart the skills in the field of nano biotechnology and its applications.
- To acquire knowledge in the nano particles and its significance in various fields.
- To extend the knowledge in types and application of nano particles in sensors.
- To define the concepts of biomaterials through molecular self assembly.
- To equip students with clinical applications of nano devices.
- To describe deeper understanding of the socio-economic issues in nanobiotechnology.

Course Outcomes

- Develop skills in the field of nano biotechnology and its applications.
- Summarize the nanoparticles and its significance in various fields.
- Extend the knowledge in types and application of nano particles in sensors.
- Define the concepts of biomaterials through molecular self assembly.
- Outline the clinical applications of nano devices.
- Describe the socio-economic issues in nanobiotechnology.

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION TO NANOTECHNOLOGY

Background and definition of nanotechnology, chemical bonds in nanotechnology – Scales at the bionano interface – Basic capabilities of nanobiotechnology and nanomedicine – Biological tradition and mechanical tradition biotechnology – Applications of Nanotechnology in biotechnology.

UNIT-II STRUCTURAL AND FUNCTIONAL PRINCIPLES OF BIONANOTECHNOLOGY

(9)

Biomolecular structure and stability – Protein folding – Self-assembly – Self-organization – Molecular recognition – Information driven nanoassembly – Energetics – Chemical transformation – Biomaterials – Biomolecular motors – Traffic across membranes – Biomolecular sensing – Self-replication – Machine-phase bionanotechnology.

UNIT-III MICROFLUIDICS

(9)

Concepts and advantages of microfluidic devices – Materials and methods for the manufacture of microfluidic component – Fluidic structures – Surface modifications – Lab-on-a-chip for biochemical analysis.

UNIT-IV PROTEIN AND DNA BASED NANOSTRUCTURES (9)

S-Layers – Engineered nanopores – Microbial nanoparticle production – DNA-Protein nanostructures – Biomimetic fabrication of DNA based metallic nanowires and networks –DNA-Gold nanoparticle conjugates – Nanoparticles as non-viral transfection agents.

UNIT-V NANOPARTICLES IN CANCER THERAPY

(9)

Magnetic nano and microparticles for embolotherapy - hyperthermic therapy - delivery of chemotherapeutic drugs-brachytherapy, Thermoresponsive liposomes for hyperthermic chemotherapy assemblies and ultrasound activation.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Niemeyer, C.M. and Mirkin, C.A | Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and Perspectives | Wiley- VCH | 2004 |
| 2 | Goodsell, D.S. | Bionanotechnology | John Wiley and Sons, Inc | 2004 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|
| 1 | Shoseyov, O. and Levy, I | Nanobiotechnology: Bioinspired Devices and Materials of the Future | Humana Press | 2007 |
| 2 | Bhushan, B. | Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology | Springer- Verlag Berlin Heidelberg | 2004 |
| 3 | Freitas Jr R.A | Nanomedicine | Landes Biosciences | 2004 |
| 4 | Kohler, M. and Fritzsche, W. | Nanotechnology – An Introduction to Nanostructuring Techniques | Wiley- VCH | 2004 |

- To discuss the handling techniques of animals and immunization.
- To understand the isolation and identification of cells and blood group.
- To explain the methods for the detection of anitigen-antibody.
- To outline the techniques for antigen identification.
- To understand the techniques of T-cell rossetting.
- To understand the techniques of Western blotting.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Infer the basic handling techniques for animal studies.
- 2. Outline the basics of isolation and identification of cells and blood group.
- 3. Illustrate the Immuno electrophoresis and Immuno diffusion for determination of antibody.
- 4. Understand the knowledge about ELISA and western blotting for identification of various diseases.
- 5. Explain the identification of typhoid antigens by Widal test.
- 6. Discuss principles of T-cell rossetting.
- 1. Handling of animals, immunization and raising antisera
- 2. Identification of cells in a blood smear
- 3. Identification of blood group
- 4. Immuno diffusion
- 5. Immuno electrophoresis
- 6. 6.Testing for typhoid antigens by Widal test
- 7. Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay (ELISA)
- 8. Isolation of peripheral blood mononuclear cells
- 9. Identification of t cells by T-cell rossetting using sheep RBC.
- 10. Western blotting

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| 1 | Hay, F.C. and M.R. Westwood | Practical Immunology | Blackwell Science, Publishers | 2004 |
| 2 | Janeway, C.A., and P. Travers. | Immunobiology | Garland Publishing Inc. | 1994 |
| 3 | Kuby, J. | . Immunology | W.H. Freeman and Company | 1994 |
| 4 | Talwar, G. P. and S. K. Gupta, | A Handbook of Practical and Clinical Immunology. Vol 1 and | CBS Publications | 1992 |
| 5 | . Weir, D.M | Immunological Techniques | Blackwell Scientific Publications | 1992 |

- To understand the wet granulation method for granules preparation.
- To explain the dry and wet granulation protocol for tablet preparation.
- To predict the steps for the analysis of tablets for its quality control.
- To perform the preparation of liquid orals-syrup.
- To understand the procedure for the preparation of topical formulations.
- To illustrate the assay techniques for tablets and injection..

Course Outcomes

Assay of Dextrose Injection

- 1. Perform the granules preparation using wet granulation method.
- 2. Experiment the tablet preparation using wet and dry granulation techniques.
- 3. Identify the quality of tablets using different analysis.
- 4. Demonstrate the protocol for liquid-orals syrup preparation.
- 5. Perform the assay for riboflavin tablets.
- 6. Interpret dextrose injection using basic assays.

Preparation of granules by wet granulation
Preparation of Tablets by wet and dry granulation
Quality control test for tablets
Preparation of liquid orals-syrup
Preparation of topical preparation-lotion, ointment, cream
Assay of Riboflavin tablets

- To understand how to visualize and understand macromolecule-ligand interactions
- To explain various computational tools used for drug design
- To predict the properties of small molecules
- To perform homology modeling of proteins
- To understand the active site prediction
- To illustrate the protein ligand docking and protein-protein docking

Course Outcomes

- 1. Perform the QSAR study.
- 2. Experiment the visualization tools to understand the macromolecule ligand interactions.
- 3. Identify the the properties of small molecules
- 4. Demonstrate the homology modeling of proteins.
- 5. Perform the active site prediction.
- 6. Interpret the protein ligand docking and protein-protein docking.
- 1. Explore Visualization tools
- 2. Learn to calculate properties of small molecules
- 3. Perform a QSAR study
- 4. Homology modeling of proteins
- 5. Virtual screening using Zinc database
- 6. Pharmacophore mapping
- 7. Active site prediction
- 8. Protein ligand docking
- 9. Protein-Protein docking

OBJECTIVES

To provide exposure in practical aspects

To equip the students to meet the industry standards.

The students will be directed to do a project work during VI semester and their projects will be evaluated for, forty percentages in Continuous Internal Assessment and sixty percentages in End Semester Examination.

End Semester Examination evaluation will be based on the report submitted by the student after the completion of the project work.

17BTBT652 TECHNICAL PRESENTATION AND SEMINAR 0 0 1 - 100

Course Objectives:

- To equip the students for effective technical presentation
- To improve body language and posture for effective public speaking.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. To get familiarize in the teaching presentation skills.
- 2. To gain confidence in the teaching process.

During the seminar session, each student is expected to prepare and present a topic on biotechnology, for duration of about 8 to 10 minutes. In a session of three periods per week, 15 students are expected to present seminars. A faculty guide is to be allotted and he / she will guide and monitor the progress of the student and maintain attendance also.

Students are encouraged to use various teaching aids such as over head projectors, power point presentation and demonstrative models. This will enable them to gain confidence in presentation skills and facing the interviews.

Semester VII

17BTCC701 PROFESSIONAL ETHICS, PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT 3 0 0 3 100 AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT

Course Objectives:

- To create an awareness on Engineering Ethics
- To incorporate Moral and Social Values and Loyalty
- To appreciate the rights of other
- To motivate the leadership skills
- To train to become an entrepreneur
- To learn the management skills

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Explain the engineering ethics
- 2. Outline the Moral and Social Values and Loyalty
- 3. Justify the rights of other
- 4. Illustrate the values of leadership skills
- 5. Assess the skills ofentrepreneur
- 6. Discuss the management skills

UNIT I ENGINEERING ETHICS

9

Senses of 'Engineering Ethics' – variety of moral issued – types of inquiry – moral dilemmas – moral autonomy – Kohlberg's theory – Gilligan's theory – consensus and controversy – Models of Professional Roles – theories about right action – Self–interest – customs and religion – uses of ethical theories.

UNIT IIFACTORS OF CHANGES

9

Forces that shape culture, social control – Meaning, Agencies, Institution, Customs, Values, Folkways, Norms and Laws. Social changes – Meaning and nature – Theories.

UNIT IIIHISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT, PLANNING, ORGANISING

9

Definition of Management – Management and Administration – Development of Management Thought – Contribution of Taylor and Fayol – Functions of Management – Steps involved in Planning – Objectives – Setting Objectives – Process of Managing by Objectives – Strategies, Policies and Planning Premises– Forecasting – Decision–making – Formal and informal organization – Organization Chart –.

UNIT IVDIRECTING AND CONTROLLING

9

Human Factors – Creativity and Innovation – Harmonizing Objectives – Leadership – Types of Leadership Motivation – Hierarchy of needs – Motivation theories – Motivational Techniques – Job Enrichment – Process of Communication – System and process of Controlling – Requirements for effective control – Control of Overall Performance – Direct and Preventive Control – Reporting

UNIT V ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MOTIVATION

Entrepreneur – Types of Entrepreneurs – Difference between Entrepreneur and Intrapreneur – Entrepreneurship in Economic Growth– Major Motives Influencing an Entrepreneur – Achievement Motivation Training, self Rating, Business Game, Thematic Apperception Test – Stress management, Entrepreneurship Development Programs – Need, Objectives.

TOTAL 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S. No | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Harold Kooritz and Heinz Weihrich | Essentials of Management | Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi | 2010 |
| 2 | Khanka S.S | Entrepreneurial Development | S.Chand and Co. Ltd., NewDelhi | 2006 |

| | Mike Martin and | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------|
| 3 | Roland | Ethics in Engineering | McGraw–Hill, NewYork | 2005 |
| | Schinzinger | | | |

REFERENCES

| S. No | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|----------|--|--|---|------------------------|
| 1 | Tripathy P.C and Reddy P.N | Principles of Management | Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi | 2008 |
| 2 | Rabindra N Kanungo | Entrepreneurship and innovation | Sage Publications, New Delhi | 1998 |
| 3 | Charles E Harris, and Michael J Rabins | Engineering Ethics – Concepts and Cases | Wadsworth Thompson Learning, New Delhi | 2013 |

WEB REFERENCES

http://www.managementstudyguide.com/taylor_fayol.htm

http://tutor2u.net/business/gcse/people_motivation_theories.htm

http://lfkkb.tripod.com/eng24/gilliganstheory.html

http://www.developingeyes.com/five-types-of-entrepreneurs/

9

- To understand the importance of downstream processing and various cell disruption techniques.
- To discuss the various cell disruption techniques for product release.
- To explain the physical methods of separation.
- To understand the methods for the isolation of products.
- To understand the methods for the purification of the bioproducts.
- To explain the various methods for final product formulation and finishing operations.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Outline the principles involved in downstream processing and characteristics of biomolecules.
- 2. Discuss the various cell disruption techniques for product release.
- 3. Illustrate the different physical methods of separation of bioproducts.
- 4. Relate and apply the methods available for the isolation of products.
- 5. Discuss the techniques used for the product purification.
- 6. Outline the principles for the final product formulation and finishing operations.

UNIT-I DOWNSTREAM PROCESSING

(9)

Introduction to downstream processing principles characteristics of biomolecules and bioprocesses. Cell disruption for product release – mechanical, enzymatic and chemical methods. Pretreatment and stabilization of bio-products.

UNIT-II PHYSICAL METHODS OF SEPARATION

(9)

Unit operations for solid-liquid separation - filtration and centrifugation, flocculation and sedimentation

UNIT-IIIISOLATION OF PRODUCTS

(9)

Adsorption, liquid-liquid extraction, aqueous two-phase extraction, membrane separation, ultrafiltration and reverse osmosis, dialysis, precipitation of proteins by different methods.

UNIT-IVPRODUCT PURIFICATION

(9)

Chromatography – principles, instruments exchange, size exclusion, hydrophobic chromatographic techniques.

and practice, adsorption, reverse phase, ioninteraction, bio-affinity and pseudo affinity

UNIT-V FINAL PRODUCT FORMULATION AND FINISHING OPERATIONS

(9)

Crystallization: principles, batch crystallizers, process crystallization of proteins; Drying: Principles, heat and mass transfers, dryers description, batch and continuous dryers, freeze and spray dryers in final product formulation.

Total Hours: 45

TEXTBOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|---|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | P.A. Belter, E.L. Cussler And Wei-Houhu | Bioseparations – Downstream Processing For Biotechnology | Wiley Interscience Pub | 1988 |
| 2 | R.O. Jenkins, (Ed.) | Product Recovery In Bioprocess Technology – Biotechnology By Open Learning Series | Butterworth- Heinemann | 1992 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|--|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | J.C. Janson And L. Ryden, (Ed.) | Protein Purification — Principles, High Resolution Methods And Applications | VCH Pub Press | 1989 |
| 2 | R.K. Scopes | Protein Purification – Principles And Practice | Narosa Pub | 1994 |
| 3 | Roger.G . Harrison , Paul Todd , Scott R.Rudge and Demetri P.Petrides | Bioseparation Science and Engineering | Oxford University Press | 2003 |

- To understand the concept of purification by different precipitation process.
- To demonstrate the various methods of extraction process.
- To perform the final product finishing operations.
- To perform the process of centrifugation for cell fractation
- To practice the fractionation of cells and dialysis process.
- To design and select the appropriate techniques for the purification of a bioproduct.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Perform the various methods of precipitation for the protein purification.
- 2. Practice and evaluate the extraction of various products from the given sample.
- 3. Demostrate the finishing operations such as crystallization and drying.
- 4. Execute the process of centrifugation for cell fractation.
- 5. Inspect the purification of diven sample through dialysis.
- 6. Design and develop appropriate techniques for the purification of given enzyme.

Cell fractionation using centrifuge.

Ammonium sulphate precipitation.

Liquid-Liquid extraction.

Solid-Liquid extraction.

Drying of solid by heat source.

Dialysis

Protein Purification by isoelectric point precipitation.

Crystallization.

Purification of α–Amylase from *Bacillus*.

Adsorption Studies.

The students will be directed to do a project work which will be the Phase I if their main project work that will be performed in the eight semester during. Their projects will be evaluated for forty percentages in Continuous Internal Assessment and sixty percentage in End Semester Examination.

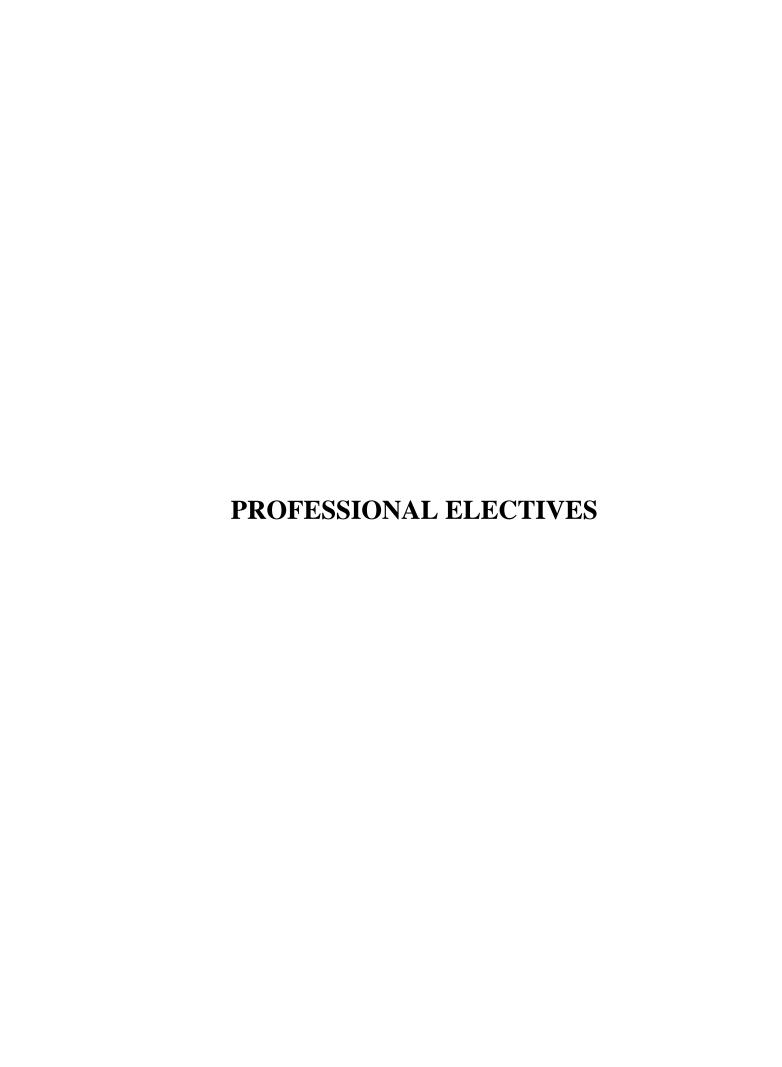
End Semester Examination evaluation will be based on the report submitted by the student after the completion of the project work.

17BTBT891 PROJECT WORK PHASE II AND VIVA-VOCE

0 0 32 16 300

The students will be performing their main project work as a continuation of the Phase I project completed in the seventh semester. Their projects will be evaluated for a total of three hundred marks, out of which one twenty marks will be for Continuous Internal Assessment and one hundred and eighty marks for End Semester Examination.

End Semester Examination evaluation will be based on the report submitted and presentation of his/her work by the student to a panel of evaluators after the completion of the project work.



- To define the basic view of tissue culture techniques.
- To illustrate the breeding of farm animals.
- To propose an opinion on transgenic animal technology.
- To explain the characterization techniques for bacterial and viral diseases in animals.
- To justify the basic concept on recombinant cytokines.
- To discuss the diverse techniques on animal cell culturing and its mechanism.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Identify the different views on tissue culturing.
- 2. Differentiate various breeding farm animals.
- 3. Illustrate the concept behind transgenic animal technology.
- 4. Evaluate the bacterial and viral diseases that attack animals.
- 5. Analyze and categorize the best approach on recombinant cytokines.
- 6. Discuss the diverse techniques on animal cell culturing and its mechanism.

UNIT I ANIMAL CELL CULTURE

(10)

Introduction to basic tissue culture techniques, equipments and instruments in ATC - chemically defined and serum free media - animal cell cultures - maintenance and preservation – various types of cultures; suspension cultures - continuous flow cultures - immobilized cultures – somatic cell fusion - organ cultures.

UNIT II MICROMANIPULATION OF EMBRYOS

(9)

Breeding of farm animals to biopharming - equipments - enrichment of x and y bearing sperms from semen samples - artificial insemination - germ cell manipulations — In vitro fertilization - embryo transfer - micromanipulation technology and breeding of farm animals.

UNIT III TRANSGENIC ANIMALS

(8)

Concepts of transgenic animal technology; strategies for the production of transgenic and knock out animals—significance in biotechnology - stem cell cultures and induced pluoripotent stem cells in the production of transgenic animals.

UNIT IV ANIMAL DISEASES AND THEIR DIAGNOSIS

(9)

Bacterial and viral diseases in animals - monoclonal antibodies - diagnosis - molecular diagnostic techniques; PCR - in-situ hybridization - northern -southern blotting - RFLP.

UNIT VTHERAPY OF ANIMAL DISEASES

(9)

Recombinant cytokines – therapeutic applications of monoclonal antibody, vaccines - DNA, sub unit, cocktail vaccines - gene therapy for animal diseases

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|----------------|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Masters J.R.W | Animal Cell Culture: Practical Approach | Oxford University Press | 2000 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Ranga M.M. | Animal Biotechnology | Agrobios India Limited | 2002 |
| 2 | Ramadass P, Meera Rani S | Text Book Of Animal Biotechnology | Akshara Printers | 1997 |

17BTBT5E02 ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN BIOTECHNOLOGY 3 0 0 3 100

Course Objectives

- To explain basic knowledge on biotech industries in various field.
- To demonstrate the various lab construction through new ventures.
- To construct various parameters of research and development in production of bio based products.
- To explain the case studies of different industries and their strategic planning.
- To outline the basic concepts of IPR and ethics in biotechnology.
- To discuss the different techniques for entrepreneurship in biotechnology.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Summarize the characteristics of different biotechindustries.
- 2. Evaluate the different lab construction through newventures.
- 3. List the various parameters of research and developmental techniques.
- 4. Explain the opportunities to know different industrial strategic plans.
- 5. Recognize basic concepts of IPR and ethics in biobased product production.
- 6. Identify and list different techniques for entrepreneurship in biotechnology.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF BIOTECHNOLOGY INDUSTRIES

(9)

Scope - Biotechnology Industries in India and Abroad - Fundamentals of Biotechnology for biobusiness - Trends and keg issues in Biotechnology and devices industries - Technology basis in industry segment, emerging technologies and technical convergences issues.

UNIT II NEW VENTURE CREATION – ENTREPRENEURSHIP

(9

Plant tissue culture lab construction – Equipment, glassware and chemical requirements - techniques in culturing of plants. Export of tissue cultured plants to aboard – Vermi technology – Mushroom cultivation - single cell protein - Biofertilizer technology - production - Commercialization of R&D-Fermentation technology: Bakery, Dairy products.

UNIT HIPRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

(9)

Beer, wine and ethanol production using different sources— Enzyme: production, purification and characterization - Organic acids (Citric, lactic) production - Antibiotic production - Biogas technology - Azolla cultivation - Product development and project management, transition from R&D to business units. Institute—industry interaction and partnership/ alliances.

UNIT IV BIOBUSINESS PLANS

(9)

Healthcare, the Biomedical Sciences, agriculture and Agrobiotechnology. Transfer and business planning - Bank loan and finance strategy - Budget plan - licensing and Branding Concerns and Opportunities, Policy and regulatory Concerns and Opportunities Financial assistance for R&D

projects and entrepreneurship. Corporate partners marketing – Model project: Case studies of different industries and their strategic planning.

UNIT V INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY, BIOETHICS AND LEGAL ISSUES (9)

Intellectual property rights in Biotech, Patent laws - Bioethics and current legal issues - Marketing and public perceptions in product development — Genetically modified products and organisms (Transgenic products) - Technology licensing and branding concerns.

Total Hours: 45
TEXTBOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|--------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| 1 | Richard Oliver | The coming Biotech age: The business of Biomaterials | McGraw Hill Publications, New York | 1999 |
| 2 | Karthikeyan, S. and Arthur Ruf | Biobusiness | MJP Publications. Chennai, India | 2009 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|----------------------|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | GurinderShahi | BioBusiness in Asia: How countries Can Capitalize on the Life Science Revolution | Pearson Prentice Hall | 2004 |
| 2 | Ruth Ellen Bulger | The ethical dimensions of the Biological sciences | Cambridge University Press | 1993 |

17BTBT5E03 INDUSTRIAL SAFETY AND HAZARDS MANAGEMENT 3 0 0 3 100

Course Objectives

- To explain descriptive views of fire and explosion.
- To illustrate Differentiating relief systems in various explosions.
- To descriminate various hazards and toxicity.
- To evaluate various spills and leakage of liquids.
- To interpret different situations of explosions and toxicity through case studies.
- To discuss the different global and local explosive issues.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Elaborate the concept of fire and explosion.
- 2. Learn and evaluate relief systems in various explosions.
- 3. Explain the hazards and toxicity in various situations.
- 4. Discuss the various spills and leakage preventive measures.
- 5. Identify basic views in different situations of explosions and toxicity.
- 6. Make up perspective techniques and create data on different global and local explosive issues.

UNIT I FIRE AND EXPLOSION

(9)

Introduction-Industrial processes and hazards potential, mechanical electrical, thermal and process hazards. Safety and hazards regulations, Industrial hygiene. Factories Act, 1948 and Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and rules thereof. Shock wave propagation, vapour cloud and boiling liquid expanding vapours explosion (VCE and BLEVE), mechanical and chemical explosion, multiphase reactions, transport effects and global rates.

UNIT II RELIEF SYSTEMS

(9)

Preventive and protective management from fires and explosion-inerting, static electricity passivation, ventilation, and sprinkling, proofing, relief systems – relief valves, flares, scrubbers.

UNIT III TOXICOLOGY

(9)

Hazards identification-toxicity, fire, static electricity, noise and dust concentration; Material safety data sheet, hazards indices- Dow and Mond indices, hazard operability (HAZOP) and hazard analysis (HAZAN).

UNIT IV LEAKS AND LEAKAGES

(9)

Spill and leakage of liquids, vapors, gases and their mixture from storage tanks and equipment; Estimation of leakage/spill rate through hole, pipes and vessel burst; Isothermal and adiabatic flows of gases, spillage and leakage of flashing liquids, pool evaporation and boiling; Release of toxics and dispersion. Naturally buoyant and dense gas dispersion models; Effects of momentum and buoyancy; Mitigation measures for leaks and releases.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES (9)

Flixborough, Bhopal, Texas, ONGC offshore, HPCL Vizag and Jaipur IOC oil-storage depot incident; Oil, natural gas, chlorine and ammonia storage and transportation hazards.

Total Hours:45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Crowl D.A. and Louvar J.F | Chemical Process Safety Fundamentals with Applications | Prentice Hall. | 2001 |
| 2 | Mannan S. | Lee's Loss Prevention in the Process Industries | Butterworth- Heinemann | 2005 |

- To illustrate the origin of developmental biology.
- To explain the basic ideas on specifications of germ layers.
- To list the various functions of vertebrates development by its differentiation.
- To discuss the basic theory of morphogenesis and organogenesis.
- To understand embryogenesis and its functions.
- To discuss the different stages of developmental biology.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Summarize about the cell commitment and differentiation in developmental biology.
- 2. Determine the postulation of germ cells and patterning of vertebrate body plan.
- 3. Express the functions of cell differentiation in vertebrate development.
- 4. Explain the conceptuation behind morphogenesis and organogenesis.
- 5. Describe the various functions and stages in embryogenesis.
- 6. Summarize and predict the different stages of developmental biology.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

(8)

Origins of developmental biology; Concepts in development – Developmental signals in cell division differentiation; Role of gene expression in development; Identifying developmental genes, Cell commitment & differentiation; Determination & induction of cell fate, Concept of morphogen & positional information; Model vertebrate organisms: Mouse, Zebrafish,

Model invertebrate organisms: D. melanogaster, C. elegans, Model plant: A. thaliana

UNIT II GERM CELLS AND PATTERNING THE VERTEBRATE BODY PLAN (9)

Genotypic & phenotypic sex-determination in mammals, *D.melanogaster* and *C.elegans*, Structure & Formation of germ cells, Fertilization; axes & germ layers; Setting up the body axes; the origin & specification of the germ layers.

UNIT III DEVELOPMENT OF VERTEBRATES

(10)

Development of the Drosophila, Nematodes & Cellular Slime Molds: Body Plan; Specification of body axes & role of maternal genes; Polarization of body axes during oogenesis; Patterning, Segmentation- & role of pair-rule genes; cell differentiation and aggregation.

UNIT IV MORPHOGENESIS AND ORGANOGENESIS

(10)

Morphogenesis; Kinds of cleavage & blastulation; Types of tissue movement in gastrulation; Gastrulation in amphibians & mammals; Neural tube formation & neural crest migration; Cell Differentiation & Organogenesis; Models of cell differentiation; Insect imaginal disc &wing development; metamorphosis.

UNIT V EMBRYOGENESIS

(8)

Plant development; Pattern development in early embryogenesis of angiosperms; floral development.

Total Hours:45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Scott F. Gilbert | Developmental Biology | Sinauer Associates, | 2013 |
| 2 | Arumugam. A | Developmental Biology | Saras Publications | 1995 |

- To illustrate the scope and importance of crude drugs.
- To understand the basic ideas on cultivation and utilization of medicinal and aromatic plants.
- To list the various functions of plant tissue culture as asource.
- To label the basic theory of methods of drug evaluation.
- To develop a picture about applications of phytochemicals in industry and healthcare.
- To discuss the different stages of developments in using phytochemicals and medicinal plants.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Summarize about the importance of crude drugs in different medicinal system.
- 2. Determine the modern cultivation techniques through plants.
- 3. Express the functions of plant tissue culturing.
- 4. Be aware of the conceptuation behind various methods for drug evaluation.
- 5. Describe the various functions and application of phytochemicals in different industries.
- 6. Summarize and predict the different stages of developments in using phytochemicals and medicinal plants.

UNIT I CRUDE DRUGS

(9)

Crude Drugs – Scope & Importance, Classification (Taxonomical, Morphological Chemical, Pharmacological); Cultivation, Collection & processing of Crude Drugs. Indian System of medicine: Ayurveda, Siddha and Unani and its significance

UNIT II MEDICINAL & AROMATIC PLANTS

(9)

Cultivation and Utilization of Medicinal & Aromatic Plants in India. Genetics as applied to Medicinal herbs. Modern Biotechnological tools and its influence in Medical and Aromatic plant cultivation.

UNIT IIITISSUE CULTURE OF MEDICINAL PLANTS

(9)

Plant Tissue Culture as source of medicines, Secondary metabolite production in plants; Plant Tissue Culture for enhancing secondary metabolite production (Withaniasomnifera, Rauwolfiaserpentina, Catheranthusroseus, Andrographispaniculata, Dioscorea sp.); Anticancer, Antiinflammatory, Antidiabetic, Analgesicdrugs, Biogenesis of Phytopharmaceuticals.

UNIT IV ANALYSIS OF PHYTOCHEMICALS

(9)

Methods of Drug evaluation (Morphological, Microscopic, Physical & Chemical). Preliminary screening, Assay of Drugs – Biological evaluation / assays, Microbiological methods. Types of Phytochemicals: Glycosides - extraction methods (Aloe); Volatile Oils - extraction methods (Clove); Alkaloids - extraction methods (Cinchona); Flavonoids extraction methods, Resins- extraction methods; Lectins.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF PHYTOCHEMICALS

(9)

Application of phytochemicals in industry and healthcare; Biocides, Biofungicides, Biopesticides. Nutraceuticals and their significance.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | C. K. Kokate, A. | Pharmacognosy | NiraliPrakashan | 1996 |
| | P. Purohit& S. B. | | | |
| | Gokhale | | | |
| 2 | Paul M. Dewick | Natural Products in medicine: | Wiley | 2009 |
| | | A Biosynthetic approach | | |

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Hornok,L. | Cultivation & Processing of | Wiley & | 1992 |
| | | Medicinal Plants | Sons | |
| 2 | Trease& Evans | Pharmacognosy | Harcourt | 1989 |
| | | | Brace & | |
| | | | Company | |

- To explain the gene expression and its regulation.
- To determine the methods for the synthesis of primary metabolites.
- To discuss the procedure for biosynthesis of secondary metabolites.
- To distinguish the features of bioconversion.
- To tell about the regulation of enzyme production.
- To summarize the repressions in enzyme production.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Illustrate the gene expression and its regulation.
- 2. Demonstrate the primary metabolite synthesis.
- 3. Discuss the methods for secondary metabolites production.
- 4. Outline the features of bioconversion.
- 5. Explain the regulation of enzyme production.
- 6. Describe the repressions in enzyme production.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

(9)

Jacob Monod model for gene expression regulation – Lac operon, catabolite regulation – glucose effect cAMP deficiency. Regulation of RNA synthesis by amino acid. Feed back regulation, regulation in branched pathways-differential regulation in isozymes, concerted feedback regulation, cumulative feedback regulation, permeability control: passive diffusion, active transport, group transportation.

UNIT IISYNTHESIS OF PRIMARY METABOLITES

(9)

Alteration of feedback regulation, limiting accumulation of end products, feedback resistant mutants, alteration of permeability for metabolites.

UNIT III BIOSYNTHESIS OF SECONDARY METABOLITES

(9)

Producers of secondary metabolites, Precursor effects, trophophase- idiophase relationship, enzyme induction, feedback regulation, catabolite regulation by passing control of secondary metabolism.

UNIT IV BIOCONVERSIONS

(9)

Advantages of Bioconversions, specificity, yields, factors important for bioconversion, regulation of enzyme synthesis, mutation, permeability, co-metabolism, avoidance of product inhibition, mixed or sequential bioconversions, conversion of insoluble substances.

UNIT VREGULATION OF ENZYME PRODUCTION

(9)

Strain selection, improving fermentation, recognizing growth cycle peak, induction, feedback repression, catabolite repression, mutants resistant to repression, gene dosage.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Peter F. Stanbury, | Principles of Fermentation | Butterworth- | 2005 |
| | Stephen J. Hall & A. | Technology | Heinemann | |
| | Whitaker | | | |
| 2 | G.Stephanopoulos | Metaboli c Engineerin g: | Academicpress | 1998 |
| | , AristosA. Aristidou, | _ | | |
| | Jens Hoiris Nielson | Methodologies | | |

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Wang D.I.C., | Fermentation and Enzyme | JohnWiley and | 1980 |
| | Cooney C.L., | Technology | Sons | |
| | Demain A.L., | | | |
| | Dunnil P., | | | |
| | Humphrey | | | |
| | A.E.,Lilly M.D | | | |
| 2 | Cruger, W and | Biotechnology: A Textbook | Panima | 2003 |
| | Crueger, A | of Industrial | Publishing | |
| | | Microbiology | Corporation | |
| 3 | Zubay,G.L | Principles of Biochemistry | WCB | 1995 |
| | | | Publishers, | |
| | | | London | |

- To explain basic knowledge on genome organization of prokaryotes and eukaryotes.
- To discuss the effects of cytogenetic mapping.
- To construct various methods for gene finding and annotations in functional genomics.
- To explain the effects of various protein level estimation in proteomics
- To understand the different protein analysis techniques.
- To outline the post translational modification and other protein interactions.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Summarize the characteristics of genomic organization of prokaryotes and eukaryotes.
- 2. Evaluate the different physical mapping techniques.
- 3. Discuss the gene findings in functional genomics.
- 4. Explain the protein estimation through different techniques.
- 5. Recognize different protein analysis techniques.
- 6. Identify and list different protein interactions

7.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF GENOMES OF BACTERIA, ARCHAE AND EUKARYOTA (9)

Genome organization of prokaryotes and eukaryotes, gene structure of bacteria, archaebacterial and eukaryotes, Human genome project, Introduction of functional and comparative genomics.

UNIT IIPHYSICAL MAPPING TECHNIQUES

(9)

Cytogenetic mapping, radiation hybrid mapping, Fish, STS mapping, SNP mapping optical mapping, Top down and bottom up approach, linking and jumping of clones, gap closure, pooling strategies, genome sequencing.

UNIT III FUNCTIONAL GENOMICS

(9)

Gene finding; annotation; ORF and functional prediction; Substractive DNA library screening; differential display and representational difference analysis; SAGE.

UNIT IV TECHNIQUES IN PROTEOMICS

(9)

Protein level estimation; Edman protein microsequencing; protein cleavage; 2 D gel electrophoresis; metabolic labeling; detection of proteins on SDS gels.Mass spectrometry- principles of MALDI-TOF; Tandem MS-MS; Peptide mass fingerprinting.

UNIT VPROTEIN PROFILING

(9)

Post translational modification; protein-protein interactions; glycoprotein analysis; phosphor protein analysis.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|----------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Cantor and | Genomics | John Wiley & | 1999 |
| | Smith | | Sons | |
| 2 | Pennington and | Proteomics | BIOS | 2001 |
| | Dunn | | Scientific | |
| | | | Publishers | |
| 3 | T.ABrown | Genomes | Bios Scientific | 2002 |
| | | | Publishers Ltd | |
| 4 | Huntand | FunctionalGenomics | Oxford | 2000 |
| | Livesey | | University press | |

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Liebler | Introduction to Proteomics | Humana | 2002 |
| | | | Press | |
| 2 | Primrose and | Principles of genome analysis | Blackwell | 2003 |
| | Twyman | and genomics | Publishing | |
| | | | Co | |

- To discuss the mass and energy balance.
- To explain the scale up of equipments.
- To describe the scale down of equipments.
- To explain design of equipments.
- To understand the facility design with safety.
- To outline the process economics in biological products production.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Calculate the mass and energy balance.
- 2. Evaluate the scaling up process for equipments.
- 3. Discuss the scale down process for equipments.
- 4. Describe the design of equipments.
- 5. Tell about the facility design in euipmentation.
- 6. Summarize the process economic calculations in plant design.

UNIT I MASS AND ENERGY BALANCE

(9)

Introduction: General design information - Material and energy balance calculations - Process Flow sheeting.

UNIT II SCALE UP AND SCALE DOWN OF EQUIPMENTS

(9)

Heat and Mass Transfer studies: Effect of scale on oxygenation, mixing, sterilization, pH, temperature, inoculum development, nutrient availability and supply. Bioreactor scale-up - constant power consumption per volume, mixing time, impeller tip speed (shear) - mass transfer coefficients. Scale up of downstream processes - Adsorption (LUB method), Chromatography (constant resolution etc.), Filtration (constant resistance etc.) - Centrifugation (equivalent times etc.) - Extractors (geometry based rules) - Scale-down related aspects.

UNIT III DESIGN OF EQUIPMENTS

(9)

Selection of bioprocess equipment (upstream and downstream) - Specifications of bioprocess equipment - Mechanical design of reactors, heat transfer and mass transfer equipment. Design considerations for maintaining sterility of process streams and process equipment - Piping and instrumentation - Materials of construction for bioprocess plants.

UNIT IV FACILITY DESIGN

(9)

Facility design aspects - Utility supply aspects - Equipment cleaning aspects - Culture cell banks - cGMP guidelines - Validation - Safety.

UNIT V ECONOMICS AND CASE STUDY

(9)

Process economics - Case studies. Commodity chemicals and production of pharmaceutical products.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|---|---|---|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Robert H. Perry and Don W. Green (eds.) | Perry's Chemical Engineers' Handbook | McGraw Hill Book Co | 1997 |
| 2 | Shuler M and Kargi F | Bioprocess Engineering: Basic Concepts | Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, NJ | 2002 |
| 3 | Max S. Peters and Klaus, D. Timmerhaus | Plant Design and Economics for Chemical Engineers | McGrawHill Book Co | 1991 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|---|--|--|-------------------------|
| 1 | Coulson J.M. and J. F. Richardson (Eds.) R.K.Sinnott | Chemical Engineering, Volume 6: An Introduction to Chemical Engineering Design | Asian Books Private Limited, New Delhi | 1983 |
| 2 | Joshi M. V. and V.V.Mahajani | Process Equipment Design | Macmillan India Ltd | 2000 |
| 3 | Michael R. Ladisch | Bioseparations Engineering: Principles, Practice and Economics | Wiley | 2001 |

- To define the basic view of infectious diseases in host microbe interactions.
- To illustrate the diverse host defense mechanism and pathogenic strategies.
- To propose an opinion on molecular pathogenesis.
- To explain the characterization techniques for host pathogen interactions.
- To understand the basic concept on modern approaches to control pathogens.
- To explain the diverse pathogens and its controlling measures.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Identify different views on host microbe interactions.
- 2. Differentiate various host defense mechanisms.
- 3. Illustrate the concept behind molecular pathogenesis.
- 4. Evaluating and characterizing host pathogen interactions.
- 5. Analyze and categorize the best approach to control pathogens.
- 6. Explain the diverse pathogens and its controlling measures.

UNIT- I HOST-MICROBE INTERACTIONS

(7)

Normal Flora-Protective role-dyanamic nature, Principles of Infectious diseases-pathogenicity-pathogen types and modes of entry, causes of infectious disease-Koch's postulates molecular postulates-mechanisms of pathogenesis. Epidemiology - principles.

UNIT- II HOST-DEFENSE AGAINST PATHOGENS AND PATHOGENIC STRATEGIES (10) Host

defense: skin, mucosa, cilia, secretions, physical movements, limitation of free iron, antimicrobial compounds, mechanism of killing by humoral and cellular defense mechanisms, complements, inflammation process, general disease symptoms.

UNIT- III MOLECULAR PATHOGENESIS

(10)

Virulence factors - gene regulation in virulence of pathogens - labile & stable toxins; *Vibrio Cholerae* - Cholera toxin -*E.coli* pathogens: - ETEC - EPEC - EHEC - EIEC Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome - Shigella toxin - Plasmodium Life cycle- Antimalarials based on transport processes - Influenza virus - action of amantidine, Molecular pathogenesis of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*.

UNIT- IVEXPERIMENTAL STUDIES ON HOST-PATHOGEN INTERACTIONS (9)

Virulence assays: adherence, invasion, cytopathic, cytotoxic effects. Criteria & tests in identifying virulence factors, attenuated mutants, molecular characterization of virulence factors, signal transduction & host responses.

UNIT-V MODERN APPROACHES TO CONTROL PATHOGENS (9)

Classical approaches based on serotyping. Modern diagnosis based on highly conserved virulence factors, immuno & DNA-based techniques. New therapeutic strategies based on recent findings on molecular pathogenesis of a variety of pathogens, Vaccines - DNA, subunit and cocktail vaccines

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|---|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Eduardo A. Groisman | Principles of Bacterial Pathogenesis | Academic Press, | 2001 |
| 2 | Tizard. | Immunology: An introduction | Cengage Learning | 1994 |
| 3 | Peter Williams, Julian Ketley & George Salmond, | Methods in Microbiology: Bacterial Pathogenesis, | Academic Press | 1998 |
| 4 | Abigali A. Salyers and Dixie D.Whitt, | Bacterial Pathogenesis – A molecular Approach | ASM Press, Washington | 2002 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|---|--|------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Nester, E. W. Anderson, D. G Roberts, C.E. Jr. and Nester, M. T. | Microbiology: A Human Perspective, Fifth Edition | McGraw- Hill, | 2007 |

- To explain the general concepts of pharmacology.
- To discuss the systemic pharmacology with drug action.
- To describe the experimental pharmacology in drug discovery.
- To tell about the general aspects on the pharmacognosy.
- To infer the knowledge on methods and quality control for following pharmacognosy.
- To discuss the protocol for isolation of phytochemicals.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Tell about the basics of paharmacology in drug action.
- 2. Explain the systemic pharmacology.
- 3. Discuss the methods for experimental pharmacology.
- 4. Describe the action of drugs in pharmacognosy.
- 5. Outline the methods for isolation of phytochemicals.
- 6. Understand the characterization of phytochemicals.

UNIT I BASICS OF PHARMACOLOGY

(9)

General concepts of Pharmacology, ADME process, drug action- mechanism, factors affecting drug action. Dose-effect relationship

UNIT II SYSTEMIC PHARMACOLOGY

(9)

Drugs Affecting the Central Nervous System, Cardiovascular and Renal Systems, Immune system, Respiratory System, Gastrointestinal System and Nutrition, Endocrine System, Integumentary system and Eyes/Ears. Drugs affecting uterine motility, Chemotherapy of parasite infections, Chemotherapy of microbial diseases. Antineoplastic agents, Immunomodulators. Drugs acting on blood and blood forming organs

UNIT IIIEXPERIMENTAL PHARMACOLOGY

(9)

Experimental methodologies involved in the discovery of drugs (*in vivo*, *in vitro*, *ex vivo*). Animal handling and animal care. Methods of anaesthetising animals and methods of euthanasia. Restraining and blood collecting methods.

UNITIVPHARMACOGNOSY

(9)

General aspects of sources of natural medicinal products. Marine Pharmacognosy and its applications. General cultivation of medicinal plants, their merits and Demerit -a. General aspects, b. Factors involved, c. Methods used to improve the Quality and d. Pest control. Role of natural pesticides – Preparation and uses.

UNIT V ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PHYTOCHEMICALS (9) General methods and Principles of extraction methods, types of extraction and their merits and demerits. Selection and purification of solvents for extraction, methods of isolation, purification and identification of phytoconstituents.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|--|---|-------------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Bertram G. Katzung | Basic & clinical pharmacology | Mc Graw Hill | 2004 |
| 2 | Richard A. Harvey PhD, Pamela C. Champe | Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews: Pharmacology | Wolters Kluwer | 2008 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|---|----------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | G.E. Trease, W.C. Evans | Pharmacognosy | ELBS | 2002 |
| 2 | Varro E.Tyler, Lynn. R.Brady, James E.Robbers | Pharmacognosy | Lee & Febiger | 1988 |
| 3 | T.E. Wallis | Text Book of Pharmacognosy | CBS Pub | 1985 |

- To explain descriptive properties of seawater.
- To illustrate differentiating marine organisms and their industrial applications.
- To descriminate various pollution controlling marine organisms.
- To evaluate various marine toxins used in pharmaceutical industries.
- To interpret recombinations in marine aquaculture.
- To understand the usage of marine organism for different situations.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Discuss the basic knowledge on biogeochemical cycles.
- 2. Organize and manage marine organism in different industries.
- 3. Organize and manage pollution controlling measures through marine organisms.
- 4. Perceive the basics on combining marine toxins in pharma industries.
- 5. Compile different proteins of marine organism to develop a new variety.
- 6. Explain how to use marine organism for different situations.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MARINE ENVIRONMENT

(9)

World oceans and seas – ocean currents – physical and chemical properties of sea water – abiotic and biotic factors of the sea – ecological divisions of the sea – history of marine biology – biogeochemical cycles – food chain and food web.

UNIT II MARINE ORGANISMS AND THEIR INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS (9)

Phytoplanktons – zooplanktons – nektons – benthos – marine mammals – marine algae – mangroves – coral reefs – algal products, fuels from algae, algal cell culture

UNIT IIIMARINE ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

(9)

Marine pollution – biological indicators (marine micro, algae) – biodegradation & bioremediation – marine fouling and corrosion.

UNIT IVMARINE PHARMACOLOGY

(9)

Medicinal compounds from marine flora and fauna – marine toxins , anti cancer agents, antiviral and antimicrobial agents. Marine Toxins

UNIT V AQUACULTURE TECHNOLOGY

(9)

Importance of coastal aquaculture – marine fishery resources – common fishing crafts and gears – Aqua farm design and construction, transgenic fish.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S. No. | Author (s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|-----------|--|--|--|---------------------|
| 1 | M.Fingerman , R Nagabhushanam | Recent advances in marine biotechnology volume 3 | Mary Frances Thomson | 1999 |
| 2 | M.Fingerman , R Nagabhushanam | Recent advances in marine biotechnology volume 2 | Science publishers | 1999 |
| 3 | E. W. Becker | Microalgae: Biotechnology and Microbiology | Cambridge University Press | 1994 |
| 4 | Jasper S. Lee, Michael E. Newman | Aquaculture: An Introduction | Interstate Publishers, Incorporated | 1992 |

- To identify the basic structural principles of protein.
- To classify the different techniques of mutagenesis in bioimprinting.
- To record the basic notion on enzyme engineering and protein purification.
- To differentiate and organize the distint metagenomics and ecosystem biology.
- To explain the basic theory of protein engineering in industries.
- To examine the problems related to engineering enzymes.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Compare and contrast structural and functional properties of proteins.
- 2. Summarize the diverse techniques of mutagenesis.
- 3. Prioritize diverse methods for protein purification.
- 4. Construct and design the techniques of metagenomics and ecosystem biology.
- 5. Apply the knowledge on applications of protein engineering in industries.

Examine and solve the problems related to engineering enzymes

UNIT- I BASIC STRUCTURAL PRINCIPLES OF PROTEINS (9)

Amino Acids properties (size, solubility, charge, pKa), Kyle-Doolittle (Hydropathy) Index; Peptides as building blocks of proteins; Torsional (dihedral) angles, Ramachandran Plot; Secondary Structures of proteins; Loops – Types and Functions; Biosynthesis and chemical synthesis of Peptides. Lesk, Richardson and Topology Schematics

UNIT- II TECHNIQUES OF MUTAGENESIS

(9)

Rational Design, Non rational design, Mutagenesis library construction- Chemical, Staggered Extension, Random Elongation, Random priming, Error prone PCR, Impact of structure analysis and prediction- structure and modeling, role of biocomputing, denova design, Effect of protein conformation and bioimprinting.

UNIT-IIIENGINEERING ENZYMES

(9)

Engineering stability (*Bacillus subtilis*netural protease, Pseudomonas isoamylase, carbamylase from Agrobacterium radiobacter), specificity and features to ease protein purification, Engineering antibodies- Engineering signal molecules (hormones/ receptors), Engineering protein to facilitate recovery. Affinity purification(Strep-Tag)

Metegenomics and ecosystems Biology- conceptual framework, tools and methods- Analyses of metagenomics, Single gene approach, Targeted partial metagenome sequencing, Analyses of metatranscriptome- Limitation in anlaysing the metatranscriptome- 17s rRNa sequencing and metatranscriptomepyrosequencing, metaproteome-molecular methods to study complex microbial communities, metabolomics- metabolome of an ecosystem and metagenomics. Metabolomics for natural product perception

UNIT-V PROTEIN ENGINEERING IN INDUSTRIES

(9)

Protein engineering for industrial enzymology, Biosensor- chemically engineered electronic protein, genetically fused protein, Gene engineering for molecular networking and protein assembly; molecular bioscreening in oncology- mechanism based drug discovery. Protein engineering in vaccine development.

Total Hours: 45

TEXTBOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|--|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Lilia Alberghina | Protien Engineering in Industrial Biotechnology | Harwood Academic publications | 2005 |
| 2 | P. C. E. Moody and A. J. Wilkinson | Protein Engineering | IRL Press, Oxford | 1990 |
| 3 | Karen E. Nelson | Metagenomics of Human Body | Springer | 2010 |

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | T. E. Creighton | Proteins, Structure and | Freeman W. | 1993 |
| | | Molecular properties | Н & | |
| | | | Company | |
| 2 | C. Branden and | Introduction to Protein | Garland | 1999 |
| | J. Tooze | Structure | Publications | |

- To explain basic knowledge on antigen structure and preparation.
- To discuss the structural and functional principles of antibodies and immunodiagnosis.
- To construct various parameters of B cells and T cells.
- To explain the effects of preparation and storage of tissues in immunopathology.
- To outline the basic concepts of preparations of vaccine in molecular immunology.
- To discuss the different techniques for antigen and antibody synthesis.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Summarize the characteristics of different methods of antigensproduction.
- 2. Evaluate the different structural and functional principles of antibodies and immunodiagnosis.
- 3. List the various parameters of B cells and Tcells.
- 4. Explain the preparation and storage of antibodies and immunodiagnosis.
- 5. Recognize basic concepts of vaccine preparation in molecular immunology.
- 6. Identify and list different techniques for antigen and antibody synthesis.

UNIT I ANTIGENS (7)

Types of antigens, their structure, factors affecting antigenicity, preparation of antigens for raising antibodies, handling of animals, adjuvants and their modeofaction.

UNIT HANTIBODIES & IMMUNODIAGNOSIS

(10)

Monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies – their production and characterization, Westernblotanalysis, Immunoelectrophoresis, SDS-PAGE - purification and synthesis of antigens, ELISA – principle and applications, adioimmunoassay (RIA) - principles and applications, nonisotopic methods of detection of antigens-enhanced chemiluminescence assay.

UNIT III ASSESMENT OF CELL MEDIATED IMMUNITY

(10)

Identification of lymphocytes and their subsets in blood. T cell activation parameters, estimation of cytokines, macrophage activation, macrophage microbicidal assays, in-vitro experimentation – application of the above technology to understand the pathogenesis of infectious diseases.

UNIT IV IMMUNO PATHOLOGY

(9)

Preparation of storage of tissues, identification of various cell types and antigens in tissues, isolation and characterization of cell types from inflammatory sites and infected tissues, functional studies on isolated cells, immune cytochemistry – immuno fluoresecence,immune enzymatic and immuno ferritin techniques, immuno electron microscopy.

UNIT VMOLECULAR IMMUNOLOGY

(9)

Preparation of vaccines, application of recombinant DNA technology for the study of the immune system, production of anti-idiotypic antibodies, catalytic antibodies, application of PCR technology to produce antibodies and other immunological reagents, immuno therapy with genetically engineered antibodies – Tetramer, recombinant vaccines.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Talwar G.P., and | A hand book of practical and | CBS | 1992 |
| | Gupta S.K | clinical immunology (Vol 1&2) | Publications | |
| 2 | WeirD.M | Practical Immunology | Blackwell | 1990 |
| | | | Scientific | |
| | | | Publications, | |
| | | | Oxford | |

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|---------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Austin J.M. and Wood K.J. | Principle of cellular and molecular immunology | Oxford university press | 1993 |

- To explain basic knowledge on soil microbes and its characteristics.
- To demonstrate the effects of xenobiotic compounds.
- To discuss various methods for industrial waste water management.
- To explain the effects of various industrial wastes and to infer basic concepts for its management.
- To outline the natural and engineered bio-treatment methods to remediate the pollutants.
- To discuss the different environmental issues using biotechnology.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Summarize the characteristics of soil microbes and its interactions.
- 2. Evaluate the different xenobiotics present and methods to degrade them.
- 3. Describe the industrial waste management systems.
- 4. List the opportunities in waste treatment industries and its management.
- 5. Recognize natural and engineered biotreament methods to remediate pollutants.
- 6. Identify and list different environmental issues and its remedy.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

(8)

Microbial flora of soil, growth and ecological adaptations of soil microorganisms, interactions among soil microorganisms, biogeochemical role of soil microorganisms.

UNIT II DEGRADATION OF XENOBIOTIC COMPOUNDS

(9)

Aromatics - benzene, pentachlorophenol, Polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) - naphthalene, , Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) hexachloro biphenyl, Pesticides-DDT and Surfactants-LAS

UNIT III INDUSTRIAL WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT

(10)

Wastewater characteristics – physical, chemical and biological, Biological processes - unit operations, aerobic treatment processes, activated sludge process—characteristics of activated sludge and process configuration, anaerobic treatment by methanogenesis

UNIT IVTREATMENT OF INDUSTRIAL WASTES

(9)

Dairy, Paper & Pulp, Textile, leather, hospital and pharmaceutical industrial waste management, e-waste-radioactive and nuclear power waste management.

UNITY DEVELOPMENTS PERTAINING TO ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY (9)

Solid waste management, Role of biosensors in Environmental monitoring, Heavy metal pollution and their control strategies, Prevention of environmental damage with respect to nitrogen fixation, Bioremediation, Production of bioelectricity from microbial fuel cell (MFC), Improvement of water quality by denitrification, Role of biotechnology on agricultural chemical use.

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | BruceE. Rittmann and perry L. Mccarty | Environmental Biotechnology: Principle and Applications | McGraw Hill | 2001 |
| 2 | Mecalf and Eddy | Waste water Engineering: Treatment Disposal Reuse | Mc Graw Hill | 1991 |
| 3 | DesW. Connell, | Basic concepts of Environmental chemistry | Lewis publishers | 2005 |

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Alan Scragg | Environmental Biotechnology | Oxford University press | 2005 |
| 2 | Prescott, Harley, Klein | Microbiology | WCB publishers | 1996 |

- To present basic knowledge about the various cloning vectors and its features.
- To demonstrate the various techniques and enzymes involved in cloning.
- To explain and practice diverse concepts on expression vectors for cloning.
- To practice the basic views on preparation of genomic and cDNA library.
- To identify and organize differeing views on applications of gene cloning in rDNA research.
- To compile the basic concepts of rDNA technology.

Course outcomes

- 1. Compose about basic concepts about the features of cloning vectors.
- 2. Assemble different techniques and enzymes involved in cloning.
- 3. Classify about expression vectors for cloning.
- 4. List the techniques in preparation of genomic and cDNA library.
- 5. Propose knowledge on applications for rDNA research.
- 6. Summarize concepts of rDNA technology.

UNIT I CLONING VECTORS

(9)

Ideal features of cloning vectors – plasmids and bacteriophages – cloning vectors for E.coli; pBR322, pUC vectors, M13 and other plasmid vectors – Cosmids, Phagemids – vectors for Bacillus, Streptomyces Restriction mapping and analysis

UNIT II ENZYMES AND TECHNIQUES FOR CLONING

(9)

DNA modifying enzymes – ligases – Nucleic acid probe preparation; Radioactive and nonradioactive labels – Hybridization techniques – PCR; different types and applications – DNA sequencing – DNA fingerprinting – RFLP, RAPD – chromosome walking.

UNIT HIEXPRESSION VECTORS

(9)

Expression vectors in prokaryotes – Expression vectors in Eukaryotes-Yeast cloning vectors – selectable markers for eukaryotes – SV40, Papilloma, Retrovirus, Baculoviral vectors – mammalian cell expression system – Gene transfer techniques – Agrobacterial plasmids – Ti plasmid and viral vectors – cloning in plants.

UNIT IVGENOMIC AND cDNA LIBRARY

(9)

Different strategies for in vitro and in vivo cloning – Preparation of rDNA, Preparation of cDNA and genomic DNA libraries – screening procedures – linkers, adapters, homopolymer tailing and TA cloning – gene transfer technologies – Mutagenesis – site directed mutagenesis – application.

Fusion protein- down-stream processing of recombinant proteinsApplications in medicine – Gene therapy- Diagnostics, pathogenesis, recombinant vaccines –humanized antibodies and their applications genetically modified food – bioremediation with recombinant micro organisms–forensic science – genetic diversity – Agriculture, crop improvement – production of biosensors, enzymes – safety guidelines in rDNA research – containment and disposal.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Jeremy W. Dale, | From Genes to Genomes: | Wiley- | 2011 |
| | Malcolm von | Concepts and Applications of | Blackwell | |
| | Schantz, Nicholas | DNA Technology | | |
| | Plant | | | |
| 2 | Sandy B. | Principles of Gene | Wiley | 2009 |
| | Primrose and | Manipulation and Genomics | | |
| | Richard Twyman | | | |
| | | | | |
| 3 | Michael R. | Molecular Cloning: A | Cold Spring | 2012 |
| | Green and Joseph | Laboratory Manual | Harbor Press | |
| | Sambrook | | | |
| | | | | |

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|--|---|---------------------------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | T. A. Brown | Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis: An Introduction | Blackwell | 2010 |
| 2 | Jocelyn E. Krebs, Elliott S. Goldstein and Stephen T. Kilpatrick | Lewin's GENES XI | Jones & Bartlett Learning | 2012 |

- To explain the fundamentals of cancer biology
- To understand the principles of carcinogenesis
- To explain the principles of molecular cell biology
- To explain the principles of cancer metastasis
- To outline the different types of cancer therapy.
- To understand the molecular tools for cancer diagnosis.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course students will be able to

- 1. Understand the fundamentals of cancer biology
- 2. Interpret the mechanism of carcinogenesis
- 3. Outline the principles of molecular cellbiology
- 4. Understand the significance of cancer metastasis
- 5. Summarize the different types of cancertherapy
- 6. Recall the molecular tools of cancer diagnosis

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF CANCER BIOLOGY

(8)

Epidemiology of cancer: environmental factors: tobacco, alcohol, diet, occupational exposure, hormones. Regulation of cell cycle, modulation of cell cycle in cancer. Different forms of cancers. Specific type of cancer hepato cellular, melanoma, breast, lung cancer. Genetic basis of cancer- DNA repair. mutations that cause changes in signal molecules, signal switches.

UNIT II PRINCIPLES OF CARCINOGENESIS

(9)

Theory of carcinogenesis, Chemical carcinogenesis, metabolism of carcinogenesis, principles of physical carcinogenesis, x- ray radiation-mechanisms of radiation carcinogenesis.

UNIT HIPRINCIPLES OF MOLECULAR CELL BIOLOGY OF CANCER

(10)

Signal amplification: Current models of signal amplification— Phosphorlyation of protein kinases; regulation of protein kinases: serine threonine kinase, TNF receptor families, tumor suppressor genes, Oncogenes, identification of oncogenes, detection of oncogenes. Oncogenes/proto oncogene activity. Growth factors related to transformation. Telomerases.

UNIT IVPRINCIPLES OF CANCER METASTASIS

(10)

Clinical significances of invasion, heterogeneity of metastatic phenotype, metastatic cascade, basement membrane disruption, three step theory of invasion, proteinases and tumour cell invasion.

UNIT VCANCER THERAPY

(8)

Cancer screening and early detection, Detection using biochemical assays, tumor markers, molecular tools for early diagnosis of cancer. Advances in cancer detection. Different forms of therapy, chemotherapy, radiation therapy, immunotherapy, molecular therapy, use of signal targets towards therapy of cancer; Gene therapy.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|------------------------------------|---|--|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Ian F.Tannock | The Basic Science of Oncology" | McGraw Hill Professional | 2005 |
| 2 | Dunmock. N. J and Primrose S. B | Introduction to modern Virology, | Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford | 1988 |
| 3 | L.M. Franks, N.M. Teich | Introduction to the Cellular an Molecular Biology of Cancer | Oxford Medical Publications | 1991 |
| 4 | Maly B. W. J | Virology a practical approach | IRL press, Oxford | 1987 |
| 5 | Ruddon, R. W. | Cancer Biology | Oxford University Press | 1995 |

- To explain the various cell types and their advances in tissue engineering.
- To demonstrate the various biomaterials for tissue engineering.
- To explain and practice diverse concepts on tissue engineering and tissue creation.
- To discuss the techniques in tissue typing.
- To practice the basic views on gene therepy.
- To identify and organize differeing views on advances on tissue engineering.

Course outcomes

- 1. Compose about basic concepts in tissue engineering
- 2. Assemble different biomaterials for tissue engineering
- 3. Classify about methods for Tissue Engineering.
- 4. List the techniques in tissue typing
- 5. Explain the principles of gene therapy
- 6. Summarize the concepts of tissue engineering in different fields.

UNITIBIOLOGICAL STUDY OF DIFFERENT CELL TYPES

(9)

Cell line, Establishment of cell lines, Different cell types: Endothelial cell, Fibroblast cells, Epithelial cell, Myoblast cells, chromaffin cell, Smooth muscle cells & plasma cell.

UNITII BIOMATERIALS FOR TISSUE ENGINEERING

(9)

Biomaterials: Degradable polymeric scaffolds, Acellular Bio-Matrices, Biological derived polymersin tissue engineering: Natural BD Polymers & Synthetic BD polymers, Cell seeding of scaffolds, Cell source: Allogenic cells, Autologous cells & stem cells. Bioreactors used in tissue engineering: Nail Naughtom's Bioreactor, Pulsatile Bioreactor.

UNITHI TISSUE ENGINEERING AND CONCEPTS OF TISSUE CREATION (9)

Concepts of Tissue Creation: Sources, StemCells, Cells from Tissues, Culture Methods for Tissue Engineering, Maturation of Tissue Construct- Tissue Constructs, Cell therapies, Organ Modules, Cosmetic Measures.

UNIT IV PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE OF GENE THERAPY

(9)

Introduction to gene therapy, Requirements of gene therapy, Genetic defects, Target cells for gene therapy, process of gene therapy, Factors responsible for gene therapy for making effective treatment of genetic disease, Recent developments in gene therapy research, ethical considerations of gene therapy.

UNIT V ADVANCES IN TISSUE ENGINEERING

(9)

Development of artificial tissues; Transplantation biology: Tissue typing, Techniques of tissue typing, Minor histocompatibility antigens, Immuno-suppression, Side effects of immuno- suppression.

TEXT BOOKS

| S. | Author (s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-----|---------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| No. | Name | | | Publication |
| 1 | Bhojwani, S. | Plant Tissue Culture (Theory and | Elseveir | 1996 |
| | S. Razdan, | Practice) | | |
| | M. K. | | | |
| 2 | Ranga, M. M | Animal Biotechnology | Agrobios | 2010 |
| 3 | Watson, J. D. | Recombinant DNA | Scientific American | 1992 |
| | and Gilman, | | Books | |
| | M. | | | |

- To explain descriptive views of clinical practices and its scope.
- To illustrate Differentiating ethical theories and foundations of clinical trials.
- To discuss various evolution and regulation of clinical research.
- To evaluate various designing protocols and amendments of clinical research.
- To interpret different biostatistics and data management.
- To create data on different clinal research.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Elaborate the concept of scope and types of clinal research.
- 2. Evaluate the ethical theories of clinical research.
- 3. Discuss the history and regulation of clinical research.
- 4. Explain the various protocol developments in clinical research.
- 5. Identify basic views in different situations of biostatictics in clinical trials.
- 6. Make up perspective techniques and create data on different clinal research.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO CLINICAL RESEARCH

(9)

Definition, Types and Scope of Clinical Research, Good Clinical Practices - Introduction to study designs and clinical trials - Careers in Clinical Research.

UNIT II ETHICS IN CLINICAL RESEARCH

(9)

Ethical Theories and Foundations, Ethics Review Committee, Ethics and Historically derived principles - Nuremberg Code, Declaration of Helsinki, Belmont Report, Equipoise, Informed consent, Integrity & Misconduct.

UNIT HIREGULATIONS IN CLINICAL RESEARCH

(9)

Evolution and History of Regulations in Clinical Research, Patents US Regulatory Structure, IND, NDA, ANDA, Post Drug Approval Activities, PMS, FDA Audits and Inspections EURegulatory Affairs, EMEA Organization and Function, INDIAN Regulatory system, Schedule Y- Rules and Regulations, Description of trial phases (Phase 0, Phase I, II, III, and IV), Trial contexts (types of trials: pharma, devices, etc.), Trial examples

UNIT IVCLINICAL RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT

Designing of Protocol, CRF, e-CRF, IB, ICF, SOP; Study Protocol -Introduction, background, Objectives Eligibility, Design, Randomization - Intervention details, assessments and data collection, case report forms –Violations -. Amendments. Study/ Trial Design- Phase I designs - Dose-finding designs. Phase II designs - Pilot studies, Single arm, Historical control designs. Phase III designs - Factorial designs, Crossover designs, Multicenter studies, Pilot studies. Phase IV designs- Preparation of a successful clinical study, Study management, Project management Documentation, Monitoring, Audits and Inspections, Pharmacovigilance training in clinical research budgeting in clinical research, Supplies and vendor management.

UNIT V BIOSTATISTICS AND DATA MANAGEMENT (9)

Introduction to Power and Sample Size- Hypothesis testing, P-values, confidence intervals, General power/sample size, estimating effect size, Matching sample size calculations to endpoints. Importance of statistics in clinical research Statistical considerations at the design, analysis and reporting stage Data management - Data collection, Paper or electronic, Parsimony, Data validation, SAE reconciliation, query management Software considerations. Data Monitoring, Trial Conduct - Data quality assurance, Data delinquency, Data Monitoring, d. Trial Conduct, Occurrence and control of variation and bias.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S. No. | Author (s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|-----------|--|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Friedman,L. M., Furberg, C. D. and DeMets, D. L. | Fundamentals of Clinical Trials (4th Edition)" | Springer | 2010 |
| 2 | Machin, D. and Fayers, P | Randomized Clinical Trials: Design, Practice and Reporting | Wiley- Blackwell | 2010 |
| 3 | Piantadosi, S. | Clinical Trials: A Methodologic Perspective | John Wiley & Sons | 2005 |

(9)

- To explain basic knowledge on definition and scope of stem cells.
- To demonstrate the structural and functional principles of in vitro fertilization.
- To discuss the various identification and cell differentiation of somatic stem cells.
- To explain the effects of stem cell in drug discovery and tissue engineering.
- To outline the basic concepts of cellular therapy and gene therapy of stem cells.
- To compile the application of stem cells.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Summarize the characteristics stem cells.
- 2. Evaluate the different structural and functional parameters of invitro fertilization.
- 3. List the properties of adult stem cells in differentiation.
- 4. Explain the uses of stem cells in drug discovery and tissue engineering.
- 5. Recognize various stem cell therapies.
- 6. Summarize the application of stem cells.

UNIT I STEM CELLS AND CELLULAR PEDIGREES

(9)

Scope of stem cells – definition of stem cells – concepts of stem cells – differentiation, maturation , proliferation , pluripolericy, self – maintenance and self – renewal – problems in measuring stem cells – preservation protocols.

UNIT HEMBRYONIC STEMCELLS

(9)

In vitro fertilization –culturing of embryos-isolation of human embryonic stem cells – blastocyst – inner cell mass – growing ES cells in lab – laboratory tests to identify ES cells – stimulation ES cells for differentiation – properties of ES cells.

UNIT HIADULT STEM CELLS

(9)

Somatic stem cells – test for identification of adult stem cells – adult stem cell differentiation – trans differentiation – plasticity – different types of adult stem cells – IPS and cancer stem cells.

UNIT IVSTEM CELL IN DRUG DISCOVERY AND TISSUE ENGINEERING (9)

Target identification – Manipulating differentiation pathways – stem cell therapy Vs cell protection - stem cell in cellular assays for screening – stem cell based drug discovery, drug screening and toxicology, stem cell markers

UNIT V POTENTIAL USES OF STEM CELLS

(9)

Cellular therapies – vaccines – gene therapy – immunotherapy – tissue engineering – blood and bone marrow – Fc cells.

TEXT BOOKS

| S. No. | Author (s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|-----------|--|--|------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | CS Potten | Stem cells | Elsevier | 1997 |
| 2 | Kursad and Turksen | Embryonic Stem cells | Humana Press. | 2002 |
| 3 | Robert Paul Lanza | Essentials of stem cell biology, | O'Reilly | 2006 |
| 4 | Clive Svendensen , Allison D.Ebert. | Encyclopedia of stem cell research vol 1 & 2 | Sage pub | 2008 |

- To explain the variations of renewable and nonrenewable energy and its usage.
- To classify the different sources for the production of biomass and bioenergy.
- To record the basic notion on assorted properties of fuels.
- To design the bioenergy production through agricultural wastes.
- To differentiate and organize the distint agricultural wastes used for bioenergy production.
- To understand the basic theory of bioprocess principles.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Compare and contrast energy use as renewable and non-renewable energy.
- 2. Synthesize the biomass for renewable energy production.
- 3. Prioritize diverse properties of fuels.
- 4. Construct and design the bioenergy production through agricultural wastes.
- 5. Apply the knowledge on downstream processing for bioenergy production.
- 6. Examine and solve the problems related to bioenergy production.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF ENERGY USE

(9)

Fossil fuels - past, present & future, Remedies & alternatives for fossil fuels, Today's energy use, Fossil fuels and environmental impact, Renewable energy source and devices, Solar Energy, wind energy and hydro energy.

UNIT II BIOMASS AND BIO-ENERGY

(9)

Biomass potential - terrestial, aquatic and marine - collection- storage and utilization, Dedicated bioenergy crops, Woody biomass, Liquid biofuels, Synthetic fuels from the biomass, biomass to biofuel conversion, Alcohol production - cellulose degradation.

UNIT III PROPERTIES OF FUELS

(9)

Fuel properties - alcohol, biogas, producer gas, vegetable oil. Combustion - air requirement — Octane and Cetane numbers. Analysis of products of combustion. Fuel blending - fuel efficiency in dual fuel operation, Biogas and producer gas engines.

UNIT IV AGRICULTURAL BIOMASS

(9)

Bioenergy from wastes, agricultural wastes and byproducts - sources and availability, utilisation pattern - as fuel, Biochemical conversion of organic wastes, anaerobic digesters, methane production - sludge treatment - suitability of wastes as fuel.

UNIT V DOWNSTREAM PROCESSING

(9)

Introduction to downstream processing principles, characteristics of biomolcules and bioprocesses. Cell disruption for product release—mechanical, enzymatic and chemical methods, fileration, centrifugation, chromatography, esterification, pyrolysis.

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|-------------|-------------------------------------|---|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Stout. B.A. | Biomass energy | Texas University Press, College Station | 1985 |
| 2 | Chahal.D.S | Food, Feed and Fuel from Biomass | Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. | 1991 |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|---|---|---|-------------------------|
| 1 | Chakraverty, A | Biotechnology and other alternate technologies for utilisation of biomass | Oxford and IBH publising Co., New Delhi | 1993. |
| 2 | Donald. L.Klass and Emert H. George | Fuels from Biomass and wastes | AnnArbo Science Publishers,Inc. Michigan | 1981. |
| 3 | Chavla, O.P | Advances in Biogas Technology | ICAR Pub | 1986 |

- To explain cell disruption techniques.
- To illustrate different chromatographic methods for separation of active components.
- To descriminate separation techniques for analyzing the biological samples.
- To discuss the importance of separation of biomolecules from a mixture..
- To describe the isolation, purification and behavior of biomolecules.
- To understand the basic downstream process for treating the samples.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Discuss the basic knowledge on forensic activities.
- 2. Analyze the forensic criminalities.
- 3. Describe the analysis for the evidences of forensic samples.
- 4. Perceive the procedure for forensic sample analyzing using different assays.
- 5. Compile different properities and functions of digital imaging in forensic.
- 6. Explain the forensic ethics.

UNIT I CELL DISRUPTION

(9)

Mechanical and enzymatic methods of cell disruption, importance of cell disruption in product release, homogenization, ultrasonication, extraction, absorption, adsorption.

UNIT IICHROMATOGRAPHIC METHODS

(9)

Chromatographic methods, paper chromatography, thin layer chromatography, gas chromatography, GLC, HPLC, affinity chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, reverse phase chromatography

UNIT IIISEPARATION TECHNIQUES

(9)

Basic separation techniques: sedimentation, centrifugation, ultra centrifugation, gradient centrifugation, filtration, micro/ ultra filtration, use of membranes (semi permeable) in purification, reverse osmosis. Separation of bioconversion products/ secondary metabolites e.g. Steroids and antibiotics.

UNIT IVPHYSICO-CHEMICAL SEPARATION

(9)

Importance of separation techniques in biotechnology, its scope from research to industry, chemical, physical and biochemical aspects of separation and isolation, purification of biomolecules. Behavior of biomolecules in body fluids

UNIT VDOWN STREAM PROCESSES

(9)

Leaching, crystallization, lyophilzation, drying. Chemistry of extraction, selection of solvent, use of solvent extraction in antibiotic separation, affinity extraction/ chromatography. Industrial applications with examples.

TEXTBOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|---|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | P.A. Belter, E.L. Cussler And Wei-Houhu | Bioseparations – Downstream Processing For Biotechnology | Wiley Interscience Pub | 1988 |
| 2 | R.O. Jenkins, (Ed.) | Product Recovery In Bioprocess Technology – Biotechnology By Open Learning Series | Butterworth- Heinemann | 1992 |

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | R.K. Scopes | Protein Purification – | Narosa Pub | 1994 |
| | | Principles And Practice | | |
| 2 | Roger.G. | Bioseparation | Oxford | 2003 |
| | Harrison, Paul | Science and Engineering | University | |
| | Todd, Scott | | Press | |
| | R.Rudge and | | | |
| | DemetriP.Petrides | | | |
| | | | | |

- To illustrate the modification of biomolecules.
- To describe the chemical reactions of active biomolecules.
- To list the importance and uses of bioconjugate reagents.
- To infer the chemical modifications of enzymes and nucleic acids.
- To tell about the enzyme and nucleic acid conjugation
- To discuss the various applications of bioconjugation of molecules.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Tell about the modifications of common biomolecules.
- 2. Determine the basic chemical reactions for active groups.
- 3. Express the functions ofbioconjugate reagents.
- 4. Summarize the steps for enzyme and nucleic acid modification.
- 5. Describe the protocol for enzyme and nucleic acid conjugation.
- 6. Summarize applications of bioconjugation.

UNIT I FUNCTIONAL TARGETS

(9)

Modification of AminoAcids, Peptides and Proteins Modification of sugars, polysaccharides and glycoconjugates – modification of nucleicacids and oligonucleotides.

UNIT IICHEMISTRY OF ACTIVE GROUPS

(9)

Amine reactive chemical reactions—Thiol reactive chemical reactions—carboxylate reactive chemical reactions – hydroxyl reactive chemical reactions—aldehyde and ketone reactivec hemical reactions – Photoreactivechemicalreactions.

UNIT III BIOCONJUGATE REAGENTS

(9)

Zero length crosslinkers – Homo bifunctional crosslinkers–Hetero bifunctional crosslinkers–Trifunctional crosslinkers – Cleavable reagent systems–tags and probes.

UNIT IV ENZYME AND NUCLEIC ACID MODIFICATION AND CONJUGATION (9)

Properties of common enzymes – Activated enzymes for conjugation – biotinylated enzymes– chemical modification of nucleicacids – biotin labeling of DNA – enzyme conjugation to DNA – Fluorescence of DNA.

UNIT VBIOCONJUGATE APLICATIONS

(9)

Preparation of Hapten - carrier Immunogen conjugates — antibody modification and conjugation — Immunotoxin conjugation techniques—liposome conjugation and derivatives-Colloidal—gold-labeled proteins—modification with synthetic polymers.

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | G.T.Hermanson | Bioconjugate Techniques | AcademicPress | 2013 |

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | RavinNarain | Chemistry of Bioconjugates: | Wiley | 2013 |
| | | Synthesis, Characterization, and | | |
| | | Biomedical Applications | | |

17BTBT8E07 IPR AND ETHICAL ISSSUES IN BIOTECHNOLOGY 3 0 0 3 100

Course Objectives

- To illustrate about the biosafety in biotechnology.
- To explain basic knowledge on Intellectual property rights.
- To rephrase different views on policies of IPR.
- To solve the IPR issues and Bioethics.
- To list and examine about the case studies of copyright and patents.
- To understand the basics of IPR and ethical issues in biotechnology.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Classify the different techniques involved in biosafety in biotechnology based industries.
- 2. Manage and organize the knowledge about the intellectual property rights.
- 3. Label an idea about the policies of IPR.
- 4. Relate about the IPR issues and bioethics.
- 5. Diagnose about the case studies on patents.
- 6. Summarize the basics of IPR and ethical issues in biotechnology.

UNIT I BIOSAFETY

(8)

Biosafety – Biotechnology development in India, Safety issues concerning biotechnological products, governing biosafety, Cartagena protocol on biosafety, Conservation of Biodiversity.

UNIT II INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

(10)

Introduction - Invention and Creativity - Intellectual Property (IP) - Importance - Protection of IPR - Basic types of property (i. Movable Property ii. Immovable Property and iii. Intellectual Property). IP - Patents - Copyrights and related rights - Trade Marks and rights arising from Trademark registration - Definitions - Industrial Designs and Integrated circuits - Protection of Geographical Indications at national and International levels - Application Procedures.

UNIT III IPR – POLICIES

(9)

International convention relating to Intellectual Property - Establishment of WIPO - Mission and Activities -History - General Agreement on Trade and Tariff (GATT). Indian Position Vs WTO and Strategies - Indian IPR legislations - commitments to WTO-Patent Ordinance and the Bill - Draft of a national Intellectual Property Policy - Present against unfair competition.

UNIT IV CASE STUDIES

(9)

Case Studies on - Patents (Basumati rice, curcumin, Neem, etc.) - Copyright and related rights - Trade Marks - Industrial design and Integrated circuits - Geographic indications - Protection against unfair competition.

Trade Secrets, Copy Rights, Farmer's Rights, Plant Breeder's rights; Traditional knowledge and their commercial exploitation and protection. Bioethics – Disease prevention Vs right to privacy, patentability of DNA, pre implantation embryo diagnosis, Engineered organisms into environment, Genetic tests in diagnostics and therapy.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | V.H Heywood.R.T Watson | Global Biodiversity Assessment | Cambridge University Press | 1996 |
| 2 | Brody BA and Engelhardt | Bioethics : Readings and Cases | Prentice John- Wiley and Sons | 2007 |
| 3 | Joshi. R | Biosafety and Bioethics | Isha Books, New Delhi | 2006. |

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|----------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| 1 | Subbaram N.R | Handbook of Indian Patent Law and Practice | S. Viswanathan Printers and Publishers Pvt. Ltd., | 1998. |
| 2 | Sasson A | Biotechnologies and Development | UNESCO Publications, | 1988. |
| 3 | Singh K | Intellectual property rights on Biotechnology | BCIL | 2015 |

- To understand the variations of stoichiometry and kinetics of biochemical operations.
- To classify the different activities of microbes in waste water treatment.
- To record the basic notion on design and evaluation of growth process.
- To differentiate and organize the distint methods for modeling reactors..
- To explain the basic applications of bioreactors.
- To discuss the problems related to biochemical operations in different industries.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Compare and contrast fundamentals and properties of biochemical operations.
- 2. Demonstrate various waste water treatment activities through biological methods.
- 3. Prioritize design and evaluation of growth process in bioreactors.
- 4. Construct and design the methods for modeling bioreactors.
- 5. Apply the knowledge on applications of modeling bioreactors.
- 6. Examine and solve the problems related to biochemical operations in different industries.

UNIT I BIOCHEMICAL OPERATIONS

(8)

Classification of Biochemical operations, fundamentals of biochemical operations, Stoichiometry and Kinetics of Biochemical Operations.

UNIT II REACTORS IN WASTE WATER TREATMENT

(10)

Theory, modeling of ideal suspended Growth Reactors, Modeling Suspended Growth Systems. Aerobic Growth of Heterotrophs in a single Continuous Stirred Tank, Reactor Receiving Soluble Substrate, Multiple Microbial Activities in a Single Continuous Stirred Tank Reactor, Multiple Microbial Activities in Complex Systems, Techniques for Evaluating Kinetics and Stoichiometric parameters.

UNIT IIIPROCESSES IN WASTE WATER TREATMENT

(9)

Applications: Suspended Growth Reactors, Design and Evaluation of Suspended Growth Processes, Activated Sludge, Biological Nutrient Removal, Aerobic – digestion, Anaerobic Processes, Lagoons.

UNIT IVMODELING OF REACTORS

(9)

Theory: Modeling of Ideal Attached Growth Reactors, Bio- film Modeling. Aerobic Growth of Biomass in Packed Towers, Aerobic Growth of Heterotrophs in Rotating Disc Reactors, Fluidized Bed Biological Reactors.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF BIOREACTORS

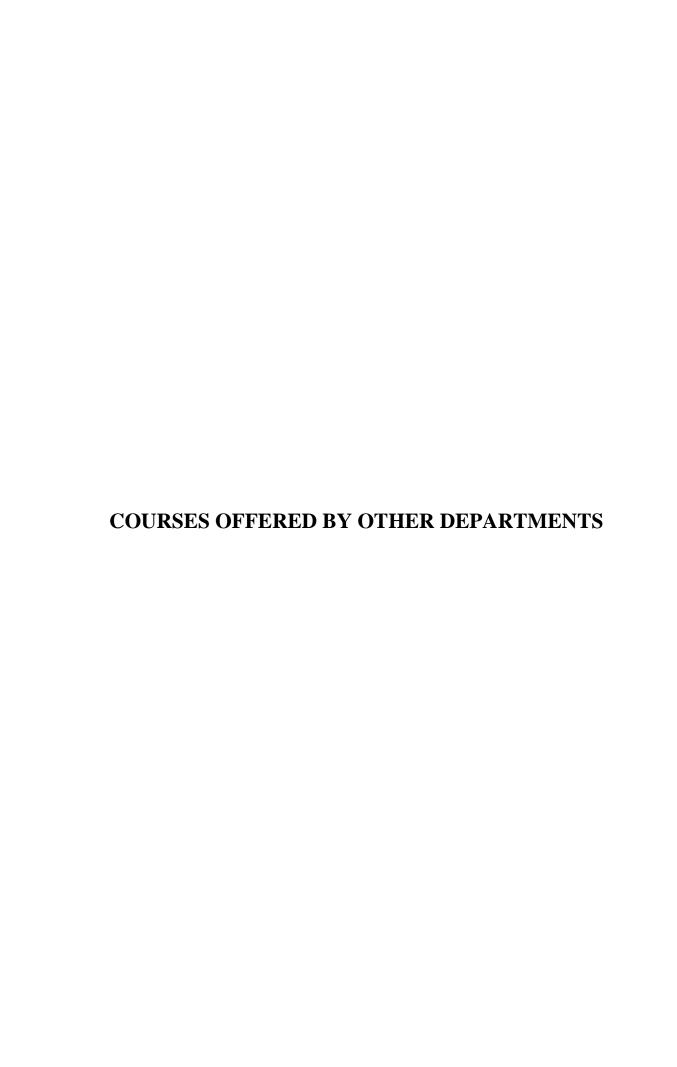
(9)

Attached Growth Reactors, Trickling Filter, Rotating Biological Contactor, Submerged Attached Growth Bioreactors, Future Challenges, Fate and Effects of Xenobiotic Organic Chemicals.

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|--|---|-------------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | M. Henze | Biological Wastewater Treatment: Principles, Modelling and Design | IWA Publishing | 2008 |
| 2 | Graty. C.P.L.Daigger, G and Lim, H.C | Biological Wastewater Treatment | Marcel Dekker | 1998 |

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|-----------|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Mizahi A | Biological Waste Treatment | John Wiley Sons Inc | 1989 |



OPEN ELECTIVES OFFERED BY DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND HUMANITIES

17BTSHOE01

PROBABILITY AND RANDOM PROCESS 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To gain knowledge in measures of central tendency.
- 2. To provide necessary basic concepts in probability and random processes for applications such as random signals, linear systems in communication engineering.
- 3. To understand the basic concepts of probability, one- and two-dimensional random variables and to introduce some standard distributions applicable to engineering which can describe real life phenomenon.
- 4. To understand the basic concepts of random processes which are widely used in IT fields.
- 5. To understand the concept of correlation and spectral densities.
- 6. To make the student to solve Electrical Engineering problems.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Learners acquire skills in handling situations involving more than one random variable and functions of random variables.
- 2. To understand the fundamental knowledge of the concepts of probability and have knowledge of standard distributions which can describe real life phenomenon.
- 3. To understand the basic concepts of one- and two-dimensional random variables and apply in engineering applications.
- 4. To apply the concept random processes in engineering disciplines.
- 5. The students will have an exposure of various distribution functions and help in acquiring skills in handling situations involving more than one variable.
- 6. The students will have an exposure of various distribution functions, correlation and spectral densities.

UNIT- I MEASURES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY AND PROBABILITY

(9)

Measures of central tendency – Mean, Median, Mode - Standard Deviation Probability - Random variable - Axioms of probability - Conditional probability - Total probability - Baye's theorem.

UNIT- II STANDARD DISTRIBUTIONS

(9) Functions of a random variable - Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Exponential, Gamma(one Parameter only) and Normal distributions - Moment generating functions, Characteristic function and their properties - Chebyshev's inequality.

UNIT -III TWO DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES

(9) Joint distributions - Marginal and conditional distributions - Probability mass function - Probability density functions - Covariance - Correlation and regression

UNIT- IVCLASSIFICATION OF RANDOM PROCESS

(9)

Definition and examples - first order, second order, strictly stationary, wide – sense stationary and Ergodic processes - Markov process - Binomial, Poisson and Normal processes - Sine wave process.

UNIT -V CORRELATION AND SPECTRAL DENSITIES

(9) Auto correlation - Cross correlation - Properties - Power spectral density - Cross spectral density - Properties - Wiener-Khintchine relation - Relationship between cross power spectrum and cross correlation function - Linear time invariant system - System transfer function - Linear systems with random inputs - Auto correlation and cross correlation functions of input and output.

Total: 45

TEXT BOOK:

| S. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|-----|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| NO. | NAME | BOOK | | PUBLICATION |
| 1 | Peebles Jr, P.Z | Probability Random | Tata McGraw-Hill | 2002 |
| | | Variables and | Pubishers, New Delhi. | |
| | | Random Signal | | |
| | | Principles | | |

REFERENCES:

| S. NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATIO N |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| 1 | Ross, S | A first Course in Probability | Pearson Education, New Delhi (Chap 2 to 8) | 2012 |
| 2 | Gupta, S.C. and Kapoor, V.K | Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics | Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi. | 2014 |
| 3 | Veerarajan,T. | Probabilitiy, Statistics and Random process | Tata McGraw-Hill Education pvt. Ltd., New Delhi | 2008 |
| 4 | Henry Stark and John W. Woods | Probability and Random Processes with Applications to Signal Processing | Pearson Education, Third edition, Delhi | 2002 |

WEBSITES:

www.cut-theknot.org/probability.shtml www.mathcentre.ac.uk www.mathworld. Wolfram.com

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Be able to understand basic knowledge of fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic
- 2. Be able to apply basic knowledge of fuzzy operations.
- 3. To know the basic definitions of fuzzy relations
- 4. Be able to apply basic fuzzy inference and approximate reasoning
- 5. To know the applications of fuzzy Technology.
- 6. To applyfuzzy logic control to real time systems

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. To gain the main subject of fuzzy sets.
- 2. To understand the concept of fuzziness involved in various systems and fuzzy set theory.
- 3. To gain the methods of fuzzy logic.
- 4. To comprehend the concepts of fuzzy relations.
- 5. To analyze the application of fuzzy logic control to real time systems.
- 6. The Engineers will have an exposure on various topics such as fuzzy algebra, fuzzy theory and fuzzy technology.

UNIT I FUZZY SETS

(9)

Fuzzy Sets: Basics Classical sets vs Fuzzy Sets – Need for fuzzy sets – Definition and Mathematical representations – Level Sets – Fuzzy functions - Zadeh's Extension Principle

UNIT II OPERATIONS ON FUZZY SETS

(9)

Operations on Fuzzy Sets Operations on [0,1] – Fuzzy negation, triangular norms, tconorms, fuzzy implications, Aggregation Operations, Fuzzy Functional Equations

UNIT III FUZZY RELATIONS

(9)

Fuzzy Relations Fuzzy Binary and n-ary relations – composition of fuzzy relations – Fuzzy Equivalence Relations – Fuzzy Compatibility Relations – Fuzzy Relational Equations

UNIT IV FUZZY MEASURES

(9)

Possibility Theory Fuzzy Measures – Evidence Theory – Necessity and Belief Measures – Probability Measures vs Possibility Measures

UNIT V FUZZY INFERENCE

(9)

Approximate Reasoning Fuzzy Decision Making - Fuzzy Relational Inference - Compositional rule of Inference - Efficiency of Inference - Hierarchical

Total: 45

TEXT BOOK:

| S. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|-----|----------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| NO. | | THE BOOK | | PUBLICATION |
| 1 | George J Klir and Bo | Fuzzy Sets and | Prentice Hall of India, New | 2003 |
| | Yuan | Fuzzy Logic: | Delhi. | |
| | | Theory and | | |
| | | Applications | | |

REFERENCES:

| S. NO. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-----------|--|---|--|------------------------|
| 1 | Zimmermann H.J. | Fuzzy Set Theory and its Applications | Kluwer Academic publishers, USA. | 2001 |
| 2 | Michal Baczynski and Balasubramaniam Jayaram | Fuzzy Implications | Springer-Verlag publishers, Heidelberg | 2008 |
| 3 | Kevin M Passino and Stephen Yurkovich | Fuzzy Control | Addison Wesley Longman publishers, USA | 1998 |

WEBSITES:

www.mathcentre.ac.uk

www.mathworld. Wolfram.com

www.calvin.edu/~pribeiro/othrlnks/Fuzzy/fuzzysets.htm

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To introduce the basic concepts of vector space
- 2. To know the fundamentals of linear Algebra
- 3. To solve system of linear equations
- 4. To study about the linear transformations
- 5. To introduce the concepts of inner product spaces
- 6. To understand the concept of Linear Algebra and its applications.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. To explain the fundamental concepts of advanced algebra and their role in modern mathematics and applied contexts.
- 2. To describe the fundamental concepts of Eigen values and Eigen vectors by using Power method.
- 3. To apply the fundamental concepts in their respective engineering fields
- 4. To visualize linear transformations as matrix form
- 5. To recognize the underlying theory of vector spaces over a field and inner product spaces over real or complex numbers
- 6. To articulate the importance of Linear Algebra and its applications in branches of Mathematics.

UNIT I VECTOR SPACES

(9)

General vector spaces, real vector spaces, Euclidean n-space, subspaces, linear independence, basis and dimension, row space, column space and null space,

UNIT II EIGEN VALUES AND EIGEN VECTORS

(9)

Eigen values and Eigen vectors - Diagonalization - Power method - QR decomposition

UNIT III SYSTEM OF LINEAR EQUATIONS

(9)

Direct methods, Gauss elimination method, Gauss Jordan method, Crout's method, iterative methods, Gauss-Jacobi method, Gauss-Seidel method, convergence criteria.

UNIT IV LINEAR TRANSFORMATIONS

(9)

Linear Transformations - The Null Space and Range - Isomorphisms - Matrix Representation of Linear Transformations - Similarity - Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors Eigen values and Eigenvectors - Diagonalization

UNIT V INNER PRODUCT SPACES

(9)

The Dot Product on Rⁿ and Inner Product Spaces - Orthonormal Bases - Orthogonal Complements - Application : Least Squares Approximation - Diagonalization of Symmetric M - Application: Quadratic Forms

Total: 45

TEXT BOOKS:

| S. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|-----|----------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| NO. | NAME | | | PUBLICATION |
| 1 | Kreyszig,E | Advanced Engineering | John Wiley & | 2014 |
| | | Mathematics | Sons, New Delhi. | |
| | | | | |
| 2 | Shahnaz Bathul | Text book of Engineering | PHI Publications, | 2009 |
| | | Mathematics(Special | New Delhi. | |
| | | Functions and Complex | | |
| | | Variables) | | |

REFERENCES:

| S. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|-----|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| NO. | NAME | BOOK | | PUBLICATION |
| 1 | Kreyszig,E | Advanced | John Wiley & Sons, | 2014 |
| | | Engineering | New Delhi. | |
| | | Mathematics | | |
| 2 | Anton and | Elementary Linear | Wiley India Edition, | 2012 |
| | Rorres | Algebra, | New Delhi. | |
| | | Applications | | |
| | | version | | |
| 3 | Jim Defranza, | Introduction to | Tata McGraw-Hill, | 2008 |
| | Daniel Gagliardi | Linear Algebra | New Delhi. | |
| | | with Application | | |

WEBSITES:

www.sosmath.com www.nptel.ac.in www.mathworld.wolfram.com

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To disseminate the fundamentals of acoustic waves.
- 2. To inculcate the characteristics of radiation and reception of acoustic waves.
- 3. To divulge knowledge on the basics of pipe resonators and filters.
- 4. To introduce the features of architectural acoustics.
- 5. To impart the basic knowledge of transducers and receivers.
- 6. Toapply the knowledge inputs of the course for core engineering.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Develop the idea of the fundamentals of acoustic waves.
- 2. Apply the concepts of radiation and reception of acoustic waves.
- 3. Explain the basic ideas of pipe resonators and filters.
- 4. Illustrate the basics of architectural acoustics.
- 5. Illustrate the transducers and receivers and its applications in various electronic devices.
- 6. Apply the knowledge inputs of the course for engineering applications.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

(9)

Acoustics waves – Linear wave equation – sound in fluids – Harmonic plane waves - Acoustics intensity – Specific acoustic impedance – spherical waves – Describer scales. Reflection and Transmission: Transmission from one fluid to another normal and oblique incidence –method of images.

UNIT IIRADIATION AND RECEPTION OF ACOUSTIC WAVES

(9)

Radiation from a pulsating sphere – Acoustic reciprocity – continuous line source radiation impedance Fundamental properties of transducers. Absorption and attenuation of sound. Absorption from viscosity – complex sound speed and absorption – classical absorption coefficient

UNIT III PIPES RESONATORS AND FILTERS

(9)

Resonance in pipes - standing wave pattern absorption of sound in pipes - long wavelength limit - Helmoltz resonator - acoustic impedance - reflection and transmission of waves in pipe - acoustic filters - low pass, high pass and band pass. Noise, Signal detection, Hearing and speech. Noise, spectrum level and band level - combing band levels and tones - detecting signals in noise - fundamental properties of hearing - loudness level and loudness - pitch and frequency - voice.

UNIT IV ARCHITECTURAL ACOUSTICS

(9)

Sound in endosure - A simple model for the growth of sound in a room - reverberation time - Sabine, sound absorption materials - measurement of the acoustic output of sound sources in live rooms - acoustics factor in architectural design.

Environmental Acoustics: Highway noise – noise induced hearing loss – noise and architectural design specification and measurement of some isolation design of portions.

UNIT V TRANSDUCTION

(9)

Transducer as an electives network – canonical equation for the two simple transducers transmitters – moving coil loud speaker – horn loud speaker, receivers – condenser – microphone – moving coil electrodynamics microphone piezoelectric microphone – calibration of receivers

TEXT BOOK:

| S.No. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-------|---|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Lawerence E.Kinsler, Austin R.Frey, | Fundamentals of Acoustics | John Wiley & Sons | 2000 |

REFERENCE:

| S.No. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|-------|----------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| | NAME | BOOK | | PUBLICATION |
| 1 | F. | Master Handbook of | McGraw Hill | 2014 |
| | AltonEverest & | Acoustics | Professional | |
| | Ken Pohlmann | | | |

WEBSITES:

www.acousticalsociety.org www.acoustics-engineering.com www.nptel.ac.in

www. ocw.mit.edu

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To make the students conversant with basics of Solid wastes and its classification.
- 2. To make the student acquire sound knowledge of different treatments of solid wastes.
- 3. To acquaint the student with concepts of waste disposals.
- 4. To develop an understanding of the basic concepts of Hazardous waste managements.
- 5. To acquaint the students with the basics of energy generation from waste materials.
- 6. To understand the chemical principles in the projects undertaken in field of engineering and technology

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Outline the basic principles of Solid waste and separation of wastes (K).
- 2. Identify the concepts of treatment of solid wastes (S).
- 3. Identify the methods of wastes disposals. (S)
- 4. Examine the level of Hazardousness and its management. (S)
- 5. Examine the possible of the energy production using waste materials. (S)
- 6. Integrate the chemical principles in the projects undertaken in field of engineering and technology (A).

UNIT I SOLID WASTE (9) Physical, Chemical and Biological Property – Collection – Transfer

Stations – Waste Minimization and Recycling of Municipal Waste

UNIT II WASTE TREATMENT

(9)

Size Reduction – Aerobic Composting – Incineration – batch type and continuous flow type, Medical/Pharmaceutical Waste Incineration – Environmental Impacts – Measures of Mitigate Environmental Effects due to Incineration

UNIT IIIWASTE DISPOSAL

(9)

Sanitary Land Fill Method of Solid Waste Disposal – Land Fill Classfication, Types, Methods & Siting Consideration – Layout & Preliminary Design of Land Fills – Composition, Characteristics generation, Movement and Control of Landfill Leachate & Gases – Environmental Monitoring System for Land Fill Gases, Waste landfill Remediation

UNIT IV HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

(9)

Definition & Identification of Hazardous Waste – Sources and Nature of Hazardous Waste – Impact on Environment – Hazardous Waste Control – Minimization and Recycling -Assessment of Hazardous Waste Sites – Disposal of Hazardous Waste, Underground Storage Tanks Construction, Installation & Closure, Remediaiton, risk assessment.

UNIT V ENERGY GENERATION FROM WASTE

(9)

Thermal conversion Technologies – Pyrolysis systems, Combustion systems, Gasification systems, Environment control systems, Energy recovery systems. Biological & Chemical conversion technologies – Aerobic composting, low solids. Anaerobic digestion, high solids anaerobic digestion, Energy production from biological conversion products, other biological transformation processes. Chemical transformation processes.

Total: 45

TEXT BOOK:

| S. No. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-----------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| 1. | Dara.S.S,Mishra.D.D | A Text book of | S.Chand and | 2011 |
| | | Environmental Chemistry | Company Ltd., New | |
| | | and Pollution Control | Delhi. | |

REFERENCES:

| S. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|-----|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| No. | NAME | | | PUBLICATION |
| 1. | Naomi B. Klinghoffer | Waste to Energy | Woodhead | 2013 |
| | and Marco J. Castaldi | Conversion Technology | Publishing Ltd., | |
| | | (Woodhead Publishing | Cambridge, UK | |
| | | Series in Energy) | | |
| | | | | |
| 2. | Frank Kreith, George | Hand Book of Solid Waste | McGraw Hill | 2002 |
| | Tchobanoglous | Management- 2 nd edition | Publishing Ltd., | |
| | | | Newyork | |
| 3. | Shah, L Kanti | Basics of Solid & | Prentice Hall (P) | 1999 |
| | | Hazardous Waste | Ltd., | |
| | | Management Technology | New Delhi. | |

WEBSITES:

- 1.www.iitk.ac.in/3inetwork/html/reports/IIR2006/Solid_Waste.
- 2.http://www.unep.or.jp/ietc/ESTdir/Pub/MSW/
- 3.www.alternative-energy-news.info/technology/garbage-energy/

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To make the students conversant about the green chemistry
- 2. To make the student acquire sound knowledge of the atom efficient process and synthesis elaborately.
- 3. To acquaint the student with concepts of green technology.
- 4. To develop an understanding of the basic concepts of renewable energy resources.
- 5. To acquaint the students with the basic's information on catalysis.
- 6. To apply the concepts of green catalysts in the synthesis

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Outline the basic principles of green chemistry (K).
- 2. Examine the different atom efficient process and synthesis elaborately (S).
- 3. Apply the concepts combustion of green technology (S).
- 4. Identify and apply the concepts of renewable energy (S).
- 5. Apply the concepts of green catalysts in the synthesis (S).
- 6. Integrate the chemical principles in the projects undertaken in field of engineering and technology (A)

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO GREEN CHEMICAL PRINCIPLES

Definition, tools, and twelve principles of green chemistry, solvent-less reactions and reactions in water, microwaves and fluorous solvents, green resolution of racemic mixtures, materials for a sustainable economy, chemistry of longer wear, agrochemicals: problems and green alternate solutions.

UNIT II ATOM EFFICIENT PROCESSES

(9)

(9)

Atom efficient processes, evaluating chemical reagents according to their yield and atom efficiency, examples of efficient stoichiometric and catalytic processes, atom economy and homogeneous catalysis, halide-free synthesis and alternatives to Strecker synthesis.

UNIT III BIOTECHNOLOGY AND GREEN CHEMISTRY

(9)

Bio technology and its applications in environmental protection-Bio informatics-Bio remediation, biological purification of contaminated air. Green chemistry for clean technology-Significance of green chemistry-Basic components of green chemistry, Industrial applications of green chemistry, green fuels-e-green propellants and bio catalysts.

UNIT IV RENEWABLE RESOURCES

(9)

Use of renewable materials, evaluating feedstock and starting materials and their origins, toxicity, sustainability and the downstream implications of the choice of feedstock, commodity chemicals from glucose and biomass conversion.

UNIT V CATALYSIS IN GREEN CHEMISTRY

(9)

Catalysis, energy requirements and usage, optimization of the reaction by minimizing the energy requirements, examples of efficient catalytic reactions including the use of heterogeneous catalysis, zeolites, oxidation using molecular oxygen.

TEXT BOOKS:

| S. No. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-----------|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. | Sanjay K. Sharma, Ackmez Mudhoo | Green Chemistry for Environmental Sustainability | CRC Press , London | 2010 |
| 2. | Ahluwalia V. K. and M.Kidwai | New Trends in Green Chemistry 2 ^{IIII} edition | Anamaya publishers., New Delhi. | 2007 |

REFERENCES:

| S. No. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-----------|--|---|---|------------------------|
| 1. | Dr. Sunita Ratan | A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry | S.K. Kataria and Sons., New Delhi. | 2012 |
| 2. | Mukesh Doble. Ken Rollins, Anil Kumar | Green Chemistry and Engineering, 1 st edition | Academic Press, Elesevier., New Delhi. | 2007 |
| 3. | Desai K. R. | Green Chemistry | Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai. | 2005 |
| 4. | Matlack A. S. | Introduction to Green Chemistry | Marcel Dekker: New York | 2001 |

WEBSITES:

http://www.organic-chemistry.org/topics/green-chemistry.shtm

 $2. \underline{http://www.essentialchemicalindustry.org/processes/green-chemistry.html\\$

http://www.chm.bris.ac.uk/webprojects2004/vickery/green_solvents.htm

http://www.epa.gov/research/greenchemistry/

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To get the information on electrochemical material.
- 2. To study about the conducting polymers.
- 3. To acquaint the student with concepts of Energy storage devices.
- 4. To gain knowledge on the batteries and power sources.
- 5. To develop energy storage devices.
- 6. To understand the chemical principles in the projects undertaken in field of engineering.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Outline the basic principles of chemistry in **electrochemical material** (**K**).
- 2. Examine the properties of conducting polymers (S).
- 3. Apply the concepts of electrochemistry in storage devices. (S)
- 4. Identify the concepts of storage devices and its applications. (S)
- 5. Apply the suitable materials for the manufacturing of storage devices. (S)
- 6. Integrate the chemical principles in the projects undertaken in field of engineering and technology (A)

UNIT I METAL FINISHING

(9)

Fundamental principles, surface preparation-Electroplating of copper, nickel, chromium, zinc and precious metals (gold & silver)- Electroplating for electronic industry- Alloy plating, brass plating-Electro less plating of nickel- anodizing – Electroforming – Electro winning.

UNIT II CONDUCTING POLYMERS AND ELECTROCHEMICALS (9)

lectropolymerisation- anodic and cathodic polymerization-effect of reaction parameters on the course of the reaction- Electrochemical preparation of conducting polymers- poly acetylene- Electrolytic production of perchlorates and manganese dioxide- Electro organic chemicals- constant current electrolysis.

UNIT IIIBATTERIES AND POWER SOURCES-I

(9)

Principles of energy conservation- electrochemical energy conservation- thermodynamic reversibility, Gibbs equation. EMF- battery terminology, energy and power density- Properties of anodes, cathodes, electrolytes and separators- Types of electrolytes.

UNIT IVBATTERIES AND POWER SOURCES-II

(9)

Primary batteries- Dry Leclanche cells, alkaline primary batteries, Lithium batteries, Lithium ion batteries- construction, characteristics, problems associated with system- Secondary batteries- Lead acid, nickel cadmium- Fuel cells- Introduction, types of fuel cells, advantages.

UNIT V ELECTROCHEMICAL MATERIAL SCIENCE

(9)

Solar cells- Preparation of CdS/Cu₂S solar cells by screen printing techniques and their characteristics - Amorphous silicon solar cells - Photo electrochemical cells(PEC) for conversion of light energy to electrical energy - PEC cells based on Cd/Se and Ga/As characteristics.

Total: 45

TEXT BOOKS:

| S. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|-----|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| No. | NAME | BOOK | | PUBLICATION |
| 1. | Cynthia G. Zoski | Hand Book of | Academic Press, | 2007 |
| | | Electrochemistry | Elesevier., UK | |
| 2. | D.Pletcher and F.C.Walsh | Industrial Electrochemistry | Chapman and Hall, London | 1990 |

REFERENCES:

| S. No. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-----------|----------------------------|---|--|------------------------|
| 1. | M. Barak | Electrochemical Power Sources | I.EEE series, Peter Peregrinius Ltd, Steverage, U.K. | 1997 |
| 2. | Bruno Scrosati | Applications of Electroactive Polymers | Chapman & Hall, London | 1993 |
| 3. | K.L. Chopra and I. Kaur | Thin Film Devices and their Application | Plenum Press, New York. | 1983 |
| 4. | M.M.Baizer | Organic Electrochemistry | Dekker Inc. New York | 1983 |

WEBSITES:

http://www.anoplate.com/finishes/

http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/electric/battery.html

http://inventors.about.com/od/sstartinventions/a/solar_cell.htm

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To make the students conversant with **cement and lime** and its uses.
- 2. To make the student acquire sound knowledge of abrasives and refractories.
- 3. To acquaint the student with concepts of inorganic chemicals.
- 4. To develop an understanding of the basic concepts**explosives**.
- 5. To acquaint the students with the basics of **agriculture chemicals**.
- 6. To understand the chemical principles in the projects undertaken in field of engineering.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Outline the basic chemistry of **cement and lime (K).**
- 2. Examine the uses of abrasives and refractories (S).
- 3. Identify the usage of the inorganic chemicals. (S)
- 4. Identify the concepts of explosives and smoke screens (S).
- 5. Identify the usage of the **agriculture** chemicals (S).
- 6. Integrate the chemical principles in the projects undertaken in field of engineering and technology (A).

UNIT ICEMENT AND LIME

(9)

Manufacture of Portland cement – settling of hardening of portland cement – regauging cement – effect of fineness on setting and hardening – freezing – high early strength cement – high alumina cement Lime – raw materials- manufacture – slaking – lime mortar – types of lime – high – calcium or fat lime – calcium lime or lean lime – magnesian lime – dolomitic lime – hydraulic lime.

UNIT II ABRASIVES AND REFRACTORIES (9) Abrasives – hard abrasives – siliceous abrasives – soft abrasives – artificial abrasives – uses.

Refractories – definition – classification – acid refractories – basic refractories – neutral refractories – properties – uses.

UNIT IIIINORGANIC CHEMICALS

(9)

Common salt and soda ash – manufacture – different grades – products – alkalis – Na₂CO₃, caustic soda and chlor-alkali industry – manufacture principles of electrolytic process – chlorine – storage. Hydrochloric acid – manufacture – absorption – uses, sulphur and sulphuric acid – extraction of sulphur – manufacture of H₂SO₄ – chamber – contact processes – industrial uses.

UNIT IV EXPLOSIVES

(9)

Explosives – uses – properties and tests – explosives for war – nitrocellulose – picric acid and T.N.T. – industrial explosives – nitroglycerin and dynamites – black powder – smoke screens – incendiaries – gas mask.

UNIT V AGRICULTURE CHEMICALS

(9)

Fertilizers – organic and inorganic – ammoniated superphosphates, sodium nitrate, solid pellets – potassium salts – pesticides – fungicides – herbicides – their preparations and characteristics – environmental impacts.

TEXT BOOKS:

| S. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|-----|-------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| No. | NAME | | | PUBLICATION |
| 1. | Harikrishan | Industrial Chemistry | Goel Publishing House, | 2014 |
| | | | Meerut. | |
| 2. | B.K. Sharma | Industrial Chemistry | Goel Publishing House, | 2000 |
| | | _ | Meerut. | |

REFERENCES:

| S. No. | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-----------|-------------------------------|---|--|------------------------|
| 1. | B.N.Chakrabarty | Industrial Chemistry | Oxford and IBH Publishing CO. New Delhi. | 1998 |
| 2. | James A. Kent | Hand Book of Industrial Chemistry, 9 th edition | Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York. | 1992 |
| 3. | R.N. Sherve | Chemical Process Industries | McGraw-Hill, Kugakuisha Ltd., Tokyo. | 1984 |
| 4. | S.D. Shukla and G.N. Pandy | A Text book of Chemical Technology | Vikas Publishing House (P) Ltd, New Delhi. | 1979 |

WEBSITES:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cement

http://www.hon.ch/HONselect/Selection/D01.html

http://fas.org/man/dod-101/navy/docs/fun/part12.htm

http://toxics.usgs.gov/topics/agchemicals.html

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Develop abilities to write technically and expressively.
- 2. Recognize writing as a constructive, meaningful process.
- 3. Practice using reading strategies for effective writing.
- 4. Design effective technical documents for both print and digital media.
- 5. Identify the qualities of good technical writing.
- 6. To enrich their reading ability for effective writing.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Construct simple sentences, correct common grammatical errors in written English.
- 2. Develop confidence in English language by imbibing lexical and syntax rules.
- 3. Enrich their reading ability for effective writing.
- 4. Elevate them to minimize word, sentence, and paragraph length without sacrificing clarity or substance
- 5. Familiarize with basic technical writing concepts and terms, such as audience analysis, jargon, format, visuals, and presentation.
- 6. Demonstrate the basic components of definitions, descriptions, process explanations, and other common forms of technical writing.

UNIT – I BASICS OF WRITING

Introduction to Technical Writing – Importance of Writing – Characteristics of Writing – Audience Recognition/ Analysis – Appropriateness of language — Conciseness and Flow – Bias free and plain writing – Impersonal and Formal Language -Techniques of Technical Writing – Overcoming writer's block – Prioritizing for effective writing – Avoiding plagiarism.

UNIT – 2 PARAGRAPHS AND ESSAYS

Expressing Ideas – Paragraph construction – Cohesion and Coherence – Adequate development – Kinds of paragraphs – Writing drafts – Paragraph length and pattern – Types of Essays – Characteristics of Essays – Salient point of sentence constructions.

UNIT – 3 LETTERS, MEMOS AND EMAIL

Formal written correspondence – Types of messages – Business letters – Structure of letters – Language in letters – Tense in letters – Cover letters – Resumes – Curriculum vitae – Memos – Emails – Email Etiquette – Effectiveness and purpose.

UNIT – 4 THE ART OF CONDENSATION AND TECHNICAL PROPOSALS

Steps to Effective précis writing – Guidelines – Technical Proposals – Types of Proposals – Characteristics – Body of the Proposals – Style and appearance – Evaluation of proposals – Proof Reading – Book /Film Review – Travelogue – Dialogue Writing.

UNIT – 5 REPORTS AND RESEARCH ARTICLES

Discussion of newspaper articles -Objectives of Reports - Characteristics of Reports - Structure of Reports - Types of Reports - Writing an article - Writing research articles - Essential features of Dissertation - Organizing the structure of thesis and articles - Writing technical description.

TEXT BOOKS:

| S.NO | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|------|-----------------|------------------|-----------|-------------|
| | NAME | ВООК | | PUBLICATION |
| 1 | V.N. Arora & | Improve Your | OUP | 2014 |
| | Lakshmi Chandra | Writing: Revised | | |
| | | First Edition | | |

REFERENCES:

| S.NO | AUTHOR(S) NAME | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Crème, P. and M. | Writing at University: | OUP | 2003 |
| 1 | Lea. | A guide for students. | 001 | 2003 |
| 2 | Graham King | Collins Improve Your | Collins; First edition | 2009 |
| 2 | Granam King | Writing | Comms, Prist Cutton | 2007 |
| 3 | David Morley | The Cambridge Intro. | Cambridge | 2008 |
| | | To Creative Writing | | |

WEBSITES:

http://www.stevepavlina.com/blog/2006/08/10-ways-to-improve-your-technical-skills/ http://www.nyu.edu/classes/keefer/brain/net2.html https://www.udemy.com/technical-writing-and-editing/ http://techwhirl.com/what-is-technical-writing/

OPEN ELECTIVES OFFERED BY DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To study concepts of Internet, IP addresses and protocols
- To explain the concept of web page development through HTML
- To introduce the PERL and explore its current strengths and Weaknesses
- To write working Java code to demonstrate the use of applets for client-side programming
- To study Internet telephony and various multimedia applications
- To Elaborate on the principles of web page development

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- Learn the advanced concepts& techniques of Internet and Java.
- Analyze the requirements for and create and implement the principles of web page development
- Understand the concepts of PERL
- Implement client-side programming using java applets
- Generate internet telephony based upon advanced concepts
- Develop applications on internet programming based on java applets and scripts

UNIT I Introduction

(9)

Introduction - Network of Networks, Intranet, Extranet and Internet. World Wide Web- Domain and Sub domain, Address Resolution, DNS, Telnet, FTP, HTTP. TCP/IP- Features, Segment, Three-Way Handshaking, Flow Control, Error Control, Congestion control, IP Datagram, IPv4 and IPv6. IP Subnetting and addressing- Classful and Classless Addressing, Subnetting

UNIT IIHTML (9)

Introduction, Editors, Elements, Attributes, Heading, Paragraph. Formatting, Link, Head, Table, List, Block, Layout, CSS. Form, Iframe, Colors, Colorname, Colorvalue. Image Maps- map, area, attributes of image area- Extensible Markup Language (XML)- Introduction, Tree, Syntax, Elements, Attributes, Validation, Viewing. XHTML in brief. CGI Scripts- Introduction- Environment Variable, GET and POST Methods.

UNIT HIPERL (9)

Introduction, Variable, Condition, Loop, Array, Implementing data structure, Hash, String, Regular Expression, File handling, I/O handling- JavaScript- Basics, Statements, comments, variable, comparison, condition, switch, loop, break. Object – string, array, Boolean, reg-ex. Function, Errors, Validation. Cookies- Definition of cookies, Create and Store a cookie with example. Java Applets-Container Class, Components, Applet Life Cycle, Update method, Applications.

UNIT IVClient-Server programming

(9)

Client-Server programming In Java - Java Socket, Java RMI. Threats - Malicious code-viruses, Trojan horses, worms; eavesdropping, spoofing, modification, denial of service attacks- Network security techniques- Password and Authentication - VPN, IP Security, security in electronic transaction, Secure Socket Layer (SSL), Secure Shell (SSH). Firewall- Introduction, Packet filtering, Stateful, Application layer, Proxy.

Introduction, VoIP- Multimedia Applications- Multimedia over IP: RSVP, RTP, RTCP and RTSP-Streaming media, Codec and Plugins, IPTV- Search Engine and Web Crawler- Definition, Meta data, Web Crawler, Indexing, Page rank, overview of SEO.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS:

Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel and Abby Deitel, "Internet and World Wide Web-How to Program", 5th Edition, 2011.

Web Technology: A Developer's Perspective, N.P. Gopalan and J. Akilandeswari, PHI Learning, Delhi, 2013.

REFERENCES:

Rahul Banerjee, Internetworking Technologies, An Engineering Perspective, PHI Learning, Delhi, 2011.

Robert W. Sebesta, "Programming the World Wide Web", Pearson Education, 2016

17BECSOE02

MULTIMEDIA AND ANIMATION

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To impart the fundamental concepts of Computer Animation and Multimedia
- To study the graphic techniques and algorithms using flash
- Explain various concepts available in 3D animation
- Explain various devices available for animation
- To study the multimedia concepts and various I/O technologies for concept development
- To understand the three-dimensional graphics and their transformations

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- Develop their creativity using animation and multimedia
- Understand the concepts of Flash and able to develop animation using it
- Understand about various latest interactive 3D animation concepts
- Know the various devices and software available in motion capture
- Understand the concept development process
- Develop an interactive multimedia presentation by using multimedia devices and identify theoretical
 and practical aspects in designing multimedia applications surrounding the emergence of multimedia
 technology.

UNIT I Introduction (9)

What is mean by Animation – Why we need Animation – History of Animation – Uses of Animation – Types of Animation – Principles of Animation – Some Techniques of Animation – Animation on the WEB – 3D Animation – Special Effects - Creating Animation.

UNIT II Creating Animation in Flash

(9)

Introduction to Flash Animation – Introduction to Flash – Working with the Timeline and Frame-based Animation - Working with the Timeline and Tween-based Animation – Understanding Layers - Action script.

UNIT III 3D Animation & its Concepts

(9)

Types of 3D Animation – Skeleton & Kinetic 3D Animation – Texturing & Lighting of 3D Animation – 3D Camera Tracking – Applications & Software of 3D Animation.

UNIT IV Motion Caption

(9)

Formats – Methods – Usages – Expression – Motion Capture Software's – Script Animation Usage – Different Language of Script Animation Among the Software.

UNIT V Concept Development

(9)

Story Developing – Audio & Video – Color Model – Device Independent Color Model – Gamma and Gamma Correction - Production Budgets- 3D Animated Movies.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOK:

Computer Graphics, Multimedia and Animation-Malay K. Pakhira,PHI Learning PVT Ltd,2010

REFERENCES:

Principles of Multimedia – Ranjan Parekh, 2007, TMH. (Unit I, Unit V)

Multimedia Technologies – Ashok Banerji, Ananda Mohan Ghosh – McGraw Hill Publication.

Encyclopedia of Multimedia and Animations-Pankaj Dhaka, Anmol Publications-2011

PC HARDWARE AND TROUBLE SHOOTING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To study the basic parts of computer in detail
- Introduce various peripheral devices available for computer and its detailed working concepts
- Overview of various interfaces and other hardware overview
- Assemble/setup and upgrade personal computer systems and discuss about power supplies and the skills to trouble-shoot various power-related problems.
- To study basic concepts and methods in troubleshooting
- To study the installation/connectionand maintenance of computer and its associated peripherals.

COURSE OUTCOME:

Upon completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- Identify the main components for the PC, familiarize themselves with PC memories such as RAM and ROM devices and so on.
- Identify various peripheral devices available and its working
- Understand various concepts of hardware and its interface and control
- Perform basic installation of PC. Importance of maintenance is understood
- Understand Various faults and failures are identified and troubleshooting in detail
- Understand overall PC hardware, interfacing, maintenance and troubleshooting

UNIT I Introduction (9)

Introduction - Computer Organization - Number Systems and Codes - Memory - ALU - CU - Instruction prefetch - Interrupts - I/O Techniques - Device Controllers - Error Detection Techniques - Microprocessor - Personal Computer Concepts - Advanced System Concepts - Microcomputer Concepts - OS - Multitasking and Multiprogramming - Virtual Memory - Cache Memory - Modern PC and User.

UNIT II Peripheral Devices

(9)

Introduction – Keyboard – CRT Display Monitor – Printer – Magnetic Storage Devices – FDD – HDD – Special Types of Disk Drives – Mouse and Trackball – Modem – Fax-Modem – CD ROM Drive – Scanner – Digital Camera – DVD – Special Peripherals.

UNIT IIIPC Hardware Overview

(9)

Introduction – Hardware BIOS DOS Interaction – The PC family – PC hardware – Inside the System Box – Motherboard Logic – Memory Space – Peripheral Interfaces and Controllers – Keyboard Interface – CRT Display interface – FDC – HDC.

UNIT IV Installation and Preventive Maintenance

(9)

Introduction – system configuration – pre installation planning – Installation practice – routine checks – PC Assembling and integration – BIOS setup – Engineering versions and compatibility – preventive maintenance – DOS – Virus – Data Recovery.

Introduction – computer faults – Nature of faults – Types of faults – Diagnostic programs and tools – Microprocessor and Firmware – Programmable LSI's – Bus Faults – Faults Elimination process – Systematic Troubleshooting – Symptoms observation and analysis – fault diagnosis – fault rectification – Troubleshooting levels – FDD, HDD, CD ROM Problems.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOK:

B. Govindarajalu, "IBM PC Clones Hardware, Troubleshooting and Maintenance", 2/E, TMH, 2002.

REFERENCES:

Peter Abel, Niyaz Nizamuddin, "IMB PC Assembly Language and Programming", Pearson Education, 2007 Scott Mueller, "Repairing PC's", PHI, 1992

 \mathbf{C}

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand Object Oriented Programming concepts and basic characteristics of Java
- To know the principles of packages, inheritance and interfaces
- To define exceptions and use I/O streams
- To develop a java application with threads, generics classes and swings
- To explain the need for generic programming
- To design and build simple Graphical User Interfaces

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Develop Java programs using OOP principles
- Develop Java programs with the concepts of inheritance and interfaces
- Build Java applications using exceptions and I/O streams
- Develop Java applications with threads and generics classes and swings
- Understand various aspects for motivation of generic programming
- Develop various interactive Java programs using OOP concepts of Java

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO JAVA

(9)

Object oriented programming concepts – objects – classes – methods and messages –abstraction and encapsulation – inheritance – abstract classes – polymorphism.- Objects and classes in Java – defining classes – methods - access specifiers – static members –constructors – finalize method

UNIT II PACKAGES

(9)

Arrays – Strings - Packages – Java-Doc comments — Inheritance – class hierarchy – polymorphism – dynamic binding – final keyword – abstract classes

UNIT III I/O STREAMS

(9)

The Object class – Reflection – interfaces – object cloning – inner classes – proxies - I/O Streams - Graphics programming – Frame – Components – working with 2D shapes.

UNIT IV EXCEPTION HANDLING

(9)

Basics of event handling – event handlers – adapter classes – actions – mouse events – AWT event hierarchy – introduction to Swing – Model-View-Controller design pattern –buttons – layout management – Swing Components – exception handling – exception hierarchy – throwing and catching exceptions.

Motivation for generic programming – generic classes – generic methods – generic code and virtual machine – inheritance and generics – reflection and generics - Multi-threaded programming – interrupting threads – thread states – thread properties – thread synchronization – Executors – synchronizers.

TEXT BOOK:

Cay S. Horstmann and Gary Cornell Core Java: Volume I – Fundamentals Sun Microsystems Press 2008

REFERENCES:

K. Arnold and J. Gosling The JAVA programming language Third edition, Pearson Education, 2009

Timothy Budd Understanding Object-oriented programming with Java Updated Edition, Pearson Education 2002

C. Thomas Wu An introduction to Object-oriented programming with Java Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing company Ltd., 2008

WEBSITES:

http://elvis.rowan.edu/~kay/cpp/vc6_tutorial/

http://www.winprog.org/tutorial/msvc.html

http://www.tutorialized.com/tutorials/Visual-C/1

http://www.freeprogrammingresources.com/visualcpp.html

LIST OF OPEN ELECTIVES OFFERED BY ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

Course Objectives

- To understand the basic concepts of electric hybrid vehicle.
- To gain the knowledge about electric propulsion unit.
- To gain the concept of Hybrid Electric Drive-Trains.
- To gain the different Energy Management Strategies.
- To study about the effciency manipulation in drives
- To understand and gain the knowledge about various energy storage devices

Course Outcomes:

- Summarize the basic concepts in bioprocess Engineering.
- Explain the concept of Hybrid Electric Vehicles.
- Understand the concept of Hybrid Electric Drive-Trains.
- Identify the different Energy Management Strategies.
- Understand the concept of different Energy Storage devices.
- Analyze the different motor drives used in Hybrid Electric Vehicles.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

History of hybrid and electric vehicles, social and environmental importance of hybrid and electric vehicles, impact of modern drive-trains on energy supplies.

UNIT II HYBRID ELECTRIC DRIVE-TRAINS

q

Basic concept of hybrid traction, introduction to various hybrid drive-train topologies, power flow control in hybrid drive-train topologies, fuel efficiency analysis.

UNIT IIIELECTRIC PROPULSION UNIT

9

Introduction to electric components used in hybrid and electric vehicles, Configuration and control of DC Motor drives, Configuration and control of Induction Motor drives, configuration and control of Permanent Magnet Motor drives, Configuration and control of Switch Reluctance Motor drives, drive system efficiency.

UNIT IV ENERGY STORAGE

9

Introduction to Energy Storage Requirements in Hybrid and Electric Vehicles, Battery based energy storage and its analysis, Fuel Cell based energy storage and its analysis, Super Capacitor based energy storage and its analysis, Flywheel based energy storage and its analysis, Hybridization of different energy storage devices.

UNIT VENERGY MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

g

Introduction to energy management strategies used in hybrid and electric vehicles, classification of different energy management strategies, comparison of different energy management strategies, implementation issues of energy management strategies.

TOTAL: 45 HOURS

TEXT BOOK

| S. No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the Book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|--------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Iqbal Hussein | Vehicles: Design | CRC Press – 2 nd edition | 2010 |
| | | Fundamentals | | |

REFERENCES

| S. No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the Book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|--------|-------------------------------|--|---|------------------------|
| 1 | Yimi Gao, | Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design | Standards media – 2 ^{nu} edition | 2009 |
| 2 | James Larminie, John Lowry | Electric Vehicle Technology Explained | Wiley – 2 nd edition | 2012 |

17BEEEOE02 ENERGY MANAGEMENT AND ENERGY AUDITING 3 0 0 3

Course Objectives:

- To gain the knowledge about energy management.
- To understand the basic concepts in economic analysis in energy management.
- To understand the basic principles of energy audit.
- To gain the knowledge about the basic concept of types of Energy Audit
- To gain and Evaluate the different energy efficient motors
- Understand the concept of Energy conservation.
- To study about the behaviour changes of PF requirement in motor currents

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- Understand the concept of Energy Management.
- Analyze the different methods for economic analysis
- Knowledge about the basic concept of Energy Audit and types.
- Evaluate the different energy efficient motors
- Understand the concept of Energy conservation.
- Investigate the different methods to improve power factor.

UNIT I ENERGY MANAGEMENT

q

Principles of energy management, organizing energy management program, initiating, planning, controlling, promoting, monitoring, reporting –Energy Auditor and Energy Manager – Eligibility, Qualification and functions - Questionnaire and check list for top management.

UNIT II ECONOMIC ASPECTS AND ANALYSIS

9

Economics analysis – Depreciation Methods, time value of money, rate of return, present worth method, replacement analysis, life cycle costing analysis - Calculation of simple payback method, net present worth method.

UNIT III BASIC PRINCIPLES OF ENERGY AUDIT

9

Energy audit – definition, concept, type of audit, energy index, cost index, pie charts, Sankey diagrams, load profiles, Energy conservation schemes – Energy audit of industries – energy saving potential, energy audit of process industry, thermal power station, building energy audit.

UNIT IV ENERGY EFFICIENT MOTORS

9

Electric Motors: Factors affecting efficiency - Energy efficient motors - constructional details, characteristics - voltage variation —over motoring — motor energy audit-

Energy conservation: Importance-energy saving measures in DG set-fans and blowers pumps- air conditioning system- energy efficient transformers.

UNIT V POWER FACTOR IMPROVEMENT, LIGHTING AND ENERGY INSTRUMENTS

9

Power factor - methods of improvement, location of capacitors, p.f with non linear loads, effect of harmonics on p.f,- p.f motor controllers –Energy efficient lighting system design and practice- lighting control– Measuring Instruments – wattmeter, data loggers, thermocouples, pyrometers, lux meters, tong testers, application of PLCs.

TOTAL: 45 HOURS

TEXT BOOK

| S. No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the Book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|--------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Murphy W.R. and G.Mckay Butte | l Energy Management | Heinemann Publications | 2007 |
| | worth | | Fuoncations | |

REFERENCES

| S. No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the Book | Publisher | Year of |
|--------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| | | | | Publication |
| 1 | John.C.Andreas | Energy Efficient Electric | Marcel Dekker Inc Ltd | 2005 |
| | | Motors | – 3rd edition | |
| 2 | W.C.Turner Steve | Energy Management | Lulu Enterprises, Inc | 2013 |
| | Doty | Handbook | 8th Edition Volume II | |

17BEEEOE03 PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLER L T P C 3 0 0 3

Course Objectives

- To understand the basic principles of PLC systems.
- To gain the knowledge about data handling functions.
- To gain the knowlege of storage techniques in PLC
- To acquire the knowledge about how to handle the data and functions
- To study about flo charts of ladder and spray process system
- To understand the principles of PID.

Course Outcome

- At the end of the course the student will be able to understand the registers and functions in PLC and they are able to do the program.
- To acquire the knowlege of storage techniques in PLC
- Students know how to handle the data and functions
- Students known about advanced controller in PLC applications
- Students gather real time industrail application of PLC
- Students gathered and evaluate the flow charts of ladder and spray process system

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

PLC Basics PLC system, I/O modules and interfacing CPU processor programming equipment Programming formats, construction of PLC ladder diagrams, devices connected to I/O modules.

UNIT II PLC PROGRAMMING

n

PLC Programming input instructions, outputs, operational procedures, programming examples using contacts and coils. Drill-press operation. Digital logic gates programming in the Boolean algebra system, conversion examples Ladder diagrams for process control Ladder diagrams and sequence listings, ladder diagram construction and flow chart for spray process system.

UNIT III REGISTERS AND PLC FUNCTIONS

9

PLC Registers: Characteristics of Registers module addressing holding registers input registers, output registers. PLC Functions Timer functions and industrial applications counters counter function industrial applications, Architecture functions, Number comparison functions, number conversion functions.

UNIT IV DATA HANDLING FUNCTIONS

9

Data handling functions: SKIP, Master control Relay Jump Move FIFO, FAL, ONS, CLR and Sweep functions and their applications. Bit Pattern and changing a bit shift register, sequence functions and applications, controlling of two axes and three axis Robots with PLC, Matrix functions.

UNIT V PID PRINCIPLES

9

Analog PLC operation: Analog modules and systems Analog signal processing multi bit data processing , analog output application examples, PID principles position indicator with PID control, PID modules, PID tuning, PID functions

TOTAL: 45 HOURS

TEXT BOOKS

| S. No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the Book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|-----------|----------------------|--|-----------|------------------------|
| 1 | JR Hackworth and F.D | Programmable Logic Controllers – Programming Method and | Pearson | 2006 |
| | Hackworth – Jr | Applications | | |

REFERENCES

| S. | Author(s) Name | Title of the Book | Publisher | Year of |
|-----|----------------|--|-------------------------------|-------------|
| No. | | | | Publication |
| 1 | John Webb and | Programmable Logic Controllers | Fifth edition, PHI | 2004 |
| | Ronald A Reiss | Principle and Applications | | |
| 2 | W.Bolton | Programmable Logic controller | Elsevier Newnes | 2009 |
| | | | Publications, 5 th | |
| | | | Edition | |

WEBSITE

 $\underline{\text{http://www.mikroe.com/old/books/plcbook/chapter1/chapter1.htm,-}}\ Introduction\ to\ programmable\ Logic\ controller$

Course Objectives

- To gain the knowledge about environmental aspects of energy utilization.
- To understand the basic principles of wind energy conversion, solar cells, photovoltaic conversion.
- To understand the basic principles fuel cell, Geo thermal power plants.
- To gain the knowledge about hydro energy.
- To study about solar energy collectors and its storages
- To study about the inter connected system in wind power

Course Outcomes

At the end of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to

- Analyze the Energy Scenario in india
- Understand the concept of Solar Energy
- Understand the concept of Wind Energy
- Understand the concept of Hydro Energy
- Analyze the different energy sources
- Students gathered the real time inter connected system modelling in wind power

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

q

Energy scenario - Different types of Renewable Energy Sources - Environmental aspects of energy utilization - Energy Conservation and Energy Efficiency - Needs and Advantages, Energy Conservation Act 2003.

UNIT II SOLAR ENERGY

Q

Introduction to solar energy: solar radiation, availability, measurement and estimation—Solar thermal conversion devices and storage—solar cells and photovoltaic conversion—PV systems—MPPT. Applications of PV Systems—solar energy collectors and storage.

UNIT III WIND ENERGY

9

Introduction – Basic principles of wind energy conversion- components of wind energy conversion system - site selection consideration – basic–Types of wind machines. Schemes for electric generation – generator control, load control, energy storage – applications of wind energy – Inter connected systems.

UNIT IV HYDRO ENERGY

9

Hydropower, classification of hydro power, Turbine selection, Ocean energy resources, ocean energy routes. Principles of ocean thermal energy conversion systems, ocean thermal power plants. Principles of ocean wave energy conversion and tidal energy conversion.

UNIT V OTHER SOURCES

9

Bio energy and types –Fuel cell, Geo-thermal power plants; Magneto-hydro-dynamic (MHD) energy conversion.

TOTAL: 45 HOURS

TEXT BOOKS

| S. | No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the Book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|----|-----|----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| | 1 | Rai.G.D | Non-conventional sources of energy | Khanna publishers | 2011 |
| | 2 | Khan.B.H | Non-Conventional Energy Resources | The McGraw Hills, Second edition | 2009 |

REFERENCES

| S. No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the Book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|--------|--------------------------------------|--|--|------------------------|
| 1 | Rao.S. & Parulekar | Energy Technology | Khanna publishers, Eleventh Reprint | 2013 |
| 2 | Godfrey Boyl | Renewable Energy: Power sustainable future | Oxford University Press, Third edition | 2012 |
| 3 | John W Twidell and Anthony D Weir | Renewable Energy Resources | Taylor and Francis – 3 rd edition | 2015 |

WEBSITES

www.energycentral.com www.catelelectricpowerinfo.com

| | OPEN ELECTIVES OFFERED BY | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| ELECTRONICS AND COM | MUNICATION ENGINEERING TO OTHER | DEPARTMENTS |
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Course Objectives

- To introduce students to the embedded systems, its hardware and software.
- To introduce devices and buses used for embedded networking.
- To study about task management
- To learn about semaphore management and message passing
- To study about memory management
- To imparts knowledge on

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Understand overview of embedded systems architecture
- Acquire knowledge on embedded system, its hardware and software.
- Gain knowledge on overview of Operating system
- Discuss about task Management
- Gain knowledge about semaphore management and message passing.
- Gain knowledge about memory management.

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEM

Introduction- Embedded systems description, definition, design considerations &requirements-Overview of Embedded SystemArchitecture (CISC and RISC)-Categories of Embedded Systems-embedded processor selection &tradeoffs- Embedded design life cycle -Product specifications-hardware / software partitioning- iterations and implementation- hardware software integration – product testing techniques—ARM7.

UNIT-II OPERATING SYSTEM OVERVIEW

Introduction—AdvantageandDisadvantageofUsingRTOS—Multitasking—Tasks-RealTimeKernels — Scheduler- Non-Preemptive Kernels — Preemptive Kernels — Reentrancy- ReentrantFunctions—Round Robin Scheduling- Task Priorities- Static Priorities— Mutual Exclusion—Deadlock—Inter task Communication—Message Mailboxes—Message Queues- Interrupts- TaskManagement—Memory Management—Time Management—Clock Ticks.

UNIT-III TASK MANAGEMENT

Introduction- μ C/OS-II Features-Goals of μ C/OS-II-Hardware and Software Architecture–Kernel Structures: Tasks–Task States–Task Scheduling–Idle Task–Statistics Task–Interrupts Under μ C/OS-II –Clock Tick- μ C/OS- II Initialization. Task Management: Creating Tasks–Task Stacks–StackChecking–Task's Priority–Suspending Task–Resuming Task. Time Management: Delaying a Task–Resuming a Delayed Task–System Time. Event Control Blocks-Placing a Task in the ECB Wait List–Removing a Task from an ECB wait List.

UNIT-IV SEMAPHORE MANAGEMENT AND MESSAGE PASSING

Semaphore Management: Semaphore Management Overview— Signaling a Semaphore. MessageMailbox Management: Creating a Mailbox—Deleting Mailbox—Waiting for a Message box—Sending Message to a Mailbox—Status of Mailbox. Message Queue Management: Creating Message Queue—Deleting a Message Queue—Waiting for a Message Queue—Sending Message to a Queue—Flushing a Queue.

UNIT-V MEMORY MANAGEMENT

Memory Management: Memory Control Blocks—Creating Partition-Obtaining a Memory Block—Returning a Memory Block. Getting Started with C/OS-II—Installing C/OS-II—Porting C/OS-II: Development Tools—Directories and Files—Testing a Port -IAR Workbench with C/OS-II- μ C/OS-II Porting on a 8051CPU—Implementation of Multitasking- Implementation of Scheduling and Rescheduling—Analyze the Multichannel ADC with help of μ C/OS-II.

TEXT BOOKS:

| S.NO. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of publication |
|-------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| 1 | JeanJ. Labrosse | Micro C/OS–II The Real Time Kernel | CMPBOOKS | 2009 |
| 2 | David Seal | ARM Architecture Reference Manual. | Addison-Wesley | 2008 |
| 3 | Steve Furbe, | ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, | Addison-Wesley Professional, California | 2000 |

REFERENCES:

| S.NO. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of publication |
|-------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | K.V.K.K.Prasad | Embedded Real-Time Systems: Concepts, Design & Programming | Dream Tech Press | 2005 |
| 2 | Sriram V Iyer, Pankaj Gupta | Embedded Real Time Systems Programming | Tata Mc Graw Hill | 2004 |

Course Objectives

- To study about various speakers and microphone
- To learn the fundamental of television systems and standards
- To learn the process of audio recording and reproduction
- To study various telephone networks
- To discuss about the working of home appliances
- To familiarize with TV services like ISDN.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Understand working of various type of loud speakers
- Acquire knowledge on various types of picture tubes
- Demonstrate the working of various optical recording systems
- Distinguish various standards for color TV system
- Acquire knowledge on various telecommunication networks
- Demonstrate the working of various home appliances

UNIT I LOUDSPEAKERS AND MICROPHONES

Dynamic Loudspeaker, Electrostatic loudspeaker, Permanent Magnet Loudspeaker, Woofers and Tweeters – Microphone Characteristics, Carbon Microphones, Dynamic Microphones and Wireless Microphones.

UNITH TELEVISION STANDARDS AND SYSTEMS

Components of a TV system-interlacing-composite video signal. Colour TV- Luminance and Chrominance signal; Monochrome and Colour Picture Tubes- Color TV systems- NTSC, PAL, SECAM-Components of a Remote Control.

UNITHI OPTICAL RECORDING AND REPRODUCTION

Audio Disc- Processing of the Audio signal-readout from the Disc -Reconstruction of the audio signal-Video Disc-Video disc formats- recording systems-Playback Systems.

UNITIV TELECOMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

Telephone services-telephone networks—switching system principles—PAPX switching—Circuit, packet and message switching, LAN, MAN and WAN, Integrated Services Digital Network. Wireless Local Loop. VHF/UHF radio systems, Limited range Cordless Phones; cellular modems.

UNITY HOME APPLIANCES

Basic principle and block diagram of microwave oven; washing machine hardware and software; Components of air conditioning and refrigeration systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

| S.NO. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of publication |
|-------|----------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | S.P. Bali | Consumer Electronics | PearsonEducation | 2007 |
| 2 | J.S.Chitode | Consumer Electronics | Technical Publications | 2007 |

REFERENCE:

| S.NO. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of publication |
|-------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Philip Hoff,Philip Herbert Hoff. | Consumer Electronics for Engineers. | Cambridge University Press | 1998 |

Course Objectives

- To introduce the basic concepts of neural networks and its applications in various domain
- To educate how to use Soft Computing to solve real-world problems
- To have a solid understanding of Basic Neural Network.
- To provide students with a sound and comprehensive understanding of artificial neural networks and machine learning.
- To gain exposure in the field of neural networks and relate the human neural system into the digital world
- To provide knowledge of computation and dynamical systems using neural networks

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Understand the basic concepts of neural networks and its applications in various domains
- Gain knowledge about learning process in Neural Networks
- Apply perception concept in design
- Design using ART phenomena
- Gain knowledge on SOM concepts
- Ability to develop the use of Soft Computing to solve real-world problems

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TONEURAL NETWORKS

Introduction-biological neurons and their artificial models-learning, adaptation and neural network's learning rules-types of neural networks-single layer, multiple layer-feed forward, feedback networks

UNIT II LEARNING PROCESS

Error- correction learning- memory based learning- hebbian learning-competitive learning-Boltzmann learning-supervised and unsupervised learning-adaptation-statistical learning theory.

UNIT III PERCEPTION

Single layer Perception-Adaptive filtering-unconstrained Optimization-Least-mean square algorithm- Leaning Curve-Annealing Technique-perception convergence Theorem-Relationship between perception and Baye's Classifier-Back propagation algorithm

UNIT IV ATTRACT OR NEURAL NETWORK AND ART

Hopfield model-BAM model -BAM Stability-Adaptive BAM -Lyapunov function-effect of gain- Hopfield Design-Application to TSP problem-ART-layer 1-layer 2-orienting subsystem-ART algorithm-ARTMAP.

UNIT V SELF ORGANIZATION

Self-organizing map-SOM Algorithm-properties of the feature map-LVQ-Hierarchical Vector Quantization. Applications of self-organizing maps: The Neural Phonetic Type Writer Learning Ballistic Arm Movements.

TEXT BOOKS:

| S.NO. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of publication |
|-------|----------------|--|--|---------------------|
| 1 | SimonHaykin | Neural Networks and Learning Machines | Pearson/Prentice Hall 3 rd Edition | 2009 |
| 2 | SatishKumar | Neural Networks: A Classroom Approach | ТМН | 2008 |

REFERENCES:

| S.NO. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of publication |
|-------|--|---|--------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Rajasekaran.S, Vijayalakshmi Pai.G.A | Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithms, | PHI, New Delhi. | 2003 |
| 2 | LaureneFausett | Fundamentals of Neural Networks: Architectures, Algorithms, and Applications | Pearson/PrenticeHall | 1994 |
| 3 | Wasserman P.D | Neural Computing Theory & Practice | Van Nortrand Reinhold | 1989 |
| 4 | Freeman J.A., S kapura D.M | Neuralnetworks, algorithms, applications, and programming techniques. | AdditionWesley | 2005 |

Course Objectives

- To introduce the basic concepts of Fuzzy logic and its applications in various domain
- To educate how to use Fuzzy computation to solve real-world problems
- To have a solid understanding of Basic fuzzy models.
- Provide an understanding of the basic mathematical elements of the theory of fuzzy sets.
- To learn about applications on Fuzzy based systems
- To familiarize with fuzzy fiction and de fuzzy fiction procedures

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Understand the basic concepts of Fuzzy logic and its applications in various domain
- Gain knowledge on theory of Reasoning
- Develop fuzzy controllers
- Understand concepts of adaptive fuzzy control
- Ability to develop how to use Fuzzy computation to solve real- world problems
- Design fuzzy based model for any application

UNIT-I

Basics of Fuzzy Logic: Fuzzy sets, Properties of fuzzy sets, operation in fuzzy sets, fuzzy relations, the extension principle

UNIT-II

Theory of Approximate Reasoning: Linguistic variables, Fuzzy proportions, Fuzzy if-then statements, inference rules, compositional rule of inference-fuzzy models

UNIT-III

Fuzzy Knowledge Based Controllers (Fkbc): Basic concept structure of FKBC, choice of membership functions, scaling factors, rules, fuzzy fiction and de fuzzy fiction procedures—Design of Fuzzy

Logic Controller

UNIT-IV

Adaptive Fuzzy Control: Process performance monitoring, adaption mechanisms, membership functions, tuning using gradient descent and performance criteria. Set organizing controller model based controller.

UNIT V

Fuzzy based systems: Simple applications of FKBC-washing machines-traffic regulations-lift control-fuzzy in medical Applications-Introduction to ANFIS.

TEXTBOOKS:

| S.NO. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of publication |
|-------|--|--|----------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | D .Diankar ,H. Hellendoom and M .Rein frank | An Introduction to Fuzzy Control | Narosa Publishers India | 1996 |
| 2 | G.J. KlirandT.A. Folger | Fuzzy Sets Uncertainty and Information | PHI IEEE | 1995 |

REFERENCES:

| S.NO. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of publication |
|-------|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Timothy J. Ross | Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications | McGraw Hill | 1997 |
| 2 | George. J Klir and Bo Yuan | Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic | Prentice Hall, USA | 1995 |

OPEN ELECTIVES OFFERED BY DEPARTMENT OF AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING

Course Objectives:

- To impart knowledge on the constructional details and principle of operation of various automobile components.
- To learn the function and working of various components in transmission and drive lines.
- To study the concept and working of steering and suspension systems in an automobile.
- To give knowledge on the wheels, tyres and brakes of automobiles.
- To provide information on the current and future trends in automobiles.
- Identify and explain the types of steering system.

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Demonstrate the operating principles and constructional details of various automobile components.
- Explain the function and working of components in transmission and drive lines.
- Identify and explain the types of steering system.
- Identify and explain the types of suspension system.
- Classify and describe the types of wheels, tyres and brakes of automobiles.
- Discuss the current and future trends in the automobiles.

UNIT-I ENGINE AND FUEL FEED SYSTEMS

Classification of Engine, construction and working of four stroke petrol and diesel engine, firing order and its significance. Carburettor working principle, requirements of an automotive carburettor, Petrol injection Systems (MPFI, TBI), Diesel fuel injection systems (CRDI)

UNIT –II TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

Requirements of transmission system. Flywheel. Different types of clutches, principle, Construction, torque capacity and design aspects. Objective of the gearbox - Determination of gear ratios for vehicles. Performance characteristics at different speeds. Different types of gearboxes - operation. Function of Propeller Shaft Construction details of multi drive axle vehicles. Different types of final drive. Differential principles. Constructional details of differential unit. Non-slip differential. Differential lock

UNIT-III SUSPENSION SYSTEM

Need of suspension system - Types of suspension - Suspension springs - Constructional details and characteristics of leaf, coil and torsion bar springs - Independent suspension - Rubber suspension - Pneumatic suspension - Hydro Elastic suspension - Shock absorbers. Vibration and driving comfort.

UNIT-IV BRAKES

Necessity of brake, stopping distance and time, brake efficiency, weight transfer, shoe brake and disc brake theory, Brake actuating systems - Mechanical, Hydraulic and Pneumatic. Parking and engine exhaust brakes. Power and power assisted brakes. Antilock Braking System (ABS).

UNIT -V ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Principle and construction of lead acid battery.Lighting system: details of head light and side light, LED lighting system, head light dazzling and preventive methods – Horn, wiper system and trafficator.Starting System and charging system.

TEXT BOOKS

| SL.NO. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|--------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------|
| | | | | PUBLICATION |
| 1. | Young U.P and Griffiths L | Automotive Electrical Equipment | ELBS & New Press | 1999 |
| 2. | Ganesan.V | Internal Combustion Engines | Tata McGraw- Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi | |

| 3. | Dr.Kirpal Singh | Automobile Engineering | Standard | 2011 |
|----|-----------------|------------------------|-----------|------|
| | | | Publishes | |

REFERENCES

| SL.NO. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF |
|--------|---|--|---|-------------|
| | | | | PUBLICATION |
| 1. | Heldt .P.M | The Automotive Chassis | Literary Licensing,LLC | 2012 |
| 2. | Crouse.W.H | Automobile Electrical Equipment", 3 rd Edition | McGraw-Hill Book Co., Inc., New York. | 1986 |
| 3. | N.Newton, W. Steeds and T.K.Garrett | The Motor vehicle, 13th edition | SAE Inc | 2001 |

Course Objectives

- The objective of this course is to make the students to know and understand the constructional details, operating characteristics and design aspects of Two and Three wheelers.
- Construct the frames of two and three wheelers of different layouts.
- Demonstrate the constructional details and principle of operation of various engine components.
- Identify and explain the types of transmission systems.
- Identify and explain the types of steering and suspension systems.
- Classify and describe the types of wheels, tyres and brakes for two and three wheelers.

Course Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Construct the frames of two and three wheelers of different layouts.
- Demonstrate the constructional details and principle of operation of various engine components.
- Identify and explain the types of transmission systems.
- Identify and explain the types of steering and suspension systems.
- Classify and describe the types of wheels, tyres and brakes for two and three wheelers.
- Explain the servicing of two and three wheelers.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Classifications- design considerations –weight and dimension limitations – requirements stability problems, gyroscopic effect- pendulum effect of two and three wheelers.

UNIT II POWER UNITS, IGNITION SYSTEMS AND OTHER ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

2 stoke and 4 stoke SI engines and CI engines design criteria— design of cylinders, cylinder head, cooling fins, crank case, connecting rod and crank shaft. Carburettor types and design. Battery coil ignition, magneto ignition and electronic ignition. Lighting and other electrical system.

UNIT III CLUTCHES AND TRANSMISSION

Types of clutches for 2 and 3 wheelers. Design of clutch system. Gears for two and three wheelers. Design of gear box and gear change mechanism. Belt, chain and shaft drive. Freewheeling devices, starting systems.

UNIT IV FRAMES, SUSPENSION, WHEELS AND TYRES

Types of frames used for two wheelers and three wheelers. Wheel frames- construction design of frames for fatigue strength torsional stiffness and lateral stability. Front and rear forks. Springs for suspension, Dampers, constructional details of wheel and tyres.

UNIT V THREE WHEELERS

Auto rickshaws, different types, Pick-Ups and delivery type vehicle, frames and transmission for 3 wheelers wheel types, wheel attachment tyre types. Brakes and their operating mechanism.

TEXT BOOKS:

| SL.NO. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|--------|---------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. | Irving P.E. | Motor Cycle Engineering. | Temple Press Book, London. | 1992 |
| 2. | Srinivasan.S. | Motor cycle, Scooter, Mobeds. | New century book house. | 1988 |

REFERENCES:

| SL. NO. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. | M.M.Griffin. | Motor cycles from inside and outside. | Prentice Hall Inc, New Jersey. | 1978 |
| 2. | Bruce A. Johns, David D.Edmundson and Robert Scharff | Motorcycles: Fundamentals, Service, Repair | Goodheart-Willcox | 1999 |

Course Objectives

- The objective of this course is to make the students to know and understand the maintenance and fault diagnosis of basic systems inAutomobile.
- Describe and differentiate the types of maintenance.
- List the procedure for dismantling, servicing and assembling of engine components.
- Demonstrate the servicing of transmission and driveline components.
- Discuss the procedure for steering and suspension
- Discuss the procedure for wheel and brake maintenance.

Course Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Describe and differentiate the types of maintenance.
- List the procedure for dismantling, servicing and assembling of engine components.
- Demonstrate the servicing of transmission and driveline components.
- Discuss the procedure for steering and suspension
- Discuss the procedure for wheel and brake maintenance.
- Explain the fault diagnosis in the electrical and air conditioner systems.

UNIT I MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS AND SCHEDULES

Importance of maintenance, preventive (scheduled) and breakdown (unscheduled) maintenance, requirements of maintenance, preparation of check lists, Inspection schedule, maintenance of records, log sheets and other forms, safety precautions in maintenance.

UNIT II ENGINE MAINTENANCE

Dismantling of engine components and cleaning, cleaning methods, visual and dimensional inspections, minor and major reconditioning of various components, reconditioning methods, engine assembly, special tools used for maintenance overhauling, engine tune up.

UNIT III CHASSIS MAINTENANCE

Mechanical and automobile clutch and gear box, servicing and maintenance, maintenance servicing of propeller shaft and differential system, Maintenance servicing of suspension systems. Brake systems, types and servicing techniques, Steering systems, overhauling and maintenance. Wheel alignment, computerized alignment and wheel balancing.

UNIT IV ELECTRICAL SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

Testing methods for checking electrical components, checking battery, starter motor, charging systems, DC generator and alternator, ignitions system, lighting systems, Fault diagnosis and maintenance of modern electronic controls, checking and servicing of dash board instruments.

UNIT V MAINTENANCE OF FUEL SYSTEM, COOLING SYSTEMS, LUBRICATION SYSTEM AND VEHICLE BODY

Servicing and maintenance of fuel system of different types of vehicles, calibration and tuning of engine for optimum fuel supply, Cooling systems, water pump, radiator, thermostat, anticorrosion and antifreeze additives, Lubrication maintenance, lubricating oil changing, greasing of parts, Vehicle body maintenance, minor and major repairs. Door locks and window glass actuating system maintenance.

TEXT BOOKS

| SL.NO. | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION | |
|--------|--|--|----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| 1. | John Doke | Fleet Management | McGraw Hill Co | 1984 | |
| 2. | James D Halderman | Advanced Engine Performance Diagnosis | Prentice Hall Publications | 2011 | |
| 3. | Service Manuals from Different Vehicle Manufacturers | | | | |

17BEAEOE04 INTRODUCTION TO MODERN VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY 3 0 0 3 100

Course Objectives:

- To impart knowledge on trends in the vehicle power plants.
- To learn the various advanced driver assistance systems.
- To study the working of advanced suspension and braking systems in an automobile.
- To give information about motor vehicle emission and noise pollution control.
- To provide knowledge of the vehicle telematics.
- To give information about the noise control techniques

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Distinguish and describe the various modern vehicle power plant systems.
- List and explain the various driver assistant mechanisms.
- Identify and describe the working of advanced suspension and braking systems.
- Apply the knowledge of motor vehicle emission and noise pollution control.
- Describe the noise control techniques
- Describe the vehicle telematics and its applications.

UNIT I TRENDS IN POWER PLANTS

Hybrid vehicles - Stratified charged / learn burn engines - Hydrogen engines - battery vehicles — Electric propulsion with cables - Magnetic track vehicles.

UNIT II DRIVER ASSISTANCE SYSTEMS

Collision Avoidance Systems, Adaptive cruise control, adaptive noise control, anti spin regulation, traction control systems, cylinder cut- off technology, ABS, Driver Drowsiness Detection system

UNIT III SUSPENSION BRAKES AND SAFETY

Air suspension - Closed loop suspension - antiskid braking system, Retarders, Regenerative braking safety cage - air bags - crash resistance - passenger comfort.

UNIT IV NOISE & POLLUTION

Reduction of noise - Internal & external pollution control through alternate fuels/power plants — Catalytic converters and filters for particulate emission.

UNIT V TELEMATICS

Global positioning systems, geographical information systems, navigation systems, automotive vision system, road recognition

TEXT BOOKS

| SL. NO | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF BOOK | THE | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-----------|-----------------|--|---------|--|------------------------|
| 1. | | Intelligent Technologies | Vehicle | Butterworth- Heinemann publications, Oxford | 2001 |
| 2. | Ronald K.Jurgen | Navigation Intelligent Transportation -Progress Technology | Systems | Automotive Electronics Series,SAE, USA. | 1998 |

REFERENCES

| SL. NO | AUTHOR(S) | TITLE OF THE BOOK | PUBLISHER | YEAR OF PUBLICATION |
|-----------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. | William B Riddens | "Understanding Automotive Electronics", 5 th Edition | Butterworth Heinemann Woburn. | 1998 |
| 2. | Bechhold, | "Understanding Automotive Electronics" | SAE | 1998 |
| 3. | Robert Bosch, | "Automotive HandBook", 5" Edition | SAE | 2000 |

LIST OF OPEN ELECTIVES OFFERED BY CIVIL ENGINEERING

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- 1. To examine the role and tasks of basic housing policies and building bye laws
- 2. Understand the process of integrated service delivery in the context of economic, social, environmental and institutional factors
- 3. Analyze the Innovative construction methods and Materials
- 4. Analyze city management strategies and strengthen the urban governance through a problem solving approach
- 5. To know the Importance of basic housing policies and building bye laws
- **6.** To use Housing Programmes and Schemes

COURSE OUTCOME

The students will be able to

- 1. Know the Importance of basic housing policies and building bye laws
- 2. Use Housing Programmes and Schemes
- 3. Plan and Design of Housing projects
- 4. Examine Innovative construction methods and Materials
- 5. Know Housing finance and loan approval procedures
- 6. Understand Construction as well as managing techniques

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO HOUSING

9

Definition of Basic Terms – House, Home, Household, Apartments, Multi storeyed Buildings, Special Buildings, Objectives and Strategies of National Housing Policies, Principle of Sustainable Housing, Housing Laws at State level, Bye-laws at Urban and Rural Local Bodies – levels - Development Control Regulations, Institutions for Housing at National, State and Local levels

UNIT II HOUSING PROGRAMMES

9

Basic Concepts, Contents and Standards for Housing Programmes - Sites and Services, Neighbourhoods, Open Development Plots, Apartments, Rental Housing, Co-operative Housing, Slum Housing Programmes, Role of Public, Private and Non-Government Organisations.

UNIT HIPLANNING AND DESIGN OF HOUSING PROJECTS

9

Formulation of Housing Projects – Site Analysis, Layout Design, Design of Housing Units (Design Problems)

UNIT IV CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES AND COST-EFFECTIVE MATERIALS 9

New Constructions Techniques – Cost Effective Modern Construction Materials, Building Centers – Concept, Functions and Performance Evaluation

Appraisal of Housing Projects – Housing Finance, Cost Recovery – Cash Flow Analysis, Subsidy and Cross Subsidy, Pricing of Housing Units, Rents, Recovery Pattern (Problems).

TOTAL HRS: 45

TEXT BOOKS

Meera Mehta and Dinesh Mehta, Metropolitan Housing Markets, Sage Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.

Francis Cherunilam and Odeyar D Heggade, Housing in India, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 2001.

REFERENCES

Development Control Rules for Chennai Metropolitan Area, CMA, Chennai, 2002.

UNCHS, National Experiences with Shelter Delivery for the Poorest Groups, UNCHS (Habitat), Nairobi, 2000.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- 1. Defining and identifying of eng. services systems in buildings.
- 2. The role of eng. services systems in providing comfort and facilitating life of users of the bu
- 3. The basic principles of asset management in a building & facilities maintenance environment
- 4. Importance of Fire safety and its installation techniques
- 5. To Know the principle of Refrigeration and application
- 6. To Understand Electrical system and its selection criteria

COURSE OUTCOME

The students will be able to

- 1. Machineries involved in building construction
- 2. Understand Electrical system and its selection criteria
- 3. Use the Principles of illumination & design
- 4. Know the principle of Refrigeration and application
- 5. Importance of Fire safety and its installation techniques
- 6. Know the principle behind the installation of building services and to ensure safety in buildings

UNIT I MACHINERIES

Hot Water Boilers – Lifts and Escalators – Special features required for physically handicapped and elderly – Conveyors – Vibrators – Concrete mixers – DC/AC motors – Generators – Laboratory services

- Gas, water, air and electricity

UNIT II ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS IN BUILDINGS

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Basics of electricity – Single / Three phase supply – Protective devices in electrical installations – Earthing for safety – Types of earthing – ISI specifications – Types of wires, wiring systems and their choice – Planning electrical wiring for building – Main and distribution boards – Transformers and switch gears – Layout of substations

UNIT III PRINCIPLES OF ILLUMINATION & DESIGN

q

Visual tasks – Factors affecting visual tasks – Modern theory of light and colour – Synthesis of light – Additive and subtractive synthesis of colour – Luminous flux – Candela – Solid angle illumination – Utilisation factor – Depreciation factor – MSCP – MHCP – Lans of illumination – Classification of lighting – Artificial light sources – Spectral energy distribution – Luminous efficiency – Colour temperature – Colour rendering. Design of modern lighting – Lighting for stores, offices, schools, hospitals and house lighting. Elementary idea of special features required and minimum level of illumination required for physically handicapped and elderly in building types.

UNIT IV REFRIGERATION PRINCIPLES & APPLICATIONS

9

Thermodynamics – Heat – Temperature, measurement transfer – Change of state – Sensible heat – Latent heat of fusion, evaporation, sublimation – saturation temperature – Super heated vapour – Subcooled liquid – Pressure temperature relationship for liquids – Refrigerants – Vapour compression cycle – Compressors – Evaporators – Refrigerant control devices – Electric motors – Starters – Air handling units – Cooling towers – Window type and packaged air-conditioners – Chilled water plant– Fan coil systems – Water piping – Cooling load – Air conditioning systems for different types of buildings – Protection against fire to be caused by A.C. Systems

Causes of fire in buildings – Safety regulations – NBC – Planning considerations in buildings like non-combustible materials, construction, staircases and lift lobbies, fire escapes and A.C. systems. Special features required for physically handicapped and elderly in building types – Heat and smoke detectors – Fire alarm system, snorkel ladder – Fire lighting pump and water storage – Dry and wet risers – Automatic sprinklers

TOTAL HRS:

TEXT BOOKS

E.R.Ambrose, "Heat Pumps and Electric Heating", John and Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York, 2002.

Handbook for Building Engineers in Metric systems, NBC, New Delhi, 2005.

REFERENCES

Philips Lighting in Architectural Design, McGraw-Hill, New York, 2000.

A.F.C. Sherratt, "Air-conditioning and Energy Conservation", The Architectural Press, London, 2005.

National Building Code.

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To enable the students for a successful career as water management professionals.
- 2. To create a potential among students in the area of irrigation management with specific enrichment to synthesis of data and their analysis.
- **3.** To expose the students the need for an interdisciplinary approach in irrigation water management
- **4.** To providing a platform to work in an interdisciplinary team.
- **5.** To provide students an ability to understand the applications of mathematical and scientific concepts to analyse intricate technical, social and environmental problems in irrigation water management and finding solutions for them.
- **6.** To promote student awareness for a life-long learning process and inculcate professional ethics and codes of professional practice in water management.

OUTCOME

At the end of this the students will be in a capacity to

- 1. Understand the concepts of soil-water-plant relationship as well as to expose them to the principles and practices of crop production.
- **2.** Exposure to ground water, hydraulics of ground water related to drainage, drainage concepts, planning, design and management of drainage related irrigation system management
- **3.** Understand the various principles of irrigation management and to analyse the different types of irrigation systems and their performances based on service oriented approach.
- **4.** Gain insight on local and global perceptions and approaches to participatory water resource management
- **5.** Learn from successes and failures in the context of both rural and urban communities of water management.
- **6.** Exposure on the use of economic concepts in irrigation development and to impart knowledge on economic planning so as to enable viable allocation of resources in the irrigation sector.

UNIT I. IRRIGATION SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

9

Irrigation systems – Supply and demand of water – Cropping pattern – Crop rotation – Crop diversification – Estimation of total and peak crop water requirements – Effective and dependable rainfall – Irrigation efficiencies.

UNIT II.IRRIGATION SCHEDULING

9

Time of irrigation – Critical stages of water need of crops – Criteria for scheduling irrigation – Frequency and interval of irrigation

UNIT III.MANAGEMENT

9

Structural and non-structural strategies in water use and management – Conjunctive use of surface and ground waters – Quality of irrigation water.

UNIT IV.OPERATION

Operational plans – Main canals, laterals and field channels – Water control and regulating structures – Performance indicators – Case study

UNIT V.INVOLVEMENT OF STAKE HOLDERS

9

Farmer's participation in System operation – Water user's associations – Farmer councils – Changing paradigms on irrigation management – Participatory irrigation management

TOTAL HRS: 45

TEXT BOOKS

Dilip Kumar Majumdar, "Irrigation Water Management – Principles and Practice", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2000

Hand book on Irrigation Water Requirement, R.T. Gandhi, et. al., Water Management Division, Department of Agriculture, Ministry of Agriculture, New Delhi

REFERENCES

Hand Book on Irrigation System Operation Practices, Water Resources Management and Training Project, Technical report No. 33, CWC, New Delhi, 2000

Maloney, C. and Raju, K.V., "Managing Irrigation Together", Practice and Policy in India, Stage Publication, New Delhi, India, 2000

OBJECTIVE:

- 1. To give an experience in the implementation of new technology concepts which are applied in field of Advanced construction.
- 2. To study different methods of construction to successfully achieve the structural design with recommended specifications.
- 3. To involve the application of scientific and technological principles of planning, analysis, design and management to construction technology.
- 4. To study of construction equipment's, and temporary works required to facilitate the construction process
- 5. To provide a coherent development to the students for the courses in sector of Advanced construction technology.
- 6. To present the new technology of civil Engineering and concepts related Advanced construction technology.

OUTCOMES:

- 1. Implementation of new technology concepts which are applied in field of Advanced construction.
- 2. Different methods of construction to successfully achieve the structural design with recommended specifications.
- 3. Application of scientific and technological principles of planning, analysis, design and management to construction technology.
- 4. Will gain the Knowledge of construction equipment's, and temporary works required to facilitate the construction process
- 5. Development to the students for the courses in sector of Advanced construction technology.
- 6. The new technology of civil Engineering and concepts related Advanced construction technology.

UNIT - I MODERN CONSTRUCTION METHODS

9

Open Excavation, Shafts and Tunnels- Preparation of foundation, Cofferdams, Caisson, Piled Foundation, Prestressed Concrete Construction, Pre-cast Concrete Construction.

UNIT - IICONSTRUCTION METHODS FOR SPECIAL STRUCTURES

9

Construction Methods For Bridges, Construction Methods for Roads, Construction Methods For Special Structures for Railways, Construction Methods for Dams, Construction Methods for Harbour, Construction Methods for River Works Pipelines

UNIT - IIIMODERN CONSTRUCTION EQUIPEMENTS -I

9

Construction Equipment used for Earth Moving, Excavating, Drilling, Blasting, Tunneling and hoisting

UNIT - IVMODERN CONSTRUCTION EQUIPEMENTS -II

9

Construction Equipment used for Conveying, Hoisting, Dredging, Dewatering Systems, Paving and concreting Plant

UNIT - VPRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES OF TEMPORARY STRUCTURES 9

Principles and Practices of Temporary structures, Shoring, and Strutting, Underpinning, Principles and Design of Formwork, Scaffolding, Operation and maintenance of construction equipments

TOTAL HRS: 45

TEXT BOOKS

Peurifoyu, R. L., Ledbette, W.B., Construction Planning, Equipment and Methods, Mc Graw Hill Co., 2000.

Antill J.M., PWD, Civil Engineering Construction, Mc Graw Hill Book Co., 2005

REFERENCE

- 1. Varma, M Construction Equipment and its Planning & Applications, Metropoltian Book Co., 2000
- 2. Nunnaly, S.W., Construction Methods and Management, Prentice Hall, 2000
- 3. Ataev, S.S., Construction Technology, MIR, Pub. 2000

LIST OF OPEN ELECTIVES OFFERED BY MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Course Objective

- 1. To apply basic concepts to develop construction (drawing) techniques.
- 2. To ability to manipulate drawings through editing and plotting techniques.
- 3. To understand geometric construction and Produce template drawings.
- 4. To understand and demonstrate dimensioning concepts and techniques.
- 5. To understand Section and Auxiliary Views.
- 6. To become familiar with Solid Modelling concepts and techniques.

Course Outcome

- 1. Apply basic concepts to develop construction (drawing) techniques.
- 2. Ability to manipulate drawings through editing and plotting techniques.
- 3. Understand geometric construction and Produce template drawings.
- 4. Understand and demonstrate dimensioning concepts and techniques
- 5. Understand Section and Auxiliary Views
- 6. Become familiar with Solid Modelling concepts and techniques.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF CAD SYSTEMS

9

Conventional and computer aided design processes-advantages and disadvantages. Subsystems of CAD-CAD hardware and software, analytical and graphics packages, CAD workstations. Networking of CAD systems.

UNIT II INTERACTIVE COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND GRAPHICS TRANSFORMATIONS 9

Generative, cognitive and image processing graphics. Static and dynamic data graphics. Transport of graphics data. Graphic standards. Generation of graphic primitives - display transformation in Two- and Three – Dimensional graphics concepts, Graphical input technique, Geometric transpformations, Visual Realism, Computer animation, customizing graphics software.

UNIT HIGEOMETRIC MODELING

9

Wireframe, surface, NURBS and solid modeling-applications and advantages. Creating primitive solids, sweeping solids, boolean operations. Extracting entities from a solid. Filleting of edges of solids. Boundary representation (B-rep) Constructive Solid Geometry(CSG) and Analytical Solid Modeling(ASM)

UNIT IVPARAMETRIC DESIGN AND OBJECT REPRESENTATION

9

Types of co-ordinate systems. Parametric design - definition and advantages. Parametric representation of analytic and synthetic curves. Parametric representation of surfaces and solids - manipulations.

UNIT V PRODUCT DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT

9

Automated 2D drafting - basics, mechanical assembly - bill of materials generation. Mass property calculations.

TOTAL 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S. No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Vera B Anand | Computer Graphics and Geometric Modeling for Engineers | John Wiley & Sons, New York | 2000 |
| 2 | Radhakrishnan P and Subramanyan S | CAD/CAM/CIM | New Age International Pvt. Ltd | 2004 |

REFERENCES

| S. No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|-----------|--|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Radhakrishnan P and Kothandaraman C P | Computer Graphics and Design | Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi | 2002 |
| 2 | Ibrahim Zeid | CAD/CAM Theory and Practice | McGraw Hill Inc., New York | 2003 |
| 3 | Barry Hawhes | The CAD/CAM Process | Pitman Publishing, London | 1998 |
| 4 | William M Newman and Robert Sproul | Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics | McGraw Hill Inc., New York | 1994 |
| 5 | Sadhu Singh | Computer-Aided Design and Manufacturing | Khanna Publishers, New Delhi | 1998 |
| 6 | Rao S S | Optimisaiton Techniques | Wiley Eastern, New Delhi | 2003 |

Course Objective

- 1. To recognize and evaluate occupational safety and health hazards in the workplace.
- 2. To determine appropriate hazard controls following the hierarchy of controls.
- 3. To analyse the effects of workplace exposures, injuries and illnesses, fatalities.
- 4. To prevent incidents using the hierarchy of controls, effective safety and health management systems and task-oriented training.
- 5. To teach studentthe conceptof Industrial Safety & provide useful practical knowledge for workplace safety.
- 6. Toprevent or mitigate harm or damage to people, property, orthe environment.

Course Outcome

- 1. Recognize and evaluate occupational safety and health hazards in the workplace.
- 2. Determine appropriate hazard controls following the hierarchy of controls.
- 3. Analyse the effects of workplace exposures, injuries and illnesses, fatalities.
- 4. Prevent incidents using the hierarchy of controls, effective safety and health management systems and task-oriented training.
- 5. Understand the conceptof Industrial Safety & provide useful practical knowledge forworkplace safety.
- 6. Prevent or mitigate harm or damage to people, property, orthe environment.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO LOGISTICS

9

Logistics - concepts, definitions and approaches, factors influencing logistics - Supply chain: basic tasks, definitions and approaches, influencing supply chain - a new corporate model.

UNIT II PHASES OF SUPPLY CHAIN

g

The new paradigm shift - The modular company - The network relations - Supply processes - Procurement processes - Distribution management.

UNIT IIIEVOLUTION OF SUPPLY CHAIN MODELS

9

Strategy and structure - Factors of supply chain - Manufacturing strategy stages - Supply chain progress - Model for competing through supply chain management - PLC grid, supply chain redesign - Linking supply chain with customer.

UNIT IVSUPPLY CHAIN ACTIVITIES

9

Structuring the SC, SC and new products, functional roles in SC - SC design frame- work - Collaborative product commerce (CPC).

UNIT V SCM ORGANISATION AND INFORMATION SYSTEM

9

The management task - Logistics organization - The logistics information systems - Topology of SC application - Product Data Management - Warehouse management system MRP- I, MRP - II, ERP,. - Case study, ERP Software's

TOTAL 45

TEXT BOOKS

| S. No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Shari.P.B and Lassen.T.S | Managing the global supply chain | Viva books, New Delhi | 2000 |
| 2 | Ayers.J.B | Hand book of supply chain management | The St. Lencie press | 2000 |

REFERENCES

| S. No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Nicolas.J.N | Competitive manufacturing management - continuous improvement, Lean production, customer focused quality | McGrawHill, New York | 1998 |
| 2 | Steudel.H.J and Desruelle.P | Manufacturing in the nineteen - How to become a mean, lean and world class competitor | Van No strand Reinhold, New York | 1992 |

Course Objective

- 1. To generalized equations for mass, momentum and heat.
- 2. To understand the concepts of Reynolds and Gauss theorems.
- 3. To learn combined diffusive and convective transport.
- 4. To apply Film- and penetration models for mass and heat transfer.
- 5. To apply Stefan-Maxwells equations for multi-component diffusion.
- 6. To Solve the given set of equations either analytically or numerically.

Course Outcome

- 1. Generalized equations for mass, momentum and heat.
- 2. Understand the concepts of Reynolds and Gauss theorems.
- 3. Learn combined diffusive and convective transport.
- 4. Apply Film- and penetration models for mass and heat transfer.
- 5. Apply Stefan-Maxwells equations for multi-component diffusion.
- 6. Solve the given set of equations either analytically or numerically.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND BASIC CONCEPTS

9

General overview of transport phenomena including various applications, Transport of momentum, heat and mass, Transport mechanism, Level of transport, Driving forces, Molecular transport (diffusion), convective transport (microscopic)

UNIT IIPROPERTIES, UNITS AND OTHER PHYSICAL PARAMETERS

9

Unit systems, temperature, mole, concentration, pressure, Gas laws, laws of conservation, energy and heat units

UNIT HIMOMENTUM TRANSPORT

9

Basic concepts in fluid mechanics, Force, unit and dimensions, pressure in fluid, head of fluid, Molecular transport for momentum, heat and mass transfer, Viscosity of fluids, Newton's law, Momentum transfer, Newtonian and non- Newtonian fluids, Fluid flow and Reynolds number, Overall mass balance, Control volume and Continuity equation, Overall energy balance, Bernoulli's equation, Overall momentum balance, Drag coefficient, Stokes law, Flow in packed beds, Flow in fluidized bed

UNIT IVENERGY TRANSPORT

9

Basic concepts in heat transfer, Heat transfer mechanisms, Fourier's law of heat conduction, thermal conductivity, convective heat transfer coefficient, Conduction heat transfer - through flat slab/wall and through hollow cylinder, Conduction through solids in series, Forced convection heat transfer inside pipes, Heat transfer outside various geometrics in forced convection, General discussion on natural convection heat transfer, Heat exchangers, General discussion on radiation heat transfer

UNIT V MASS TRANSPORT

9

Basic concepts in mass transport, Some application examples, Modes of mass transfer, Molecular diffusion-Fick's law, Analogy between mass, heat and momentum transfer, Dispersion, Hydraulic or Darcy's flow in porous media, Chemical kinetics and activation energy, Film theory, Convective mass transfer, Liquid-solid mass transfer, Liquid-liquid mass transport, Gas-liquid mass transfer, Aeration and oxygen transport, Air stripping

TOTAL 45

REFERENCE

| S. No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|-----------|------------------|---|---------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Geankoplis, C. J | Transport Processes and Separation Processes Principles | Prentice Hall | 2003 |

WEB REFERENCE

https://laulima.hawaii.edu/portal

Course Objective

- 2. To describe the principles of the study of human movement.
- 3. To describe the range of factors that influence the initiation, production and control of human movement.
- 4. To identify the body's lever systems and their relationship to basicjoint movement and classification.
- 5. To distinguish between biomechanical principles of kinetics and kinematics when applied to the analysis of human movement.
- 6. To explain joint and muscle function and the forces acting upon the human body during various sporting activities.
- 7. To relate the different body systems necessary for human movement to occur.

Course Outcome

- 1. Describe the principles of the study of human movement.
- 2. Describe the range of factors that influence the initiation, production and control of human movement.
- 3. Identify the body's lever systems and their relationship to basic joint movement and classification.
- Distinguish between biomechanical principles of kinetics and kinematics when applied to the analysis of human movement.
- 5. Explain joint and muscle function and the forces acting upon the human body during various sporting activities.
- 6. Relate the different body systems necessary for human movement to occur.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Biomechanics - Improving Performance - Applications - Preventing And Treating Injury - Qualitative And Quantitative Analysis - Scholarly Societies - Computer Searches - Biomechanical Knowledge versus Information - Kinds of Sources - Evaluating Sources

UNIT II KEY MECHANICAL CONCEPTS

9

Mechanics - Basic Units - Nine Fundamentals of Biomechanics - Principles and Laws - Nine Principles for Application of Biomechanics

UNIT IIIHUMAN ANATOMY AND SOME BASIC TERMINOLOGY

(

Gross (Whole-Body) Modeling - Position and Direction Terminology - Terminology for Common Movements - Skeletal Anatomy - Major Joints - Major Muscle Groups - Anthropometric Data

UNIT IVANATOMICAL DESCRIPTION

9

Key Anatomical Concepts - Directional Terms - Joint Motions - Muscle Actions - Active and Passive Tension of Muscle - Limitations of Functional Anatomical Analysis - Mechanical Method of Muscle Action Analysis - The Need for Biomechanics to Understand Muscle Actions - Sports Medicine and Rehabilitation Applications

UNIT V MECHANICS OF THE MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

9

Tissue Loads - Response of Tissues To Forces - Biomechanics of The Passive Muscle—Tendon Unit - Biomechanics of Bone - Biomechanics of Ligaments - Three Mechanical Characteristics of Muscle - Stretch-Shortening Cycle (SSC) - Force—Time Principle - Neuromuscular Control

TOTAL 45

REFERENCE

| S. No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publication |
|-----------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| 1 | Duane Knudson | Fundamentals of Biomechanics | Springer Science+ Business Media, LLC | 2007 |
| 2 | C. Ross Ethier Craig A. Simmons | Introductory Biomechanics | Cambridge University Press | 2007 |

COURSES OFFERED TO OTHER DEPARTMENT OPEN ELECTIVES OFFERED BY DEPARTMENT OF BIOTECHNOLOGY

Course Objectives:

- To impart basic knowledge in bioprocess Engineering
- To design the bioreactors for various operations.
- To understand the principle and working of heat transfer equipments.
- To extend the knowledge in principle of heat transfer inside a bioreactor
- To construct the equipments used in mass transfer operations.
- To learn the equipments used in separation process.

Course Outcomes:

- Summarize the basic concepts in bioprocess Engineering.
- Design the bioreactors for various operations.
- Develop the heat transfer equipments for Bioprocess Engineering.
- Elaborate the principle of heat transfer in bioreactor.
- Construct the equipments used in mass transfer operations.
- Categorize the equipments used in separation process.

UNIT I ENGINEERING PROPERTIES AND STORAGE TANK

(9)

Introduction to various mechanical properties of material to be used material of construction, design of cylindrical storage tank.

UNIT HREACTOR DESIGN

(9)

Design of Airlift fermentor, Bubble column reactor and Continuous stirred tank reactor.

UNIT IIIHEAT TRANSFER EQUIPMENTS

(9)

Design of Shell and tube Heat exchanger, Double pipe heat exchanger, long tube vertical evaporator and forced circulation evaporator.

UNIT IV MASS TRANSFER EQUIPMENTS

(9)

Design of Bollmann extractor, fractionating column, packed tower and spray tray absorber

UNIT V SEPARATION EQUIPMENTS

(9)

Design of plate and frame filter press, leaf filter, rotary drum filter, disc bowl centrifuge, rotary drum drier and Swenson –walker crystallizer.

TEXT BOOKS:

| S. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|----|--|--|----------------------------------|--------------|
| No | | | | Publications |
| 1 | James Edwin Bailey, David F. Ollis | Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals | McGraw- Hill | 2007 |
| 2 | Don W. Green, Robert H. Perry | Chemical Engineer Hand book | The McGraw- Hill Companies, Inc. | 2008 |

REFERENCE BOOKS

| S.No | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| | | | | Publications |
| 1 | Pauline. M. Doran | Bioprocess Engineering | Academic | 2013 |
| | | Principles | Press | |

Course Objectives

- To learn the scope and importance of food processing.
- To impart basic knowledge in different food processing methods carried out in the food tech companies.
- To extend the brief knowledge in food conservation operations.
- To study the methods of food preservation by cooling.
- To familiarize the students on the concepts of preservation methods for fruits.
- To create deeper understanding on preservation methods for vegetables.

Course Outcomes

- Describe the scope and importance of food processing.
- Outline the various processing methods for foods.
- Extend the knowledge in food conservation operations.
- Describe the methods of food preservation by cooling.
- Summarize the preservation methods for fruits.
- Demonstrate the preservation methods for vegetables.

UNIT I SCOPE AND IMPORTANCE OF FOOD PROCESSING (9)

Properties of food- Physical, thermal, mechanical, sensory. Raw material Preparation - Cleaning, sorting, grading, peeling.

UNIT II PROCESSING METHODS (9)

Heating- Blanching and Pasteurization. Freezing- Dehydration- canning-additives-fermentation- extrusion cooking- hydrostatic pressure cooking- dielectric heating- micro wave processing and aseptic processing – Infra red radiation processing-Concepts and equipment used.

UNIT III FOOD CONVERSION OPERATIONS (9)

Size reduction- Fibrous foods, dry foods and liquid Theory and foods- equipments- membrane separation- filtration- equipment and application.

UNIT IV FOOD PRESERVATION BY COOLING (9)

Refrigeration, Freezing-Theory, freezing time calculation, methods freezing of freezing, equipments, freeze drying, freeze concentration, thawing, effect of low temperature on food. Water activity, methods to control water activity.

UNIT V PRESERVATION METHODS FOR FRUITS AND VEGETABLES (9)

Pre processing operations - preservation by reduction of water content: drying / dehydration and concentration - chemical preservation - preservation of vegetables by acidification, preservation with sugar - Heat preservation-Food irradiation- Combined preservation techniques.

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | | Publications |
| 1 | R. Paul Singh, Dennis R. | Introduction to food | Academic | 2001 |
| | Heldman | engineering. | Press | |
| 2 | P.Fellows. | Food Processing | Wood head | 2000 |
| | | Technology, Principles | Publishing | |
| | | and practice. | Ltd | |
| 3 | Mircea Enachescu Dauthy | Fruit and Vegetable | FAO | 1995 |
| | | Processing | agricultural | |
| | | | services | |
| | | | bulletin | |

REFERENCE BOOKS

| S.No | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| | | | | Publications |
| 1 | M.A. Rao, Syed S.H. | Engineering properties | CRC | 2005 |
| | Rizvi, Ashim K. Datta | of foods | Press | |
| 2 | B. Sivasankar | Food processing and preservation | PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd | 2002 |

Course Objectives

- To understand the available tools and databases for performing research in bioinformatics.
- To expose students to sequence alignment tool in bioinformatics.
- To construct the phylogenetic trees for evolution.
- To get familiar with the 3D structure of protein and classification.
- To acquire basic knowledge in protein secondary structure prediction.
- To extend the brief knowledge in Micro array data analysis.

Course Outcomes

- Summarize the basic concepts and importance of Bioinformatics in various sectors.
- Demonstrate the sequence alignment tool in bioinformatics.
- Construct the phylogenetic trees for evolution.
- Analyze the three dimensional protein structure and classification using various tools.
- Illustrate the protein secondary structure prediction by comparative modeling.
- Extend the knowledge in micro array technology and applications of bioinformatics in various sectors.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF BIOINFORMATICS

The scope of bioinformatics; bioinformatics & the internet; useful bioinformatics sites. Data acquisition: sequencing DNA, RNA & proteins; determination of protein structure; gene & protein expression data; protein interaction data. Databases – contents, structure & annotation: file formats; annotated sequence databases; miscellaneous databases.

UNIT HRETRIEVAL OF BIOLOGICAL DATA

(9)

(9)

Data retrieval with Entrez & DBGET/ LinkDB; data retrieval with SRS (sequence retrieval system). Searching sequence databases by sequence similarity criteria: sequence similarity searches; amino acid substitution matrices; database searches, FASTA & BLAST; sequence filters; iterative database searches & PSI-BLAST. Multiple-sequence alignment, gene & protein families: multiple-sequence alignment & family relationships; protein families & pattern databases; protein domain families.

UNIT III PHYLOGENETICS

(9)

Phylogenetics, cladistics & ontology; building phylogenetic trees; evolution of macromolecular sequences. Sequence annotation: principles of genome annotation; annotation tools & resources.

UNIT IV STRUCTURAL BIOINFORMATICS

(9)

Conceptual models of protein structure; the relationship of protein three-dimensional structure to protein function; the evolution of protein structure & function; obtaining, viewing & analyzing structural data; structural alignment; classification of proteins of known three-dimensional structure: CATH & SCOP; introduction to protein structure prediction; structure prediction by comparative modeling; secondary structure prediction; advanced protein structure prediction & predictionstrategies.

UNIT VMICROARRAY DATA ANALYSIS

(9)

Microarray data, analysis methods; microarray data, tools & resources; sequence sampling & SAGE.Bioinformatics in pharmaceutical industry: informatics & drug discovery; pharmainformatics resources.Basic principles of computing in bioinformatics: running computer software; computer operating systems; software downloading & installation; database management.

TEXTBOOK

| S. No. | Author (| Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|--------|------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | Name | | | Publication |
| 1 | Dan I | E. Fundamental Concepts of | Pearson education | 2004 |
| | Krane, | Bioinformatics | | |
| | Michael I | | | |
| | Rayme | | | |
| 2 | Andreas I | Bioinformatics: A Practical | Wiley-Interscience | 2004 |
| | Baxevanis, | Guide to the Analysis of Genes | | |
| | B. 1 | F. and Proteins | | |
| | Francis | | | |
| | Ouellette | | | |
| 3 | David V | 7. Sequence and Genome Analysis | Cold Spring Harbor | 2004 |
| | Mount | | Laboratory | |
| | | | - | |
| 4 | Jonathan | Bioinformatics and Functional | Wiley-Liss | 2003 |
| | Pevsner | Genomics | | |

REFERENCE BOOKS

| S. No. | Author (s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|--------|------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | Name | | | Publication |
| 1 | Michael J. | Microarray Data Analysis: | Springer Science & | 2007 |
| | Korenberg | Methods and Applications | Business Media | |

Course Objectives

- To impart the skills in the field of nano biotechnology and its applications.
- To acquire knowledge in the nano particles and its significance in various fields.
- To extend the knowledge in types and application of nano particles in sensors.
- To define the concepts of biomaterials through molecular self assembly.
- To equip students with clinical applications of nano devices.
- To describe deeper understanding of the socio-economic issues in nanobiotechnology.

Course Outcomes

- Develop skills in the field of nano biotechnology and its applications.
- Summarize the nanoparticles and its significance in various fields.
- Extend the knowledge in types and application of nano particles in sensors.
- Define the concepts of biomaterials through molecular self assembly.
- Outline the clinical applications of nano devices.
- Describe the socio-economic issues in nanobiotechnology.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

(9)

Introduction, Scope and Overview, Length scales, Importance of Nanoscale and Technology, History of Nanotechnology, Future of Nanotechnology: Nano Technology Revolution, Silicon based Technology, Benefits and challenges in Molecular manufacturing: The Molecular assembler concept, Controversies and confusions, Understanding advanced capabilities, Nanotechnology in Different, Fields: Nanobiotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care.

UNIT IINANO PARTICLES

(9)

Introduction, Types of Nanoparticles, Techniques to Synthesize Nanoparticles, Characterization of Nanoparticles, Applications, Toxic effects of Nanomaterials, Significance of Nanoparticles Nanofabrications- MEMS/NEMS, Atomic Force Microscopy, Self assembled monolayers/ Dippen Nanolithography, Soft Lithography, PDMS Molding, Nano Particles, Nano wires and Nanotubes.

UNIT III APPLICATIONS

(9)

Nanomedicine, Nanobiocensor and Nanofludics. Nanocrystals in biological detection, Electrochemical DNA sensors and Integrated Nanoliter systems. Nano-Biodevices and Systems. Fabrication of Novel Biomaterials through molecular self assembly- Small scale systems for in vivo drug delivery- Future nanomachine.

UNIT IVNANOBIOTECHNOLOGY

(9)

Clinical applications of nanodevices. Artificial neurons. Real-time nanosensors- Applications in cancer biology. Nanomedicine. Synthetic retinyl chips based on bacteriorhodopsins. High throughput DNA sequencing with nanocarbon tubules. Nanosurgical devices.

Introduction, Socioeconomic Challenges, Ethical Issues in Nanotechnology: With Especial Reference to Nanomedicine, Nanomedicine Applied in Nonmedical Contexts, Social Issues Relating to Nanomedicine. Social and Ethical Issues, Economic Impacts, Other Issues, Nanotechnology and Future Socio-economic challenges.

TEXT BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of |
|-------|-----------------|------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| | Name | | | Publications |
| 1 | Niemeyer, C.M. | Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, | Wiley- | 2004 |
| | and Mirkin, C.A | Applications and | VCH | |
| | | Perspectives | | |
| 2 | Goodsell, D.S. | Bionanotechnology | John Wiley | 2004 |
| | | | and Sons, | |
| | | | Inc | |

REFERENCE BOOKS

| S.No. | Author(s) Name | Title of the book | Publisher | Year of Publications |
|-------|---------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| 1 | Shoseyov, O. and Levy, I | Nanobiotechnology: Bioinspired Devices and Materials of the Future | Humana Press | 2007 |
| 2 | Bhushan, B. | Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology | Springer- Verlag Berlin Heidelberg | 2004 |
| 3 | FreitasJr R.A | Nanomedicine | Landes Biosciences | 2004 |
| 4 | Kohler, M. and Fritzsche, W. | Nanotechnology – An Introduction to Nanostructuring Techniques | Wiley- VCH | 2004 |