DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
FACULTY OF ARTS, SCIENCE AND HUMANITIES
RESEARCH PROGRAM – M.Phil / Ph.D Mathematics
(2015–2016 Batch and onwards)

Course code	Name of the course	Instruction hours / week	Credits	Maximum Marks (100)
Paper-I				
15RMAT101	Research Methodology and Pedagogy	4	4	100
Paper-II				
15RMAT201	Advanced Algebra and its Applications			
15RMAT202	Differential Equations	4	4	100
15RMAT203	Algebra and Mathematical Analysis			
Paper-III				
15RMAT301	Optimization Techniques			
15RMAT302	Fuzzy Mathematics			
15RMAT303	Advanced Topics in Fluid Dynamics	4	4	100
15RMAT304	Hydrodynamic and Hydromagnetic Stability			
15RMAT305	Robust Control Systems			
15RMAT306	Topology			
15RMAT307	Advanced Graph Theory			
15RMAT308	Stochastic Processes			
Program Total		**12**	**12**	**300**

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Paper-I

15RMAT101   RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND PEDAGOGY   4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4   **Total Mark: 100**
                                                      End Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

This course enables the students to learn
- Fundamentals of research terminology.
- The ethical principles of research, ethical challenges and approval processes.
- The quantitative, qualitative and mixed methods approaches to research.
- The components of a literature review process.
- How to critically analysed published research.
- About e-learning researches and web-based learning.

Course Outcomes (Cos):

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

1. Understand the basic framework of research process.
2. Understand the various research concepts of Implicit functions and extremum problems.
3. Know about the Oscillations of second order equation
4. Understand the basic concepts of LATEX.
5. Study about the Quality teaching and learning.
6. Acquiring the knowledge of e-learning researches and web-based learning.

UNIT – I

Research Methodology – Meaning of research, Objectives of Research, Motivation in Research – Types of Research – Research approaches – Research methods, Versus Research Methodology – Research process – Scientific method – Criteria for good research, Defining the research problem – Necessity of defining the problem – Techniques involved in defining the problem, Research Design – Meaning and need for Research Design – Features of good design – Important concepts relating to research design.

UNIT – II

Implicit functions and extremum problems: Introduction – Functions with non zeroJacobian determinant – Inverse function theorem – Implicit function theorem – Extrema of real valued functions of one variable and several variables. Rank Theorem – Determinants – Derivatives of Higher order-Differentiation of Integrals.

UNIT – III

Oscillations of second order equation-Fundamental results – Sturms comparison theorem – elementary linear oscillations – comparison theorem of Hille winter – Oscillations of $x'' + a(t)x = 0$ elementary non linear oscillations – stability of linear and non linear systems – elementary critical points – system of equations with constant co efficient – the linear equations with constant co efficient – Lyabunov stability – Stability of quasi linear systems.

UNIT– IV

LATEX: The Basics - The Document -Bibliography - Bibliographic Databases - Table of contents, Index and Glossary - Displayed Text - Rows and Columns -Typesetting Mathematics - Typesetting - Several Kinds of Boxes - The figure environment -Cross References in LATEX - Footnotes, Marginpars, and Endnotes.

UNIT– V

Objectives and roll of higher education – Important characteristics of an effective Lecture – Quality teaching and learning – Lecture preparation – Characteristics of instructional design – Method of teaching and learning: Large group – Technique – Lecture, Seminar, Symposium, Team Teaching, Project, Small group Technique – Simulation, role playing Demonstration, Brain Storing, case discussion and assignment, Methods of evaluation – Self evaluation, Student evaluation, Diagnostic testing and remedial teaching – Question banking – Electronic media in education: e-learning researches – web based learning.

REFERENCES:

- Kothari, C. R. (2004), Research Methodology, Method and Techniques, Second Edition, New age International publishers, New Delhi.

- Rudin. W, 1976 .Principles of mathematical Analysis, McGraw hill, New York.

- Earl A. Coddington, 2002, an introduction to Ordinary differential Equations, Prentice Hall of India Private limited, New Delhi. (For Unit III)

- E. Krishnan, Latex Tutorials – A primer, Indian TEX users group, Trivandrum, India, Sep 2003.

- Panneerselvam. R, (2004), Research Methodology, Prentice Hall of India, NewDelhi.

- Gupta. S. P, (2001), Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand & sons, New Delhi.

- Vedanayagam, E. G (1989), teaching Technology for college teachers, New Delhi.

- Kumar. K. L. (1997) Educational Technologies, New Delhi: New age International.

- Winkler, Anthony C. & Jo Roy McCuen (1985), writing a research paper: A Handbook, 2nd edition, Harcourt, New York.

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Paper-II
15RMAT201   ADVANCED ALGEBRA AND ITS APPLICATIONS   4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4   **Total Mark: 100**
                                                            End Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

This course enables the students to learn
- The concepts of finite and algebraic extensions.
- Primitive elements and Purely inseparable extensions.
- Approximation by continuous functions
- Perturbations methods and Parametric Perturbation
- Topological preliminaries and theorems.
- The concepts of diffusion equation with sources and elementary solutions of diffusion equation.

Course Outcomes (Cos):

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

1. Understand the Field Extensions and Normal extensions.
2. Study Riesz Representation Theorem and Topological preliminaries.
3. Understand the concepts of convex functions and inequalities.
4. Know about the Asymptotic expansion and sequential convergent versus asymptotic series.
5. An understanding of the Role of co-ordinate system.
6. Know about the diffusion equation with sources, elementary solutions of diffusion equation and separation of variables.

UNIT – I
Field Extensions – Finite and algebraic extensions – Algebraic closure – Splitting fields and Normal extensions - Separable extensions – Finite fields – Primitive elements – Purely inseparable extensions.

UNIT-II
Positive Borel Measure –Riesz Representation Theorem: Topological preliminaries - Riesz Representation Theorem – Regularity properties of Borel measures – Lebesgue measure – Continuity properties of measurable functions.

UNIT-III

L^p spaces: Convex functions and inequalities – The L^p spaces – Approximation by continuous functions.

UNIT-IV

Perturbations methods – Parametric Perturbation – Algebraic equation – The Vanderpol Oscillator – Co-ordinate Perturbation – The Bessel Equation of zeroth order-simple examples – Order Symbols and Gauge function – Asymptotic expansion and sequential convergent versus asymptotic series – Non uniform expansion – Straight forwarde expansion and sources of non-uniformity – Infinite domain – Duffing equation – A model for weak nonlinear instability – A small parameter multiplying the highest derivative – A second order example – Relaxation oscillation – Type change of PDE – A simple example – The presence of singularities – Shifting Singularity – Role of co-ordinate system.

UNIT - V

Elementary solutions of one dimensional wave equation-Vibrating membranes-Applications of calculus of variations-three dimensional problems – general solutions of the wave equation – Green's function for the wave equation – Non homogeneous wave equation.The use of integral transform, the use of green's function – The diffusion equation with sources - elementary solutions of diffusion equation-Separation of variables.

REFERENCES:

- Serge Lang: Algebra (1993), Addison Wesley Publishing Company, Inc., Amsterdam.

- Walter Rudin: Real and complex analysis, 3rd edition, McGraw Hill Book Company, New York.

- Ross. S (2002): A first course in Probability, 6th edition, pearson Education, Delhi.

- Ian.N.Sneedon, Elementary partial differential equations,(1988).Tata Mcgraw Hill Ltd. (For Unit III)

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Paper-II

15RMAT202   DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS   4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4   **Total Mark: 100**
                                                                                   End Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

This course enables the students to learn
- How to solve first-order linear systems with constant coefficients.
- Create and analyze mathematical models using higher order differential equations to solve application problems.
- First order differential equations including separable, homogeneous, exact, and linear.
- The concepts of Green's Function and Sturm, Liouville problems.
- The complete solution of a differential equation with constant coefficients by variation of parameters.
- Wave equation and its applications.

Course Outcomes (Cos):

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

1. Solve first order differential equations utilizing the standard techniques for linear cases.
2. Know about the nonlinear systems.
3. Understand the concepts of Green's Function and Sturm, Liouville problems.
4. Find the complete solution of a partial differential equation.
5. Determine Green's function for Laplace's Equations.
6. Study wave equation and its applications.

UNIT – I
Linear Systems: Uncoupled Linear systems – Diagonalization – Exponentials of operators – Fundamental theorem for linear systems – Linear Systems in R2 – Complex eigen values – Multiple eigen values – Jordan forms – Stability theory – Non-homogeneous linear systems.

UNIT – II
Non Linear systems: Some preliminary concepts and definitions – The fundamental existence–uniqueness theorem – The maximal interval of existence – The flow defined by differential Equation.

UNIT – III

Green's Function and Sturm – Liouville problems: Solutions of second order linear equations – Boundary value problems and Green's function – Sturm-Liouville problems – Convergence in the mean – Integral operator with continuous symmetric kernel – Completeness of eigen functions of Sturm-Liouville problems – Non homogeneous integral equations – Properties of eigen values and eigen functions.

UNIT – IV
Partial Differential Equations : The Heat equation – Maximum Principle – Initial Value problem – Laplace Equation – Boundary value problems – Green's Identity and Uniqueness theorem - Maximum Principle – Green's function for Laplace's Equations.

UNIT – V
The Wave equation: The one-dimensional wave equation – Higher dimensions – Energy methods – Lower-order terms.

TEXT BOOKS:
- L. Perko, Differential Equations and Dynamical systems, Springer-Verlag, New-York, 1991.
- Chi Y. Lo, Boundary Value Problems, Allied-Publishers Pvt Ltd, 2003
- Robert C. McOwen, Partial Differential Equations, Pearson Education, First Indian Reprint, 2004.

REFERENCES
- Phoolan Prasad and RenukaRavindran, Partial Differential Equations, Wiley-Eastern Ltd, 1987.
- J.N. Sharma and Kehar Singh, Partial Differential Equations for Engineers and Scientists, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2001.
- W.E. Williams, Partial Differential Equations, Clarender Press, Oxford, 1980.
- Garrett Birkhoff, Gian-Carlo Rota, Ordinary Differential Equations, IV Edn.John Wiley & Sons.

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Paper-II

15RMAT203ALGEBRA AND MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4   **Total Mark: 100**
                                End Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

This course enables the students to learn
- To solve systems of linear equations and application problems requiring them.
- About and work with vector spaces and subspaces.
- The basic concepts of groups and rings.
- The Structure of rings and simple and primitive rings.
- The concepts of separation theorems in the plane.
- The basic concepts of properties of the spectrum and more results on the Spectra.

Course Outcomes (Cos):

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

1. Understand the fundamental concepts of Commutative rings and Modules.
2. Know about the Structure of Rings.
3. Investigate symmetry using group theory
4. Know about the Cauchy's Integral formula.
5. Understand the concepts of Spectral results for Hilbert Space Operators.
6. Study more results on the spectra of self adjoint operators.

UNIT – I
Commutative rings and Modules : Chain Conditions – Prime and Primary Ideals – Primary Decomposition – Noetherian rings and Modules – Ring Extensions – Dedikind Domains – The Hilbert Nullstellensatz.

UNIT – II
The Structure of Rings: Simple and Primitive Rings – The Jacobson Radicals – Semi simple Rings – The Prime Radical; Prime and Semi prime Rings – Algebras – Divisions Algebras.

UNIT – III
The Fundamental Group:Homotopy of paths- The fundamental Group – Covering Spaces – The fundamental group of the circle – Retractions and fixed points – The fundamental

theorem of Algebra – The Borsuk – Ulam Theorem – Deformation   retracts and Homotopy type – The fundamental Group of S^n- Fundamental groups of some surfaces.

UNIT – IV

Separation Theorems in the plane: The Jordan Separation Theorem – Invariance of Domain- The Jordan Curve Theorem – Imbedding Graphs in the plane – The winding Number of a simple Closed curve – The Cauchy's Integral formula.

UNIT – V

Operators on Hilbert Spaces:Adjoint of an operator – Self Adjoint -Normal and unitary operator- Hilbert-Schmidi operator. Spectral results for Hilbert Space Operators - Some properties of the Spectrum- More results on the Spectra of Self Adjoint Operators.

REFERENCES:

- Thomas W.Hungerford , "Algebra", 2005 , Springer , New yark. (For Unit I & Unit II)

- James . R. Munkers , " Topology" , 2002 , Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.(For Unit III & Unit IV)

- Simmons. G.F. "Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis", 1963 , Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi.(For Unit – V)

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		Paper-III
15RMAT301	**OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES**	**4H – 4C**

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4   Total Mark: 100
                                                      End Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

This course enables the students to learn
- Fundamental concepts of optimizations methods.
- Economic interpretation of dual constraints and game theory.
- Revised Simplex Method, Parametric Linear Programming, Integer Linear Programming: Branch and Bound Method, Cutting Plane Method.
- About the Stochastic processes in Queuing and Reliability
- The concepts of Decision making.
- The Simulation Modeling and types of simulation.

Course Outcomes (Cos):
After completing this course, the student will be able to:

1. Formulate the Linear Programming Problems.
2. Study about the non linear programming.
3. Understand the concepts of Simulation Modeling.
4. Know about the Stochastic processes in Queuing and Reliability.
5. Understand the concepts of Decisions under uncertainty.
6. Study the ACO algorithm for traveling sales man problem.

UNIT-I
Linear Programming:Formulation, Simplex method,Two phase method, Simplex multipliers, Sensitivity Analysis. Duality and Post optimal Analysis: Primal and Dual relationship, Economic interpretation of duality – Additional Simplex Algorithm – Post Optimal Analysis.

UNIT -II
Non Linear Programming: Interval halving method,Fibonacci method, Pattern search method – Hooke and Jeeves method, Gradient of a function – Steepest descent method, Conjugate gradient method,Fletcher – Reeves method.

UNIT-III
Simulation Modeling: Monte Carlo Simulation – Types of Simulation – Elements of Discrete event simulation – Generation of Random numbers – Mechanics of Discrete simulation – Methods for gathering Statistical observations- Simulation languages.

UNIT-IV
Stochastic processes in Queuing and Reliability: Queuing systems general concepts - The queuing Model (M/M/1) : Steady state behavior – Transient behavior of (M/M/1) Model- Birth and death processes in Queuing Theory : Multi channel models- Non birth and death queuing processes : Bulk Queues – Network of Markovian queuing system – Non Markovian queuing Models – The model (GI / M/ 1)- The model M / G (a,b/1) – Reliability. Important properties of Laplace Transforms – Differential – difference Equations- Matrix Analysis.

UNIT-V
Decision Making: Decisions under uncertainty - under certainty and under risk - Decision trees- Expected value of perfect information and imperfect information.
Ant colony optimization: Ant's foraging behavior and optimization- Artificial ants and minimum cost paths- Traveling sales man problem - ACO algorithm for traveling sales man problem.

REFERENCES:
- Hamdy A Taha, "Operations research – An Introduction", 2002, Pearson Education, New delhi.
- Singiresu S Rao, "Engineering Optimization Theory and Practice ", 2004, New Age International.
- Kambo N S" Mathematical Programming Techniques ", 2006,East West Press,New Delhi.
- Kalyanmoy Deb, "Optimization for Engineering Design,algorithms and examples" ,2010, Prentice Hall,New Delhi.
- MarcoDorigo and Thomas Stutzle, "Ant Colony Optimization" ,2005 , Prentice Hall, New Delhi.(For Unit – V)
- J. Medhi, 'Stochastic Processes", 2004, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.(For Unit – IV)

		Paper-III
15RMAT302	**FUZZY MATHEMATICS**	**4H – 4C**

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4   **Total Mark: 100**
                                                            End Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Course Objective:

This course enables the students to learn

- The basic mathematical elements of the theory of fuzzy sets.
- Differences and similarities between fuzzy sets and classical sets theories.
- The concepts of crisp set, fuzzy logic and fuzzy graphs.
- The need of fuzzy sets, arithmetic operations on fuzzy sets,
- Fuzzy relations, Fuzzy measures, Decision making in fuzzy environments.
- How to solve problems that are appropriately solved by neural networks, fuzzy logic, and genetic algorithms.

Course Outcomes (Cos):

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

1. Understand about the concepts of fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic.
2. Acquire the knowledge on general aggregation operations.
3. Know about the fuzzy relation equation and fuzzy graphs.
4. Describe the probability measures and fuzzy measures of fuzziness.
5. Import the knowledge on the Decision making in fuzzy environments.
6. Understand decision making in fuzzy environments**.**

UNIT - I
Crisps sets and Fuzzy sets: Introduction –Crisp Sets: An overview-The notion of fuzzy sets – Basics concepts of fuzzy sets –Classical logic: An overview-Fuzzy logic.

UNIT- II
Operations on Fuzzy sets: Fuzzy complement - fuzzy union – fuzzy Intersection – combinations of operation – General Aggregation operations.

UNIT - III
Fuzzy relations and Fuzzy graphs: Crisp and fuzzy relations – Binary relations-Binary relations on a single set – Equivalence and similarity relations-Compatibility or Tolerance relations – ordering- Morphisms – Fuzzy relation equations – Fuzzy graphs.

UNIT- IV

Fuzzy Measures: Belief and Plausibility Measures – Probability Measures – Possibility and necessity measures-Relationship among classes of Fuzzy measures of Fuzziness.

UNIT- V

Decision making in fuzzy environments: Fuzzy Decisions – Fuzzy Linear programming – symmetric Fuzzy LP – Fuzzy LP with crisp objective function – Fuzzy Dynamic Programming-Fuzzy Dynamic with Crisp state Transformation Function- fuzzy multi criteria Analysis– Multi objective Decision Making(MODM) – Multi Attributive Decision making (MADM).

REFERENCES:

1. Fuzzy sets – Uncertainty and information by George J.Klir and Tina A.Folger, Prentice – Hall of India Pvt. (2006). Chapters: I, II, III & IV.

2. Fuzzy set theory and its applications – H.J.Zimmermann – Springer – Fourth Edition (2001). Chapter XIV.

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                                                                            Paper-III
15RMAT303   **ADVANCED TOPICS IN FLUID DYNAMICS   4H – 4C**

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4   **Total Mark: 100**
                                                               End Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

This course enables the students to

- Understand the dynamics of fluid flows and the governing non dimensional parameters.
- Make the students to acquire the knowledge on the properties of two dimensional flow.
- Familiarize the concept of equation of motion in rotating co-ordinate system.
- Describe the main properties of the system of equations.
- Introduce the system of Magnetohydrodynamics equations and main theorems that follow from the Magnetohydrodynamics system.
- Understand the importance of fluid dynamics in diverse real life applications.

Course Outcomes (Cos):

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

1. Solve and Classify the fluids based on the physical properties of a fluid.
2. Compute correctly the kinematical properties of a fluid element.
3. Apply correctly the conservation principles of mass, linear momentum, and energy to fluid flow systems.
4. Extend the physics and mathematical properties of fluid flow by governing Navier-Stokes equations with proper boundary conditions and obtain solution.
5. Equip the student with the basic mathematical background and tools to model fluid motion.
6. Develop a physical understanding of the important aspects that govern fluid flows that can be   observed in a variety of situations in everyday life.

UNIT – I

Steady unidirectional flow – Poiseuille flow – Two dimensional flow – Paint-Brush model – unsteady unidirectional flow – Flow with circular stream lines – Flow fields in which inertia forces are negligible – Lubrication theory.

UNIT – II

Thermal boundary layer in laminar flow: Derivation of the energy equation – Temperature increase through adiabatic compression – Stagnation temperature – Theory of similarity in

heat transfer – Exact solutions for the problem of temperature distribution in a viscous flow – Boundary layer simplifications.

UNIT – III

Equation of motion in rotating co-ordinate system – Potential vorticity – vorticity equation – Ertel's theorem – Non dimensional parameters – Rossby number – Ekman number – Geostrophic flow – Taylor – Proudman theorem – Taylor coloumn.

UNIT – IV

Magnetohydrodynamics: Electrodynamics of moving media – The electromagnetic effects and the magnetic Reynolds number – Alfen's theorem – The magnetic energy – The mechanical equations – Basic equations for the incompressible MHD – Steady Laminar motion – Hartmann flow.

UNIT – V

Magnetohydrodynamic waves – waves in an infinite fluid of infinite electrical conductivity – Alfen's waves – Magnetohydrodynamic waves in a compressible fluid – Magneto acoustic waves – Slow and Fast waves – Stability – Physical concepts – Linear- Pinch – Kink – Sausage and Flute types of instability – Method of small oscillations – Jeans criterion for gravitational stability.

REFERENCES

S. No.	Author(s) Name	Title of the book	Publisher	Year of Publication
1	Batchelor. G.K	An Introduction to Fluid Dynamics	Cambridge University Press	2000
2	Schlichting. H	Boundary – Layer Theory	Springer	2000
3	Friedlander. S	An Introduction to the Mathematical Theory of Geophysical Fluid Dynamics	Elsevier	1980
4	Ferraro .V.C.A and Plumpton. C	An Introduction to Magneto Fluid Dynamics	Oxford University	1961

Paper-III
15RMAT304   HYDRODYNAMIC AND HYDROMAGNETIC STABILITY 4H – 4C

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4   **Total Mark: 100**
                                                          End Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:
This course enables the students to
1. Learn the concept of stability of hydrodynamics systems.
2. Impart the basic knowledge of hydromagnetic systems.
3. Disseminate the importance of rotation of fluid in stability analysis.
4. Introduce the system of Magnetohydrodynamics equations and magnetohydrodynamics system.
5. Learn the Perturbation Techniques for determining the stability of superposed fluids.
6. Understand the concept of important instabilities like Rayleigh-Taylor, Kelvin-Helmholtz instability.

Course Outcomes (Cos):
After completing this course, the student will be able to:

1. Describe the fundamental principles of the motion of ideal (inviscid) and real (viscous) fluid flows.
2. Apply analytical concepts to analyze a range of two-dimensional engineering fluid flows, with appropriate choice of simplifying assumptions and boundary conditions.
3. Provide the details of the derivation of ideal and resistive Hydrodynamic equations.
4. Demonstrate the basic properties of Hydrodynamic fluids.
5. Equip to solve the fluid flow analysis electromagnetic fields.
6. Analyze the analytical technique to characterize the hydrodynamic stability.

UNIT – I
Introduction: Basic Concepts - Analysis in terms of normal modes - Non-dimensionalnumber.

UNIT – II
Benard Problem: Basic hydrodynamic equations. Boussinesq approximation.
Perturbation equations.Analysis into normal modes.Principle of exchange of stabilities.
Equations governing the marginal state. Exact solution when instability sets in as stationary convection for two free boundaries.

UNIT – III

The effect of rotation: The Perturbation equations. Analysis in terms ofnormal modes.Variational Principle for stationary convection. Solutions when instability setsin as stationary convection for two free boundaries. On the onset of convection asoverstability; the solution for the case of two free boundaries.

UNIT – IV

The effect of magnetic field: The Perturbation equations. The casewhen instability sets in as stationary convection; Avariational principle. Solutions forstationary convection and for overstability for the case of two free boundaries.

The stability of superposed fluids.

UNIT – V

(i) **Rayleigh-Taylor instability:**The Perturbation equations. Inviscidcase(the case of two uniform fluids of constant density separated by a horizontal boundary, the case of exponentially varying density). Effect of rotation.Effect of vertical magnetic field.
(ii) **The Kelvin-Helmholtz instability:** The perturbation equations, the case of two uniform fluids in relative horizontal motion separated by a horizontal boundary, the effect of rotation, the effect of horizontal magnetic field.

REFERENCES

S. No.	Author(s) Name	Title of the book	Publisher	Year of Publication
1	Chandrasekhar. S	Hydrodynamic and Hydromagnetic Stability	Dover Publications	1981
2	Drazin. P.G and Reid. W.H	Hydrodynamic Stability	Cambridge University Press	2004

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		Paper-III
15RMAT305	**ROBUST CONTROL SYSTEMS**	**4H – 4C**

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4   **Total Mark: 100**
                                       End Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:
This course enables the students to learn

- The concept of design of feedback control systems.
- The concept of robust control systems**.**
- Implementation of Digital Controllers and its applications.
- Different types of analysis in frequency domain to explain the nature of stability of the system.
- The step response analysis of second order systems.
- Time response analysis by using MATLAB.

Course Outcomes (Cos):
After completing this course, the student will be able to:

1. Understand the fundamental designs of feedback control systems.
2. Understand digital optimal control system and its applications.
3. Understand the state feedback and observer.
4. Study robust control systems and its applications.
5. Study impulse and step response analysis of second order systems.
6. Know about the Root Locus of Digital Control Systems.

UNIT I   Design of Feedback Control Systems:
Introduction- Approaches to System Design- Cascade Compensation Networks-Phase: Lead Design Using the Bode Diagram- Phase-Lead Design Using the Root Locus- System Design Using Integration Networks- Phase-Lag Design Using the Root Locus- Phase-Lag Design Using the Bode Diagram- Design on the Bode Diagram Using Analytical Methods- Systems with a Prefilter- Design for Deadbeat Response- Design Examples.

UNIT II   Design of State Variable Feedback Systems
Introduction- Controllability and Observability- Full-State Feedback Control Design- Observer Design- Integrated Full-State Feedback and Observer- Reference Inputs- Optimal Control Systems- Internal Model Design- Design Examples.

UNIT III   Robust Control Systems

Introduction- Robust Control Systems and System Sensitivity - Analysis of Robustness- Systems with Uncertain Parameters- The Design of Robust Control Systems- The Robust Internal Model Control System- Design Examples- The Pseudo- Quantitative Feedback System.

UNIT IVTIME RESPONSE ANALYSIS

Time response analysis – First Order Systems – Impulse and Step Response analysis of second order systems – Steady state errors – P, PI, PD and PID Compensation, Analysis using MATLAB

UNIT V   Digital Control Systems

Introduction- Digital Computer Control System Applications-Sampled Data Systems- The Z Transform- Closed Loop Feedback Sampled-Data Systems- Performance of a Sampled Data, Second-Order System-Closed Loop Systems with Digital Computer Compensation-The Root Locus of Digital Control Systems- Implementation of Digital Controllers-Design Examples.

REFERENCES:

* Richard C. Dorf and Robert H. Bishop, Modern Control Systems, , - Prentice Hall, July 29, 2010
* Katsuhiko Ogata , Discrete Time Control Systems., - Pearson, July 12, 1994
* Gene F. Franklin, J. David Powell and Abbas Emami, Feedback Control of Dynamic Systems Naeini, Pearson, Paperback – 1 Oct 2008
* J.Nagrath and M.Gopal," Control System Engineering", New Age International Publishers, 5th Edition, 2007.
* M.Gopal, "Control System – Principles and Design", Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2002.

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	Paper-III
15RMAT306 **TOPOLOGY**	**4H – 4C**

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4   **Total Mark: 100**
                                          End Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

This course enables the students to learn

- The basics concepts and definitions of topology.
- The fundamentals of point-set topology.
- How to begin research thesis**.**
- The fundamentals of algebraic topology.
- Different types of analysis in frequency domain to explain the nature of stability of the system.
- The fundamental group and covering spaces.

Course Outcomes (Cos):

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

1. Know the definitions of standard terms in topology.
2. Understand computations in and applications of algebraic topology.
3. Work with new ideas in mathematics and separation theorem in the plane
4. Know about Fundamental Group of a Wedge of Circles.
5. Study the classification theorem and constructing compact surfaces.
6. Know about the Constructing Compact Surfaces.

UNIT-I:
The Fundamental Group: Homotopy of Paths – The Fundamental Group – Covering Spaces

UNIT-II:
The Fundamental Group: The Fundamental Theorem of Algebra – The Borsuk-Ulam Theorem – Deformation Retracts and Homotopy Type – The Fundamental Group of S_n – Fundamental Groups of Some Surfaces

UNIT-III:
Separation Theorem in the Plane : The Jordan Separation Theorem – Invariance of Domain – The Jordan Curve Theorem – Imbedding Graphs in the Plane

UNIT-IV:

The Seifert –van KampenTheorem: Direct Sums of Abelian Groups – Free Products of Groups – Free Groups – The Seifert – van Kampen Theorem – The Fundamental Group of a Wedge of Circles

UNIT-V:

Classification of Surfaces: Fundamental Groups of Surfaces – Homology of Surfaces – Cutting and Pasting – The Classification Theorem – Constructing Compact Surfaces

TEXT BOOKS:

- Topology A First Course by James R.Munkres,Prentice Hall of India PvtLtd.,New Delhi,2000
- G.F.Simmons,Introduction to topology and modern analysis,McGraw Hill Book Co.(1963)
- Chang,C.L Fuzzy topological spaces, J.Math,Anal.Appl.,(1968),182-190

REFERENCES:

- J. Dugundji,Topology,Allyn and Bacon,1966(Reprinted in India by Prentice Hall of India Private Limited)
- George F.Simmons,Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis,McGraw Hill Book Company, 1963

Paper-III

15RMAT307   **ADVANCED GRAPH THEORY**   **4H – 4C**

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4   **Total Mark: 100**
                                                     End Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Course Objectives:

This course enables the students to learn

- About the basic concepts and definitions of graph theory.
- The concept of an integral part of discrete mathematics and has applications in diversified areas such as Electrical Engineering, Computer science, Linguistics.
- Theoretical knowledge acquired to solve realistic problems in real life.
- The applicability of theoretical concepts to address network design problems.
- About factorizations and decompositions of graphs.
- About the Ramsey numbers.

Course Outcomes (Cos):

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

1. Express vertex and edge coloring of graphs and apply in real life situations
2. Describe embeddings, dual graphs and Kuratowski's theorem, five color theorem.
3. Illustrate decomposition and labelling of any type of graphs.
4. Calculate domination and independent domination number of a graph.
5. Explain classical Ramsey numbers and generalize the theory of Ramsey.
6. Apply the concept of domination and labeling in recent research areas.

UNIT-I:

Coloring of Graphs : Vertex coloring and upper bounds – Brook's Theorem – Graphs with large chromatic number – Turan's Theorem – Counting proper coloring – Edge coloring – Charecterization of line graph

UNIT-II:

Planar Graphs: Embeddings and Euler's Formula – Dual graphs – Kuratowski's Theorem – Five color theorem – Crossing number – Surface of higher genus

UNIT-III:

Decomposition and Labeling: Factorizations and Decompositions of graphs- Labeling of Graphs

UNIT-IV:

Domination: The Domination number of a graph- The Independent Domination number of a graph

UNIT-V:

Ramsey Theory: Classical Ramsey numbers- Generalized Ramsey Theory.

REFERENCES:

- G. Chartrand, L. Lesniak, Graphs and Digraphs, Chapman and Hall/CRC, New York, 1996.

- Douglas B. West, Introduction to Graph Theory, Prentice Hall of India, 2002.

- Bondy J. A. and Murty U. S. R, Graph Theory, Springer, 2008.

- Harary F, Graph Theory, Addison-Wesley Publication, 1972.

- Deo N, Graph Theory with Applications to Engineering and Computer Science, Prentice Hall of India, 1974.

Paper-III

15RMAT308	**STOCHASTIC PROCESSES**	**4H – 4C**

Instruction Hours / week: L: 4   **Total Mark: 100**
         End Semester Exam: 3 Hours

Course Objectives

This course enables the students to learn

- The mathematical theory of random variables and random processes.
- How queueing theory are used as tools and mathematical models in the study of networks.
- The theoretical concepts and techniques for solving problems that arises in practice.
- The Markovian models in reliability theory.
- Laplace transforms and its properties.
- Poisson process and related distribution.

Course Outcomes (COs)

On successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Capable to expose the students to different types mathematical models with a view of random processes.
2. Understanding in the concept of Brownian motion.
3. Formulate some real-life problems into queueing models.
4. Study Poisson process, related distribution and birth and death process.
5. Understand the Poisson process and related distribution.
6. Know about Laplace transforms of a probability distribution a random variable.

UNIT-I:
Generating function – Laplace Transform **–** Laplace (stieltjes) transforms of a probability distribution a random variable – Classification of distributions.

UNIT-II
Stochastic processes – Notation – Specification – Stationery process – Markov Chains – Definition and example and higher transition probabilities.

UNIT –III
Classification of states and chains – Determination of higher transition probabilities – Stability of a Markov system - Limiting behavior.

UNIT-IV

Poisson processand related distribution – Generalization of Poisson process - Birth and Death process. Renewal processes - Renewal processes in continuous time – Renewal equation – Altering renewal processes.

UNIT- V
Reliability –Markovian models in reliability theory – Shock models and wear processes.

TEXTBOOKS

- J. Medhi, Stochastic process, New age International Private Limited publishers, 1982.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- Samuel KarlinFirst course in stochastic process, Academic press, 1975.

- Srinivasan, S. Kidambi, K. M. Mehta, Stochastic processes, 2nd edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi.

- SaeedGhahramani, Fundamentals of Probability with stochastic processes, 3rd edition, prentice Hall, 2005.

- Sheldon Ross, Introduction to Probability models, 9th edition, Academic press, 2007.